



# MT2511 Technical Reference Manual

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## Document Revision History

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1.0	5 May 2017	Official version.

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## Documentation General Conventions

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### Abbreviations for Control Moudules

Abbreviation	Full name
SPI master	Serial peripheral interface master controller
SPI slave	Serial peripheral interface slave controller
I2C	Inter-integrated circuit interface
TCM	Timing Control Moudle
PPG	Photoplethysmography
EKG	Electrocardiography
BI	Beat Interval
TCRL	Timing control logic

### Abbreviations for Registers

Abbreviation	Full name
RW	Read and write
RO	Read only
WO	Write only
RC	Read 1 to clear
WC	Write 1 to clear
RWC	Read or write 1 to clear
FM	Frequency measurement
FRC	Free running counter

## 1 MCU Interface Selection

### 1.1 Interface Selection between I2C and SPI

*Table 1-1 summarizes the MCU register access interface selection.*

**Table 1-1. Register Control Interface Selection**

Interface	I2C_SEL	SPI_MOSI	Register Group	Register Group
			top_reg base	top_reg_1 base
I2C	Tied to logic high	Tied to logic high	I2C slave addr. 0x37	I2C slave addr. 0x27
		Tied to logic low	I2C slave addr. 0x33	I2C slave addr. 0x23
SPI	Tied to logic low	as SPI serial in master out	SPI addr. 0x33	SPI addr. 0x23

### 1.2 Access Speed of SPI/I2C

The maximum SPI Clock is designed to operate at a frequency of 2M Hz.

The maximum I2C Clock depends on board-level parameters such as trace latency. Typically, the maximum speed is 400K Hz.

Actual operating clock frequency may depending on board level condition, like trace length and total loading,

Either MT2511 I2C or MT2511 SPI does not support burst access.

## 2 Interrupts

### 2.1 General Description

To facilitate MCU programming and sensor data flow control, MT2511 supports various interrupts for each function. The table here lists supported interrupts and their usage.

**Table 2-1. MT2511 Interrupts**

Interrupt	Description
MEM_EKG	When number of data in EKG memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON3::rg_irq_th.
MEM_EKG_WFULL	When putting data to EKG SRAM but it's full.
MEM_EKG_EMPTY	When trying to read data from EKG SRAM but it's empty.
MEM_PPG1	When number of data in PPG1 memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON7::rg_irq_th.
MEM_PPG1_WFULL	When putting data to PPG1 SRAM but it's full.
MEM_PPG1_EMPTY	When trying to read data from PPG1 SRAM but it's empty.
MEM_PPG2	When number of data in PPG2 memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON11::rg_irq_th.
MEM_PPG2_WFULL	When putting data to PPG2 SRAM but it's full.
MEM_PPG2_EMPTY	When trying to read data from PPG2 SRAM but it's empty.
MEM_BISI	When number of data in BISI memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON15::rg_irq_th.
MEM_BISI_WFULL	When putting data to BISI SRAM but it's full.
MEM_BISI_EMPTY	When trying to read data from BISI SRAM but it's empty.

### 2.2 Programming Guide

Taking MEM\_EKG\_EMPTY as example, the following sections provide programming guide to enable, check and disable interrupt.

#### 2.2.1 Interrupt Enable

To enable some interrupt, set RG\_INT\_EN\_\* to 1. For MEM\_EKG\_EMPTY interrupt, set INT\_CON[3] = 1.

#### 2.2.2 Interrupt Status checking

On receiving MT2511 interrupt, host MCU can identify the exact cause of interrupt by reading the INT\_STATUS register. When MEM\_EKG\_EMPTY interrupt is received, INT\_STATUS[3] is asserted.



## 2.2.3 Interrupt Clear

To clear a specific interrupt, RG\_INT\_EN\_\* control bit should be set to 0 and RG\_INT\_CLR\* clear bit should be set to 1 then set to 0.

For MEM\_EKG\_EMPTY interrupt, INT\_CON[3] should be set to 0 and INT\_STATUS[19] should be set to 0 then set to 0.

## 2.3 Interrupt Register Definitions

Base name: top\_reg

Address	Name	Width	Register Function
0000004C	<u>INT_CON</u>	32	Interrupt control register
00000054	<u>INT_STATUS</u>	32	Interrupt status register

0000004C      INT\_CON      Interrupt control register      00000000

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	Reserved								Reserved							
Type	RW								RW							
Reset	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	RG_INT_POLARITY			RG_INT_EN_MEM_BISI_EMPTY	RG_INT_EN_MEM_BISI_WFULL	RG_INT_EN_MEM_BISI	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG2_EMPTY	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG2_WFULL	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG2	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG1_EMPTY	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG1_WFULL	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG1	RG_INT_EN_MEM_EKG_EMPTY	RG_INT_EN_MEM_EKG_WFULL	RG_INT_EN_MEM_EKG	Reserved
Type	RW			RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
Reset	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:28	Reserved	
23:16	Reserved	
15	RG_INT_POLARITY	<b>Interrupt level inverting</b> 0: do not invert interrupt source 1: invert interrupt source
12	RG_INT_EN_MEM_BISI_EMPTY	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data when trying</b>

Bit(s)	Name	Description
		<b>to read data from empty BI memory</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
11	RG_INT_EN_MEM_BISI_WFULL	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data in BI memory is full</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
10	RG_INT_EN_MEM_BISI	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data in BI memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON15::rg_irq_th</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
9	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG2_REMPTY	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data when trying to read data from empty PPG2 memory</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
8	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG2_WFULL	<b>Issue interrupt when PPG2 memory is full</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
7	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG2	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data in PPG2 memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON11::rg_irq_th</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
6	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG1_REMPTY	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data when trying to read data from empty PPG1 memory</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
5	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG1_WFULL	<b>Issue interrupt when PPG1 memory is full</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
4	RG_INT_EN_MEM_PPG1	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data in PPG1 memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON7::rg_irq_th</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
3	RG_INT_EN_MEM_EKG_REMPTY	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data when trying to read data from empty EKG memory</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
2	RG_INT_EN_MEM_EKG_WFULL	<b>Issue interrupt when EKG memory is full</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt
1	RG_INT_EN_MEM_EKG	<b>Issue interrupt when number of data in EKG memory is greater than pre-configured number AFE_MEM_CON3::rg_irq_th</b> 0: do not issue interrupt 1: issue interrupt

## 00000054 INT\_STATUS

## Interrupt status register

FFFFFFF

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name				RG_INT_CLR_MEM_BISI_EMPTY	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_BISI_WFULL	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_BISI	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG2_EMPTY	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG2_WFULL	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG2	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG1_EMPTY	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG1_WFULL	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG1	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_EKG_EMPTY	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_EKG_WFULL	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_EKG	Reserved
Type				RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
Reset				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name				RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_BISI_EMPTY	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_BISI_WFULL	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_BISI	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG2_EMPTY	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG2_WFULL	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG2	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG1_EMPTY	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG1_WFULL	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG1	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_EKG_EMPTY	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_EKG_WFULL	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_EKG	Reserved
Type				RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO	RO
Reset				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

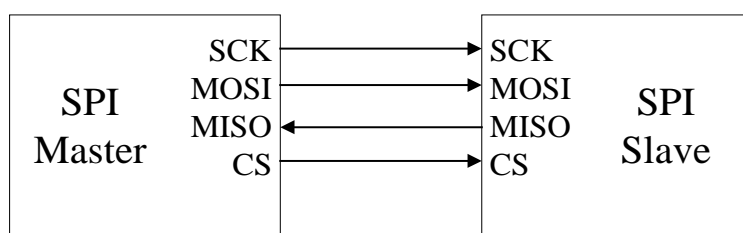
Bit(s)	Name	Description
28	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_BISI_EMPTY	To clear interrupt source MEM_BISI_EMPTY
27	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_BISI_WFULL	To clear interrupt source MEM_BISI_WFULL
26	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_BISI	To clear interrupt source MEM_BISI
25	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG2_EMPTY	To clear interrupt source MEM_PPG2_EMPTY
24	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG2_WFULL	To clear interrupt source MEM_PPG2_WFULL
23	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG2	To clear interrupt source MEM_PPG2
22	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG1_EMPTY	To clear interrupt source

Bit(s)	Name	Description
		<b>MEM_PPG1_EMPTY</b>
21	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG1_WFULL	<b>To clear interrupt source MEM_PPG1_WFULL</b>
20	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_PPG1	<b>To clear interrupt source MEM_PPG1</b>
19	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_EKG_EMPTY	<b>To clear interrupt source MEM_EKG_EMPTY</b>
18	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_EKG_WFULL	<b>To clear interrupt source MEM_EKG_WFULL</b>
17	RG_INT_CLR_MEM_EKG	<b>To clear interrupt source MEM_EKG</b>
12	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_BISI_EMPTY	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_BISI_EMPTY</b>
11	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_BISI_WFULL	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_BISI_WFULL</b>
10	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_BISI	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_BISI</b>
9	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG2_EMPTY	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_PPG2_EMPTY</b>
8	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG2_WFULL	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_PPG2_WFULL</b>
7	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG2	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_PPG2</b>
6	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG1_EMPTY	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_PPG1_EMPTY</b>
5	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG1_WFULL	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_PPG1_WFULL</b>
4	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_PPG1	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_PPG1</b>
3	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_EKG_EMPTY	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_EKG_EMPTY</b>
2	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_EKG_WFULL	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_EKG_WFULL</b>
1	RG_INT_STATUS_MEM_EKG	<b>Status of interrupt MEM_EKG</b>

## 3 Serial Peripheral Interface Slave Controller

### 3.1 General Description

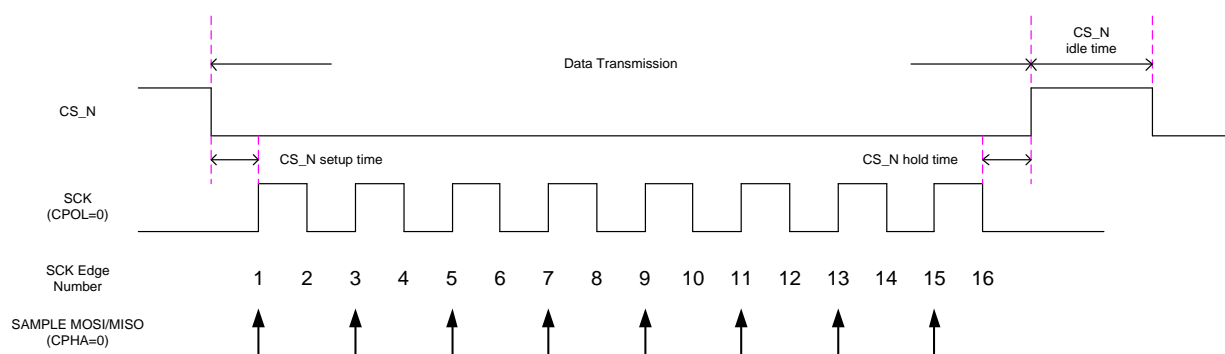
The SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface) is a bit-serial, four-pin transmission protocol. Figure 3-1 is an example of the connection between the SPI master and SPI slave. The SPI slave controller, configured by the SPI master transmit data, is a slave responsible of data transmission with the master.



**Figure 3-1. Pin Connection between SPI Master and SPI Slave**

Figure 3-2 shows the waveform during the SPI transmission. The low active CS\_N determines the start point and end point of one transaction. The CS\_N setup time, hold time and idle time are also depicted.

CPOL defines the clock polarity in the transmission. CPHA defines the legal timing to sample MOSI and MISO. MT2511 only support CPOL = 0 and CPHA = 0 mode. The setup/ hold/ idle time should be greater than 1 us.



**Figure 3-2. SPI Transmission Formats**

**Table 3-1. SPI Slave Controller Interface**

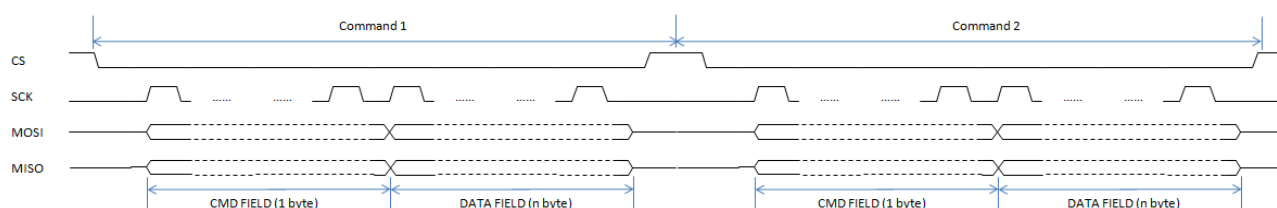
Signal name	Type	Description
CS	I	Low active chip selection signal
SCK	I	The (bit) serial clock (Max SCK clock rate is 2MHz.)
MOSI	I	Data signal from master output to slave input

Signal name	Type	Description
MISO	O	Data signal from slave output to master input

### 3.1.1 Features

The SPI slave controller has eight commands that can be configured by SPI master transmit data. The commands include “configure-write”, “configure-read”, “write-data”, “read-data”, “write-status” and “read-status”. The command waveform is shown here.

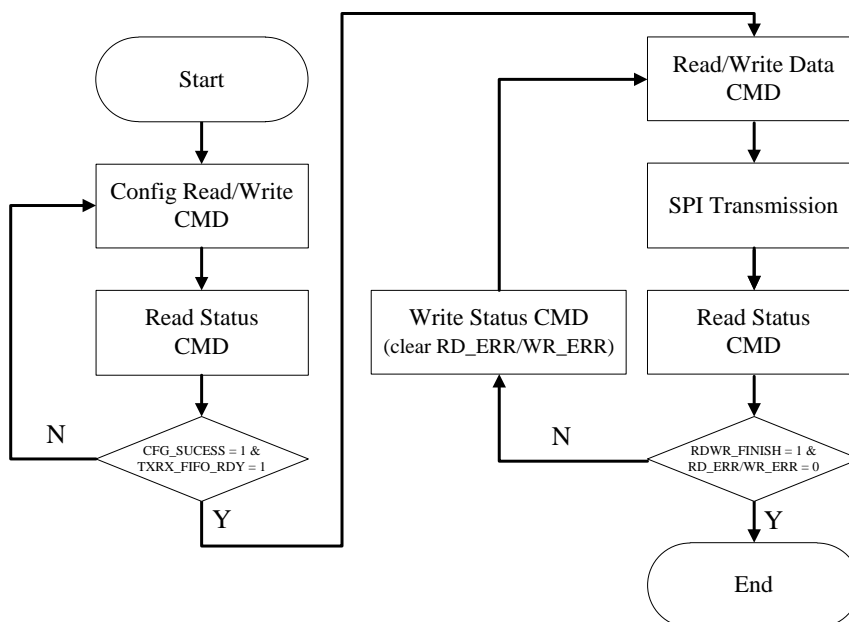
Note: The SPI slave controller data format is LSBF ( least significant bit first ).



**Figure 3-3. SPI Slave Controller Commands Waveform**

### SPI slave control flow

The SPI slave control flow is shown here.



**Figure 3-4. SPI Slave Control Flow Diagram**

First, SPI slave controller transmits “config-read/write” command to configure the transfer data length and read/write address of the memory. After the SPI slave is configured, it can send/receive data package with SPI master by “read/write-data” command. In each state, SPI master transmits “read-status” command to poll SPI

slave situation. If SPI master detects error flag bit of state, it should send “write-status” command to clear the bit and poll this bit until it turns low. Detailed descriptions of SPI slave command are shown in Table 3-2 and the SPI slave status in Table 3-3 below.

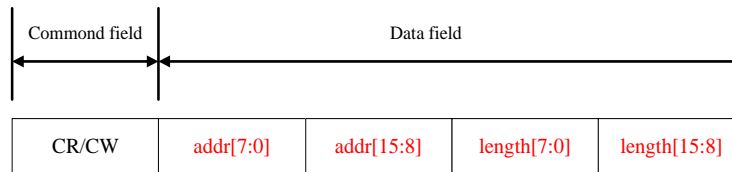
**Table 3-2. SPI Slave Command Description**

Cmd Field [7:0]	CMD Default Code	Data Field	Usage
Read Data (RD)	0x81	N bytes. Burst data payload	Master read data
Write Data (WD)	0x06	N bytes. Burst data payload	Master write data
Read Status (RS)	0x0A	1 byte	Master reads slave status register
Write Status (WS)	0x08	1 byte	Master writes slave status register to clear error bit (i.e. write 1 to clear).
Config Read (CR)	0x02	2 bytes addr, 2 bytes data length	Master configure slave to start read data.
Config Write (CW)	0x04	2 bytes addr, 2 bytes data length	Master configures slave to start write data.

**Table 3-3. SPI Slave Status Description (Use RS Command to Poll SPI Slave Status)**

Function	Bit	Usage
SR_CFG_SUCCESS	1	Master checks this bit to know if CW/CR command is successful.
SR_TXRX_FIFO_RDY	2	If master configures read/write, when slave is ready to send/receive data, the master can send RD/WD command. Clean: After SPI slave receives CR/CW command.
SR_RD_ERR	3	After a RD command, master can read this bit to know if there is error in the read transfer. If there is error, master should send WS command to clear this bit and poll this bit until this bit turns 0.
SR_WR_ERR	4	After a WD command, master can read this bit to know if there is error in the write transfer. If there is error, master should send WS command to clear this bit and poll this bit until this bit turns 0.
SR_RDWR_FINISH	5	After RD/WD transaction, master can poll this bit to know if the read/write transfer is finished. Clean: After SPI slave receives CR/CW command.
SR_TIMEOUT_ERR	6	SPI slave does not receive or send data over 31.75 us, the flag of timeout will rise. If there is error, master should send WS command to clear this bit and poll this bit until this bit turns 0.
SR_CMD_ERR	7	If master sends an error CMD at the first byte, master can know the error status

Function	Bit	Usage
		through the received data. Clean: After SPI slave receives correct command.



**Figure 3-5. Config Read/Write (CR/CW) Command Format**



## 4 Inter-Integrated Circuit Controller

### 4.1 General Description

Inter-Integrated Circuit (I2C) is a two-wire serial interface. The two signals are SCL and SDA. SCL is a clock signal driven by the master. SDA is a bi-directional data signal that can be driven by either the master or the slave. This generic controller supports the slave role and conforms to the I2C specification.

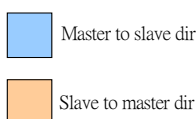
#### 4.1.1 Features

- I2C compliant slave mode operation
- 7-bit addressing
- START/STOP/REPEATED START condition
- Manual transfer mode
- Multi-transfer per transaction
- Active drive/wired-and I/O configuration

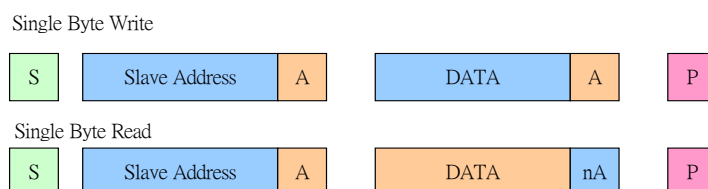
#### 4.1.2 Transfer Format Support

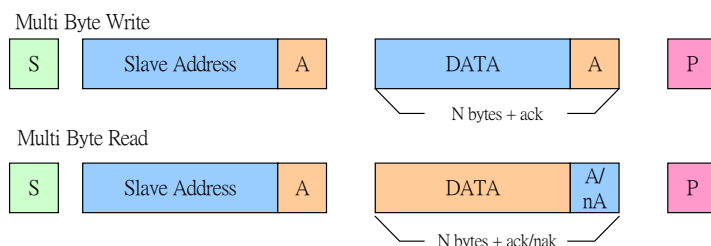
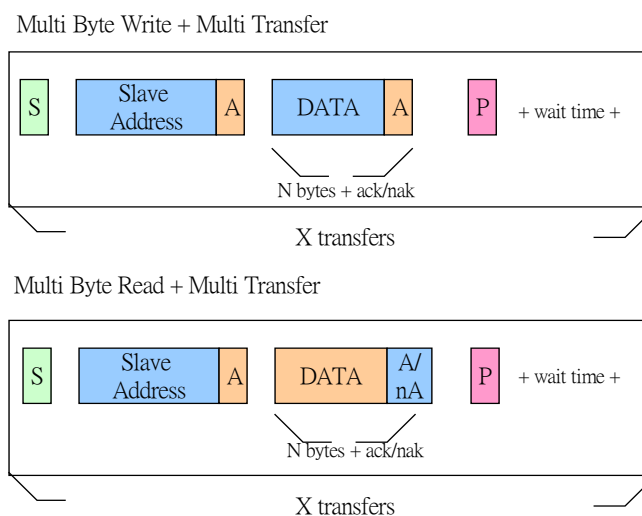
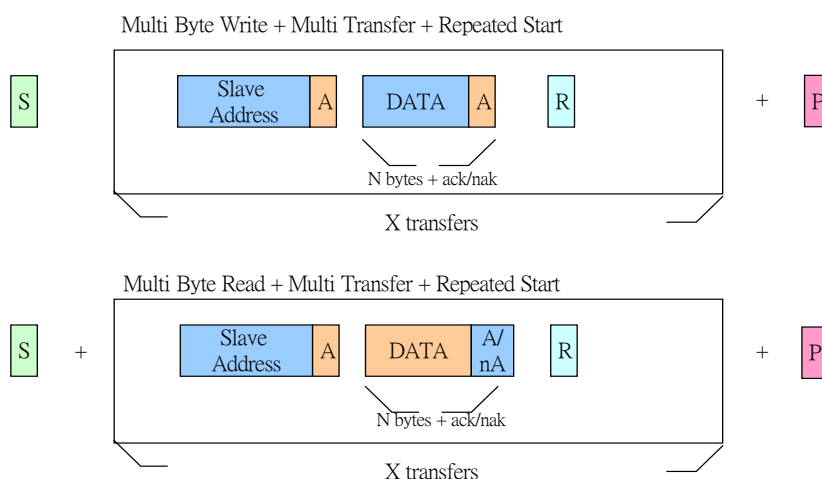
Wording convention note:

- Transfer = Anything encapsulated within a Start and Stop or Repeated Start.
- Transfer length = Number of bytes within the transfer
- Transaction = This is the top unit. Everything combined equals one transaction.
- Transaction length = Number of transfers to be conducted.



#### Single-byte access

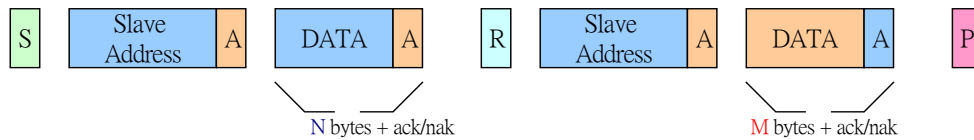


**Multi-byte access**

**Multi-byte transfer + multi-transfer (same direction)**

**Multi-byte transfer + multi-transfer w RS (same direction)**

**Combined write/read with Repeated Start (direction change)**

Note:

- Only supports write and then read sequence. Read and then write is not supported.
- In this format, transaction is 2

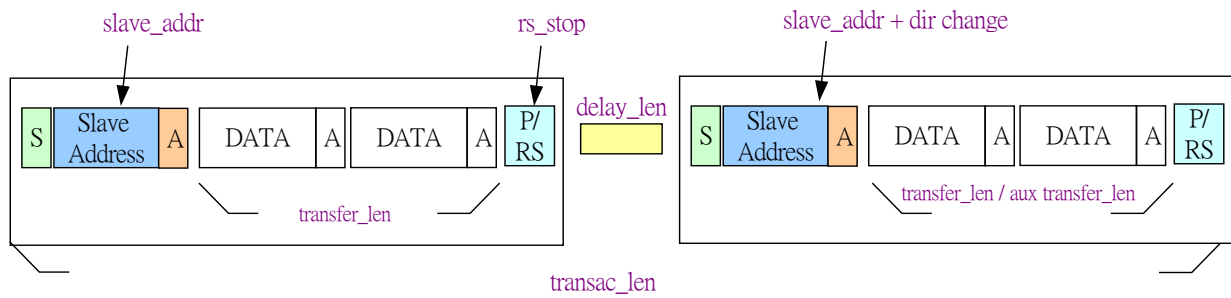
Combined Multi Byte Write + Multi Byte Read



## 4.1.3 Programming Guide

Common transfer programmable parameters

Programmable Parameters



## 5 Timing Control Module

### 5.1 General Operation

- LED and ambient (AMB) data are stored at the low pass filter (LPF) separately and then digitized by 24-bit incremental ADC.
- Flexible timing module: PRF: 64~4096 SPS, duty: 1~25%

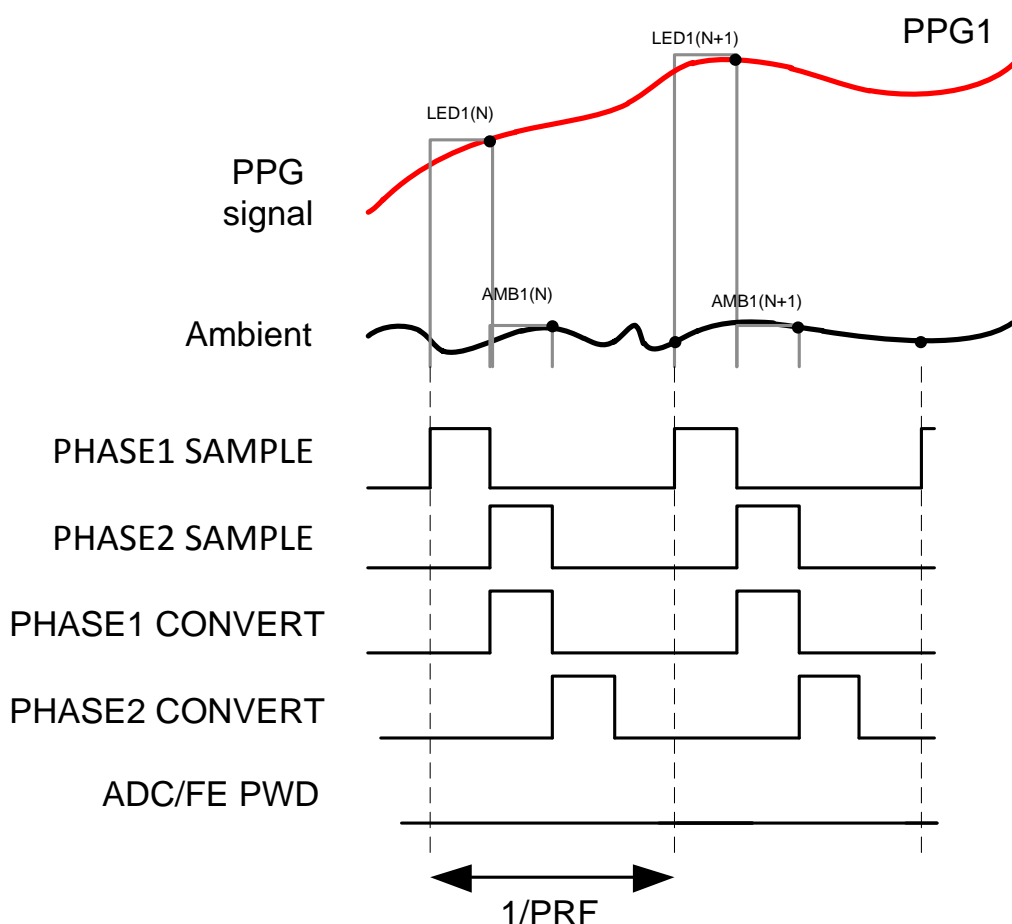


Figure 5-1. Timing Module General Operation

### 5.2 Dynamic Power-Down Mode

- The flexible timing control enables the users to control the device timing for different applications and to power down the device for power saving.

- $I_{RX+TX}=480\mu A \rightarrow 100\mu A$  at PRF=125 and duty=1.5%

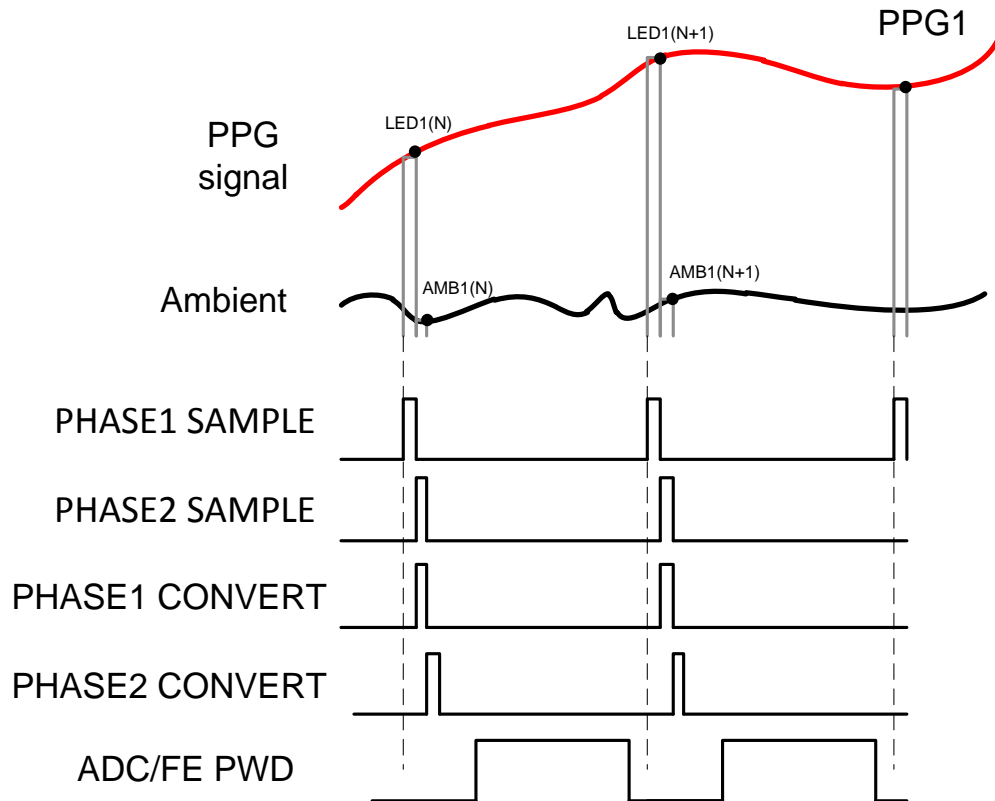


Figure 5-2. Dynamic Power Down Mode

### 5.3 Timing Module Operation

The rising and falling edge position of below 14 signals can be set separately. LED1 and LED2 can be set at the same phase (phase1) or the different phase (phase1 & phase3). Figure 5-3 shows some timing operation example, and corresponding register settings are listed in Table 5-1-1 Example timing module register setting .

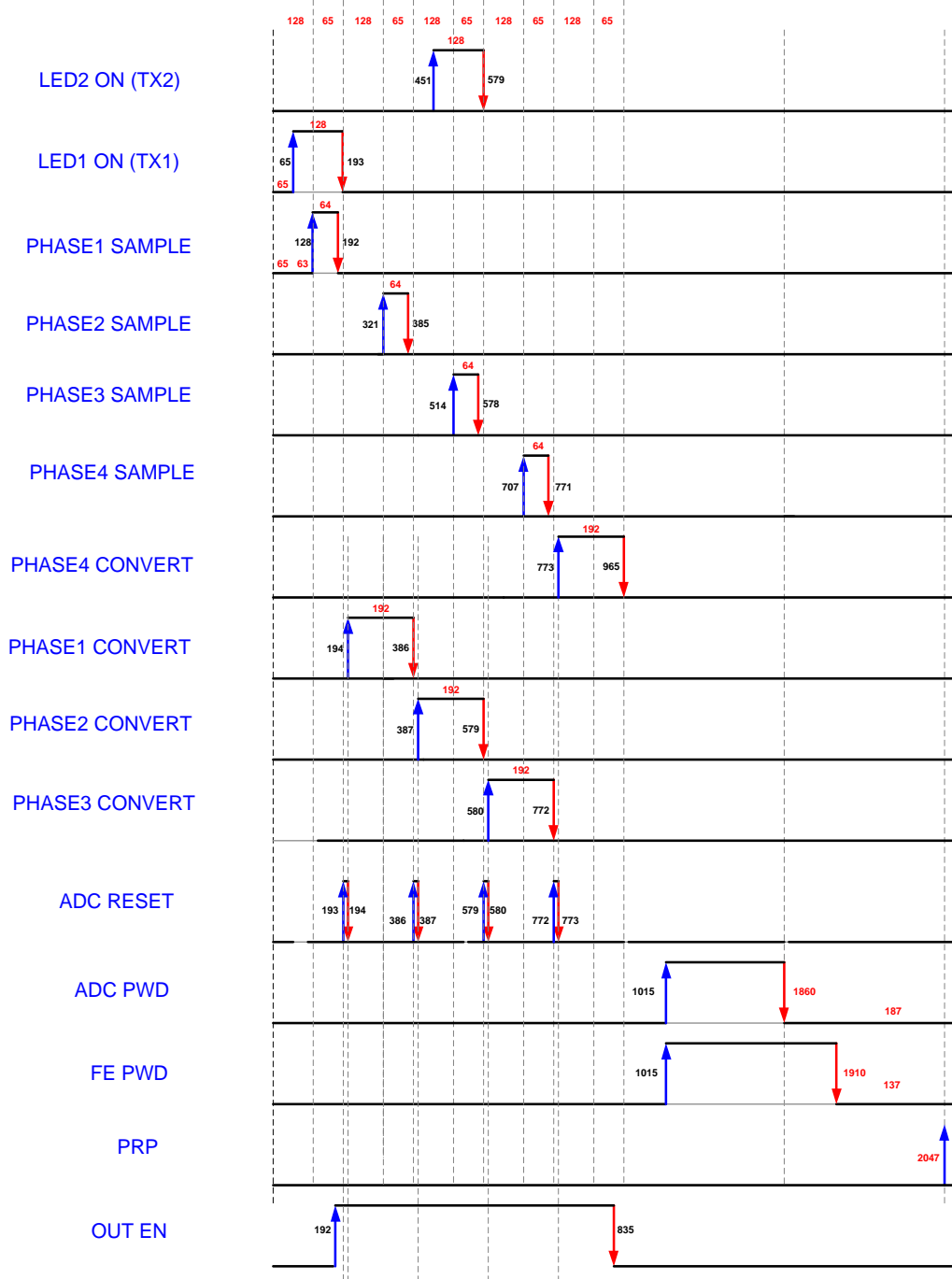


Figure 5-3. Timing Module Operation Example

**Table 5-1-1 Example timing module register setting**

Phase	Register	Field	Value
LED2 On	AFE_TCTRL_CON3	RG_LED2_START	451
		RG_LED2_END	579
LED1 On	AFE_TCTRL_CON2	RG_LED1_START	65
		RG_LED1_END	193
Phase1 sample	AFE_TCTRL_CON4	RG_SPHASE1_START	128
		RG_SPHASE1_END	192
Phase2 sample	AFE_TCTRL_CON6	RG_SPHASE2_START	321
		RG_SPHASE2_END	385
Phase3 sample	AFE_TCTRL_CON5	RG_SPHASE3_START	514
		RG_SPHASE3_END	578
Phase4 sample	AFE_TCTRL_CON7	RG_SPHASE4_START	707
		RG_SPHASE4_END	771
Phase4 convert	AFE_TCTRL_CON11	RG_CONVPHASE4_START	773
		RG_CONVPHASE4_END	965
Phase1 convert	AFE_TCTRL_CON8	RG_CONVPHASE1_START	194
		RG_CONVPHASE1_END	386
Phase2 convert	AFE_TCTRL_CON10	RG_CONVPHASE2_START	387
		RG_CONVPHASE2_END	579
Phase3 convert	AFE_TCTRL_CON9	RG_CONVPHASE3_START	580
		RG_CONVPHASE3_END	772
ADC reset	AFE_TCTRL_CON12	RG_ADC_RST1_START	128
		RG_ADC_RST1_END	192
	AFE_TCTRL_CON13	RG_ADC_RST2_START	321
		RG_ADC_RST2_END	385
	AFE_TCTRL_CON14	RG_ADC_RST3_START	514
		RG_ADC_RST3_END	578
	AFE_TCTRL_CON15	RG_ADC_RST4_START	707
		RG_ADC_RST4_END	771
ADC PWD	AFE_TCTRL_CON16	PPGADC_PWD_START	1015
		PPGADC_PWD_END	1860
FE PWD	AFE_TCTRL_CON17	RG_PPGFE_PWD_START	1015
		RG_PPGFE_PWD_END	1910

Phase	Register	Field	Value
PRP	AFE_TCTRL_CON1	RG_PRP	2047
OUT_EN	AFE_TCTRL_CON18	RG_PPG_OUT_EN_START	192
		RG_PPG_OUT_EN_START	835



## 5.4 Timing Module Register Definitions

**BASE name: top\_reg**

Address	Name	Width	Register Function
00000060	<u>AFE_DIG_ENABLE</u>	32	AFE Digital Part Enable

**00000060 AFE\_DIG\_ENABLE**

**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name						RG_P2S_MON_EN		AD_TIMING_EN	RG_AFE_MEM_BISI_EN	RG_AFE_MEM_PPG2_EN	RG_AFE_MEM_PPG1_EN	RG_AFE_MEM_EKG_EN	RG_AFE_EKG_ON	RG_AFE_PPG_ON		RG_AFE_BI_ON
Type						RW		RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW		RW
Reset						0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
10	RG_P2S_MON_EN	Enable P2S monitor module
8	AD_TIMING_EN	Enable timing module
7	RG_AFE_MEM_BISI_EN	Enable BI FIFO memory
6	RG_AFE_MEM_PPG2_EN	Enable PPG2 FIFO memory
5	RG_AFE_MEM_PPG1_EN	Enable PPG1 FIFO memory
4	RG_AFE_MEM_EKG_EN	Enable EKG FIFO memory
3	RG_AFE_EKG_ON	Enable EKG circuit
2	RG_AFE_PPG_ON	Enable PPG circuit
0	RG_AFE_BI_ON	Enable BI circuit

BASE name: top\_reg\_1

Address	Name	Width	Register Function
00000028	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON0</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 0
0000002C	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON1</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 1
00000030	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON2</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 2
00000034	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON3</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 3
00000038	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON4</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 4
0000003C	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON5</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 5
00000040	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON6</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 6
00000044	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON7</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 7
00000048	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON8</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 8
0000004C	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON9</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 9
00000050	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON10</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 10
00000054	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON11</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 11
00000058	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON12</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 12
0000005C	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON13</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 13
00000060	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON14</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 14
00000064	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON15</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 15
00000068	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON16</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 16
0000006C	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON17</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 17
00000070	<u>AFE TCTRL_CON18</u>	32	Timing Control Module Control 18

**00000028 AFE\_TCTRL\_CON0**
**FFFF0000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	AFE_TCTRL_DEBUG															
Type	RO															
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	x
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name													RG_TX_B2_SEL	RG_TX_B1_SEL	RG_SET_DATA	
Type													RW	RW	RW	
Reset													0	0	0	

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:16	AFE_TCTRL_DEBUG	Reserved for chip debug
3	RG_TX_B2_SEL	<b>DA_TX_B2 selection</b> 1: from RG_TX_B2 0: use DA_PPG_LED2 falling edge to latch
2	RG_TX_B1_SEL	<b>DA_TX_B1 selection</b> 1: from RG_TX_B1 0: use DA_PPG_LED1 falling edge to latch
1	RG_SET_DATA	<b>software update trigger</b>

**0000002C AFE\_TCTRL\_CON1**
**00001FFF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_PRP													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
13:0	RG_PRP	PRP Length

**00000030 AFE TCTRL\_CON2**
**07FF0FFF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_LED1_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_LED1_END													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	RG_LED1_START	LED1 ON START POSITION
13:0	RG_LED1_END	LED1 ON END POSITION

**00000034 AFE TCTRL\_CON3**
**17FF1FFF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_LED2_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_LED2_END													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	RG_LED2_START	LED2 ON START POSITION
13:0	RG_LED2_END	LED2 ON END POSITION

**00000038 AFE TCTRL\_CON4**
**07FF0FFE**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_SPHASE1_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_SPHASE1_END													
Type			RW													

**00000038 AFE\_TCTRL\_CON4**
**07FF0FFE**

<b>Reset</b>			0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
--------------	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_SPHASE1_START</b>	<b>PHASE1 SAMPLE START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_SPHASE1_END</b>	<b>PHASE1 SAMPLE END POSITION</b>

**0000003C AFE\_TCTRL\_CON5**
**17FF1FFE**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_SPHASE3_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_SPHASE3_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_SPHASE3_START</b>	<b>PHASE3 SAMPLE START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_SPHASE3_END</b>	<b>PHASE3 SAMPLE END POSITION</b>

**00000040 AFE\_TCTRL\_CON6**
**0FFF17FE**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_SPHASE2_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_SPHASE2_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_SPHASE2_START</b>	<b>PHASE2 SAMPLE START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_SPHASE2_END</b>	<b>PHASE2 SAMPLE END POSITION</b>

**00000044    AFE\_TCTRL\_CON7**
**1FFF07FE**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_SPHASE4_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_SPHASE4_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_SPHASE4_START</b>	<b>PHASE4 SAMPLE START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_SPHASE4_END</b>	<b>PHASE4 SAMPLE END POSITION</b>

**00000048 AFE TCTRL\_CON8**
**100017FF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_CONVPHASE1_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_CONVPHASE1_END													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	RG_CONVPHASE1_START	PHASE1 CONVERSION START POSITION
13:0	RG_CONVPHASE1_END	PHASE1 CONVERSION END POSITION

**0000004C AFE TCTRL\_CON9**
**000007FF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_CONVPHASE3_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_CONVPHASE3_END													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	RG_CONVPHASE3_START	PHASE3 CONVERSION START POSITION
13:0	RG_CONVPHASE3_END	PHASE3 CONVERSION END POSITION

**00000050 AFE TCTRL\_CON10**
**18001FFF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_CONVPHASE2_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_CONVPHASE2_END													
Type			RW													

**00000050 AFE TCTRL\_CON10**
**18001FFF**

<b>Reset</b>			0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
--------------	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_CONVPHASE2_START</b>	<b>PHASE2 CONVERSION START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_CONVPHASE2_END</b>	<b>PHASE2 CONVERSION END POSITION</b>

**00000054 AFE TCTRL\_CON11**
**08000FFF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_CONVPHASE4_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_CONVPHASE4_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_CONVPHASE4_START</b>	<b>PHASE4 CONVERSION START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_CONVPHASE4_END</b>	<b>PHASE4 CONVERSION END POSITION</b>

**00000058 AFE TCTRL\_CON12**
**1FFF0000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_ADC_RST1_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_ADC_RST1_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_ADC_RST1_START</b>	<b>ADC RESET1 START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_ADC_RST1_END</b>	<b>ADC RESET1 END POSITION</b>



**0000005C AFE TCTRL CON13**
**07FF0800**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_ADC_RST2_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_ADC_RST2_END													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	RG_ADC_RST2_START	ADC RESET2 START POSITION
13:0	RG_ADC_RST2_END	ADC RESET2 END POSITION

**00000060 AFE TCTRL CON14**
**0FFF1000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_ADC_RST3_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name			RG_ADC_RST3_END													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	RG_ADC_RST3_START	ADC RESET3 START POSITION
13:0	RG_ADC_RST3_END	ADC RESET3 END POSITION

**00000064 AFE TCTRL CON15**
**17FF1800**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name			RG_ADC_RST4_START													
Type			RW													
Reset			0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

**00000064 AFE TCTRL CON15**
**17FF1800**

<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_ADC_RST4_END</b>											
<b>Type</b>			RW											
<b>Reset</b>			0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_ADC_RST4_START</b>	<b>ADC RESET4 START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_ADC_RST4_END</b>	<b>ADC RESET4 END POSITION</b>

**00000068 AFE TCTRL CON16**
**00000000**

<b>Bit</b>	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_PPGADC_PWD_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Bit</b>	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_PPGADC_PWD_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_PPGADC_PWD_START</b>	<b>PPGADC PWD START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_PPGADC_PWD_END</b>	<b>PPGADC PWD END POSITION</b>

**0000006C AFE TCTRL CON17**
**00000000**

<b>Bit</b>	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_PPGFE_PWD_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Bit</b>	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_PPGFE_PWD_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_PPGFE_PWD_START</b>	<b>PPGFE PWD START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_PPGFE_PWD_END</b>	<b>PPGFE PWD END POSITION</b>

**00000070 AFE\_TCTRL\_CON18**
**3FFF3FFF**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_PPG_OUT_EN_START</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>			<b>RG_PPG_OUT_EN_END</b>													
<b>Type</b>			RW													
<b>Reset</b>			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
29:16	<b>RG_PPG_OUT_EN_START</b>	<b>PPG OUT EN START POSITION</b>
13:0	<b>RG_PPG_OUT_EN_END</b>	<b>PPG OUT EN END POSITION</b>

## 5.5 Programming Guide

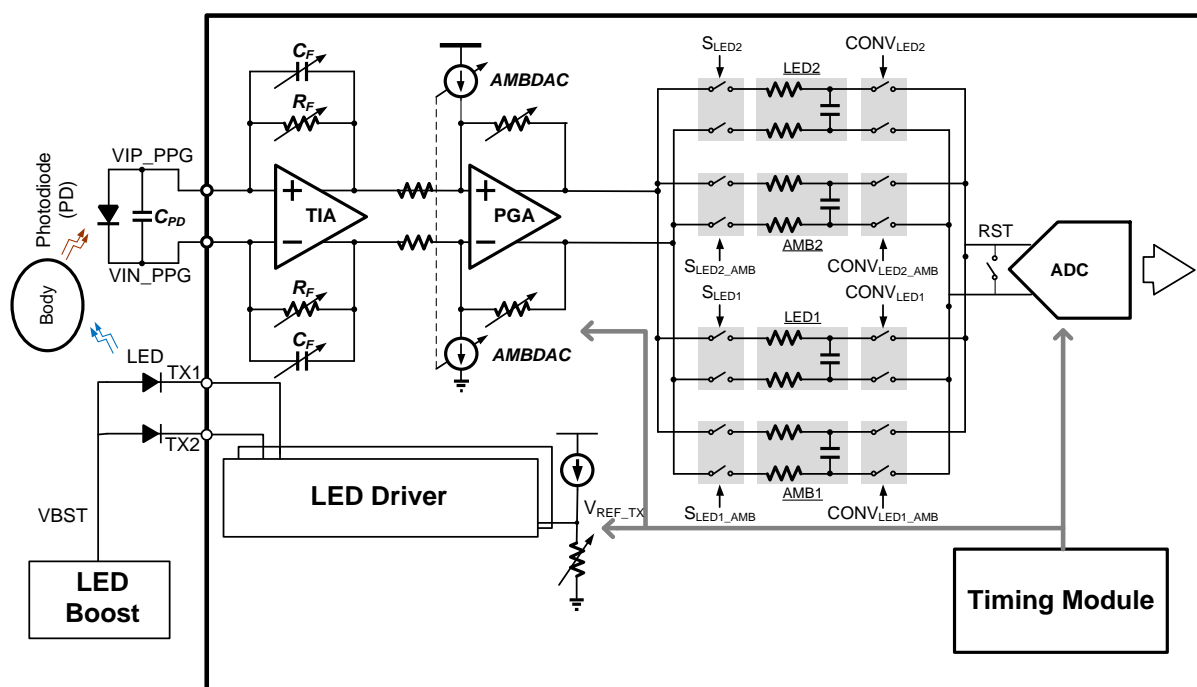
The setting value of AFE\_TCTRL\_CON1~18 (0x2C~0x70) should be set before enabling EKG channel.

1. Setting the value to AFE\_TCTRL\_CON1~18 (0x2C~0x70)
2. Enable rg\_set\_data (setting AFE\_TCTRL\_CON0[1] (0x28) = 1 and AFE\_DIG\_ENABLE.

## 6 PPG Channel

## 6.1 General Description

Figure 6-1 illustrates the system block diagram for PPG acquisition.<sup>1</sup> The PPG channel is separated into two parts: Transmitter (TX) and Receiver (RX). The TX part consist of LED driver. The light emitted by LED is penetrated /reflected by the skin, and received by photodiode of the RX. The RX consists of a trans-impedance amplifier (TIA), a programmable gain amplifier (PGA), an ambient cancellation digital-to-analog converter (AMBDAC), and a 24-bit incremental ADC. It amplifies and digitizes the received current. The blocks are described in more detail in the following sections.



**Figure 6-1. PPG Channel Analog Part Block Diagram**

<sup>1</sup> “A **photoplethysmogram** (PPG) is an optically obtained plethysmogram, a volumetric measurement of an organ.” Wikipedia.

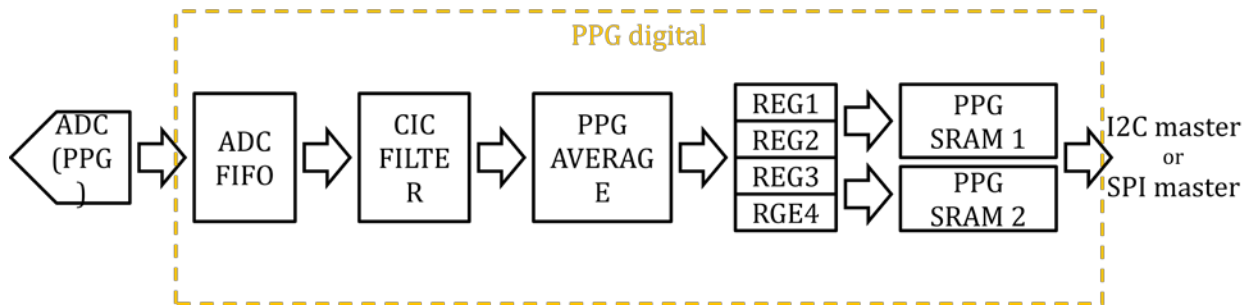


Figure 6-2. PPG Channel Digital Part Block Diagram

### 6.1.1 Transmitter Front-End

The LED driver and the voltage boost are used to light up external LED and to provide the voltage drop of LED. The two current DACs can enable two wavelength LEDs, which are turned on in a time-interleaved manner. The LED full scale current range is from 9.5 mA to 103 mA with a 3-bit current step of 13.4mA. The LED current can be set by the following equation: (equation 1 and equation 2)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LED1 current (TX1)} \\ &= \frac{\text{Full scale range of LED current}}{256} * \text{DAC1 code} \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LED2 current (TX2)} \\ &= \frac{\text{Full scale range of LED current}}{256} * \text{DAC2 code} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

As shown in Figure 6-3 below, two LED driver schemes are supported:

- Push-Pull Mode: A push-pull drive for a three-terminal LED package. The minimum external supply voltage = 0.7V + (maximum voltage drop across the LED). This value is depends on the registry LED current settings.
- H-Bridge Mode: An H-bridge drive for two-terminal back-to-back LED package. The minimum external supply voltage (LED\_SUP) = 0.7V + (maximum voltage drop across the LED). This value is depends on the registry LED current settings.

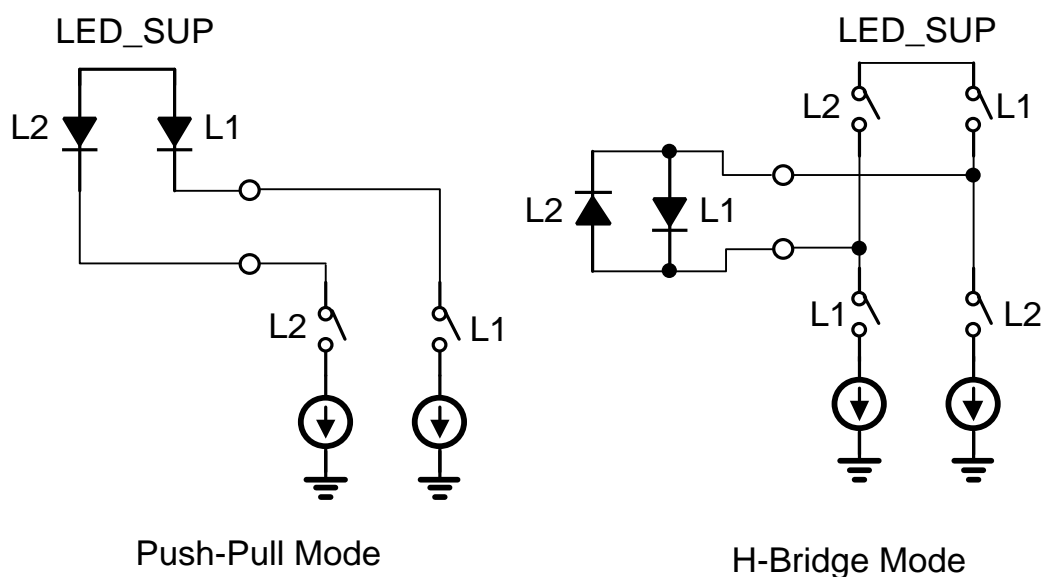


Figure 6-3. Push-Pull Mode and H-Bridge Mode

### 6.1.2 Receiver Front-End

As shown in Figure 6-4 the photo detector transfers the reflected light into current,  $I_{PD}$ , and then amplifies by TIA that converts the input photodiode current into an appropriate voltage. The feedback resistor of the amplifier ( $R_F$ ) has seven gain settings (1 M $\Omega$ , 500K $\Omega$ , 250K $\Omega$ , 100K $\Omega$ , 50K $\Omega$ , 25K $\Omega$ , 10K $\Omega$ ) and is programmable to support a wide input range of photodiode currents from 0.5- $\mu$ A to 50- $\mu$ A.

The feedback resistor ( $R_F$ ) and the feedback capacitor ( $C_F$ ) form a low pass filter for the input current. Please ensure that the low pass filter ( $R_F$  and  $C_F$ ) has sufficiently high bandwidth (as shown in Equation 3).

$$R_F * C_F \leq \frac{\text{LED Sample Time}}{10} \leq \frac{\text{Duty}}{\text{PRF} * 10} = \frac{\text{LED ON Time}}{10} \quad (3)$$

The output voltage of the I-V amplifier includes the pleth component ( $I_{Pleth}$ ) and a component resulting from the ambient light leakage ( $I_{Amb}$ ). The second stage consists of an AMBDAC that sources the cancellation current ( $I_{DC \text{ offset}}$ ) and a PGA.

The AMBDAC has a cancellation current range of 6  $\mu$ A with six steps (1  $\mu$ A each) for two phases (LED1/LED2 phase and AMB1/AMB2 phase). The PGA amplifier gains up the pleth component and has five programmable gain settings: 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 4, and 6 (V/V). Then, the signals are sampled by the corresponding LPFs and digitized by a 24-bit incremental ADC.

$$V_{DIFF} = 2 * \left[ (I_{Pleth} + I_{Amb}) * \frac{R_F}{R_I} - I_{DC \text{ offset}} \right] * R_G \quad (4)$$

Where  $R_I = 100K\Omega$

$$R_G = 100K\Omega * \text{PGA gain}$$

The PPG control logic (timing module) can adjust the sampling rate (Equation 5) and duty cycle (Equation 6) of the LED currents and also power down the AFE when the LEDs are off. The output of the ambient cancellation amplifier is separated into LED1, AMB1, LED2, AMB2 channels. When LED2 is on, the amplifier output is filtered and sampled on capacitor  $C_{LED2}$ . Similarly, the LED1 signal is sampled on the  $C_{LED1}$  capacitor when LED1 is ON. In between the LED2 and LED1 pulses, the idle amplifier output is sampled to estimate the ambient signal on capacitors  $C_{LED2\_amb}$  and  $C_{LED1\_amb}$ . The minimum supported RX sampling time is 50  $\mu s$ .

$$\text{PRF (Sampling rate, Hz)} = \frac{1\text{MHz}}{(PRP + 1)} = 64\text{Hz} \sim 4096\text{Hz} \quad (5)$$

$$\text{Duty (\%)} = \frac{\text{LED ON Time}}{PRP * 100} = 1.5\% \sim 25\% \quad (6)$$

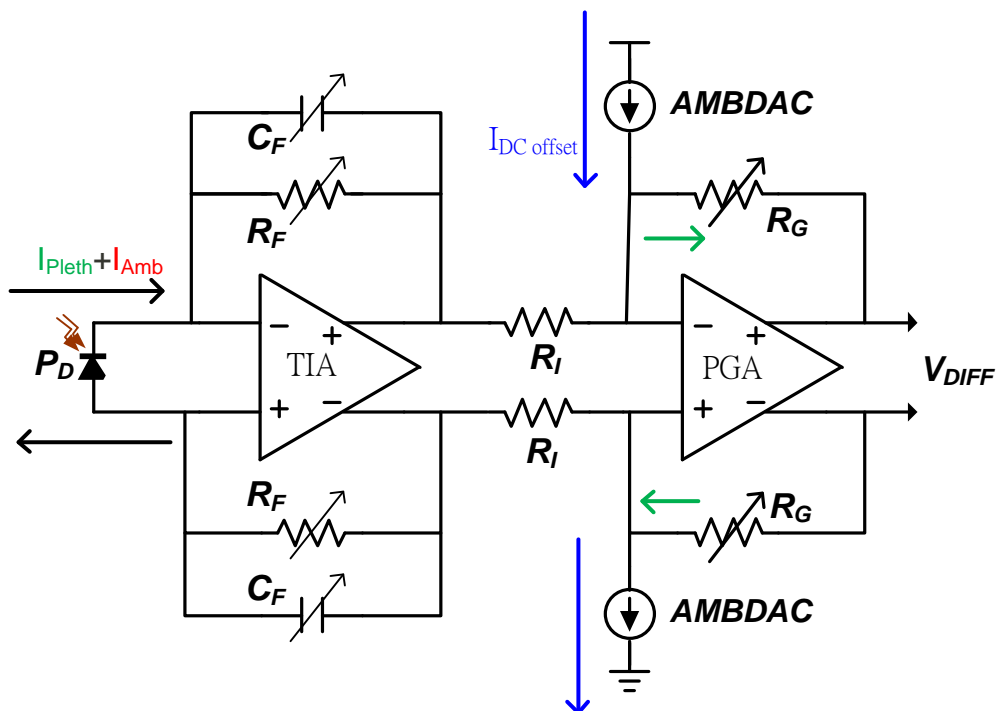


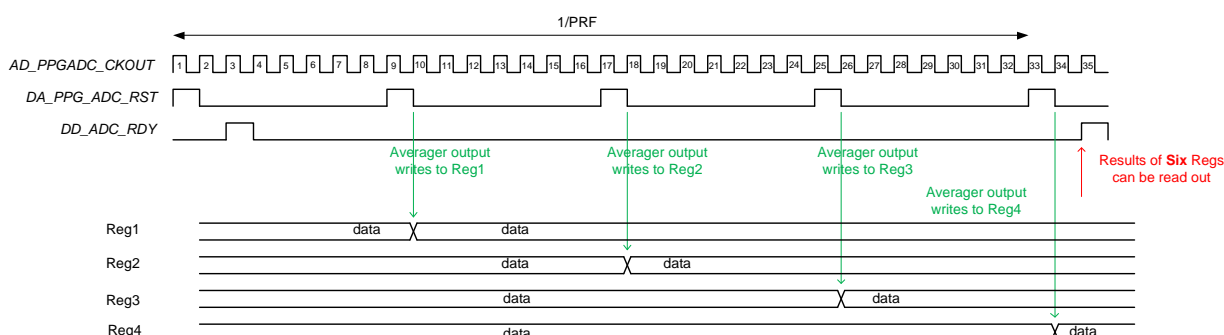
Figure 6-4. Receiver Front-End

### 6.1.3 PPG AVERAGE Function Introduce

The PPG AVERAGE module is used to average multiple ADC samples and reduce noise to improve dynamic range. At the next rising edge of the ADC reset signal, the average value (23-bit) is written into the output registers sequentially as follows (see Figure 6-5):

- At the 25% reset signal, the averaged 23-bit word is written to reg1.
- At the 50% reset signal, the averaged 23-bit word is written to reg2.
- At the 75% reset signal, the averaged 23-bit word is written to reg3.
- At the next 0% reset signal, the averaged 23-bit word is written to reg4. The contents of reg2 and reg3 are written to reg5 and the contents of reg4 and reg1 are written to reg6.

At the rising edge of the ADC\_RDY signal, the contents of all six result registers can be read out.



**Figure 6-5. ADC Data with Averaging Enabled**

### 6.1.4 PPG Data Format

The MT2511 outputs 24 bits of data per channel in binary twos complement format, MSB first. A positive full-scale input produces an output code of 7FFFFFFh and the negative full-scale input produces an output code of 800000h. The output clips at these codes for signals exceeding full-scale. All 24 bits toggle when the analog input is at positive or negative full-scale.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PPG (mV)} &= \frac{\text{PPGADC output code} * \text{LSB}}{1000} \\
 &= \frac{\text{PPGADC output code} * \frac{V_{ref}}{2^{16}}}{1000} \\
 &= \frac{\text{PPGADC output code} * \frac{3.2V}{2^{16}}}{1000} \quad (7)
 \end{aligned}$$



## 6.2 PPG Register Definitions

Module name: top\_reg

Address	Name	Width	Register Function
00000018	<b>PPGFE_CON0</b>	32	<b>PPGFE Control 0</b>
0000001C	<b>PPGFE_CON1</b>	32	<b>PPGFE Control 1</b>
00000020	<b>PPGADC_CON0</b>	32	<b>PPGADC Control 0</b>
00000028	<b>LEDDRV_CON0</b>	32	<b>LED Driving Control 0</b>
0000002C	<b>LEDDRV_CON1</b>	32	<b>LED Driving Control 1</b>
00000068	<b>AFE_PPG_CON</b>	32	<b>PPG Digital Part Control</b>
000000D0	<b>AFE_MEM_CON4</b>	32	<b>PPG1 SRAM Control 0</b>
000000D4	<b>AFE_MEM_CON5</b>	32	<b>PPG1 SRAM Control 1</b>
000000D8	<b>AFE_MEM_CON6</b>	32	<b>PPG1 SRAM Control 2</b>
000000DC	<b>AFE_MEM_CON7</b>	32	<b>PPG1 SRAM Control 3</b>
000000E0	<b>AFE_MEM_CON8</b>	32	<b>PPG2 SRAM Control 0</b>
000000E4	<b>AFE_MEM_CON9</b>	32	<b>PPG2 SRAM Control 1</b>
000000E8	<b>AFE_MEM_CON10</b>	32	<b>PPG2 SRAM Control 2</b>
000000EC	<b>AFE_MEM_CON11</b>	32	<b>PPG2 SRAM Control 3</b>

**00000018 PPGFE\_CON0 PPGFE Control 0 70244212**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name		RG_PPG_PD	RG_PPG_LPF_CT					RG_AMBDAC2		RG_AMBDAC1				RG_PGA_GAIN	RG_PPG_ENSEPCAIN	
Type		RW	RW													
Reset		1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0	
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name																
Type																
Reset	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
30	RG_PPG_PD	<b>PPG power down</b> 1: power down

Bit(s)	Name	Description
		0: power on
29:28	RG_PPG_LPF_CT	<b>PPG LPF corner adjustment</b> 11: 500Hz (default) 10: 1KHz 01: 2KHz 00: 4KHz
27:25	RG_AMBDAC2	<b>AMB phase current adjustment (IDC Offset):</b> 000/001: 1uA, 010: 2uA, 011: 3uA, 100: 4uA, 101: 5uA, 110: 6uA.
24:22	RG_AMBDAC1	<b>LED phase current adjustment (IDC Offset):</b> 000/001: 1uA, 010: 2uA, 011: 3uA, 100: 4uA, 101: 5uA, 110: 6uA.
20:18	RG_PGA_GAIN	<b>PGA gain adjustment (V/V)</b> 111/110/101: 6 100: 4 011: 3 010: 2 001: 1.5 (default) 000: 1
17	RG_PPG_ENSEPGA IN	<b>enable separate gain for LED1 phase and LED2 phase:</b> 1: enable, 0: disable
15:11	RG_TIA_CF2	<b>CF2&lt;4:0&gt;:TIA CF adjustment for LED2 phase and AMB2 phase if RG_PPG_ENSEPGA=H:</b> bit4=1: +150p, bit3=1: +50p, bit2=1: +25p, bit1=1: +15p, bit0=1: +5p 00000: 5pF
10:6	RG_TIA_CF1	<b>CF1&lt;4:0&gt;:TIA CF adjustment for LED1 phase and AMB1 phase</b> bit4=1: +150p, bit3=1: +50p, bit2=1: +25p, bit1=1: +15p, bit0=1: +5p, 00000: 5pF
5:3	RG_TIA_RF2	<b>TIA RF adjustment for LED2 phase and AMB2 phase if RG_PPG_ENSEPGA=H:</b> 000: 500k, 001: 250k, 010: 100k, 011: 50k, 100: 25k, 101: 10k, 110/111: 1M
2:0	RG_TIA_RF1	<b>TIA RF adjustment for LED1 phase and AMB1 phase</b> 000: 500k, 001: 250k,

Bit(s)	Name	Description
		010: 100k, 011: 50k, 100: 25k, 101: 10k, 110/111: 1M

**0000001C PPGFE CON1**
**PPGFE Control 1**
**0048CC29**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name					RG_AMBDAC_PWDB											
Type					RW											
Reset					1											

Bit(s)	Name	Description
11	RG_AMBDAC_PWDB	<b>AMBDAC_PWDB:</b> 1: power on, 0: power down, also need to set PPGFE_CON0::RG_AMBDAC1=0 PPGFE_CON0::RG_AMBDAC2=0

**00000020 PPGADC CON0**
**000F5555**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name																RG_PPGADC_PD
Type																RW
Reset																1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
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Bit(s)	Name	Description
0	RG_PPGADC_PD	<b>PPGADC power down:</b> 1: power down, 0: power on

**00000028    LEDDRV\_CON0    LED Driving Control 0    00002900**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name									RG_TX_SEL							RG_TX_HBRIDGE_PUSH/PULL
Type									RW							RW
Reset									0	0	0					0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
7:5	RG_TX_SEL	<b>Select full-scale range of LED current:</b> 000: 9.5 mA 111: 103.3 mA a step is 13.4 mA
0	RG_TX_HBRIDGE_PUSH/PULL	<b>1: Hbridge mode; 0: Push-pull mode</b>

**0000002C    LEDDRV\_CON1**
**LED Driving Control 1**
**00002020**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	<b>RG_TX_B2</b>								<b>RG_TX_B1</b>							
Type	RW								RW							
Reset	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
15:8	RG_TX_B2	<b>DAC2 code 00000000:minimum; 11111111:maximum</b>
7:0	RG_TX_B1	<b>DAC1 code 00000000:minimum; 11111111:maximum</b>

00000068 AFE PPG CON

PPG Digital Part Control

04B6270A

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	RG_NUM_OF_AVG						RG_PPG_FIFO			RG_REG5_CTL_MINUEND		RG_REG5_CTL_SUBTRAHEND		RG_REG6_CTL_MINUEND		RG_REG6_CTL_SUBTRAHEND
Type	RW						RW			RW		RW		RW		RW
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	RG_REG6_CTL_SUBTRAHEND		RG_NUM_TO_L1			RG_NUM_TO_L2			RG_NUM_TO_L3			RG_NUM_TO_L4			RG_NUM_TO_BI	
Type	RW		RW			RW			RW			RW			RW	
Reset	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:26	RG_NUM_OF_AVG	Reference of number of average in PPGAVG
25:23	RG_PPG_FIFO	PPG FIFO start point
22:21	RG_REG5_CTL_MINUEND	Set minuend of reg5, default = reg2
20:19	RG_REG5_CTL_SUBTRAHEND	Set subtrahend of reg5, default = reg3
18:17	RG_REG6_CTL_MINUEND	Set minuend of reg6, default = reg4
16:15	RG_REG6_CTL_SUBTRAHEND	Set subtrahend of reg6, default = reg1
14:12	RG_NUM_TO_L1	Set l1 register, default = reg2
11:9	RG_NUM_TO_L2	Set l2 register, default = reg3
8:6	RG_NUM_TO_L3	Set l3 register, default = reg4
5:3	RG_NUM_TO_L4	Set l4 register, default = reg1
2:0	RG_NUM_TO_BI	Set bi register, default = reg2

## 000000D0 AFE\_MEM\_CON4

## PPG1 SRAM Control 0

## 00000000

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	UPSRAM_CE	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC	UPSRAM_ATRIG		UPSRAM_WTRIG	UPSRAM_RTRIG	UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR									
Type	RW	RW	RW		RO	RO	RO									
Reset	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name							UPSRAM_RW_ADDR									
Type							RW									
Reset							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31	UPSRAM_CE	<b>PPG1 SRAM chip select</b>
30	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC	<b>Automatically increase I2C/SPI access PPG1 SRAM address</b> 0: no effect 1: automatically increase
29	UPSRAM_ATRIG	<b>Enable access PPG1 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: toggle access trigger
27	UPSRAM_WTRIG	<b>Write PPG1 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: write trigger
26	UPSRAM_RTRIG	<b>Read PPG1 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: read trigger
25:16	UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR	<b>The current access address of PPG1 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>
9:0	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR	<b>The access address of PPG1 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>



**000000D4 AFE MEM CON5**
**PPG1 SRAM Control 1**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_WR_DATA[31:16]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RW															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_WR_DATA[15:0]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RW															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_WR_DATA	The write data from I2C/SPI to PPG1 SRAM

**000000D8 AFE MEM CON6**
**PPG1 SRAM Control 2**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_RD_DATA[31:16]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RO															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_RD_DATA[15:0]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RO															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_RD_DATA	The read data from PPG1 SRAM to I2C/SPI

**000000DC AFE MEM CON7**
**PPG1 SRAM Control 3**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>							<b>FILTER_CUR_ADDR</b>									
<b>Type</b>							RO									
<b>Reset</b>							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>								<b>RG_IRG_TH</b>								
<b>Type</b>								RW								
<b>Reset</b>								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
25:16	<b>FILTER_CUR_ADDR</b>	<b>The current access address of PPG1 SRAM from PPG1 FIFO</b>
8:0	<b>RG_IRG_TH</b>	<b>The threshold of PPG1 SRAM to set irq signal</b>

**000000E0    AFE\_MEM\_CON8                      PPG2 SRAM Control 0                      00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>	UPSRAM_CE	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC	UPSRAM_ATRIG		UPSRAM_WTRIG	UPSRAM_RTRIG	UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR									
<b>Type</b>	RW	RW	RW		RO	RO	RO									
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Bit</b>	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>							UPSRAM_RW_ADDR									
<b>Type</b>							RW									
<b>Reset</b>							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31	<b>UPSRAM_CE</b>	<b>PPG2 SRAM chip select</b>
30	<b>UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC</b>	<b>Automatically increase I2C/SPI access PPG2 SRAM address</b> 0: no effect 1: automatically increase
29	<b>UPSRAM_ATRIG</b>	<b>Enable access PPG2 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: toggle access trigger
27	<b>UPSRAM_WTRIG</b>	<b>Write PPG2 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: write trigger
26	<b>UPSRAM_RTRIG</b>	<b>Read PPG2 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: read trigger
25:16	<b>UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR</b>	<b>The current access address of PPG2 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>
9:0	<b>UPSRAM_RW_ADDR</b>	<b>The access address of PPG2 SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>

**000000E4    AFE\_MEM\_CON9                      PPG2 SRAM Control 1                      00000000**

**000000E4 AFE MEM CON9**
**PPG2 SRAM Control 1**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_WR_DATA[31:16]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RW															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_WR_DATA[15:0]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RW															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_WR_DATA	The write data from I2C/SPI to PPG2 SRAM

**000000E8 AFE MEM CON10**
**PPG2 SRAM Control 2**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_RD_DATA[31:16]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RO															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_RD_DATA[15:0]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RO															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_RD_DATA	The read data from PPG2 SRAM to I2C/SPI

**000000EC AFE\_MEM\_CON11**
**PPG2 SRAM Control 3**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name							FILTER_CUR_ADDR									
Type							RO									
Reset							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name							RG_IRG_TH									
Type							RW									
Reset							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
25:16	<b>FILTER_CUR_ADDR</b>	<b>The current access address of PPG2 SRAM from PPG2 FIFO</b>
8:0	<b>RG_IRG_TH</b>	<b>The threshold of PPG2 SRAM to set irq signal</b>

## 6.3 Programming Guide

The setting value of PPGFE\_CON0 (0x18), PPGFE\_CON1 (0x1C), PPGADC\_CON0 (0x20), LEDDRV\_CON0 (0x28), LEDDRV\_CON1 (0x2C), LEDSUP\_CON1 (0x34), AFE\_PPG\_CON (0x68) should be set before enabling PPG channel.

1. Setting the value to PPGFE\_CON0 (0x18), PPGFE\_CON1 (0x1C), PPGADC\_CON0 (0x20), LEDDRV\_CON0 (0x28), LEDDRV\_CON1 (0x2C), LEDSUP\_CON1 (0x34), AFE\_PPG\_CON (0x68).
2. Enable PPG channel (setting AFE\_DIG\_ENABLE (0x60) = 0x564)

### Read/Write PPG1 SRAM from I2C/SPI

#### 1. READ:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON4 (0xD0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]
- b. HW will put read\_data from PPG1 SRAM to AFE\_MEM\_CON6 (0xD8)

#### 2. WRITE:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON4 (0xD0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]
- b. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON5 (0xD4) = write\_data[31:0]

c. HW will write write\_data to PPG1 SRAM

### Read/Write PPG2 SRAM from I2C/SPI

#### 1. READ:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON8 (0xE0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]
- b. HW will put read\_data from PPG2 SRAM to AFE\_MEM\_CON10 (0xE8)

#### 2. WRITE:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON8 (0xE0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]

- b. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON9 (0xE4) = write\_data[31:0]
- c. HW will write write\_data to PPG2 SRAM

## 7 EKG Channel

### 7.1 General Description

Figure 7-1 and Figure 7-2 show the analog/digital parts of EKG system. The EKG channel supports two-electrode (2E) mode and right leg drive (RLD) mode, and acts as a buffer between human and circuit. It integrates a programmable gain amplifier (PGA), a right leg drive amplifier, and a 24-bit sigma-delta analog-to-digital converter (ADC) to sense and digitize the EKG signal. The PGA is a differential input/differential output, and has seven gain settings (1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 12). The sampling frequency of EKG ADC is adjustable from 64Hz to 4096Hz. There are two extra samples (data=0) when doing first time sample EKG.

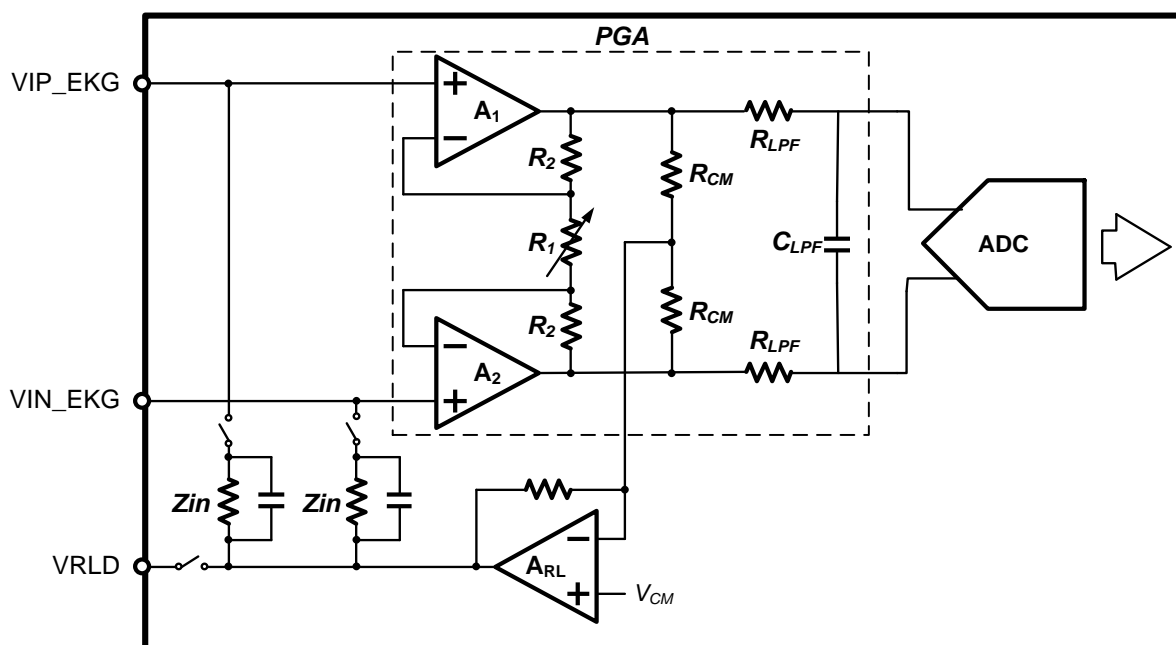


Figure 7-1. EKG Channel Analog Part Block Diagram

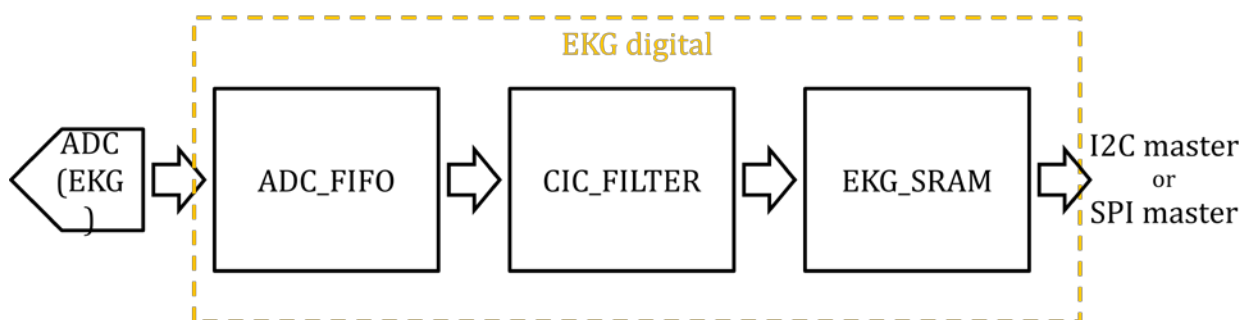


Figure 7-2. EKG Channel Digital Part Block Diagram

### 7.1.1 EKG Data Format

The MT2511 outputs 24 bits of data per channel in binary twos complement format, MSB first. A positive full-scale input produces an output code of 7FFFFFFh and the negative full-scale input produces an output code of 800000h. The output clips at these codes for signals exceeding full-scale. All 24 bits toggle when the analog input is at positive or negative full-scale.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{EKG (mV)} &= \frac{\text{EKGADC output code} * \text{LSB}}{1000 * \text{EKG PGA Gain}} \\
 &= \frac{\text{EKGADC output code} * \frac{V_{ref}}{2^{23}}}{1000 * \text{EKG PGA Gain}} \\
 &= \frac{\text{EKGADC output code} * \frac{4V}{2^{23}}}{1000 * \text{EKG PGA Gain}} \quad (7)
 \end{aligned}$$

## 7.2 EKG Channel Register Definitions

Module name: top\_reg

Address	Name	Width	Register Function
00000008	<b><u>EKGFE_CON0</u></b>	32	<b>EKGFE Control</b>
00000010	<b><u>EKGADC_CON0</u></b>	32	<b>EKGADC Control</b>
00000064	<b><u>AFE_EKG_CON</u></b>	32	<b>EKG Digital Part Control</b>
000000C0	<b><u>AFE_MEM_CON0</u></b>	32	<b>EKG SRAM Control 0</b>
000000C4	<b><u>AFE_MEM_CON1</u></b>	32	<b>EKG SRAM Control 1</b>
000000C8	<b><u>AFE_MEM_CON2</u></b>	32	<b>EKG SRAM Control 2</b>
000000CC	<b><u>AFE_MEM_CON3</u></b>	32	<b>EKG SRAM Control 3</b>

**00000008 EKGFE\_CON0**
**EKGFE Control**
**010AD443**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	RG_RL_ZIN					RG_RL_MODE			RG_IA_GAIN							RG_EKGFE_PD
Type	RW					RW			RW							RW
Reset	1	1				1			0	1	0	0				1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
<b>Input impedance adjustment (Only @2E mode)</b>		
15:14	RG_RL_ZIN	11: Zin=500M (default) 10/01: Zin=250M 00: Zin=125M
10	RG_RL_MODE	<b>2E or RLD mode control.</b> 1: 2E mode 0: RLD mode (default)
7:4	RG_IA_GAIN	<b>PGA gain adjustment (V/V)</b> 0000: 1 0001: 2 0010: 3 0011: 4 0100: 6 (default) 0101: 8 0110: 12
0	RG_EKGFE_PD	<b>EKGFE power down:</b> 1: power down, 0: power on



**00000010 EKGADC\_CON0**
**EKGADC Control**
**002F5555**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name												RG_EKGADC_MODESEL				
Type												RW				
Reset												0	1	1		
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name																RG_EKGADC_PD
Type																RW
Reset																1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
20:18	RG_EKGADC_MODESEL	<b>EKGADC Mode Select:</b> 000->fs=64Hz, 001->fs=128Hz, 010->fs=256Hz, 011->fs=512 or 1024 or 2048 or 4096 Hz Set corresponding RG_EKG_DIG_MODESEL at the same time.
0	RG_EKGADC_PD	<b>EKGADC power down:</b> 1->power down, 0->power on

**00000064 AFE\_EKG\_CON**
**EKG Digital Part Control**
**0000000B**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name																
Type																
Reset																
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name											RG_EKG_FIFO			RG_EKG_DIG_MODESEL		
Type											RW			RW		
Reset											0	0	1	0	1	1

Bit(s)	Name	Description
5:3	RG_EKG_FIFO	<b>EKG FIFO start point mode selection in EKG:</b> 3b'000->fs=64Hz, 3b'001->fs=128Hz, 3b'010->fs=256Hz,
2:0	RG_EKG_DIG_MODESEL	

Bit(s)	Name	Description
		3b'011->fs=512Hz, 3b'100->fs=1024Hz, 3b'101->fs=2048Hz, 3b'110->fs=4096Hz. Set corresponding RG_EKGADC_MODESEL at the same time.

## 000000C0 AFE MEM CON0

## EKG SRAM Control 0

## 00000000

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	UPSRAM_CE	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC	UPSRAM_ATRIG		UPSRAM_WTRIG	UPSRAM_RTRIG	UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR									
Type	R W	RW	RW		RO	RO	RO									
Reset	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name							UPSRAM_RW_ADDR									
Type							RW									
Reset							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31	UPSRAM_CE	<b>EKG SRAM chip select</b>
30	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC	<b>Automatically increase I2C/SPI access EKG SRAM address</b> 0: no effect 1: automatically increase
29	UPSRAM_ATRIG	<b>Enable access EKG SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: toggle access trigger
27	UPSRAM_WTRIG	<b>Write EKG SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: write trigger
26	UPSRAM_RTRIG	<b>Read EKG SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: read trigger
25:16	UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR	<b>The current access address of EKG SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>
9:0	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR	<b>The access address of EKG SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>

**000000C4 AFE MEM CON1**
**EKG SRAM Control 1**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	UPSRAM_WR_DATA[31:16]															
Type	RW															
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	UPSRAM_WR_DATA[15:0]															
Type	RW															
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_WR_DATA	The write data from I2C/SPI to EKG SRAM

**000000C8 AFE MEM CON2**
**EKG SRAM Control 2**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	UPSRAM_RD_DATA[31:16]															
Type	RO															
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	UPSRAM_RD_DATA[15:0]															
Type	RO															
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_RD_DATA	The read data from EKG SRAM to I2C/SPI

**000000CC AFE MEM CON3**
**EKG SRAM Control 3**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name							FILTER_CUR_ADDR									
Type							RO									
Reset							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name								RG_IRG_TH								
Type								RW								
Reset								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
25:16	<b>FILTER_CUR_ADDR</b>	<b>The current access address of EKG SRAM from EKG FIFO</b>
8:0	<b>RG_IRG_TH</b>	<b>The threshold of EKG SRAM to set irq signal</b>

## 7.3 Programming Guide

The setting value of EKGFE\_CON0 (0x08), EKGADC\_CON0 (0x10), and AFE\_EKG\_CON (0x64) should be set before enabling EKG channel.

1. Setting the value to EKGFE\_CON0 (0x08), EKGADC\_CON0 (0x10), and AFE\_EKG\_CON (0x64)
2. Enable EKG channel (setting AFE\_DIG\_ENABLE (0x60) = 0x418)

### Read/Write EKG SRAM from I2C/SPI

#### 1. READ:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON0 (0xC0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]
- b. HW will put read\_data from EKG SRAM to AFE\_MEM\_CON2 (0xC8)

#### 2. WRITE:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON0 (0xC0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]
- b. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON1 (0xC4) = write\_data[31:0]
- c. HW will write write\_data to EKG SRAM

## 8 Heartbeat Interval Estimation

### 8.1 General Description

MT2511 has a built-in heartbeat interval (BI) detector to reduce power consumption of hear-beat detection. When the signal quality of PPG is good enough, the BI detector is able to approximate wavelength of major tone. Instead of complete PPG signals, only beat time intervals are recorded in SRAM. The MCU is freed from estimating heart rate; as a result the amount of data read from MT2511 SRAM via I2C/SPI is reduced significantly.

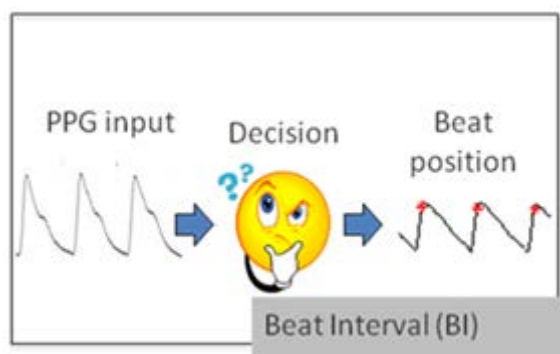


Figure 8-1. Heartbeat Detection Flow

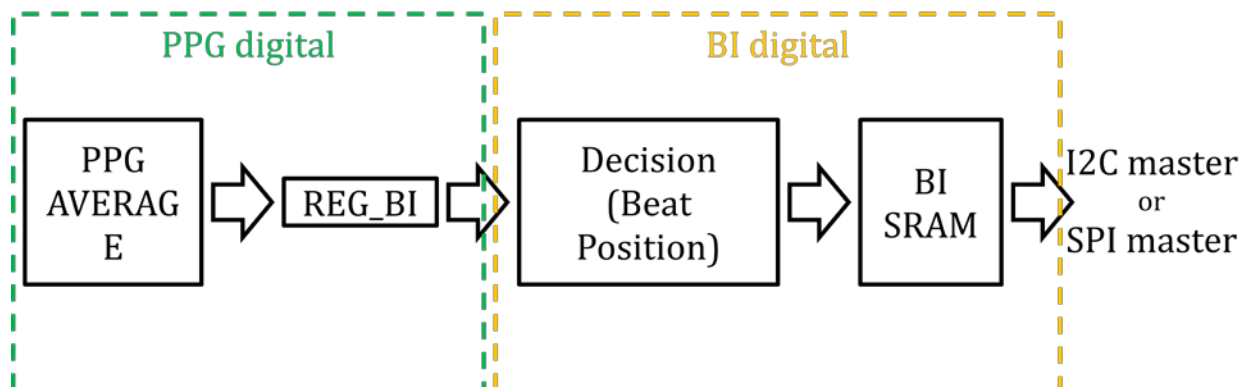


Figure 8-2. The Built-in Heartbeat Interval Detector Block Diagram

## 8.2 Heartbeat Interval Estimation Register Definitions

**BASE name: top\_reg**

Address	Name	Width	Register Function
000000F0	<u>AFE MEM CON12</u>	32	<b>BI SRAM Control 0</b>
000000F4	<u>AFE MEM CON13</u>	32	<b>BI SRAM Control 1</b>
000000F8	<u>AFE MEM CON14</u>	32	<b>BI SRAM Control 2</b>
000000FC	<u>AFE MEM CON15</u>	32	<b>BI SRAM Control 3</b>

000000F0 AFE\_MEM\_CON12

00000000

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Name	UPSRAM_CE	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC	UPSRAM_ATRIG		UPSRAM_WTRIG	UPSRAM_RTRIG	UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR									
Type	RW	RW	RW		RO	RO	RO									
Reset	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name							UPSRAM_RW_ADDR									
Type							RW									
Reset							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31	UPSRAM_CE	<b>BI SRAM chip select</b> <b>Automatically increase I2C/SPI access BI SRAM address</b> 0: no effect 1: automatically increase
30	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR_AUTO_INC	<b>Enable access BI SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: toggle access trigger
29	UPSRAM_ATRIG	<b>Write BI SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: write trigger
27	UPSRAM_WTRIG	<b>Read BI SRAM from I2C/SPI</b> 0: no effect 1: read trigger
26	UPSRAM_RTRIG	
25:16	UPSRAM_CUR_ADDR	<b>The current access address of BI SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>
9:0	UPSRAM_RW_ADDR	<b>The access address of BI SRAM from I2C/SPI</b>



**000000F4 AFE MEM CON13**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_WR_DATA[31:16]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RW															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_WR_DATA[15:0]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RW															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_WR_DATA	The write data from I2C/SPI to BI SRAM

**000000F8 AFE MEM CON14**
**00000000**

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_RD_DATA[31:16]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RO															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>	<b>UPSRAM_RD_DATA[15:0]</b>															
<b>Type</b>	RO															
<b>Reset</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
31:0	UPSRAM_RD_DATA	The read data from BI SRAM to I2C/SPI

000000FC    AFE MEM CON15

00000000

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
<b>Name</b>							<b>FILTER_CUR_ADDR</b>									
<b>Type</b>							RO									
<b>Reset</b>							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>Name</b>								<b>RG_IRG_TH</b>								
<b>Type</b>								RW								
<b>Reset</b>								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit(s)	Name	Description
25:16	<b>FILTER_CUR_ADDR</b>	<b>The current access address of BI SRAM from BI FIFO</b>
8:0	<b>RG_IRG_TH</b>	<b>The threshold of BI SRAM to set irq signal</b>

## 8.3 Programming Guide

### Enable BI feature:

1. Setting AFE\_DIG\_ENABLE (0x60) = 0x585

Read/Write BI SRAM from I2C/SPI

2. READ:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON12 (0xF0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]

- b. HW will put read\_data from BI SRAM to AFE\_MEM\_CON14 (0xF8)

3. WRITE:

- a. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON12 (0xF0) = 0x60000000 | start\_addr[9:0]

- b. Setting AFE\_MEM\_CON13 (0xF4) = write\_data[31:0]

- c. HW will write write\_data to BI SRAM