

Java SE 7

Module 5 UML



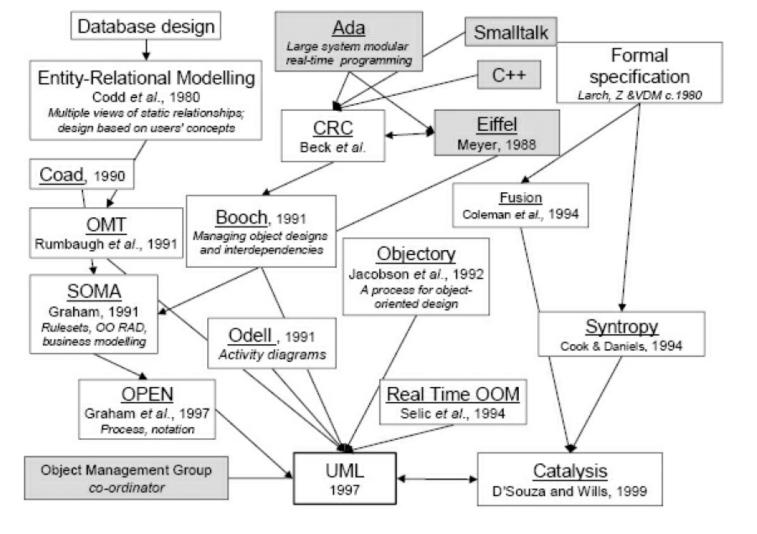


Introduction to UML

- 1. UML is a unified modeling language.
- 2. This is a standard in OOP.
- 3. UML belongs to OMG.
- 4. UML profiles.
- 5. The "unified" language received some features of notations by Grady Booch, Jim Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson and many other people.











What the Customer described



What project leader understood



What analyst designed



What a programer created



What business consultant described



Project documentation



How the product was installed



What the customer was billed for



The technical assistance given



What the Custome r actually wanted



Design Problems

 Problems with communication and understanding caused by lack of clear specification for a product.

 Object-oriented programming languages are aimed at specification, visualization, design and documentation of all artifacts created during development.



Notation

Notation (or *syntax* in other languages) stresses that UML is a graphical language and that models (diagrams) are not written, but drawn.

UML uses four types of notation elements:

- figures
- lines
- symbols
- legends



Software Tools

There are software tools that allow designing and "drawing" UML diagrams on PC (CASE tools):

- IBM Rational Rose
- Borland Together
- Gentleware Poseidon
- Microsoft Visio
- Telelogic TAU G2



Types of diagrams

There are 13 types of diagrams in UML divided into three categories.

- 7 diagram types represent static structure of application (static diagrams).
- 3 diagram types represent behavioral information of system (behavioral diagrams).
- 3 diagram types represent physical aspects of system functioning (interaction diagrams).



Types of diagrams

- Class
- Object
- Use case
- Sequence
- State
- Deployment
- Activity



Use case diagram

In the diagram, a use case should be only persons (Actors) Customer starts which initiate operations of the application system: real people or actions Customer performed on the timer; until End app such person does not "kick" the system, it will sleep. End Use app Open window Close window

```
Customer -> (start) : Customer \n starts \n application
Customer --> (End) : End app
Customer --> (Use app)
Customer --> (Open window)
Customer --> (Close window)
```



Task Example: HR Department

 Create the project accounting system for a human resources company.

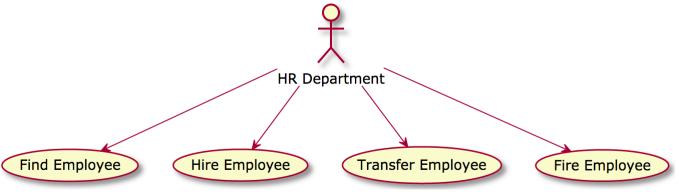
 The system must maintain a list of candidates, to take into account the process of interviewing and hiring.





Use case diagramm for HR Department

Use case: HR department of the company



title Use case: HR department of the company

:HR Department: --> (Find Employee)

:HR Department: --> (Hire Employee)

:HR Department: --> (Transfer Employee)

:HR Department: --> (Fire Employee)

:Employee: -> (Post resignation)

:Director: -> (Take the staff)



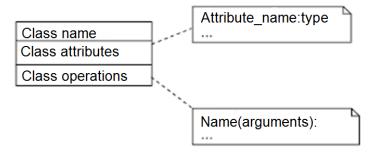


Classes are building blocks of any object-oriented system.

 Information from class diagram is directly rendered in application source code.



- On diagram, a class is drawn as a rectangle divided by horizontal lines into three parts.
- Class name is indicated in the first part.
- The second part contains the attributes of the class that characterize one or another class objects.
- The third part contains operations reflecting its behavior in the subject area model.





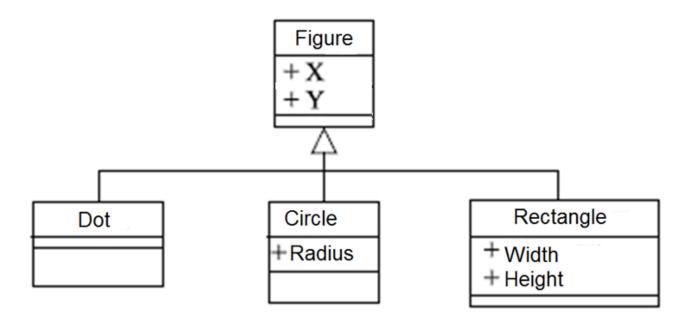
- During the design, a class acts as a "black box". The body of class methods is not specified in UML.
- Object encapsulation requires that all access modifiers should be specified.
 - + (public) public access.
 - (private) only operations of the same class.
 - # (protected) only operations of the same class and classes created on its basis.



TV set Display menu language Channel frequency Channel names and order Self-diagnostics() Turn on() Turn off() Channel search() Channel decoding() Channel switching()

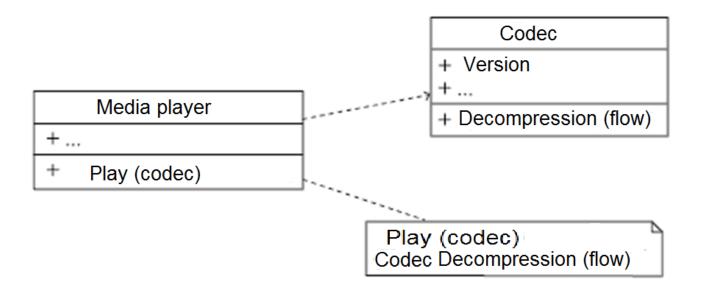


 Inheritance is a relationship between a more general entity called the superclass and its specialized form called the subclass.



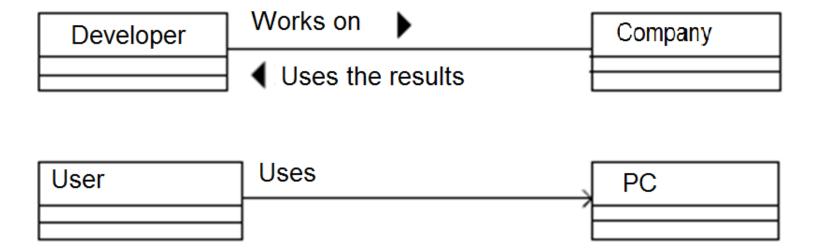


Dependency is a form of relationship between class objects, wherein class implementation
of one object depends on specification for class operations of another object.





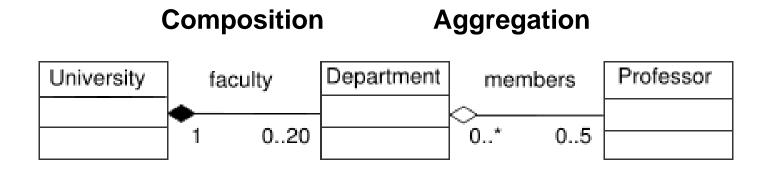
• Association is a link connecting objects.



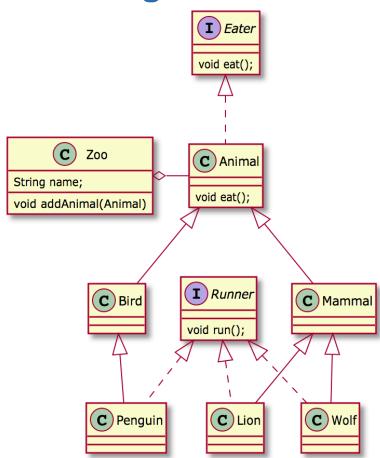


Aggregation (aggregation via the link) - the ratio of "part-whole" between two peer entities, where one object (container) has a reference to another object. Both objects can exist independently: if the container is destroyed, its contents - no.

Composition - a more strict version of aggregation, when the object can only exist as part of the container. If the container is destroyed, then the included object is destroyed too.

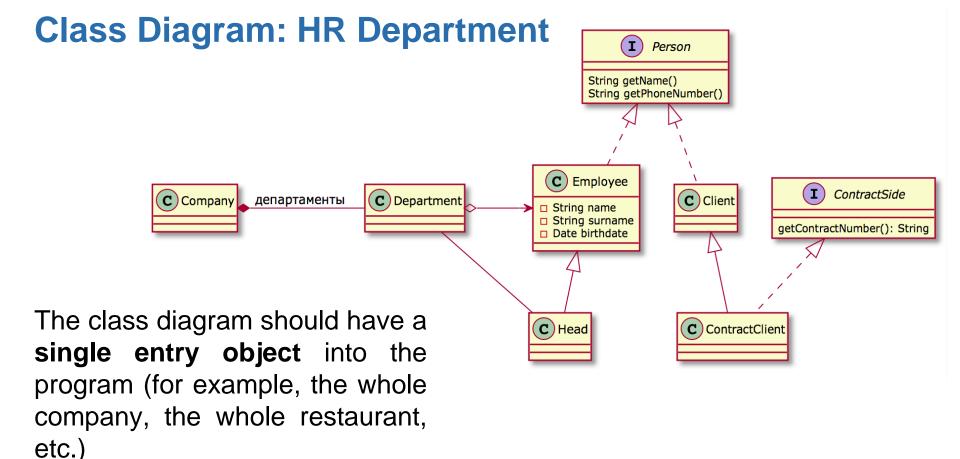






```
interface Eater {
    void eat();
class Animal implements Eater {
    void eat();
Zoo o- Animal
class Zoo {
    String name;
    void addAnimal(Animal)
class Mammal extends Animal
class Lion extends Mammal
class Wolf extends Mammal
class Wolf implements Runner
class Lion implements Runner
interface Runner {
    void run();
class Bird extends Animal
class Penguin extends Bird
class Penguin implements Runner
```







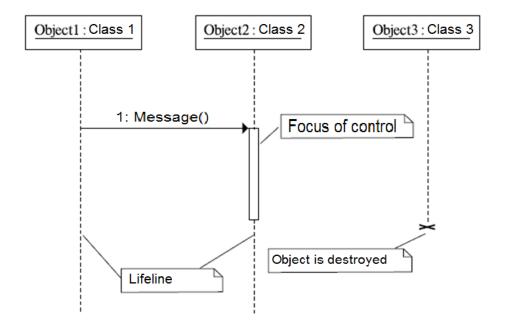
```
Class Diagram: HR Department
                                                                              Person
 interface Person {
   String getName()
                                                                       String getName()
                                                                       String getPhoneNumber()
   String getPhoneNumber()
                                                                    Employee
                             departmen
                                                                                                     ContractSide
                                            (C) Department
                                                                                  C Client
                  C Company

☐ String name

                                                                 String surname
                                                                                              getContractNumber(): String
                                                                 Date birthdate
class Company
Company *- Department: департаменты
class Department
                                                                C Head
                                                                                   C ContractClient
class Employee implements Person {
  -String name
  -String surname
                                           interface ContractSide {
  -Date birthdate
                                             getContractNumber(): String
class Head extends Employee
                                           class Client implements Person
Department -- Head
                                           class ContractClient extends Client
Department o-> Employee
                                           class ContractClient implements ContractSide
```

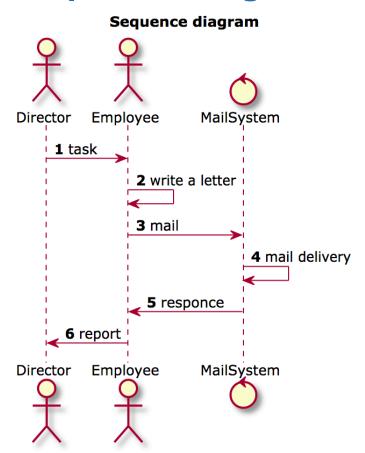
Sequence Diagram

- Sequence diagram shows the sequence in which interacting objects exchange messages.
- Object lifeline is a line that represents the existence of an object during some time.





Sequence Diagram

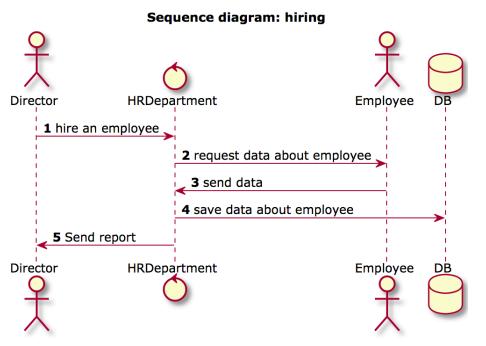


Sequence diagram describes some process within the system, such as the process of selling goods or the process of work on a task (see example).

Sequence diagram shows how the users interact with the program components.



Sequence Diagram for HR hire process



title Sequence diagram: hiring autonumber actor Director control HRDepartment actor Employee database DB

Director -> HRDepartment: hire an employee

HRDepartment -> **Employee**: request data about employee

Employee -> HRDepartment: send data

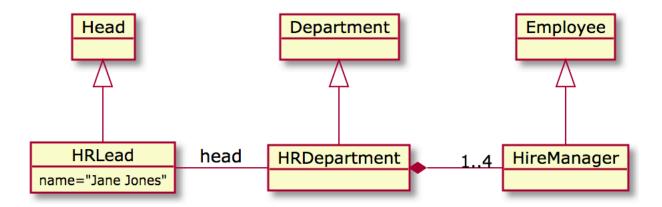
HRDepartment -> **DB**: save data about employee

HRDepartment -> **Director**: Send report



Object Diagram

Objects diagrams are representing the static view of the system. This static view is a snapshot of the system at a particular moment.



Object diagram: used for system initialization and testing.

Example: filling system with the test data, to drive the unit-tests.

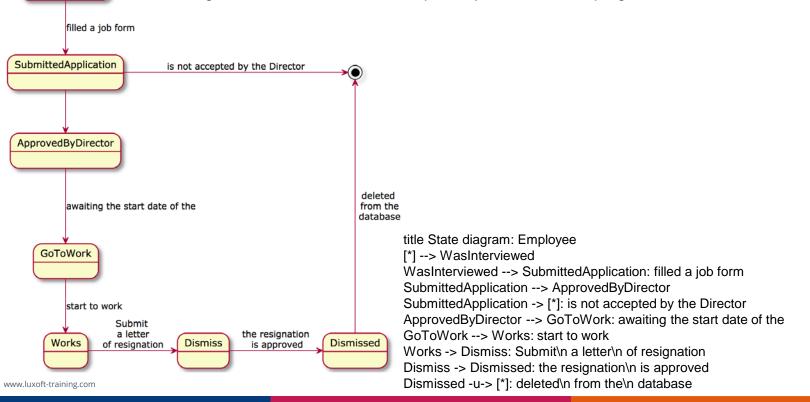


State Diagram

WasInterviewed

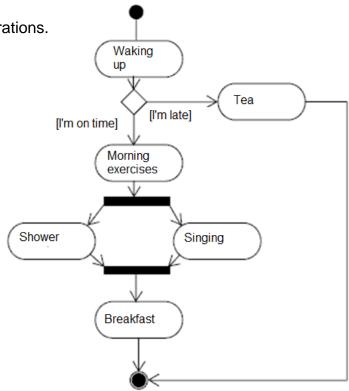
State diagram: the state of the object in the program.

State diagram is used to show how complex objects work in the program. It models the lifetime of an object.



Activity Diagram

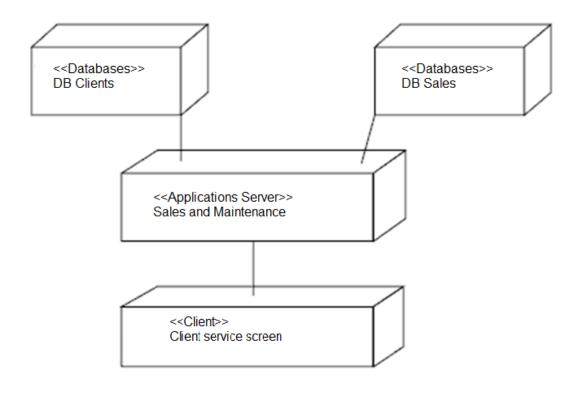
Activity diagrams are graphical representations of algorithms of classes operations.





Deployment Diagram

In case of complex IT infrastructure (databases, web services, etc.), it is very useful to have a graphical representation of this struct





Lab guide

Tasks for UML design:

- 1) University: create a system for accounting students, attendance, academic achievements. Optional: it must contain reviews of teachers.
- 2) Shop: should keep information about the goods and sales of the goods. Optional: The system should provide discounts for regular customers.
- **3) Clinic:** to create a system for the appointment to the doctors, to the time of the doctors. Optional: keeping patient cards by physicians.
- 4) Airport: you must manage the landing of the aircrafts, with their distribution in time and runways. Optional: notifications about flight delays to passengers, via SMS.
- **5) Restaurant:** to create a system of accounting for the employment of tables, selection of dishes from the menu, bill payment. Optional: allow the reservation of tables.



Exercise: use jRunner to create UML-diagrams



jRunner: task execution environment.

Attendee: Vladimir Sonkin

Section:

UML-example UML Java basics Main classes

Use case: HR department

```
Task finished!
```

```
title Use case: HR department of the company
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:HR Department: --> (Fire Employee)
:Employee: -> (Post resignation)
:Director: -> (Take the staff)
```

Task:

Use case: HR department Sequence diagram Class diagram State diagram: Employee Object diagram Activity diagram Typical errors in UML Tasks for UML design



PlantUML: tool to build UML diagrams



