

Exercise 1*

Draw a graphical representation of the complete lattice $(2^{\{a,b,c\}}, \subseteq)$ and compute supremum and infimum of the following sets:

1. $\sqcap\{\{a\}, \{b\}\} = ?$
2. $\sqcup\{\{a\}, \{b\}\} = ?$
3. $\sqcap\{\{a\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}\} = ?$
4. $\sqcup\{\{a\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}\} = ?$
5. $\sqcap\{\{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}\} = ?$
6. $\sqcup\{\{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}\} = ?$
7. $\sqcap\{\{a\}, \{a, b\}, \{b\}, \emptyset\} = ?$
8. $\sqcup\{\{a\}, \{a, b\}, \{b\}, \emptyset\} = ?$

Exercise 2

Prove that for any partially ordered set (D, \sqsubseteq) and any $X \subseteq D$, if supremum of X ($\sqcup X$) and infimum of X ($\sqcap X$) exist then they are uniquely defined. (Hint: use the definition of supremum and infimum and antisymmetry of \sqsubseteq .)

Exercise 3

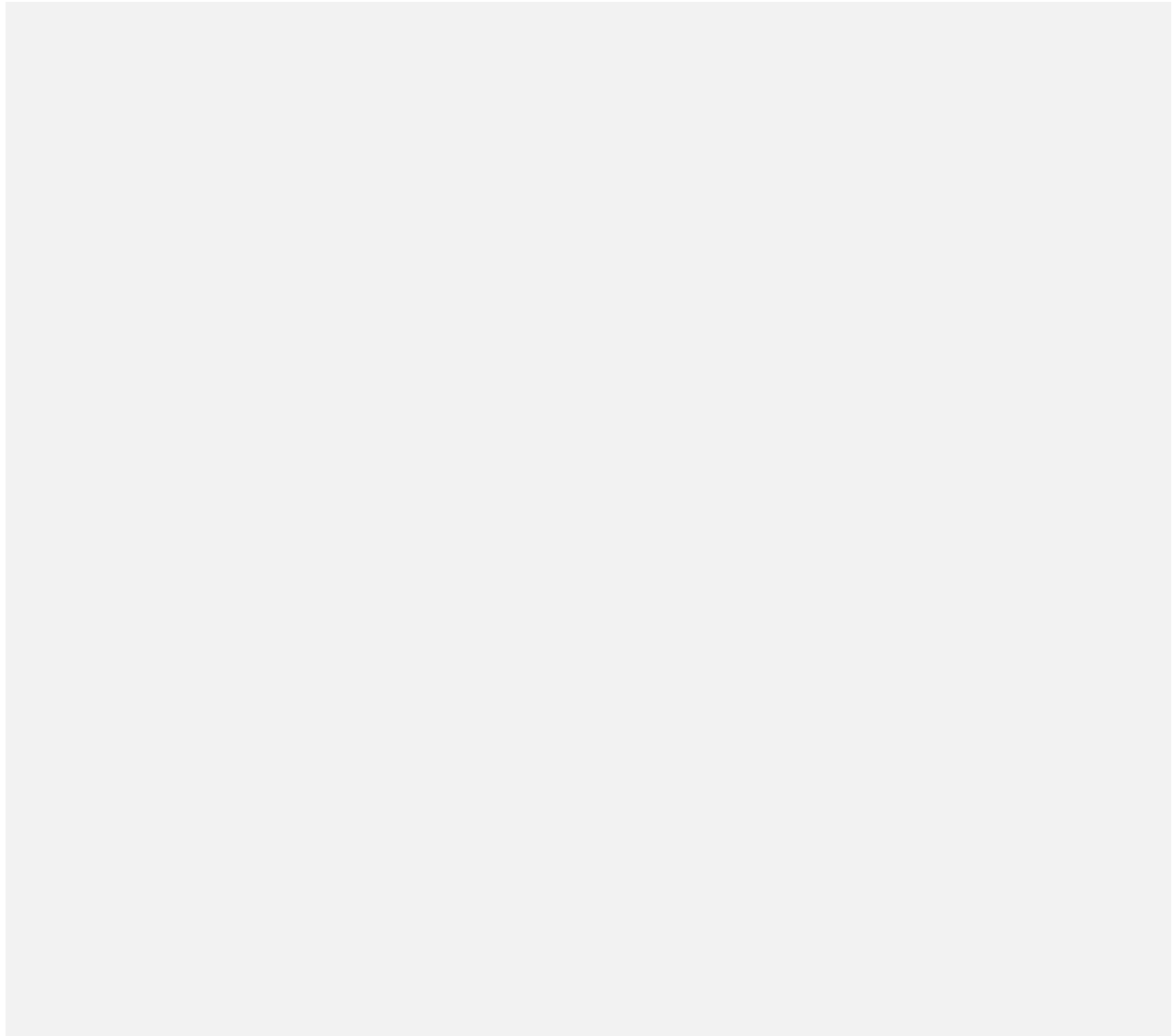
Let (D, \sqsubseteq) be a complete lattice. What are $\sqcup \emptyset$ and $\sqcap \emptyset$ equal to?

Exercise 4*

Consider the complete lattice $(2^{\{a,b,c\}}, \subseteq)$. Define a function $f : 2^{\{a,b,c\}} \rightarrow 2^{\{a,b,c\}}$ such that f is monotonic.

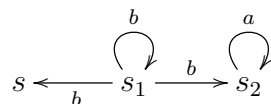
- Compute the greatest fixed point by using directly the Tarski's fixed point theorem.

- Compute the least fixed point by using the Tarski's fixed point theorem for finite lattices (i.e. by starting from \perp and by applying repeatedly the function f until the fixed point is reached).



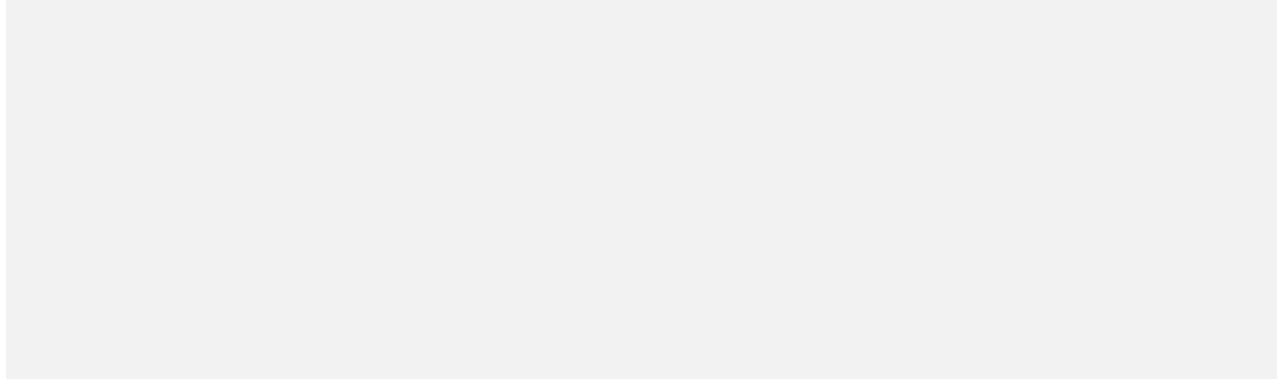
Exercise 5

Consider the following labelled transition system.



Compute for which sets of states $\llbracket X \rrbracket \subseteq \{s, s_1, s_2\}$ the following formulae are true.

- $X = \langle a \rangle \# \vee [b]X$
- $X = \langle a \rangle \# \vee ([b]X \wedge \langle b \rangle \#)$

**Exercise 6 (optional)**

Solve Exercise 4.10 from *Reactive Systems*, page 83.