浙江大学实验报告

课程名称:	面向对象程序	设计	_实验类型:	上机
实验项目名称:	Assignme	nt 005: Fraction		
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一、 实验目的和要求

To get better understand of operator overload, we here write a class presents a fraction number like 2/3.

二、 实验内容和原理

Functions below have to be implemented for this class:

- default ctor
- ctor takes two integers as parameters
- copy ctor
- arithmetical operators: + * /
- relational operators: < <= == != >= >
- type cast to double
- toString
- inserter and extractor for streams

三、 实验平台

- 1、 Microsoft Windows 8.1
- 2、G++

四、操作方法与实验步骤及结果

4.1 Selected Code

Fraction.h

```
#ifndef FRACTION H
#define __FRACTION H
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include <cstdlib>
class Fraction
private:
   int numerator, denominator;
public:
   // default ctor: init as 1/1
   Fraction() : numerator(1), denominator(1) { }
   // ctor takes two integers as parameters
   Fraction(int a, int b); // b == 0 is not allowed!
   // default ctor: init as 1/1
   Fraction(const Fraction &f) : numerator(f.numerator),
denominator(f.denominator) { }
   // arithmetical operators: + - * /
   const Fraction operator+(const Fraction &f) const{
      return Fraction(numerator * f.denominator + f.numerator *
denominator, denominator * f.denominator); }
   const Fraction operator-(const Fraction &f) const{
      return Fraction(numerator * f.denominator - f.numerator *
denominator, denominator * f.denominator); }
   const Fraction operator*(const Fraction &f) const{
      return Fraction(numerator * f.numerator, denominator *
f.denominator); }
   const Fraction operator/(const Fraction &f) const{
      return Fraction(numerator * f.denominator, denominator *
f.numerator); }
   // relational operators: <<===!=>=>
```

```
bool operator<(const Fraction &f) const{</pre>
       return ( numerator * f.denominator - f.numerator * denominator <</pre>
0);}
   bool operator<=(const Fraction &f) const{ return !( f < *this ); }</pre>
   bool operator>=(const Fraction &f) const{ return !( *this < f ); }</pre>
   bool operator>(const Fraction &f) const{ return ( f < *this ); }</pre>
   bool operator!=(const Fraction &f) const{ return ( f < *this || *this</pre>
< f ); }
   bool operator == (const Fraction &f) const{ return ! (f < *this || *this
< f ); }
   // type cast to double
   operator double() const { return ( 1.0 * numerator / denominator ); }
   // to string
   operator std::string() const;
   // greatest common divisor
   int GCD(int a, int b);
};
// inserter and extractor for streams
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Fraction &f); // should
not be define explicitly here
std::istream& operator>>(std::istream &is, Fraction &f); // input in the
format of "a/b" or just "a"
#endif
```

Fraction.cpp

```
#include "Fraction.h"

Fraction::Fraction(int a, int b) // b == 0 is not allowed!
{
  int sig, gcd;

  sig = ( a * b > 0 ) ? 1 : -1;
```

```
a = (a > 0)? a : -a;
   b = (b > 0)? b : -b;
   gcd = GCD(a, b);
   numerator = a / gcd * sig;
   denominator = b / gcd;
}
Fraction::operator std::string() const
   std::ostringstream ostr;
   if( denominator != 1 && numerator != 0)
      ostr << numerator << "/" << denominator;</pre>
   else
      ostr << numerator;</pre>
   return ostr.str();
// greatest common divisor
int Fraction::GCD(int a, int b)
   int c;
   while ( b !=0 )
      c = a % b;
      a = b;
      b = c;
   return a;
}
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Fraction &f)</pre>
  return os << std::string(f);</pre>
std::istream& operator>>(std::istream &is, Fraction &f)
{
  int a, b = 1;
```

```
std::string str, strA, strB;
std::istream &newIs = (is >> str);
int slashPos;

slashPos = str.find('/');
if( slashPos != -1 )
{
    strA = str.substr(0, slashPos);
    strB = str.substr(slashPos + 1, str.length());
    a = atoi(strA.c_str());
    b = atoi(strB.c_str());
}
else
{
    a = atoi(str.c_str());
}
f = Fraction(a,b);
return newIs;
}
```

4.2 Demo

Test default ctor, ctor with parameters and copy ctor

```
Fraction f0; // test default ctor
Fraction f1(4, -6); // test ctor takes two integers as parameters
Fraction f2 = f1; // test copy ctor

cout << string( f0 ) << endl;
cout << string( f1 ) << endl;
cout << string( f2 ) << endl;
cout << endl;
default ctor
Fraction f0; // test default ctor
Fraction f1(4, -6); // test ctor takes two integers as parameters
F:\oophw5\source>test.exe
1
-2/3
-2/3
-2/3
-2/3

tout << endl;

//
```

> Test arithmetical operators

```
f0 = Fraction(66,132);
 f1 = Fraction(0,33);
 f2 = Fraction(4, -7);
 Fraction f3;
                                         \mathbf{Z}
                                                           Windows
 f3 = f0 + f1 + f2; // test +
 cout << string( f3 ) << endl;</pre>
                                         -1/14
                                         15/14
 f3 = f0 - f2; // test -
 cout << string( f3 ) << endl;</pre>
                                         搜狗拼音输入法 全
 f3 = f0 * f2; // test *
 cout << string( f3 ) << endl;</pre>
 f3 = f0 / f2; // test /
 cout << string( f3 ) << endl;</pre>
66/132 + 0/33 + 4/(-7) = -1/14
(66/132) - (4/(-7)) = 15/14
(66/132) * (4/(-7)) = -2/7
(66/132) / (4/(-7)) = -7/8
```

> Test relational operators

```
f0 = Fraction(8,9);
f1 = Fraction(9,10);

cout << ( f0 < f1 ) << endl; // test <
cout << ( f0 > f1 ) << endl; // test >
cout << ( f0 <= f1 ) << endl; // test >=
cout << ( f0 == f1 ) << endl; // test >=
cout << ( f0 == f1 ) << endl; // test >=
cout << ( f0 != f1 ) << endl; // test >=
```

```
f0 = Fraction(11,22);
f1 = Fraction(2,4);

cout << ( f0 < f1 ) << endl; // test <
cout << ( f0 > f1 ) << endl; // test >
cout << ( f0 <= f1 ) << endl; // test >=
cout << ( f0 == f1 ) << endl; // test >=
cout << ( f0 == f1 ) << endl; // test >=
cout << ( f0 != f1 ) << endl; // test >=
```

> Test type cast to double

1/2 * 0.3 = 0.15

> Test type cast to string

```
f0 = Fraction(14, 17);
string s0 = f0;
s0 += "append something here";
cout << s0 << endl; // test string

Windows Powe

14/17append something here

搜狗拼音输入法 全:
```

> inserter for streams

extractor for streams

```
Fraction fn;

cin >> fn; // test in cout << fn << endl;

Windows Power.

68/-6
-34/3
PS F:\oophw5\se
```

Input 68/-6

```
Fraction fn;

cin >> fn; // test in cout << fn << endl;

Windows Power... - 

78
78
78
PS F:\oophw5\source> _
```

Input 78