Execise 1

IA:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} i = \frac{u(u+d)}{2}$$

IB:

IS:

$$u=u+\lambda$$
:
 $\sum_{i=\lambda}^{u+\lambda} i = \frac{(u+\lambda)(u+2)}{2}$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} + (n+1) = \frac{n^2 + 3n + 2}{2}$$

$$\frac{u(u+1)}{2} + (u+1) = \frac{1}{2}u^2 + \frac{3}{2}u + 1$$

Execise 2:

$$\frac{1}{2}(2^{d-i}\cdot i) \leq 2^{d+1} - d - 2 = 0 \quad A(d) \leq B(d)$$

IS:

$$\frac{d-d+1}{\sum_{i=1}^{2}(2^{d+1}\cdot i)} \leq 2^{d+2} - (d+1) - 2$$

$$\leq 2 \cdot 2^{d+1} - d - 3$$

$$\leq 2 \cdot (2^{d+1} - d - 3)$$

$$\leq 2 \cdot (2^{d+1} - d - 2) + d+1$$

$$2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{d+1}(2^{d-1}\cdot i) \leq 4^{d+1}$$

$$2 \cdot (\sum_{\lambda=1}^{d} (2^{d-\lambda} \cdot \lambda) + 2^{d-(d+\lambda)} \cdot (d+\lambda)) \leq$$

$$2 \cdot (\frac{\lambda}{\sum_{\lambda=1}^{2}} (2^{\lambda-\lambda} \cdot \lambda) + 2^{-1} (\lambda + \lambda))$$
 \leq

$$2 \cdot \left(A(a)\right) + (d+A)$$
 $\leq 2 \cdot \left(B(a)\right) + (d+A)$