

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

0625 PHYSICS

0625/02

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 80

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

- CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE
International Examinations

Page 1	Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2006	Syllabus 0625	Paper 02
---------------	----------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------	---------------------------

		TARGET GRADE	MARK
1	(a) larger area smaller pressure	F F	B1 B1
	(b) (i) get larger OR get firmer	F	B1
	(ii) molecules move faster) more collisions (per second) any 2 pressure increased)	2C	B1 + B1
	(c) (i) increases	F	B1
	(ii) smaller volume more collisions (per second) anywhere in (b)(ii) or (c)(ii), collisions with walls	F C C	B1 B1 B1
			9
2	(a) 6.0 ± 0.1) 2.4 ± 0.1) -1 each error or omission 3.1 ± 0.1)	2F	B2
	(b) AB x BC x CD OR l x b x h OR his figures shown multiplied	F	B1
	(c) cm ³ OR cu.cm OR cubic cm	F	B1
			4
3	(a) P and Q	F	B1
	(b) R and S	F	B1
	(c) (i) D = M/V in any form, including our figures	F	B1
	(ii) 57.5/25 2.3 g/cm ³	C C C	C1 A1 B1
			6
4	(a) chemical, gravitational, internal, kinetic (if more than 4 ticked, use ✓ + ✗ = 0)	2F,2C	B1 x 4
	(b) kinetic NOT internal	F	B1
	(c) potential	F	B1
	(d) chemical	C	B1
			7
5	(a) idea of greater speed idea of molecules further apart	F C	B1 B1
	(b) (i) any suitable example involving expansion or contraction e.g. thermometer, thermostat, bimetal strip, rivets, fitting steel tyres	F	B1
	(ii) any suitable example involving expansion or contraction e.g. expansion gaps in bridges etc, overhead cables, cracking glass	C	B1
			4

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0625	02

6	(a) (i) wavelength labelled clearly \pm 3mm wavelength labelled clearly \pm 1mm	F C	C1 A1
	(ii) horizontal line anywhere between top & bottom of wave pattern	F C	M1 A1
	(b) (measure time for) (count number of) (measure time) (a number of) OR (waves passing) OR (for 1 wave) (waves to pass) () (to pass) $f = \frac{\text{no. of waves}}{\text{time}}$ OR in 1 second OR $f = 1/T$	F F	M1 A1
			6
7	(a) ray bent down at first surface not below normal ray bent down at second surface	F F C	M1 A1 B1
	(b) (i) dispersion ticked	F	B1
	(ii) red	C	B1
	(iii) violet (allow B1,B0 if red and violet both written but interchanged)	C	B1
			6
8	(a) end/point on magnet idea of pointing N (when freely suspended)	C F	B1 B1
	(b) repulsive	F	B1
	(c) (i) S at top <u>and</u> N at bottom	F	B1
	(ii) disappears	F	B1
			5
9	(a) strontium-90 decays most slowly OR longest half-life	F F	M1 A1
	(b) (i) points correctly plotted \pm $\frac{1}{2}$ small square -1 each error or omission	3F	B3
	(ii) reasonable curve	F	B1
	(iii) 8 (days) \pm 0.5 OR his correct value \pm 0.5 correct working shown on graph (minimum: dot on line)	C C	B1 B1
			8
10	(a) (i) A <u>and</u> B (both) OR A <u>and</u> C (both)	C	B1
	(ii) filament	F	B1
	(iii) electrons ticked	F	B1
	(iv) line along axis (by eye) OR conical beam along axis	F	B1
	(v) light or glow indicated somehow	F	B1
	(b) beam deflection shown beam deflected upwards indication of curve (condone curve outside electric field)	F C C	C1 A1 B1
	(c) idea of no obstruction for cathode rays/electrons	C	B1
			9

Page 3	Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2006	Syllabus 0625	Paper 02
--------	--------------------------------------	------------------	-------------

11 (a) (i)	10 x 2.5 25 (m)	F F	C1 A1
(ii)	speed = distance/time in any form 500/10 50 (s)	F F F	C1 M1 A1
(b)	75/2.5 30 (m/s)	C C	C1 A1
(c)	accelerated	F	B1
(d)	total distance = 3000 (m) total time = 150 (s) average speed = total distance/total time 3000/150 20 (m/s)	F F C C C	C1 C1 C1 C1 A1
			13
12	L1 joined to R3 or R1 L2 joined to R4 L4 joined to R1	F F F	B1 B1 B1
			3