## Modules

Python packages



**SoftUni Team Technical Trainers** 







**Software University** 

http://softuni.bg

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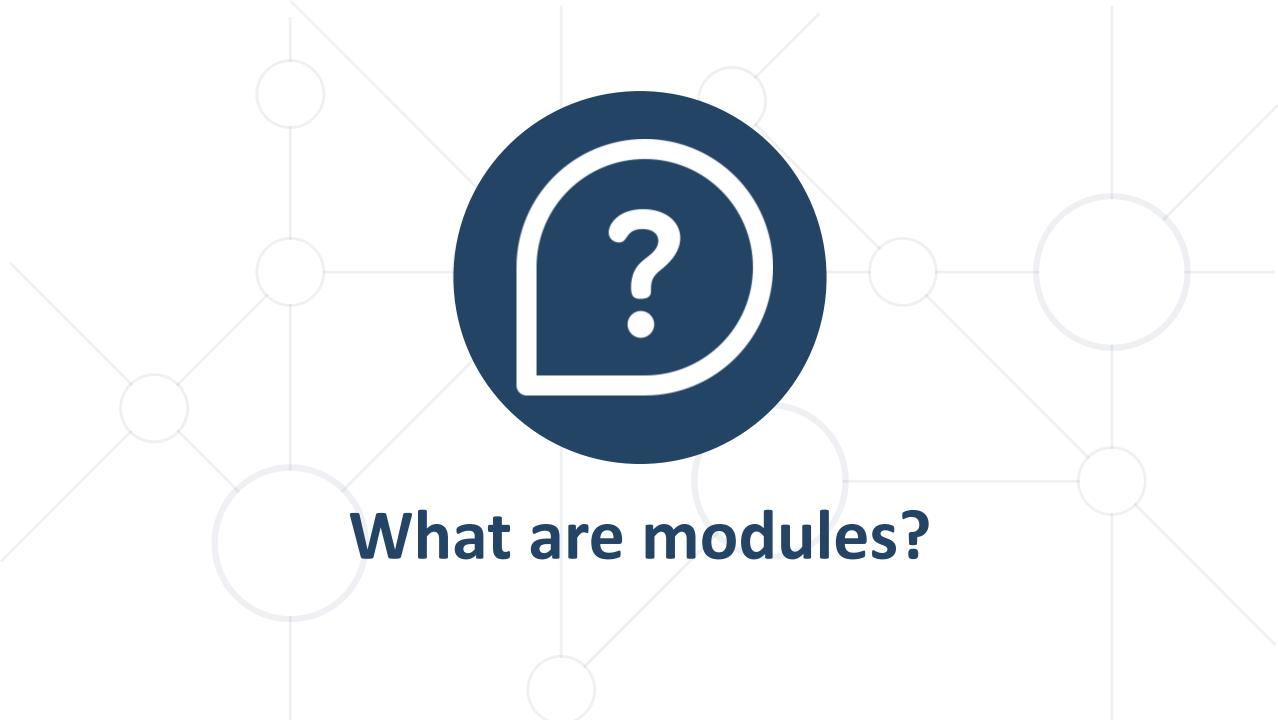


#### Have a Question?



sli.do

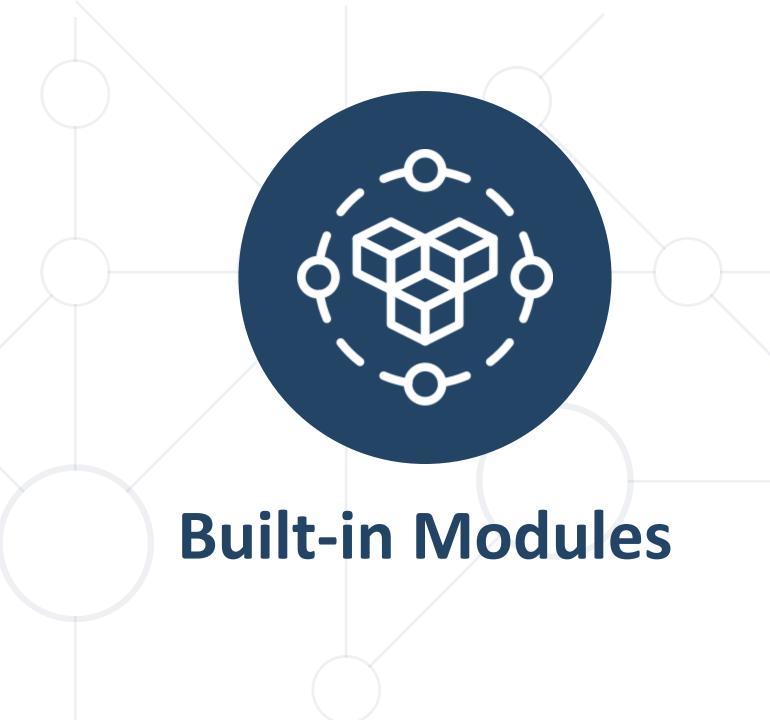
# #python-advanced



#### **Definition and Usage**



- Simply put, a module is a file consisting of Python code
  - They are stored in packages
  - A package is a collection of Python modules
- Why use modules ?
  - Keep Python files short and simple
  - Reuse code across multiple files by importing



#### **Definition**



- The Python interpreter has a number of built-in modules
- They are pre-installed and we can call them at any given time
- In order to call them we use the keyword import

```
import random
fruits = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]

random.choice(fruits)
random.shuffle(fruits)
```

#### **Different Ways to Import**



```
import random as module_name
module_name.randint(1, 10)
```

```
from random import choice as gimme_one, shuffle as mix
gimme_one(["coke", "steak", "chips"])
mix(["coke", "steak", "chips"])
```

```
from math import *
sqrt(pi)
```

#### **Problem: Calculate Logarithm**



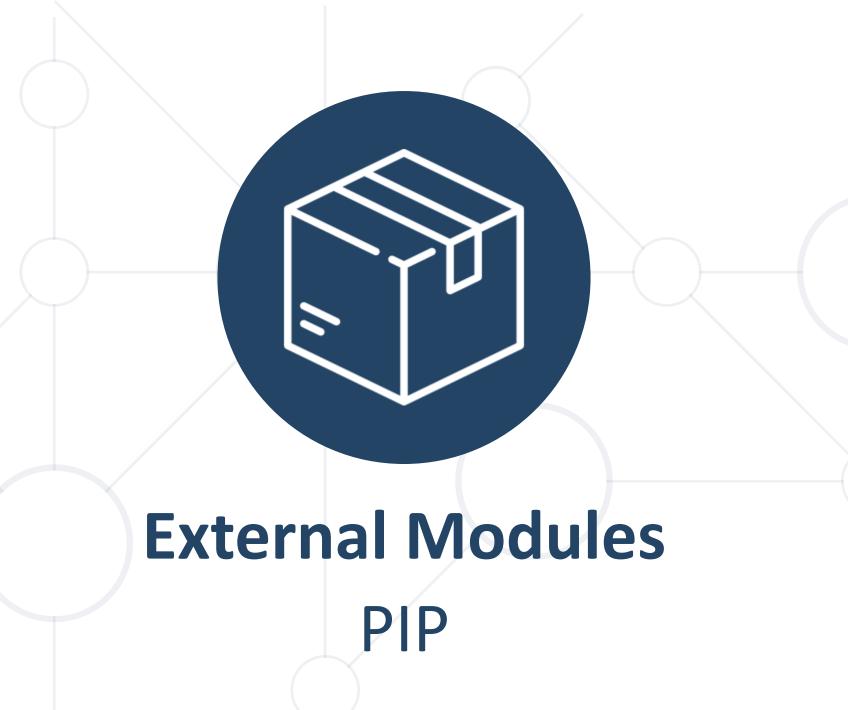
- Write a program that prints the calculated logarithm of any given number
- You will receive 2 inputs
  - The number (integer)
  - The base (if it is the word "natural" find the natural logarithm)
- Format the result up to the 2nd decimal digit and print it



#### **Solution: Calculate Logarithm**



```
from math import log
number = int(input())
base = input()
if base == "natural":
    print(f"{log(number):.2f}")
else:
    print(f"{log(number, int(base)):.2f}")
```



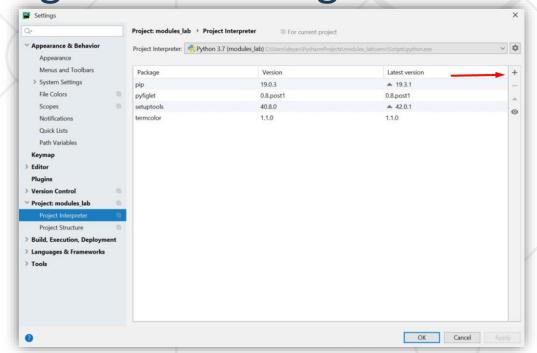
#### Package Management System (PIP)

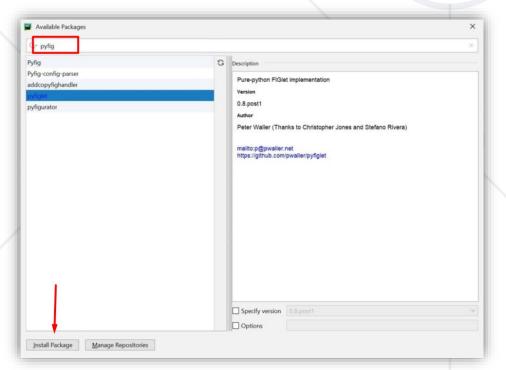


External modules are downloaded from the internet by using pip

In PyCharm you have pip already installed, so you can jump

straight to installing them





#### Requirements files



- A Requirements file is just a list of pip install arguments placed in a file
- You should not rely on the items in the file being installed by pip in any particular order

```
### example-requirements.txt ###
numpy
matplotlib
django == 3.0.1

# Refer to other requirements files #
-r other-requirements.txt
```

#### Requirements files – common uses



- There are 4 common uses of Requirements files:
  - hold the result from pip freeze
  - force pip to properly resolve dependencies
  - force pip to install an alternate version of a subdependency
  - override a dependency with a local patch that lives in version control



#### **Some External Modules**



#### Termcolor

```
from termcolor import colored
text = colored('Hello World!', 'red', attrs=['bold', 'underline'])
print(text) # Hello World!
```

#### PyFiglet

```
from pyfiglet import figlet_format
text =figlet_format("Python",font="isometric1")
print(text)
```

#### **Problem: ASCII Art**



■ Using the pyfiglet package, write a program that encrypts given words by using the characters: "-|\_/\()" to structure

the word

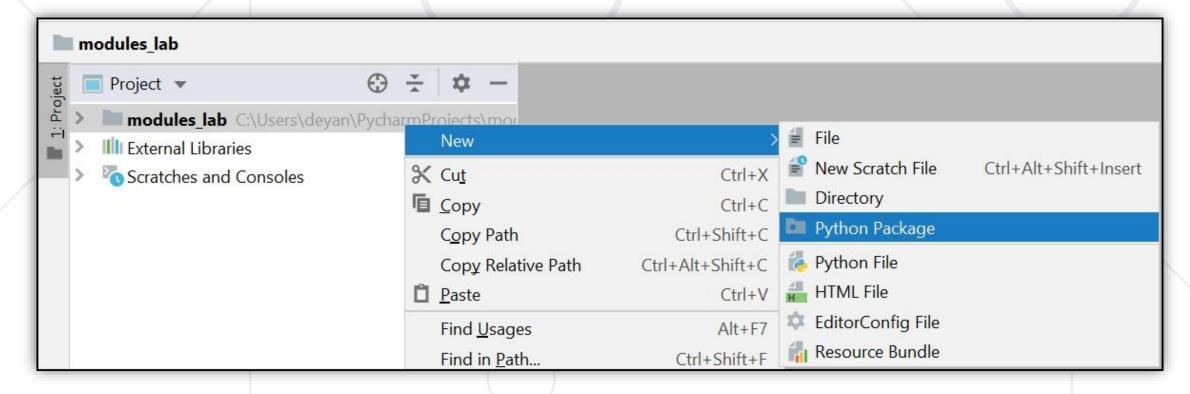
```
from pyfiglet import figlet_format
def print_art(msg):
    ascii_art = figlet_format(msg)
    print(ascii art)
msg = input("What would you like to print? ")
print art(msg)
```



#### Creating a module (Through PyCharm)



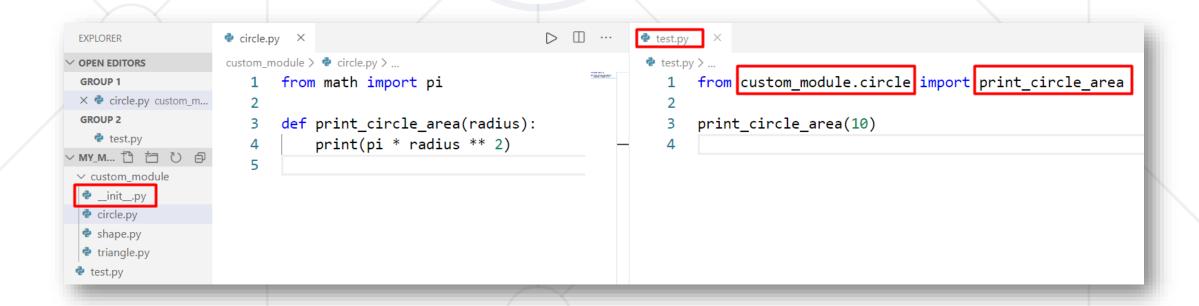
- Any .py file can be imported and used as a module
- In PyCharm there is a separate option to create a package(module)



#### The \_\_init\_\_ file in a module



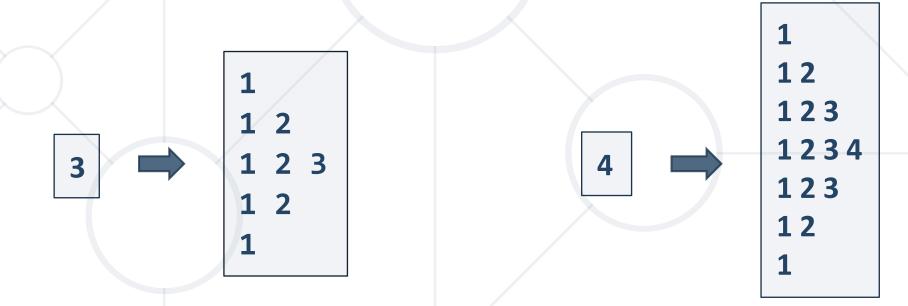
- You can make any folder a module by just adding an init file in the folder
- The file can be empty



#### **Problem: Triangle**



- Create a module for printing a triangle
- You will receive an integer number which is the size of the triangle



#### **Solution: Triangle**



```
def print_triangle(size):
    for row in range(1, size + 2):
        print(*[col for col in range(1, row)])
    for row in range(size, 0, -1):
        print(*[col for col in range(1, row)])
```

```
from triangle import *

size = int(input())
print_triangle(size)
```



# **Practice**

Live Exercise in Class (Lab)

#### Summary



- A module is a file consisting of Python code
- There are a couple of ways to import a module:

```
import <module_name>
from <module_name> import <module_attribute>
import <module_name> as <custom_name>
```

Modules make our code short, simple and reusable





# Questions?

















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