

## Keywords, Problems, and Group Project

### Part I. Keywords

Regression, Ordinary Least Squares (OLS), multi-factor model,  $t$ -value and  $R^2$ , collinearity, BLUE

CAPM, sources of market inefficiency, profitability, earnings quality, value, momentum, management quality, market sentiment, alpha model

CUSIP, GICS, investment strategies, market neutral, active weight

R treatment functions, run OLS in R and obtain results

### Part II. Problems

**Problem 4.1** Collect the data for the two companies you picked for the problems in Chaps. 2 and 3, and build signals.

- (1) Collect data from quarterly financial statements filed with the SEC: balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement.
- (2) Collect pricing data and calculate forward returns of 1, 3, 6, 9, 12 months.
- (3) Construct quarterly ratios: price momentum, value, profitability, earnings quality, and management quality; merge with the return data by date and cusip.
- (4) Apply proper treatments to raw signals.
- (5) Conduct univariate analysis of the raw and treated values.
- (6) Conduct bivariate correlation (both Pearson and rank) between signals (treated values), and between signals and forward returns.
  - (i) Any correlations higher than 30 or 40%?
  - (ii) Any return values outside the range of  $(-50\%, +50\%)$ ?
- (7) Conduct OLS regression using returns as the response variable and signals as factors for each theme.
  - (i) Check coefficients,  $t$ -value, and  $R^2$ .
  - (ii) Do the OLS regression results agree with bivariate results? Do the high-correlation signals cause collinearity issue?

**Problem 4.2** Build themes with the treated signal data.

- (1) Combine signals into themes with weights based on the univariate, bivariate and multi-factor analysis.
- (2) Conduct univariate analysis for each theme, bivariate analysis between themes, and multi-factor analysis with all the themes.
- (3) Use residual values in case of high correlation between themes.
- (4) Change the weights by 5–10% and redo (2), investigate whether the results change significantly.