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//2020118008 박보경
//본인은 이 소스파일을 다른 사람의 소스를 복사하지 않고 직접 작성하였습니다.

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define MALLOC(p, s) \
    if( !( (p) = (polyPointer)malloc( s ) ) ){      \
        fprintf(stderr, "Insufficient memory");\ \
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);\ \
    }

#define COMPARE(x, y) (((x)<(y)) ? -1 : ((x)==(y)) ? 0 : 1)

// 노드 생성
typedef struct polyNode* polyPointer;
typedef struct polyNode {
    int coef;
    int expon;
    polyPointer link;
}polyNode;
polyPointer a = NULL, b = NULL, c = NULL;

void findLast(polyPointer first, polyPointer* last);
void insert(polyPointer* first, polyPointer x, int coef, int expon);
void printList(polyPointer first);
polyPointer padd(polyPointer a, polyPointer b);
void attach(int coefficient, int exponent, polyPointer* ptr);
void erase(polyPointer* first);
void inputPoly(char* filename, polyPointer* p);

int main(void)
{
    inputPoly("a.txt", &a);
    inputPoly("b.txt", &b);

    //다항식 a를 출력
    printf("a :");
    printList(a);

    printf("b :");
    printList(b);
}

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c = padd(a, b);
printf("a+b=c: ");
printList(c);

erase(&a);
erase(&b);
erase(&c);

return 0;
}

void insert(polyPointer* first, polyPointer x, int coef, int expon)
{
    //새로운 노드를 하나 생성
    polyPointer temp;
    MALLOC(temp, sizeof(*temp));
    temp->coef = coef;
    temp->expon = expon;

    //앞에 생성된 노드들이 존재한다면 (first가 비어있지 않으면)
    if (*first)
    {
        if (!x)
        {
            temp->link = *first;
            *first = temp;
        }
        else
        {
            temp->link = x->link;
            x->link = temp;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        temp->link = NULL;
        *first = temp;
    }
}

void inputPoly(char* filename, polyPointer* p)
{
    int coef, expon;

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polyPointer x = NULL;
polyPointer last = NULL;
char order;

//파일을 읽음
FILE* fp;
fopen_s(&fp, filename, "r");
if (fp == NULL)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot open the file");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

//첫줄을 받아옴
fscanf_s(fp, "%c", &order, sizeof(order));

if (order == 'd')
{
    fscanf_s(fp, "%d%d", &coef, &expon);
    while (!feof(fp))
    {
        findLast(*p, &last);
        x = last;
        insert(p, x, coef, expon);
        fscanf_s(fp, "%d%d", &coef, &expon);
    }
}
else
{
    fscanf_s(fp, "%d%d", &coef, &expon);
    while (!feof(fp))
    {
        insert(p, NULL, coef, expon);
        fscanf_s(fp, "%d%d", &coef, &expon);
    }
}

fclose(fp);
}

//first가 가리키는 체인의 마지막 노드를 찾는다
void findLast(polyPointer first, polyPointer* last)
{

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    for (; first; first = first->link)
        *last = first;
}

void printList(polyPointer first)
{
    for (; first; first = first->link)
        printf("%+4dx^%d ", first->coef, first->expon);
    printf("\n");
}

polyPointer padd(polyPointer a, polyPointer b)
{
    polyPointer c, rear, temp;
    int sum;
    MALLOC(rear, sizeof(*rear));
    c = rear;

    //a와 b 모두 존재한다면
    while (a && b)
    {
        switch (COMPARE(a->expon, b->expon))
        {
            case -1:
                attach(b->coef, b->expon, &rear);
                b = b->link;
                break;
            case 0:
                sum = a->coef + b->coef;
                if (sum) attach(sum, a->expon, &rear);
                a = a->link;      b = b->link;
                break;
            case 1:
                attach(a->coef, a->expon, &rear);
                a = a->link;
                break;
        }
    }

    for (; a; a = a->link) attach(a->coef, a->expon, &rear);
    for (; b; b = b->link) attach(b->coef, b->expon, &rear);
    rear->link = NULL;
}

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temp = c; c = c->link; free(temp);
return c;
}

void attach(int coefficient, int exponent, polyPointer* ptr)
{
    polyPointer temp;
    MALLOC(temp, sizeof(*temp));
    temp->coef = coefficient;
    temp->expon = exponent;
    (*ptr)->link = temp;
    *ptr = temp;
}

void erase(polyPointer* ptr)
{
    polyPointer temp;
    while (*ptr)
    {
        temp = *ptr;
        *ptr = (*ptr)->link;
        free(temp);
    }
}
```