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//01
//2020118008 박보경
//본인은 이 소스파일을 다른 사람의 소스를 복사하지 않고 직접 작성하였습니다.

#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define COMPARE(x,y) (((x)<(y))? -1 : ((x))==(y)? 0 : 1 )

#define MAX_TERMS 100

typedef struct
{
    float coef;
    int exp;
}term;
term terms[MAX_TERMS];
int avail = 0;

void inputPoly(char* fname, int* startA, int* finishA, int* startB, int* finishB); //파일로부터 데이터를 입력받아 2개의 다항식을 구성
void printPoly(int start, int finish); //하나의 다항식을 전달받아 화면으로 출력
void padd(int startA, int finishA, int startB, int finishB, int* startD, int* finishD); //2.6 두 함수의 poly를 더하는 함수
void attach(float coefficient, int exponent); //다항식에 새 항 추가하는 함수

int main()
{
    char* filename = "input.txt";
    int startA, startB, finishA, finishB, startD, finishD;
    inputPoly(filename, &startA, &finishA, &startB, &finishB);
    printf("two input polynomials ... \n");
    printf("A(x) = ");

    printf("\n");

    printPoly(startA, finishA);
    printf("B(x) = ");
    printPoly(startB, finishB);

    printf("\n\n");
}

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printf("the result of polynomial addition ...\\n");
printf("D(x) = A(x) + B(x) = \\n");
padd(startA, finishA, startB, finishB, &startD, &finishD);
printPoly(startD, finishD);
return 0;
}

void inputPoly(char* fname, int* startA, int* finishA, int* startB, int* finishB) //파일로부터 데이터를 입력받아 2개의 다항식을 구성
{
    int Asize, Bsize, expp;
    float coeff;
    FILE* fp = fopen(fname, "r");
    fscanf_s(fp, "%d %d", &Asize, &Bsize);
    *startA = 0;
    *finishA = Asize - 1;
    *startB = Asize;
    *finishB = (Asize + Bsize)-1;
    avail = (Asize + Bsize);

    for (int i = 0; i < avail; i++)
    {
        fscanf_s(fp, "%f %d ", &coeff, &expp);
        terms[i].coef = coeff;
        terms[i].exp = expp;
    }
}

void printPoly(int start, int finish)
{
    for (int i = start; i <= finish; i++)
    {
        if (i == finish)
        {
            if (terms[i].exp == 0)
            {
                printf("%.1f", terms[i].coef);
            }
            else
            {
                printf("%.1fx^%d ", terms[i].coef, terms[i].exp);
            }
        }
    }
}

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        }
    else
    {
        printf("%.1fx^%d ", terms[i].coef, terms[i].exp);
        printf("+ ");
    }
}

void padd(int startA, int finishA, int startB, int finishB, int* startD, int* finishD) //2.6 두
함수의 poly를 더하는 함수
{ /* A(x) + B(x) = D(x) */

    float coefficient;
    *startD = avail;

    while (startA <= finishA && startB <= finishB)
    {
        switch (COMPARE(terms[startA].exp, terms[startB].exp))
        {
            case -1: /* a expon < b expon */
                attach(terms[startB].coef, terms[startB].exp);
                startB++;
                break;
            case 0: /* equal exponents */
                coefficient = terms[startA].coef + terms[startB].coef;
                if (coefficient)
                    attach(coefficient, terms[startA].exp);
                startA++;
                startB++;
                break;
            case 1: /* a expon > b expon */
                attach(terms[startA].coef, terms[startA].exp);
                startA++;
        }
    }

    /* add in remaining terms of A(x) */
    for (; startA <= finishA; startA++)
        attach(terms[startA].coef, terms[startA].exp);

    /* add in remaining terms of B(x) */
    for (; startB <= finishB; finishB++)
        attach(terms[startB].coef, terms[startB].exp);
}

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        *finishD = avail - 1;
    }

void attach(float coefficient, int exponent) //다항식에 새 항 추가하는 함수
{
    if (avail >= MAX_TERMS)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "Too many terms in the polynomial\n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    terms[avail].coef = coefficient;
    terms[avail++].exp = exponent;
}

//02
//2020118008 박보경
//본인은 이 소스파일을 다른 사람의 소스를 복사하지 않고 직접 작성하였습니다.

#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

#define MAX_TERMS 100

typedef struct
{
    int row;
    int col;
    int value;
}term;

int avail = 9;

void inputmatrix(term *A,char* fname);
void transpose(term a[], term b[]);
void printmatrix(term c[]);

int main()
{
    term A[MAX_TERMS];
    term B[MAX_TERMS];
}

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char* filename1 = "a.txt";
char* filename2 = "b.txt";

int ary[7][6] = { 0 };
int bry[7][6] = { 0 };

inputmatrix(A,filename1);

int i, j;
for (i = 1; i <= A->value; i++)
{
    ary[A[i].row][A[i].col] = A[i].value;
}

transpose(A,B);

for (i = 1; i <= B->value; i++)
{
    bry[B[i].row][B[i].col] = B[i].value;
}

printf("A \n");
for (i = 0; i < 7; i++)
{
    for (j = 0; j < 6; j++)
    {
        printf("%d ", ary[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

printf("\n");

printf("B \n");
for (i = 0; i < 7; i++)
{
    for (j = 0; j < 6; j++)
    {
        printf("%d ", bry[i][j]);
    }
}

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        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    return 0;
}

void inputmatrix(term *A,char* fname) //파일로부터 회소행렬을 입력받음
{
    FILE* fp = fopen(fname, "r");

    int row2, col2, value2;

    for (int i = 0; i < avail; i++)
    {
        fscanf_s(fp, "%d %d %d ", &row2, &col2, &value2);
        A[i].row = row2;
        A[i].col = col2;
        A[i].value = value2;
    }
}

void transpose(term a[], term b[])
{
    int n, i, j, currentb;
    n = a[0].value;
    b[0].row = a[0].col;
    b[0].col = a[0].row;
    b[0].value = n;

    if (n > 0)
    {
        currentb = 1;
        for(i=0 ; i < a[0].col ; i++)
            for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
                if (a[j].col == i)
                {
                    b[currentb].row = a[j].col;
                    b[currentb].col = a[j].row;
                    b[currentb].value = a[j].value;
                }
        currentb++;
    }
}

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                currentb++;
            }
        }
    }

void printmatrix(term c[])
{
    for (int i = 0; i < avail; i++)
    {
        printf("%3d %3d %3d \n",c[i].row, c[i].col, c[i].value);
    }
}

//02 함수로 printmatrix한 소스코드
//2020118008 박보경
//본인은 이 소스파일을 다른 사람의 소스를 복사하지 않고 직접 작성하였습니다.

#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

#define MAX_TERMS 100

typedef struct
{
    int row;
    int col;
    int value;
}term;

int avail = 9;

void inputmatrix(term* A, char* fname);
void transpose(term a[], term b[]);
void printmatrix(term* C, int (*ary)[6]);
void inputFile(term* D, char* fname);

int main()
{
    term A[MAX_TERMS];
    term B[MAX_TERMS];
    char* filename1 = "a.txt";

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char* filename2 = "b.txt";

int ary[7][6] = { 0 };
int bry[7][6] = { 0 };

inputmatrix(A, filename1);

transpose(A, B);

printf("A \n");
printmatrix(A, ary);

printf("\n");

printf("B \n");
printmatrix(B, bry);

char* filenameB = "b.txt";
inputFile(B, filenameB);

return 0;
}

void inputmatrix(term* A, char* fname) //파일로부터 희소행렬을 입력받음
{
    FILE* fp = fopen(fname, "r");

    int row2, col2, value2;

    for (int i = 0; i < avail; i++)
    {
        fscanf_s(fp, "%d %d %d ", &row2, &col2, &value2);
        A[i].row = row2;
        A[i].col = col2;
        A[i].value = value2;
    }
}

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```

void transpose(term a[], term b[])
{
    int n, i, j, currentb;
    n = a[0].value;
    b[0].row = a[0].col;
    b[0].col = a[0].row;
    b[0].value = n;

    if (n > 0)
    {
        currentb = 1;
        for (i = 0; i < a[0].col; i++)
            for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
                if (a[j].col == i)
                {
                    b[currentb].row = a[j].col;
                    b[currentb].col = a[j].row;
                    b[currentb].value = a[j].value;
                    currentb++;
                }
    }
}

void printmatrix(term *C, int (*ary)[6])
{
    for (int i = 1; i <= C->value; i++)
    {
        ary[C[i].row][C[i].col] = C[i].value;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < 6; j++)
        {
            printf("%d ", ary[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

void inputFile(term* D, char* fname)
{

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FILE* fp = fopen(fname, "w");

for (int i = 0; i < avail; i++)
{
    fprintf(fp, "%d %d %d\n", D[i].row, D[i].col, D[i].value);

}

}
```