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**AUSTRIAN
DEVELOPMENT
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The foundation of bias correction

Observational Datasets

National Workshops

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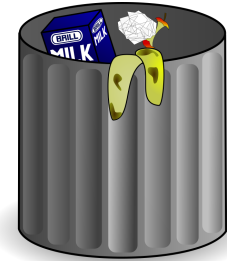


Introduction

Why are good observations important?



Garbage in → garbage out



- Bias correction algorithms are based on observations
- Model data is modified so that its statistical properties become the same as observations
- Bias correction of climate models with bad observations will not improve the data – results can be even worse
- Bias correction only makes sense when observations are better than the model

Observational Datasets

Overview of **best freely available gridded observational datasets** used within the Climaproof project:

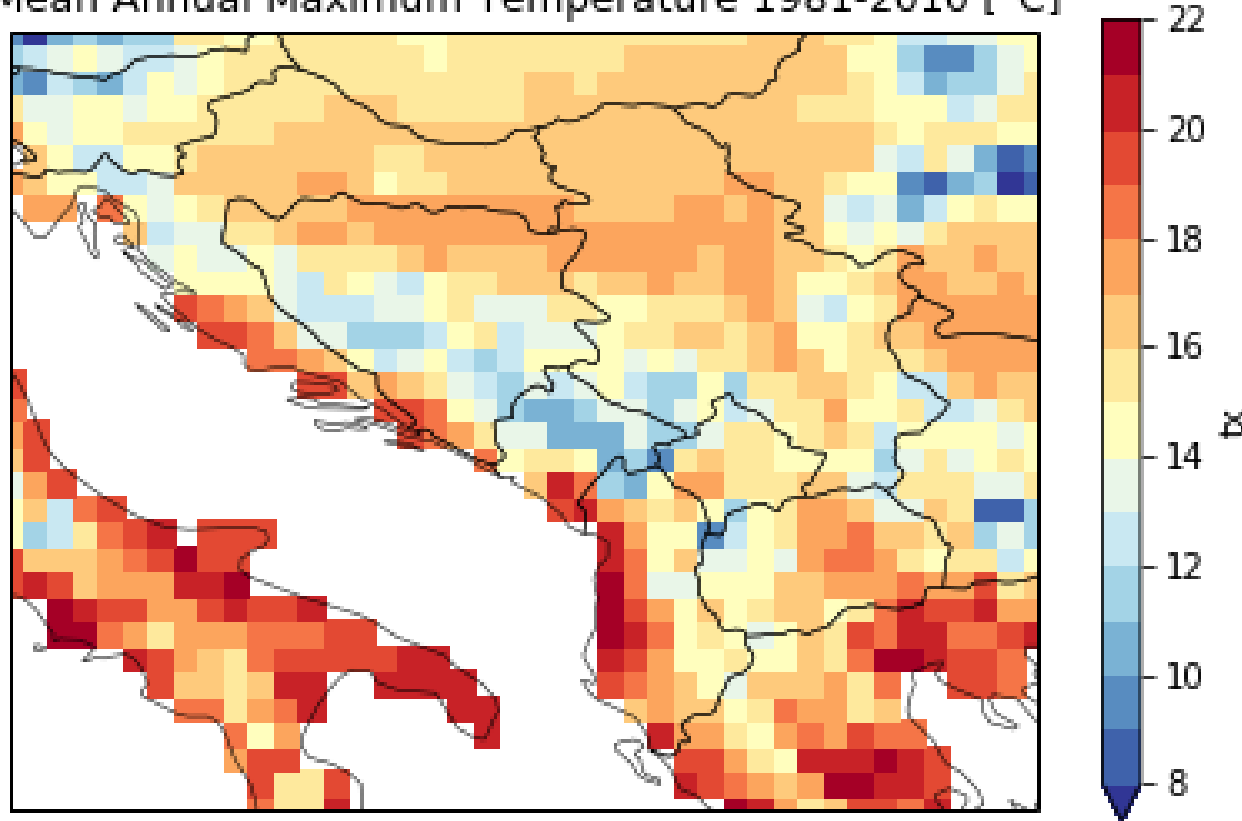
- E-OBS
 - Temperature (max, min), Precipitation
- CHIRPS
 - Precipitation
- SARA-2
 - Global Radiation
- Carpatclim / Danubeclim
 - Temperature, Precipitation, Radiation, Wind, Humidity,...
- ERA5 Reanalysis
 - Wind, Humidity, Temperature, Precipitation, Radiation,...

E-OBS (Heylock et al., 2018)

- Based on the European Climate Assessment and Data (ECA&D) and data provided by National Meteorological and Hydrological Services
- Freely available gridded dataset for
 - Temperature: minimum, maximum, mean
 - Precipitation amount
 - Sea level pressure
- Daily data for the period 1950 – 2017
- Resolution: $0.25^{\circ} \times 0.25^{\circ}$
- Expansion:
 - Lat. 25°N - 75°N
 - Lon. 40°W - 75°E
- Updated regularly
 - Version 17 used within Project – download via <https://www.ecad.eu/download/ensembles/download.php>
- Quality is limited by the number of station data provided by each country

E-OBS (Heylock et al., 2018)

E-OBS Original Dataset (0.25° resolution)
Mean Annual Maximum Temperature 1981-2010 [°C]



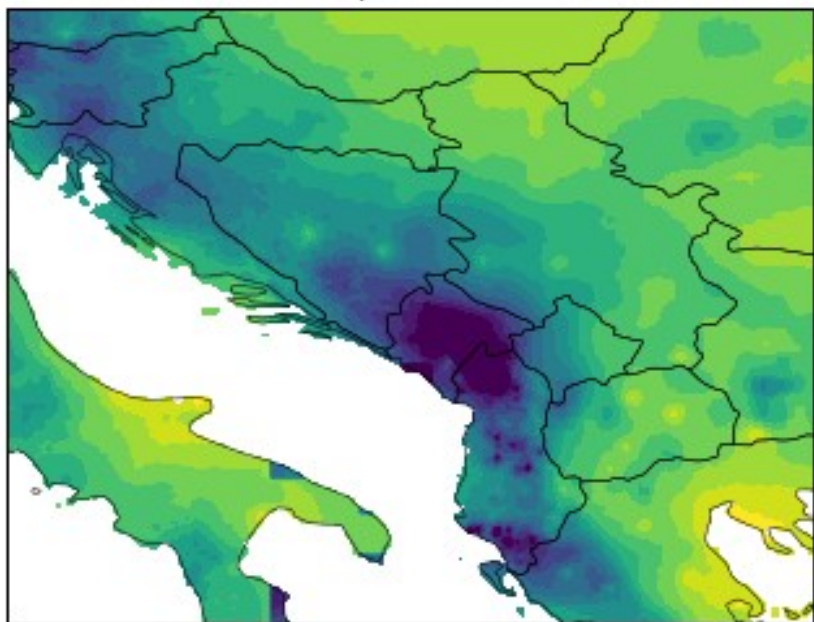
CHIRPS (Funk et al., 2015)

CHIRPS = Climate Hazards Group InfraRed Precipitation with Station data

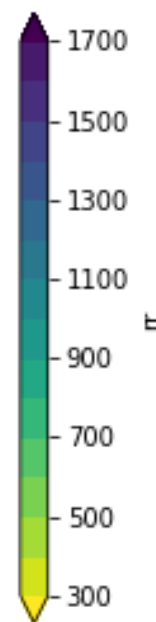
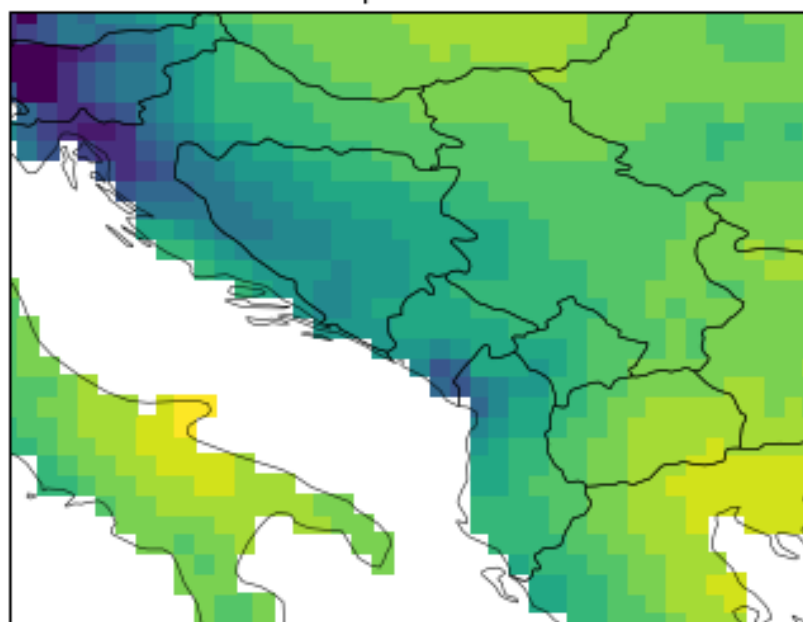
- Incorporates 0.05° resolution satellite imagery with in-situ station data to create gridded rainfall time series
- Daily data from 1981 - near present
- Resolution: $0.05^\circ \times 0.05^\circ$
- Expansion:
 - Lat. 50°N - 50°S
 - Lon. 180°W - 180°E

Comparison E-OBS & CHIRPS

CHIRPS Original Dataset (0.05° resolution)
Mean Annual Precipitation 1981-2010 [mm]



E-OBS Original Dataset (0.25° resolution)
Mean Annual Precipitation 1981-2010 [mm]



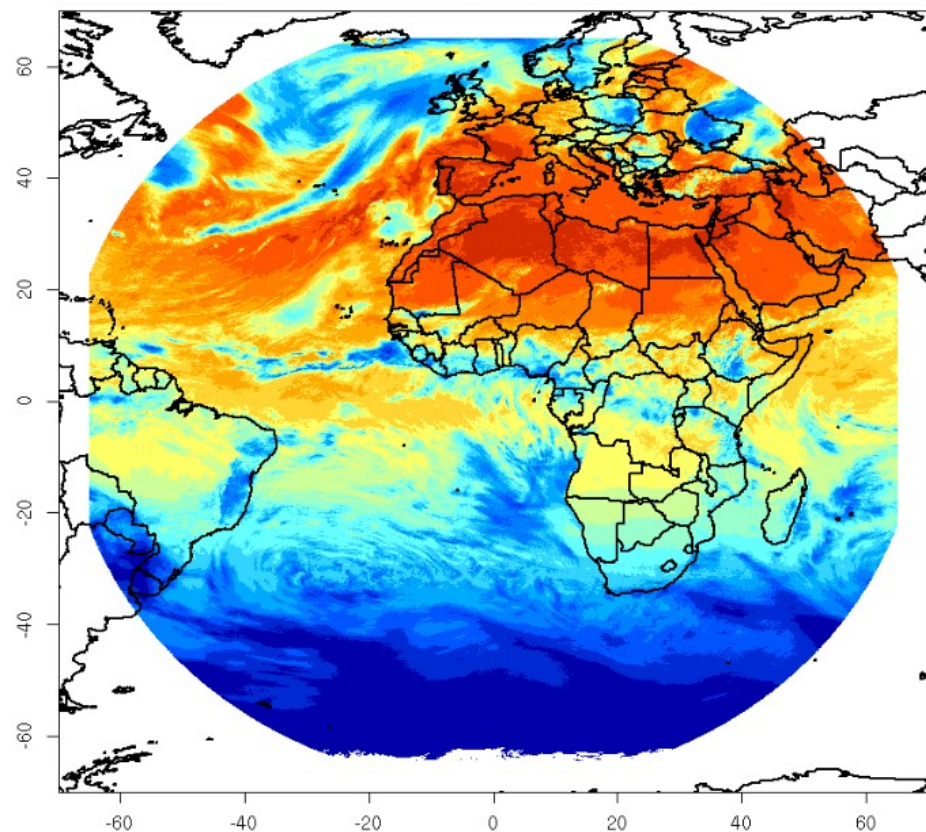
SARAH-2

SARAH-2 = Surface Solar Radiation Data Set – Heliosat – Edition 2

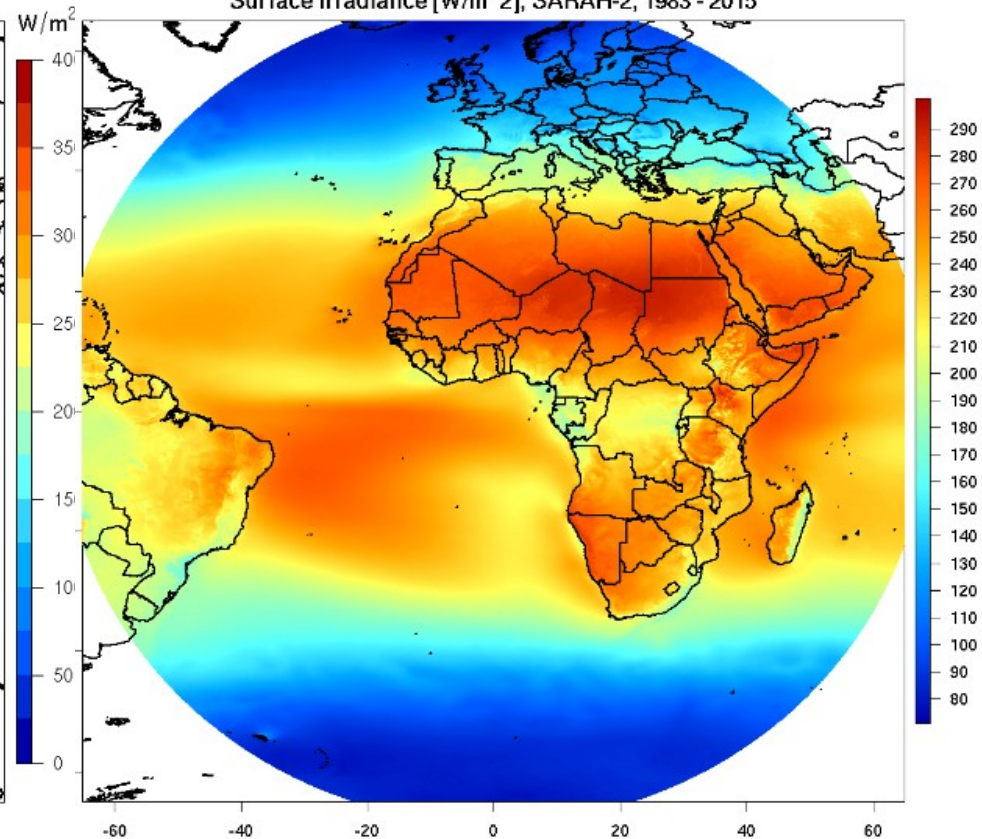
- geostationary Meteosat satellites
- Satellite-based climate data record of:
 - solar surface irradiance,
 - surface direct irradiance (direct horizontal and direct normalized),
 - sunshine duration,
 - spectral information, and
 - effective cloud albedo
- Monthly and daily means and 30-min instantaneous data
- Time period: 1983 – 2015
- Expansion: lat $\pm 65^\circ$; lon $\pm 65^\circ$
- Resolution: 0.05° grid

SARAH-2

Global Radiation, CM SAF, SARAH-2, 29 June 2015



Surface Irradiance [W/m²], SARAH-2, 1983 - 2015



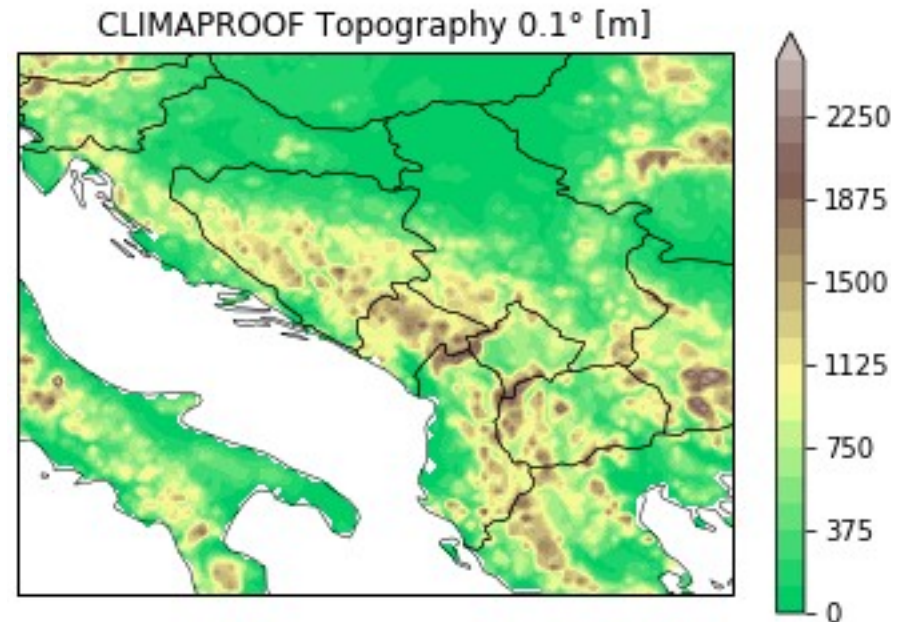
ERA5 (ECMWF, 2016)

5th generation of ECMWF atmospheric reanalysis

- Reanalysis combines model data with observations into a complete and consistent dataset using the laws of physics (data assimilation)
- ERA5 will replace the ERA-Interim reanalysis
- Covers the period from 1979 – near present
- Hourly data
- Resolution: $0.28^{\circ} \times 0.28^{\circ}$
- Expansion: global

Common Grid

- $0.1^\circ \times 0.1^\circ$ resolution
- Projection: WSG 1984
- Created from NOAA GLOBE Digital Elevation Model (30-arc-seconds resolution) by selecting every 12th grid point
 - Points from CARPATCLIM domain overwritten with height of dataset
- Same grid type used in CARPATCLIM → no interpolation of these datasets needed



Getting Final Observations

Regridding to common grid

- Method based on the Earth System Modelling Framework (ESMF) software ESMF_RegridWeightGen (implemented in NCL)
 - Can handle different kinds of grid projections
- Patch-method: ESMF version of a technique called "patch recovery" commonly used in finite element modelling
 - Better results than inverse distance interpolation

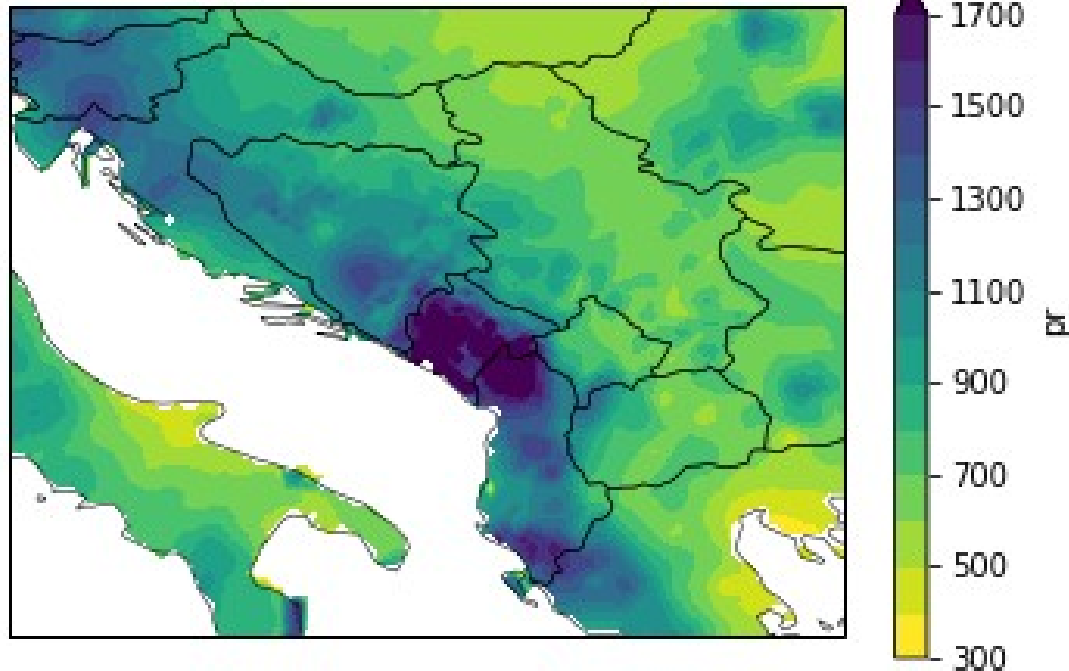
Merging datasets

- Temperature: Carpatclim & E-OBS
- Precipitation: Danubeclim & CHIRPS
- Radiation: Carpatclim & SARA
- Wind: Carpatclim & ERA-5
- Humidity: Carpatclim & ERA-5

Final Datasets: Precipitation

Merged CHIRPS and DANUBECLIM data

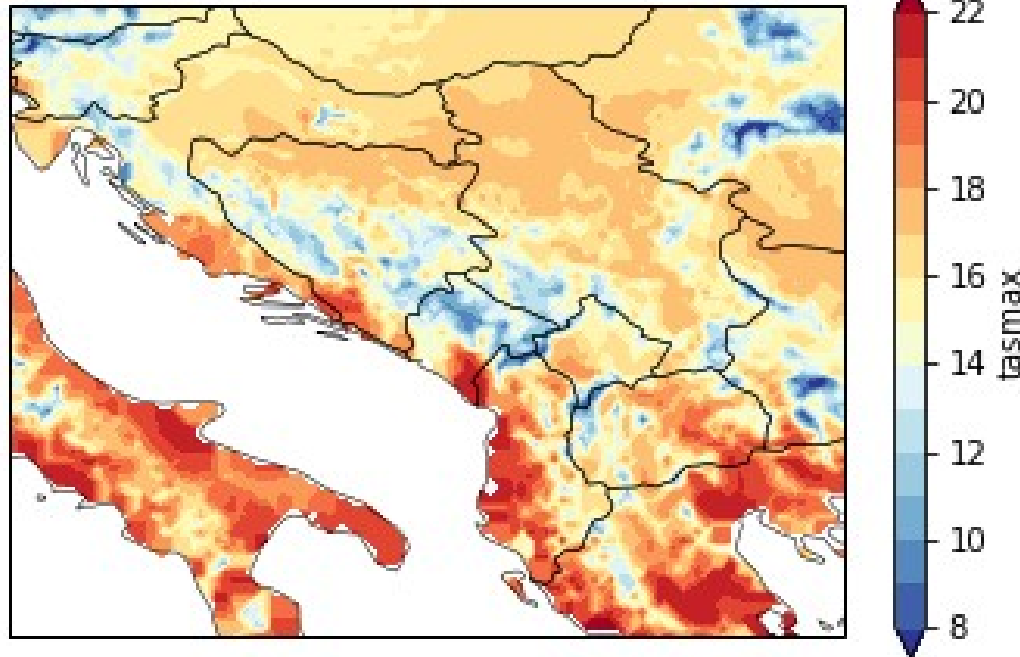
Merged Dataset Danubeclim & CHIRPS
Mean Annual Precipitation 1981-2010 [mm]



Final Datasets: Maximum Temperature

Merged E-OBS and CARPATCLIM data

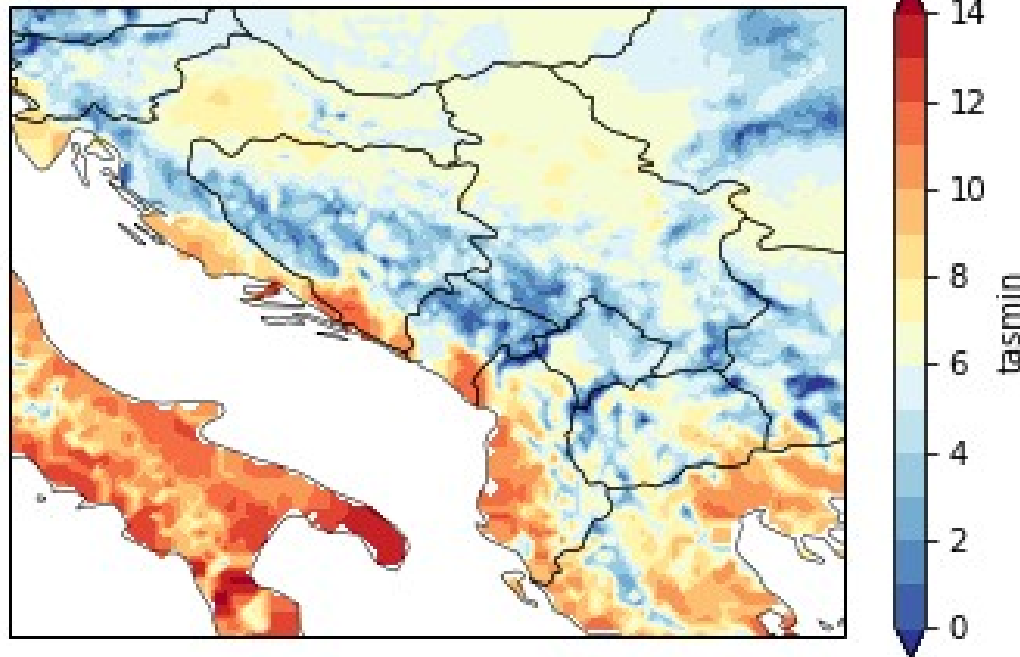
Merged Dataset Carpatclim & E-OBS
Mean Maximum Temperature 1981-2010 [°C]



Final Datasets: Minimum Temperature

Merged E-OBS and CARPATCLIM data

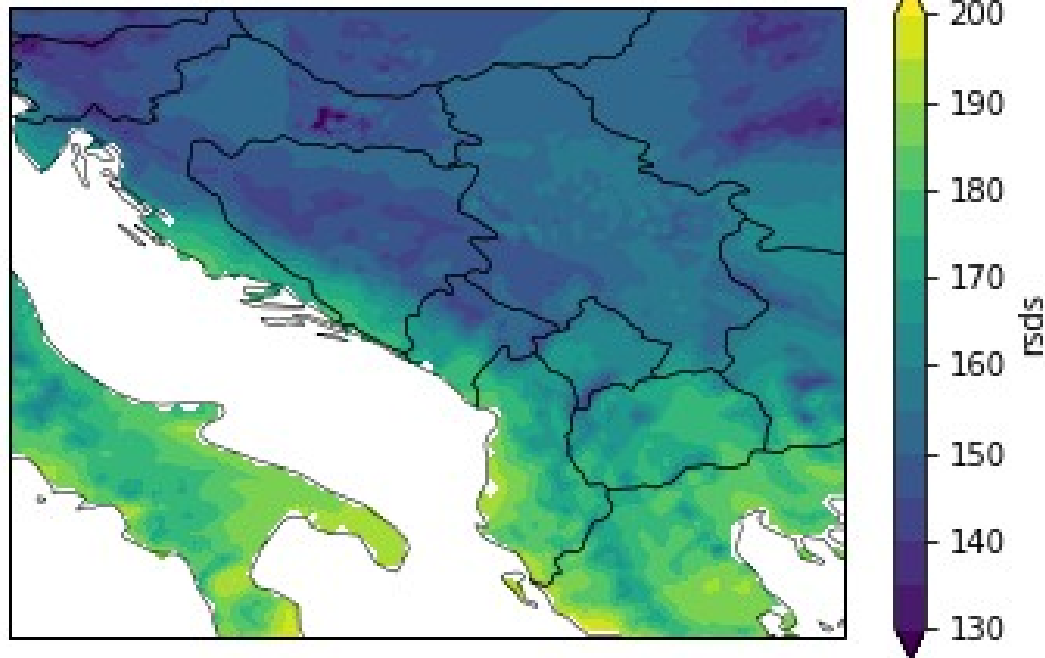
Merged Dataset Carpatclim & E-OBS
Mean Minimum Temperature 1981-2010 [°C]



Final Datasets: Global Radiation

Merged SARAH and CARPATCLIM data

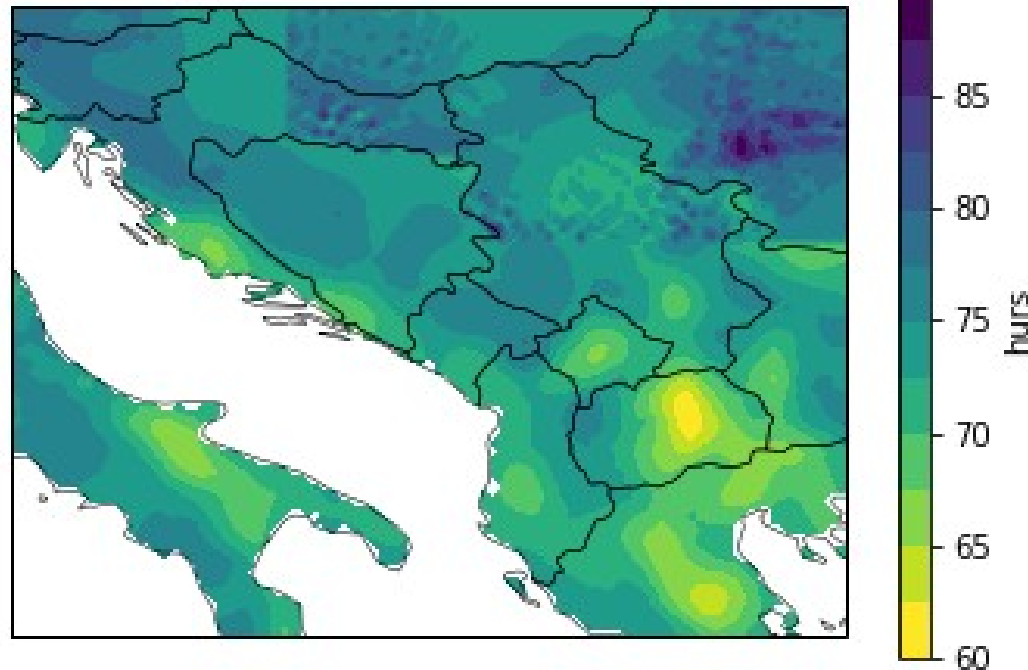
Merged Dataset CarpatClim & SARAH
Mean Global Radiation 1983-2010 [W m^{-2}]



Final Datasets: Relative Humidity

Merged ERA5 and CARPATCLIM data

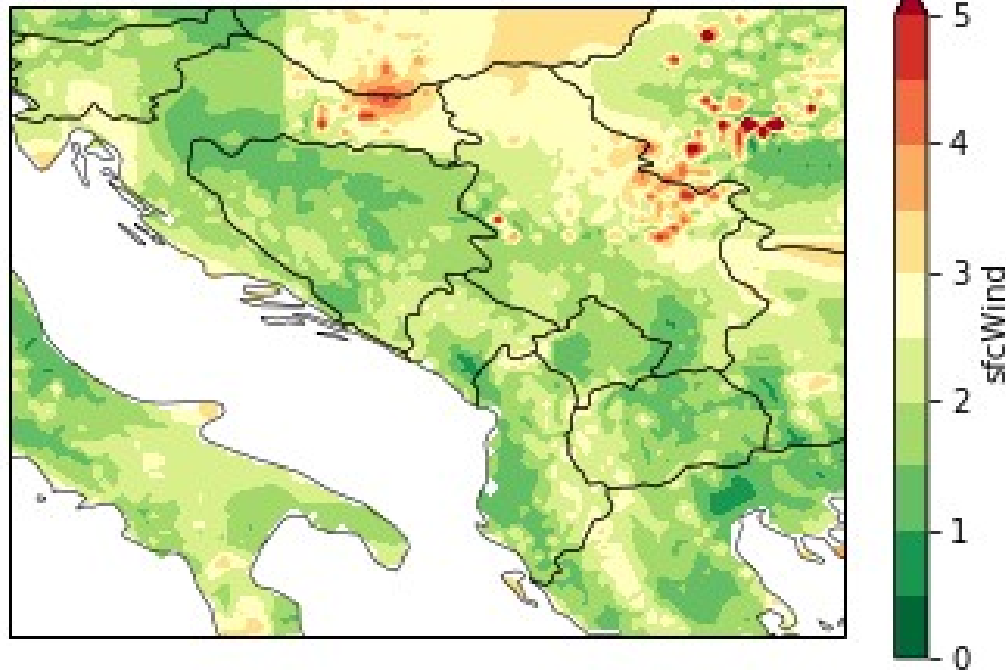
Merged Dataset CarpatClim & ERA5
Mean Relative Humidity 1981-2010 [%]



Final Datasets: Wind Speed

Merged ERA5 and CARPATCLIM data

Merged Dataset CarpatClim & ERA5
Mean 10-m Wind Speed 1981-2010 [m s⁻¹]



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