Stack_Example

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0.1 Stacking Waveforms Examples

The following notebook contains examples for using the stack.py toolbox for stacking raw and band-pass filtered seismic waveforms. Currently the script can only operate with MSEED formats, but additional support for other formats such as: SAC, SEED and SUDS will likely be added in the future. The user specifies the input path to the raw waveform. This waveform should have more than one trace, e.g. BHZ, BHE and BHN in one. A Stack object is created with this input, and the output is specified with on of the containing functions.

Each trace in the stream is stacked in a specified way. Three options are currently available: Linear Stack, Phase Stack and Phase-Weighted Stack.

The Stack object requires the MSEED path as the only necessary input. Other obtions include 'filter_waveform' which is default to False, and 'band_lims' which is defaulted to [1,10]. So if you wish to band-pass filter the waveform before stacking, set 'filter_waveform' to true and specify which frequency range you wish to filter; 'band_lims' contains [min. frequency, max. frequency] for the band-pass filter.

```
In [2]: # here is a list of all of the functions and variables that the Stack class contains help(Stack)
```

Help on class Stack in module tools.stack:

```
class Stack
```

```
The following class contains necessary functions to perform seismic
waveform stacking. The stacking improves Signal-to-Noise ratio (SNR)
and allows for better picks when doing event location.

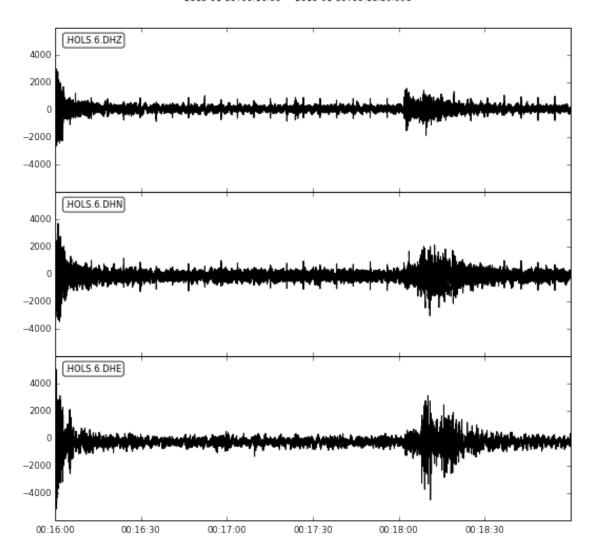
Methods defined here:
--init__(self, st_path, filter_waveform=False, band_lims=[1, 10])

datetime_list(self, st=None)
Function that outputs a list of N datettime objects between the start and end times of a given stream. N is dictated by the length of the st[0].data list.

import_stream(self, st_path=None)
Function that uses the read function from obspy.core to import t the given Stream object from miniseed.

lin_stack(self, st=None, norm=True)
```

```
The following function takes an obspy stream object and outputs
        the linear stack of all traces within the stream. This is only useful
        if all traces are various channels from the same station, OR are from
        the same cross-correlation station pairs for ambient studies.
   phase_stack(self, st=None, norm=True)
        The following function takes an obspy stream object and outputs
        the phase stack of all traces within the stream. This is only useful
        if all traces are various channels from the same station, OR are from
        the same cross-correlation station pairs for ambient studies.
   plot_lin_stack(self, LS=None, show=True, save=False)
        Function to plot the linear stack of two or more traces within
        the input Stream object for the class: Stack. Show is the default,
        if save is True, then show is automatically set to False
   plot_phase_stack(self, PS=None, show=True, save=False)
       Function to plot the phase stack of two or more traces within
        the input Stream object for the class: Stack. Show is the default,
        if save is True, then show is automatically set to False
   plot_pw_stack(self, PWS=None, show=True, save=False)
       Function to plot the phase-weighted stack of two or more traces within
        the input Stream object for the class: Stack. Show is the default,
        if save is True, then show is automatically set to False
   pw_stack(self, st=None, LS=None, PS=None, norm=True, sharp_v=2)
        The following function takes an obspy stream object and outputs
        the phase-weighted stack of all traces within the stream.
        This is only useful if all traces are various channels from the
        same station, OR are from the same cross-correlation station pairs
        for ambient studies. Default to the second power. Even powers work.
In [3]: # set the path to the desired waveform, the example HOLS.mseed is provided.
        example_path = 'tools/examples/HOLS.mseed'
        # plot the original waveform to show what form it's in.
        st = read(example_path); st.plot()
```



To create a list of the linearly stacked waveforms, run STACK.lin_stack and the list is stored in STACK.LS

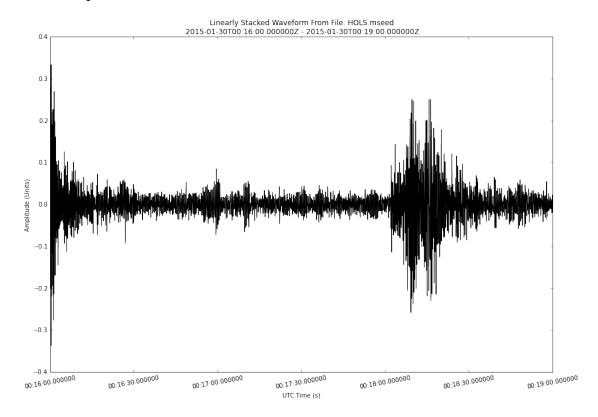
STACK.PS using the method from Schimmel and Paulssen (1997).

To create a list of the phase-weighted stacked waveforms, run STACK.pw_stack and the list is stored in STACK.PWS using the method from Schimmel and Paulssen (1997).

List of Phase-Weighted Stacked Seismic Waveforms: [-3.18359273e-06 -1.04574116e-05 -6.98780471e-04 1.17912270e-03 2.51060506e-04]

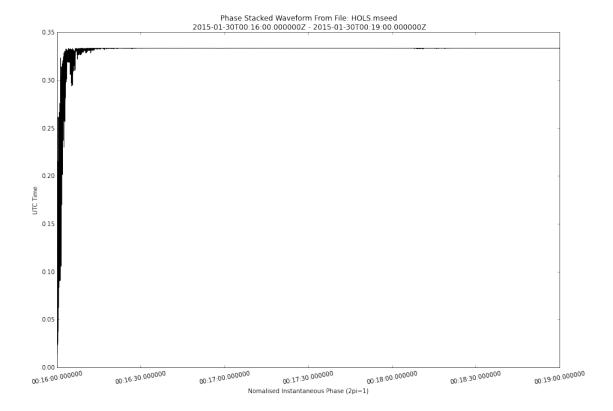
To create a plot of the linearly stacked waveforms, run STACK.plot_lin_stack. Options are to save or show the waveforms, as well as to plot from the initialised stack, or another STACK.LS that has been created previously. If save=True, the the waveform will be saved to the same location as the example, but changed the named to ?.lin_stack.jpg where ? is the basename without the extension of the original MSEED input file.

In [7]: STACK.plot_lin_stack(LS=None, show=True, save=False)



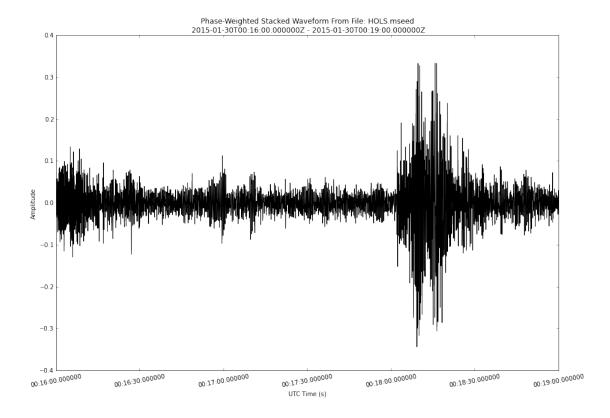
To create a plot of the phase stacked waveforms, run STACK.plot_phase_stack. Options are to save or show the waveforms, as well as to plot from the initialised stack, or another STACK.PS that has been created previously. If save=True, the the waveform will be saved to the same location as the example, but changed the named to ?.phase_stack.jpg where ? is the basename without the extension of the original MSEED input file.

In [8]: STACK.plot_phase_stack(PS=None, show=True, save=False)



To create a plot of the phase-weighted stacked waveforms, run STACK.plot_pw_stack. Options are to save or show the waveforms, as well as to plot from the initialised stack, or another STACK.PWS that has been created previously. If save=True, the the waveform will be saved to the same location as the example, but changed the named to ?.pw_stack.jpg where ? is the basename without the extension of the original MSEED input file.

In [9]: STACK.plot_pw_stack(PWS=None, show=True, save=False)



0.2 References

Schimmel, M., & Paulssen, H. (1997). Noise reduction and detection of weak, coherent signals through phase-weighted stacks. Geophysical Journal International, 130(2), 497-505. doi:10.1111/j.1365-246x.1997.tb05664.x