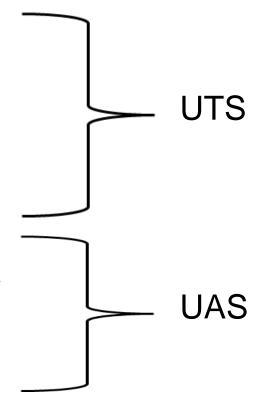


PENGANTAR SAINS DATA

# **Silabus**

- 1. Pendahuluan Sains Data
- 2. Data dan Data set
- 3. Metodologi Sains Data
- 4. Ekosistem Sains Data
- 5. Statistika di Sains Data
- 6. Machine Learning
- 7. Contoh Standard Task Sains Data
- 8. Storytelling with the data
- 9. Sains Data pada Data Tidak Terstruktur
- 10. KYC dan Mapping Task Sains Data
- 11. Privacy dan Etika di Data
- 12. Penerapan Sains Data



# Sistem Penilaian

Nilai Akhir = 10% Absensi + 25% Tugas +30% UTS + 35% UAS

# **Daftar Pustaka**

- Grus, J. (2019). Data science from scratch: first principles with python. O'Reilly Media.
- Kotu, V., & Deshpande, B. (2018). Data science: concepts and practice.
  Morgan Kaufmann.

# PENDAHULUAN SAINS DATA

Tim Dosen Pengantar Sains Data

# **Outline**

- Definisi
- Sejarah dan Evolusi
- Penerapan
- Skill-Set
- Karir
- Mitos-mitos

# "The world's most valuable resource is no longer oil, but data."

# "Data is the new science. Big Data holds the answers."

**Definisi Sains Data** 

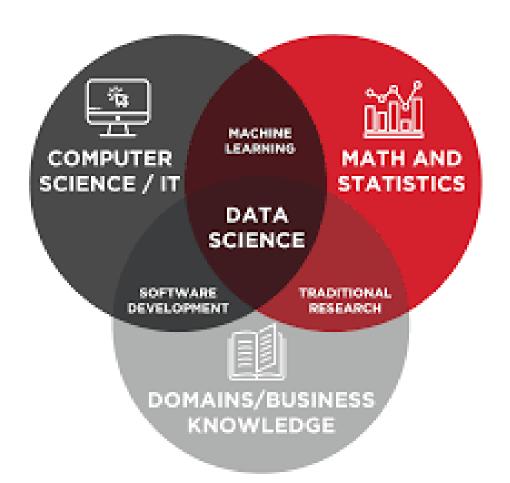
# **Definisi**

Data science adalah kombinasi matematika, statistik, programming, analitik lanjutan, kecerdasan buatan dan pembelajaran mesin dalam bidang keahlian tertentu untuk menemukan *actionable insights* yang tersembunyi dalam kumpulan data suatu organisasi. Insights tersebut dapat digunakan untuk panduan pembuatan keputusan dan perencanaan strategis..

### https://www.ibm.com/cloud/learn/data-science-introduction#:

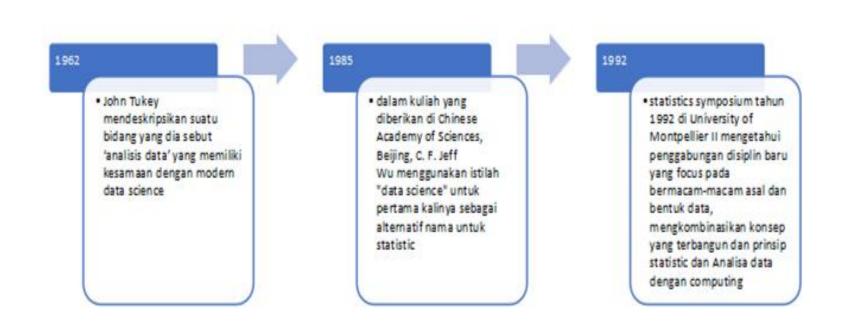
Data Science merupakan keterampilan yang membutuhkan ilmu komputer, pemrograman, teknologi, dan statistik Keterampilan ini mencakup teknologi dan teknik seperti memanfaatkan komputasi Cloud, analisis Big Data, pemrosesan Natural Language, pembelajaran tanpa pengawasan (Unsupervised Learning) seperti analisis Cluster, Web Scraping, teknik Fuzzy, Machine Learning, dan lain sebagainya

https://www.urban.org/research-methods/data-science

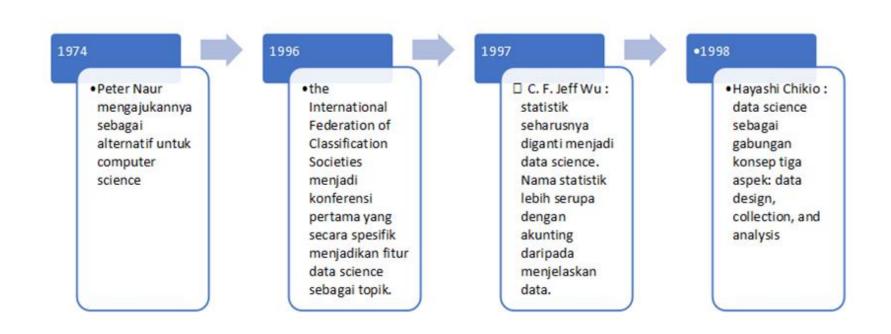


Sejarah & Evolusi Sains Data

# Penggunaan Awal Istilah Data Science



# Penggunaan istilah Data Science Modern



### A Brief History of Data Science **Data Scientists** expanded by 15,000% in between 2011 - 2012 2011 Hadoop 0.1.0. an open-source and non-relational Title "Data database was released 2008 Scientist" turned into a trendy expression and in the long run a piece of the language: 2006 Jacob Zahavi brought up the requirement for new devices to deal with the enormous measures of data accessible to organizations. 2001 Council for Committee on Data for Science 1999 Gregory Piatetsky and Technology started distributing the Data Science Shapiro Journal arranged a Knowledge Discovery in Databases workshop. 1994 Business Week mn the main story. **Database Marketing** 1989 Peter Naur wrote the Concise Survey of Computer Methods, utilizing the expression "Data Science." 1977 over and over John Wilder Tukey composed a second paper titled "Exploratory Data Analysis" 1974 1962 John Wilder DatabaseTown.com Tukey expounded on a move in the world of statistics in 1962.

Penerapan Sains Data



### GOVERNMENT

Some of applications in energy exploration, financial market analysis, etc.



## **BANKING**

Card fraud detection, enterprise credit risk reporting, etc.



### HEALTHCARE

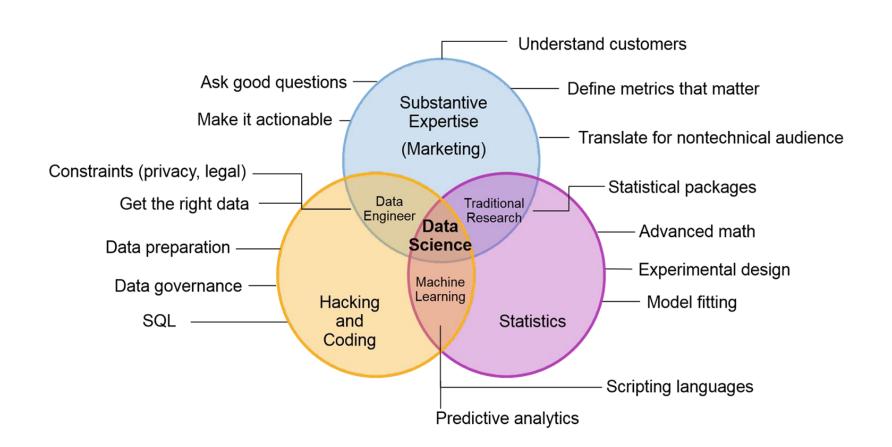
Allows faster identification and efficient analysis of healthcare information.



### RETAIL

Predicting spending, personalizing customer experience, etc.

**Skill Sains Data** 



**Data Science Learning Path** 

# **Data Scientist**

### Mathematics

- Linear Algebra
- **Analytics Geometry**
- Matrix
- **Vector Calculus**
- Optimization
- - **Dimensionality Reduction**
  - **Density Estimation**
  - Classification

Regression

### Probability

- Discrete Distribution
- Normal Distribution

- Introduction to Probability
- 1D Random Variable
- Joint Probability Distribution

### Statistics

- Hypotheses Testing

- Simple Linear Regression

### **Programming**

### Python

### DataBase

### **Machine Learning**

### Intermediate

### **Deep Learning**

### **Feature Engineering**

### **Natural language Processing**

- Word Vectors

### **Data Visualization Tools**

Excel VBA

- Bi (Business Intelligence)
  - Power BI

### Deployment

- Microsoft Azure
- Flask
- Heroku Google Cloud Platform
- Django

### Other Points

- Domain Knowledge
- Communication Skill
- Reinforcement Learning
- Case Studies

### **Keep Practicing**

# **Mathematics**



- Linear Algebra
- Analytics Geometry
- Matrix
- Vector Calculus
- Optimization
- Regression
- Dimensionality Reduction
- Density Estimation
- Classification

# Probability

- Discrete Distribution (Binomial, Bernouli, Geometric, dll)
- Continuous Distribution (Uniform, Exponential, Gamma)
- Normal Distribution
- Introduction to Probability
- 1D Random Variable
- Function of One Random Variable
- Joint Probability Distribution



# **Statistics**



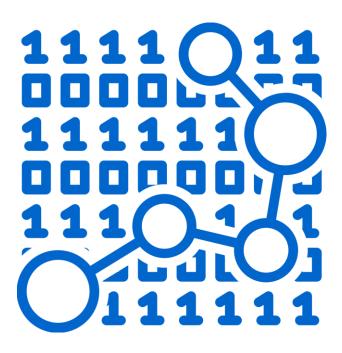
- Introduction to Statistics
- Data Description
- Random Samples
- Sampling Distribution
- Parameter Estimation
- Hypothesis Testing
- Correlation
- Multiple Regression
- Basic of Graphs
- Computer Simulation

# Programming

- Python (Basics, NumPy, Pandas, Jupyter Notebook, etc)
- R (Basics, dplyr, ggplot2, Tidyr, Shiny, etc)
- Database (MongoDB, SQL)
- Data Structures
- Web Scraping
- Git
- etc



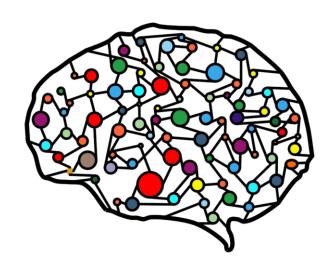
# Machine Learning



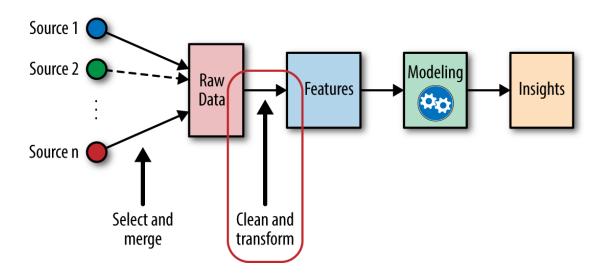
- How Model Works
- Basic Data Exploration
- ML Model
- Model Validation
- Underfitting/Overfitting
- Random Forests
- Pipelines
- Cross-Validation
- Data Leakage
- etc

# Deep Learning

- Artificial Neural Network
- Convolutional Neural Network
- Recurrent Neural Network
- Keras
- PyTorch
- TensorFlow
- A Single Neuron
- Deep Neural Network
- Binary Classification
- etc



# Feature Engineering



- Baseline Model
- Categorical Encodings
- Feature Generation
- Feature Selection

# **Natural Language Processing**



- Text Classification
- Word Vectors

# **Data Visualization Tools**



- Tableau
- Power BI
- Google Data Studio
- Data Wrapper
- Visme
- etc

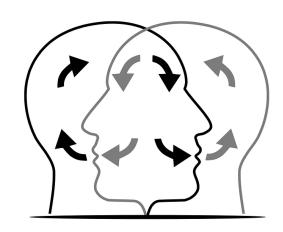
# Deployment



- Microsoft Azure
- Google Cloud Platform
- Django
- Heroku

# Other Points (Soft Skills)





- Domain Knowledge
- Communication Skill

Karir di Sains Data













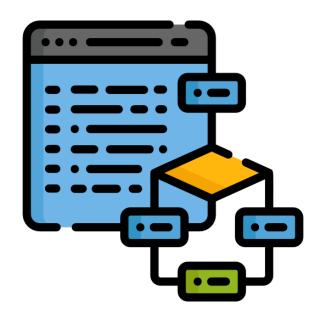




Mitos - mitos Seputar Sains Data



Ahli Sains Data harus ada di semua perusahaan



Ahli Sains Data lebih banyak mengurusi algoritma dan hal - hal rumit lainnya



Ahli Sains Data harus bergelar doktor (Ph.D)



Semua orang bisa meniti karier di Sains Data

# Terina