

前端报表开发培训--Vue

1.开发框架

1.1 Vue

Vue.js 是构建 Web 界面的 JavaScript 库，提供数据驱动的组件，还有简单灵活的 API，使得 MVVM 更简单。

主要特性：

- 可扩展的数据绑定
- 将普通的 JS 对象作为 model
- 简洁明了的 API
- 组件化 UI 构建
- 配合别的库使用

其他：

[1.Vue中文官网](#)

[2.教程](#)

[3.对比其他框架](#)

1.2 ElementUI

Element，一套为开发者、设计师和产品经理准备的基于 Vue 2.0 的组件库，提供了配套设计资源，帮助你的网站快速成型。由饿了么公司前端团队开源。

[官网](#)

常用组件：

- 选择器

基础用法

适用广泛的基础单选

请选择 ^

黄金糕

双皮奶

蚵仔煎

龙须面

北京烤鸭

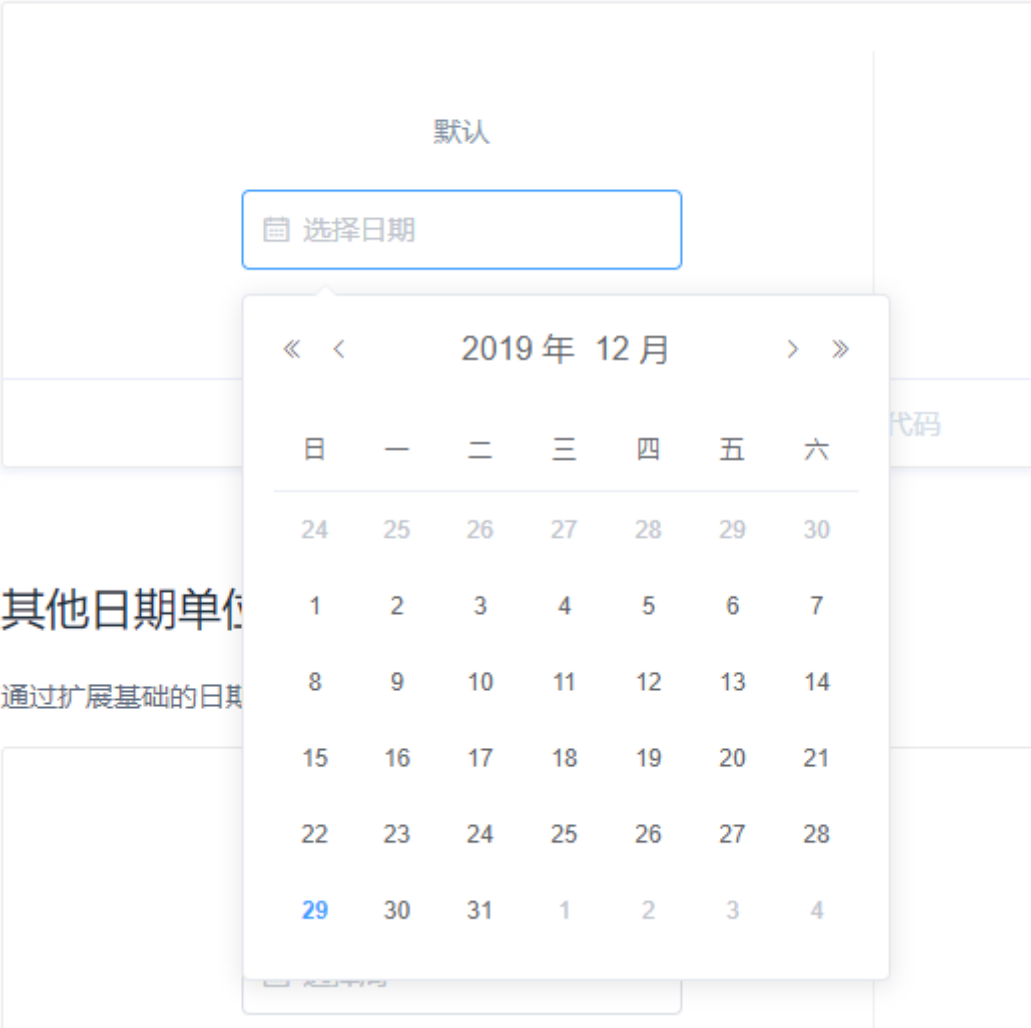
请选择 v

显示代码

- 日期选择器

选择日

以「日」为基本单位，基础的日期选择控件



其他日期单位

通过扩展基础的日期

- 表格

日期	姓名	地址
2016-05-02	王小虎	上海市普陀区金沙江路 1518 弄
2016-05-04	王小虎	上海市普陀区金沙江路 1517 弄
√ 2016-05-01	王小虎	上海市普陀区金沙江路 1519 弄
2016-05-01	王小虎	上海市普陀区金沙江路 1519 弄
2016-05-01	王小虎	上海市普陀区金沙江路 1519 弄
2016-05-03	王小虎	上海市普陀区金沙江路 1516 弄

- 对话框

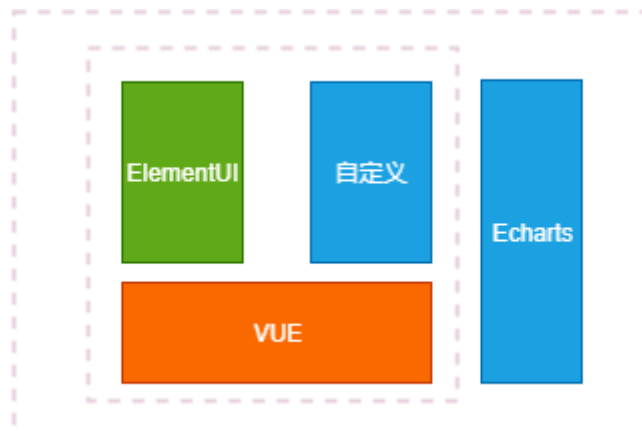


1.3 Echarts

ECharts是一款由百度前端技术部开发的，基于Javascript的数据可视化图表库，提供直观，生动，可交互，可个性化定制的数据可视化图表。

[官方文档](#)

1.4 总体结构：



2. 环境搭建

2.1 Node.js安装

按照安装包提示安装。

2.1 YARN安装

[官网](#) 按照安装包提示安装，yarn依赖于Node.js。

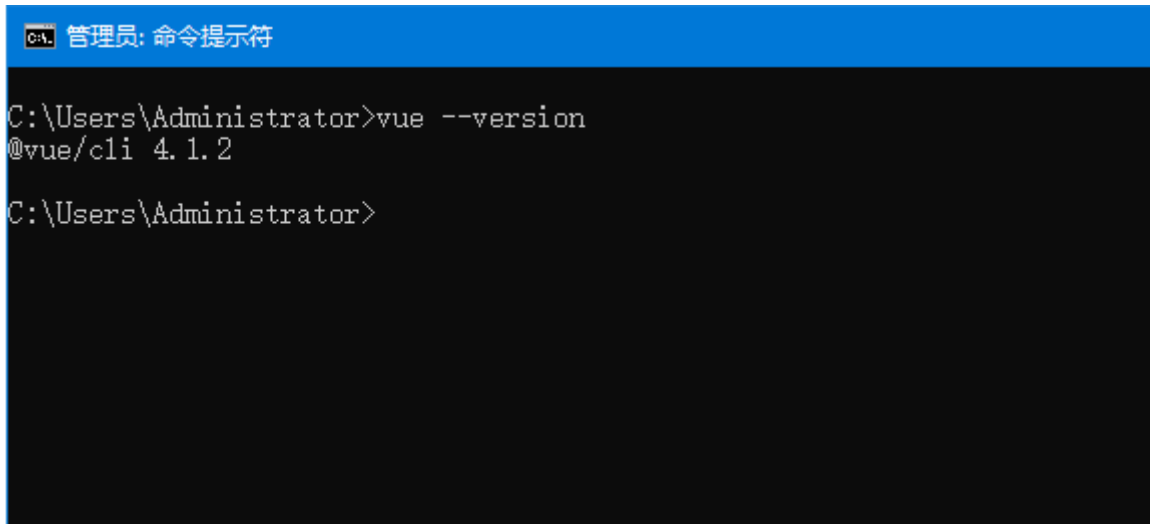
2.2 Vue安装

通过Vue CLI安装Vue。

```
npm install -g @vue/cli  
# 或者  
yarn global add @vue/cli
```

此处选择yarn的安装方式。安装之后可以通过version检查是否安装成功。

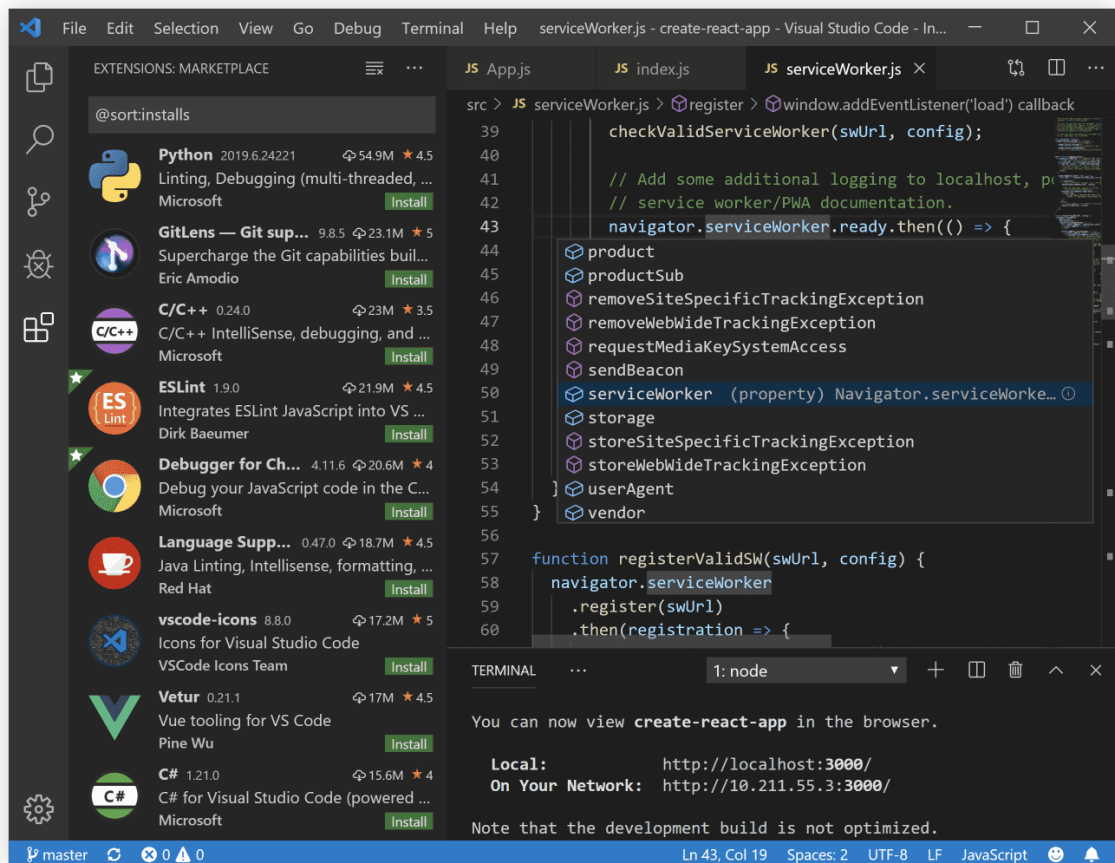
```
vue --version
```



```
C:\Users\Administrator>vue --version
@vue/cli 4.1.2
C:\Users\Administrator>
```

2.3 开发工具

可以选择任意文本编辑工具，此处选择[Visual Studio Code](#)。



3. 工程创建

3.1 通过Vue CLI创建工程

```
vue create ireport
```

创建工程：

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\前端开发培训VUE\proj>vue create ireport
```

选择默认:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - vue create ireport

Vue CLI v4.1.2
? Please pick a preset: (Use arrow keys)
> default (babel, eslint)
   Manually select features
```

选择Yarn:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - vue create ireport

Vue CLI v4.1.2
? Please pick a preset: default (babel, eslint)
? Pick the package manager to use when installing dependencies: (Use arrow keys)
> Use Yarn
   Use NPM
```

创建完成:

```
管理员: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
info "fsevents@1.2.11" is an optional dependency and failed compatibility check. Excluding it from installation.

success Saved lockfile.
Done in 14.95s.
  [ ] Invoking generators...
  [ ] Installing additional dependencies...

yarn install v1.16.0
[1/4] Resolving packages...
[2/4] Fetching packages...
info fsevents@1.2.11: The platform "win32" is incompatible with this module.
info "fsevents@1.2.11" is an optional dependency and failed compatibility check. Excluding it from installation.
[3/4] Linking dependencies...
[4/4] Building fresh packages...

success Saved lockfile.
Done in 6.92s.
+ Running completion hooks...

  [ ] Generating README.md...

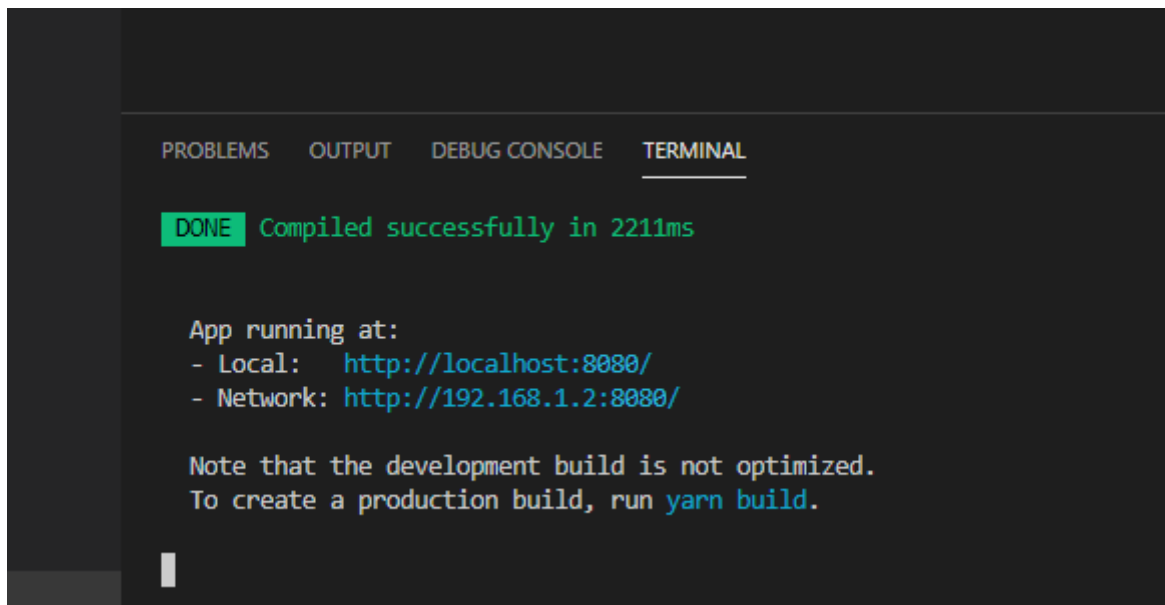
  [ ] Successfully created project ireport.
  [ ] Get started with the following commands:

$ cd ireport
$ yarn serve

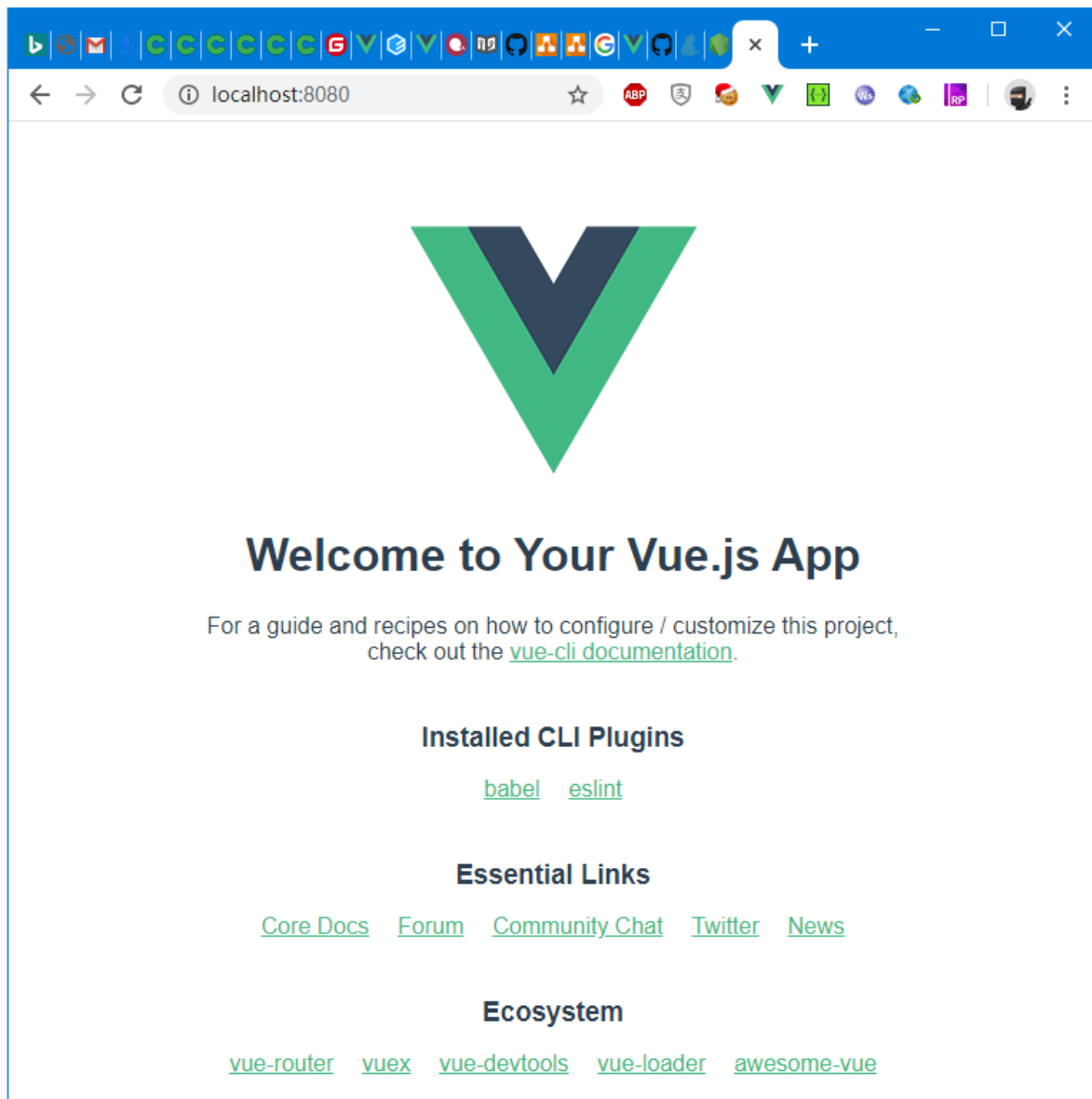
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\前端开发培训\vue\proj>
```

3.2 运行工程

```
yarn serve
```



工程运行成功：



3.3 多页面应用

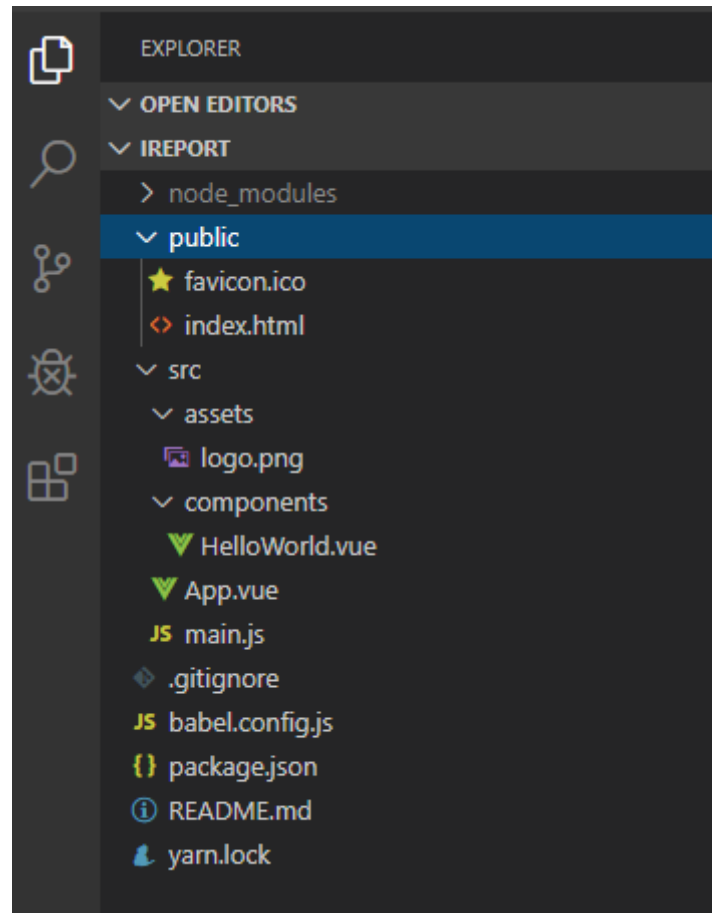
pages, Vue CLI有关于[pages](#)的介绍。

```
module.exports = {
  pages: {
    index: {
      // entry for the page
      entry: 'src/index/main.js',
      // the source template
      template: 'public/index.html',
      // output as dist/index.html
      filename: 'index.html',
      // when using title option,
      // template title tag needs to be <title><%=
htmlWebpackPlugin.options.title %></title>
      title: 'Index Page',
      // chunks to include on this page, by default includes
      // extracted common chunks and vendor chunks.
      chunks: ['chunk-vendors', 'chunk-common', 'index']
    },
    // when using the entry-only string format,
    // template is inferred to be `public/subpage.html`
    // and falls back to `public/index.html` if not found.
```

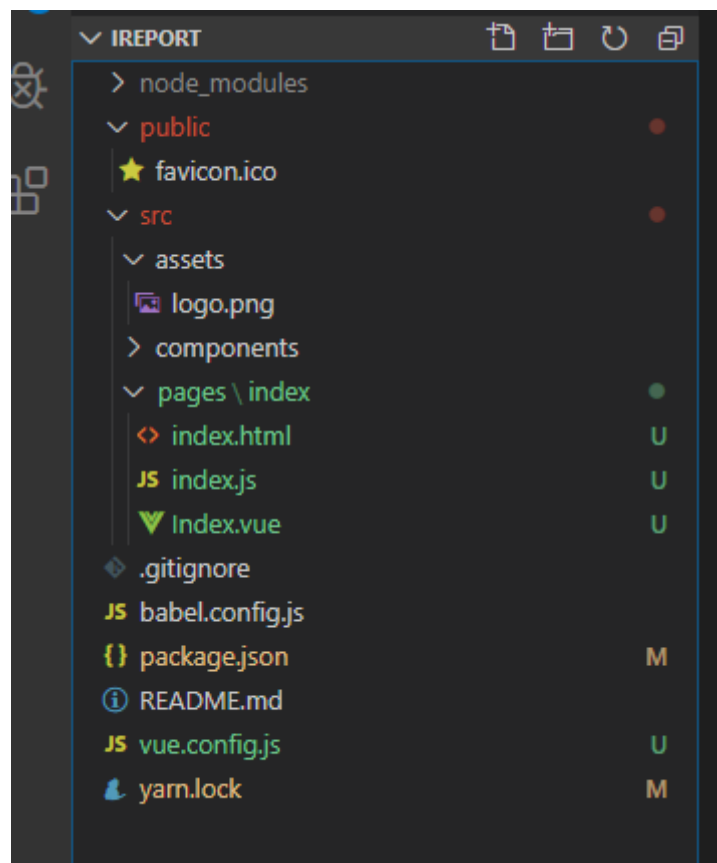
```
// Output filename is inferred to be `subpage.html`.  
subpage: 'src/subpage/main.js'  
}  
}
```

修改工程目录：

- 修改之前



- 修改之后



- 修改相对路径Index.vue

```
src > pages > index > Index.vue > {} "Index.vue"
1 <template>
2   <div id="app">
3     
4     <HelloWorld msg="Welcome to your vue.js App"/>
5   </div>
6 </template>
7
8 <script>
9   import HelloWorld from '../components/HelloWorld.vue'
10
11   export default {
12     name: 'app',
13     components: {
14       HelloWorld
15     }
16   }
17 </script>
18
19 <style>
20 #app {
21   font-family: 'Avenir', Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif;
22   -webkit-font-smoothing: antialiased;
23   -moz-osx-font-smoothing: grayscale;
24   text-align: center;
25   color: #2c3e50;
26   margin-top: 60px;
27 }
28 </style>
29
```

- 修改相对路径index.js

```
terminal Help
Index.vue JS index.js X index.html
src > pages > JS index.js > ...
1 import Vue from 'vue'
2 import App from './Index.vue'
3
4 Vue.config.productionTip = false
5
6 new Vue({
7   render: h => h(App),
8 }).$mount('#app')
9
```

- 根目录添加vue.config.js文件

```
module.exports = {
  pages: {
```

```

    index: {
      entry: './src/pages/index/index.js',
      template: './src/pages/index/index.html',
      filename: 'index.html',
      title: '首页'
    },
  },
  devServer: {
    host: '0.0.0.0',
    port: 9000
  },
  publicPath: process.env.NODE_ENV === 'production' ? '/ireport/dist/':
  '/'
}

```

重启工程查看工程是否正常运行。

3.3.1 【练习】再添加一个页面？

3.4 添加ElementUI

- 添加依赖

```
yarn add element-ui
```

```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
[4/4] Building fresh packages...
warning "element-ui@2.13.0" has no binaries
Done in 3.82s.

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\前端开发培训VUE\proj\ireport>yarn add element-ui
yarn add v1.16.0
[1/4] Resolving packages...
warning element-ui > async-validator > babel-runtime > core-js@2.6.11: core-js@<3 is no longer maintained and not recommended for usage due to the number of issues. Please, upgrade your dependencies to the actual version of core-js@3.
[2/4] Fetching packages...
info fsevents@1.2.11: The platform "win32" is incompatible with this module.
info "fsevents@1.2.11" is an optional dependency and failed compatibility check. Excluding it from installation.
[3/4] Linking dependencies...
[4/4] Building fresh packages...
success Saved lockfile.
success Saved 8 new dependencies.
info Direct dependencies
└─ element-ui@2.13.0
info All dependencies
├─ async-validator@1.8.5
├─ babel-helper-vue-jsx-merge-props@2.0.3
├─ babel-runtime@6.26.0
├─ element-ui@2.13.0
├─ normalize-wheel@1.0.1
├─ regenerator-runtime@0.11.1
├─ resize-observer-polyfill@1.5.1
└─ throttle-debounce@1.1.0
Done in 4.88s.
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\前端开发培训VUE\proj\ireport>

```

- 代码添加

参照ElementUI的[快速上手文档](#)在工程代码中添加代码。

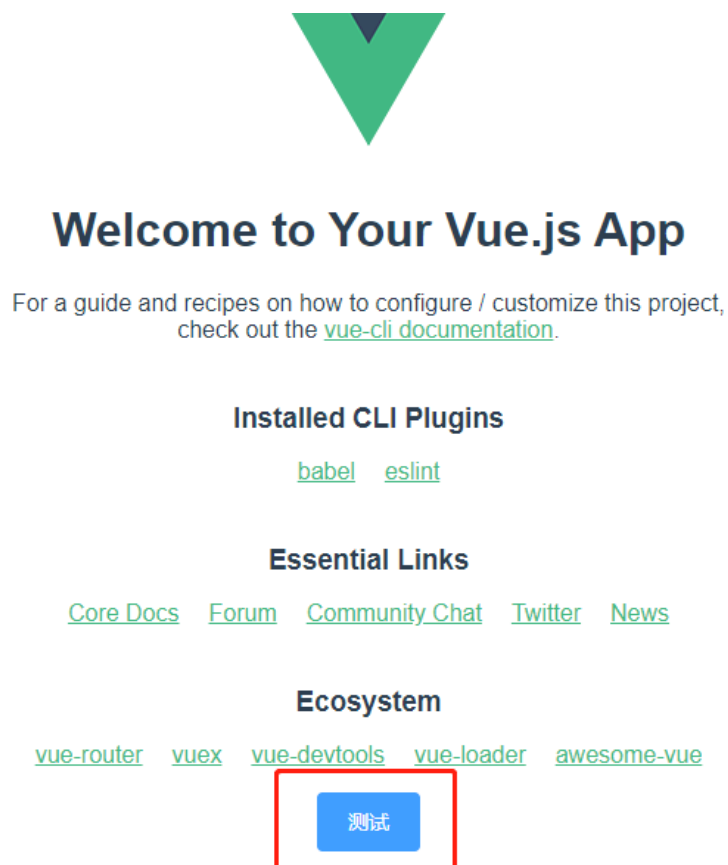
```
import Vue from 'vue';
import ElementUI from 'element-ui';
import 'element-ui/lib/theme-chalk/index.css';
import App from './App.vue';

Vue.use(ElementUI);

new Vue({
  el: '#app',
  render: h => h(App)
});
```

- 添加ElementUI组件验证是否成功

- 正常的执行结果



3.5 添加Echarts

- 添加依赖

```
yarn add echarts
```

```
终止批处理操作吗(Y/N)? y
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\前端开发培训\Vue\proj\ireport> yarn add echarts
yarn add v1.16.0
[1/4] Resolving packages...
[2/4] Fetching packages...
info fsevents@1.2.11: The platform "win32" is incompatible with this module.
info "fsevents@1.2.11" is an optional dependency and failed compatibility check. Excluding it from installation.
[3/4] Linking dependencies...
[4/4] Building fresh packages...

success Saved lockfile.
success Saved 2 new dependencies.
info Direct dependencies
└─ echarts@4.6.0
info All dependencies
└─ echarts@4.6.0
   └─ zrender@4.2.0
Done in 5.14s.
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\前端开发培训\Vue\proj\ireport> █
```

- 修改app.js文件，此处为index.js文件：

```
import Vue from 'vue'
import ElementUI from 'element-ui';
import 'element-ui/lib/theme-chalk/index.css';
import App from './Index.vue'
import echarts from 'echarts'
```

```
Vue.prototype.$echarts = echarts
```

```
Vue.config.productionTip = false
```

```
Vue.use(ElementUI);
```

```
new Vue({
  render: h => h(App),
}).$mount('#app')
```

- echarts的添加参考[官方例子](#)：

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <title>Echarts</title>
  <!-- 引入 echarts.js -->
  <script src="echarts.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
  <!-- 为ECharts准备一个具备大小（宽高）的Dom -->
  <div id="main" style="width: 600px;height:400px;"></div>
  <script type="text/javascript">
    // 基于准备好的dom，初始化echarts实例
    var myChart = echarts.init(document.getElementById('main'));

    // 指定图表的配置项和数据
    var option = {
```

```

        title: {
            text: 'ECharts 入门示例'
        },
        tooltip: {},
        legend: {
            data: ['销量']
        },
        xAxis: {
            data: ["衬衫", "羊毛衫", "雪纺衫", "裤子", "高跟鞋", "袜子"]
        },
        yAxis: {},
        series: [{
            name: '销量',
            type: 'bar',
            data: [5, 20, 36, 10, 10, 20]
        }]
    };

    // 使用刚指定的配置项和数据显示图表。
    myChart.setOption(option);
</script>
</body>
</html>

```

4. 组件

4.1 简单组件添加

- components文件中添加一个文件CompOne.vue

```

<template>
  <div>
    <el-button type="primary">CompOne按钮</el-button>
  </div>
</template>
<script>
export default {
  name: 'CompOne'
}
</script>

```

- 在Index.vue引用组件:

```

<template>
  <div id="app">
    
    <HelloWorld msg="welcome to Your Vue.js App"/>
    <el-button type="primary">测试</el-button>
    <CompOne />
  </div>
</template>

<script>
import HelloWorld from '../../components/HelloWorld.vue'
import CompOne from '../../components/CompOne.vue'

```



```
export default {
  name: 'app',
  components: {
    HelloWorld,
    CompOne
  }
}
</script>
```

- 检查组件是否安装成功：



4.2 在component中添加Echarts图表

- 在components文件夹中添加组件SimpleBarChart.vue

```
<template>
  <el-card shadow="never">
    <div id="main" ref="refMainChart"></div>
  </el-card>
</template>
<script>
export default {
  name: "SimpleBarChart",
  mounted() {
    this.drawLine()
  },
  methods: {
    drawLine(){
      // 基于准备好的dom，初始化echarts实例
      let myChart = this.$echarts.init(this.$refs.refMainChart)
      myChart.clear()
      // 绘制图表
      let option = {
        title: {
          text: 'ECharts 入门示例'
        },
        tooltip: {},
        legend: {
          data:['销量']
        },
        xAxis: {
          data: ["衬衫","羊毛衫","雪纺衫","裤子","高跟鞋","袜子"]
        },
        yAxis: {},
        series: [{
          name: '销量',
          type: 'bar',
```

```

        data: [5, 20, 36, 10, 10, 20]
      }
    ];
    myChart.setOption(option);
  },
}
</script>

<style scoped>
#main {
  width: 100%;
  height: 300px;
}
</style>

```

- 查看bar图标是否添加成功



4.2.1 【练习】在页面中添加Echarts图表？

4.3 向子组件中传递数据

通过props的方式向component传递数据。

- 修改SimpleBarChart.vue

```

<template>
  <el-card shadow="never">
    <p class="chart-title">{{chartTitle}}</p>
    <div id="main" ref="refMainChart"></div>
  </el-card>
</template>
<script>
export default {
  name: "SimpleBarChart",
  props: ['chartTitle'],
  mounted() {
    this.drawLine()
  },
  // ...
}

```

- 修改Index.vue, 向SimpleBarChart.vue传递数据

```

<SimpleBarChart chartTitle="Echarts入门"/>

```

- 检查属性设置结果



4.4 emit向父级组件传递消息

- 修改CompOne.vue，添加按钮点击事件函数，发出消息

```
<template>
  <div>
    <el-button type="primary" @click="onBtnClick">CompOne按钮</el-button>
  </div>
</template>

<script>
export default {
  name: 'CompOne',
  methods: {
    onBtnClick() {
      this.$emit('sayHello', '来自CompOne的Hello')
    }
  }
}
</script>
```

- 修改Index.vue，绑定消息，添加函数，打印参数内容

```
<template>
  <div id="app">
    <HelloWorld msg="welcome to Your Vue.js App"/>
    <el-button type="primary">测试</el-button>
    <CompOne v-on:sayHello="onSayHello"/>
    <SimpleBarChart chartTitle="Echarts入门"/>
  </div>
</template>

<script>
import HelloWorld from '../components/HelloWorld.vue'
import CompOne from '../components/CompOne.vue'
import SimpleBarChart from '../components/SimpleBarChart.vue'

export default {
  name: 'app',
  components: {
    HelloWorld,
    CompOne,
    SimpleBarChart
  },
  methods: {
    onSayHello(params) {
      console.log(params)
    }
  }
}
```

```

    }
  }
}
</script>

```

- 查看结果



- 解决Unexpected console statement (no-console)报错
在package.json文件中配置rules

```

"rules": {
  "no-console": "off"
}

```

4.5 父组件通过refs调用子组件的方法

- 修改CompOne.vue添加方法

```

<template>
  <div>
    <el-button type="primary" @click="onBtnClick">CompOne按钮</el-button>
  </div>
</template>

<script>
export default {
  name: 'CompOne',
  methods: {
    onBtnClick() {
      this.$emit('sayHello', '来自CompOne的Hello')
    },
    printHello(name) {
      console.log(name, ', Hello again!')
    }
  }
}
</script>

```

- 修改index.vue, 通过refs调用

```

<template>
  <div id="app">
    <HelloWorld msg="Welcome to Your Vue.js App"/>
  </div>
</template>

```

```

<el-button type="primary" @click="callCompOneFunc">测试</el-button>
<CompOne v-on:sayHello="onSayHello" ref="refCompOne"/>
<SimpleBarChart chartTitle="Echarts入门"/>
</div>
</template>

<script>
import HelloWorld from '../components/HelloWorld.vue'
import CompOne from '../components/CompOne.vue'
import SimpleBarChart from '../components/SimpleBarChart.vue'

export default {
  name: 'app',
  components: {
    HelloWorld,
    CompOne,
    SimpleBarChart
  },
  methods: {
    onSayHello(params) {
      console.log(params)
    },
    callCompOneFunc() {
      this.$refs.refCompOne.printHello('李明')
    }
  }
}
</script>

```

- 查看调用结果



5. 添加axios组件库

[Axios](#), 基于 Promise 的 HTTP 客户端, 可以工作于浏览器中, 也可以在 node.js 中使用。

功能:

- 从浏览器中创建 XMLHttpRequest
- 从 node.js 中创建 http 请求
- 支持 Promise API
- 拦截请求和响应
- 转换请求和响应数据
- 取消请求
- 自动转换 JSON 数据
- 客户端支持防止 XSRF 攻击

示例代码：

- 执行一个 GET 请求

```
// Make a request for a user with a given ID
axios.get('/user?ID=12345')
  .then(function (response) {
    console.log(response);
  })
  .catch(function (error) {
    console.log(error);
  });
// Optionally the request above could also be done as
axios.get('/user', {
  params: {
    ID: 12345
  }
})
  .then(function (response) {
    console.log(response);
  })
  .catch(function (error) {
    console.log(error);
  });
```

- 执行一个 POST 请求

```
axios.post('/user', {
  firstName: 'Fred',
  lastName: 'Flintstone'
})
  .then(function (response) {
    console.log(response);
  })
  .catch(function (error) {
    console.log(error);
  });
```

- 执行多个并发请求

```
function getUserAccount() {
  return axios.get('/user/12345');
}
function getUserPermissions() {
  return axios.get('/user/12345/permissions');
}
axios.all([getUserAccount(), getUserPermissions()])
  .then(axios.spread(function (acct, perms) {
    // Both requests are now complete
  }));
```

6. 练习

- 利用axios从服务端请求数据，并用Echarts创建一个时间趋势图表。
- 从服务端请求数据，利用ElementUI中的table组件创建一个表格。

附录：

示例代码github地址：<https://github.com/bold881/vuet1.git>