

# A case for redundant array of inexpensive disks (RAID)

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- Moore's law: Transistors in a chip  $\times 2$  every 2 years:  $\equiv 2^{\frac{\text{Year}-1964}{2}}$
- Bits stored / inch  $\times 10$  every 10 years:  $\equiv 10^{\frac{\text{Year}-1971}{10}}$
- SLED (Single Large expensive magnetic disks) cannot keep pace with CPUs!
- *Speedup*  $\equiv ??$  Amdahl's law

# Inexpensive Disks

	IBM 3380	Conners CP3100
Price	\$ 135000	<b>\$1000</b>
Power/box(Watt)	6600 W	<b>10 W</b>
IO/sec (max)	<b>50 ops/s</b>	30 ops/s
IO/sec (typical)	<b>30 ops/s</b>	20 ops/s
Data capacity (MB)	<b>7500 MB</b>	100 MB
Time to failure (rated)	30,000 hours	30,000 hours
Time to failure (practice)	100,000 hours	Unk

## Array of Inexpensive Disks

	IBM 3380	135 × Conners CP3100
Price	\$135000	\$135000
Power/box(Watt)	6600 W	<b>1350 W</b>
IO/sec (max)	50 ops/s	<b>4050 ops/s</b>
IO/sec (typical)	30 ops/s	<b>2700 ops/s</b>
Data capacity (MB)	7500 MB	<b>13500 MB</b>
Time to failure (rated)	<b>30,000 hours</b>	100 hours
Time to failure (practice)	<b>100,000 hours</b>	Unk

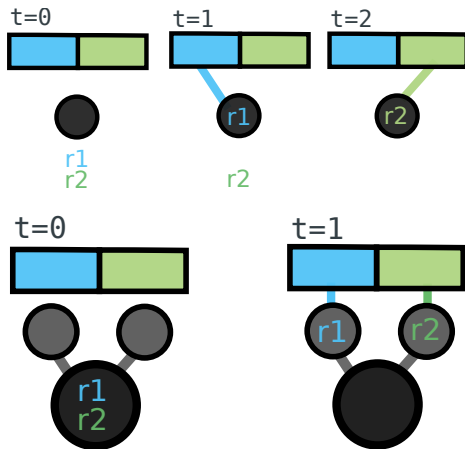
### The ugly

Mean time to failure of any of 135 disks:  $30,000 \text{ hours} / 135 = 100 \text{ hours}$

# Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks

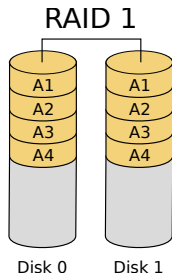
- Extra check disks store redundant information.
- Replace failed disk & replicate from check disk.

## Pleasing side-effects of Redundancy



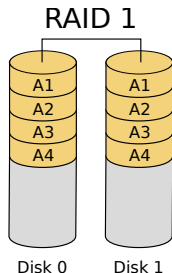
Parallel reads & writes are enabled to random sections of disk.

# RAID 1: Mirrored Disks



- All data is duplicated across all disks

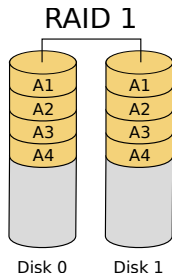
# RAID 1: Mirrored Disks



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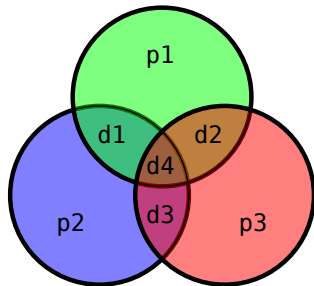
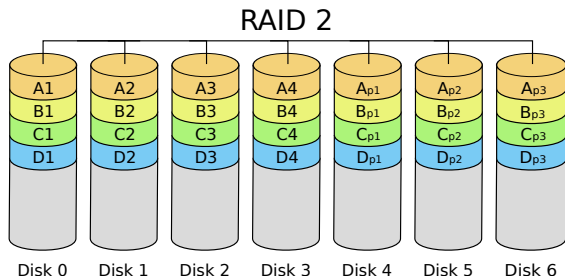


# RAID 1: Mirrored Disks



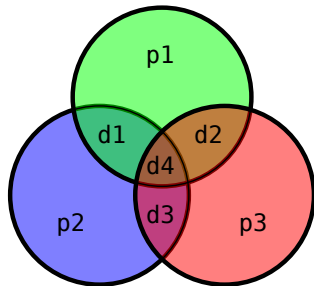
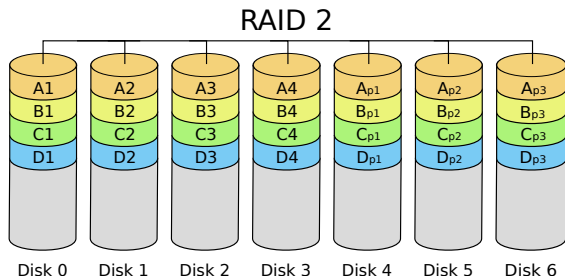
- All data is duplicated across all disks
- Writes are expensive: need to be replicated!
- Disk space utilization: **50%**.

## RAID 2: Hamming code for Error correction



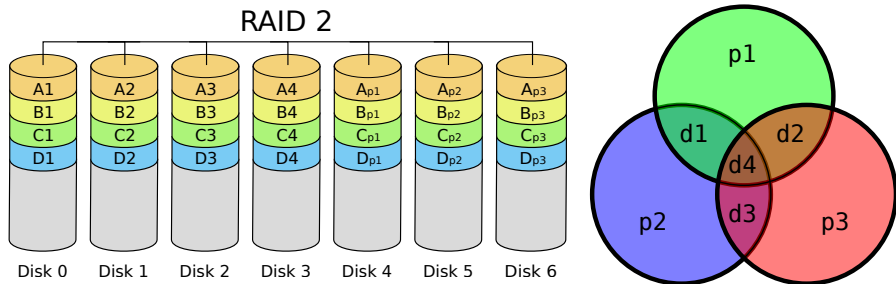
- Use Hamming code **per bit**.

## RAID 2: Hamming code for Error correction



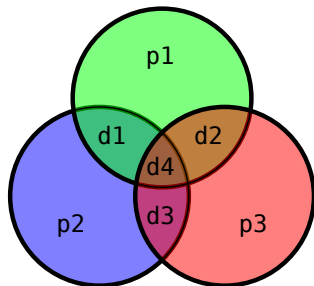
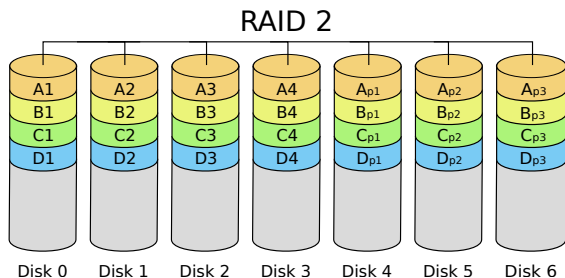
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- All disks need to read same bit simultaneously: bitwise error checking.

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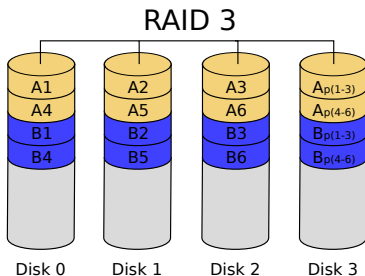
- Use Hamming code **per bit**.
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- So, **Cannot service multiple requests at once**.

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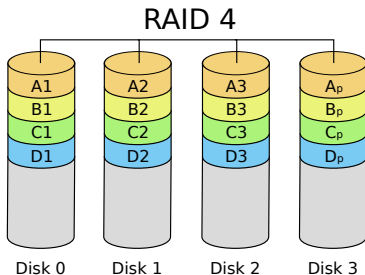


- Use Hamming code **per bit**.
- All disks need to read same bit simultaneously: bitwise error checking.
- So, **Cannot service multiple requests at once**.
- Not used anymore.

# RAID 3: Hamming code for ECC



## RAID 4: Block level striping + parity



# RAID 5: Block level striping + distributed parity

