Enhanced sensitivity at higher-order exceptional points

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Enhanced sensitivity at higher-order exceptional points

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- Dr. Mercedeh Khajavikhan
- Assistant Professor of University of Central Florida
- Plasmonics and Applied Quantum Optics(PAQO) group

Research interest

- Metallic nanoscale lasers
- Microring semiconductor lasers
- Silicon photonic devices



Publication list

2017

- "Parity-Time Symmetry in Optics " Encyclopedia of Modern Optics II, Submitted
- "Integrated multi-port circulators for unidirectional optical information transport " Scientific Reports 7, Article number: 2129
- "Ultrasensitive micro-scale parity-time-symmetric ring laser gyroscope " Optics Letters 42, 1556-1559
- "Dynamically Encircling Exceptional Points: Exact Evolution and Polarization State Conversion " Physical Review Letters, 118(9), 093002

2016

- "Single mode lasing in transversely multi-moded PT-symmetric microring resonators" Laser & Photonics Reviews 10(3), pp.494-499
- "Second-order coherence properties of metallic nanolasers " Optica 3(11), pp.1187-1193
- "Passive PT-symmetric metasurfaces with directional field scattering characteristics " IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Quantum Electronics, 22(5), 5000608
- "Dark-state lasers: mode management using exceptional points" Optics Letters 41(13), pp.3049-3052
- "Enhanced UV upconversion emission using plasmonic nanocavities" Optics Express 24(13), pp.13999-14009
- "Metallic coaxial nanolasers " Advances in Physics: X 1(2), pp.262-275
- "Integrable nonlinear parity-time-symmetric optical oscillator " Physical Review E, 9394), 042219
- "Design considerations for single mode microring lasers using parity-time-symmetry" IEEE, Journal of Selected Topics in Quantum Electronics

2015

- "Nonlinear reversal of the PT-symmetric phase transition in a system of coupled semiconductor microring resonators " Physical Review A 92(6), pp.063807
- "Parity-time-symmetric coupled microring lasers operating around an exceptional point" Optics Letters 40(21), pp.4955-4958
- "Supersymmetric laser arrays " Physical Review A 92, pp.033818

2014

- "Parity-time-symmetric microring lasers " Science 346, 975
- "Exceptional points and lasing self-termination in photonic molecules " Physical Review A 90(1)

2012

"Passive and Active Nanophotonics", Advances in Science and Technology, 82, 9

Exceptional point PT-symmetry Laser

http://paqo.creol.ucf.edu/

Exceptional points for sensing

PHYSICAL REVIEW A 93, 033809 (2016)

Sensors operating at exceptional points: General theory

Jan Wiersig*

Institut für Theoretische Physik, Otto-von-Guericke-Universität Magdeburg, Postfach 4120, D-39016 Magdeburg, Germany (Received 8 January 2016; published 4 March 2016)

PRL **112**, 203901 (2014)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 23 MAY 2014



Enhancing the Sensitivity of Frequency and Energy Splitting Detection by Using Exceptional Points: Application to Microcavity Sensors for Single-Particle Detection

Jan Wiersig

Institut für Theoretische Physik, Universität Magdeburg, Postfach 4120, D-39016 Magdeburg, Germany (Received 30 January 2014; published 20 May 2014)

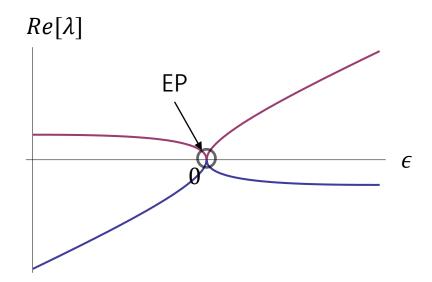
2 x 2 Matrix model

PT-symmetric Hamiltonian

$$\begin{pmatrix} -i\gamma & g \\ g & i\gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues

$$\lambda = \pm \sqrt{g^2 - \gamma^2}$$



Near an EP

$$\gamma \equiv g$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \epsilon - ig & g \\ g & ig \end{pmatrix} \quad (\epsilon \ll g)$$

Characteristic equation

$$\lambda^2 - \epsilon \lambda - i\epsilon g = 0$$

$$\Delta \lambda \propto \sqrt{\epsilon}$$

Difference between eigenvalues is very sensitive to perturbations of the parameters!

Third-order exceptional points

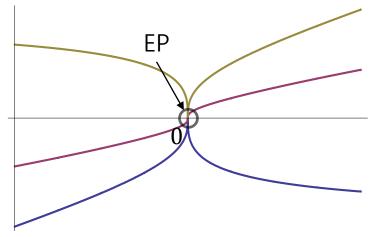
PT-symmetric Hamiltonian

$$egin{pmatrix} i\gamma & g & 0 \ g & 0 & g \ 0 & g & -i\gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues

$$\lambda = 0, \pm \sqrt{2}g\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\gamma}{\sqrt{2}g}\right)^2}$$

 $Re[\lambda]$



Near an EP

$$\gamma \equiv \sqrt{2}g$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \epsilon + i\sqrt{2}g & g & 0 \\ g & 0 & g \\ 0 & g & -i\sqrt{2}g \end{pmatrix} \quad (\epsilon \ll g)$$

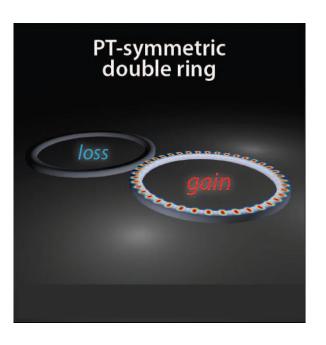
Characteristic equation

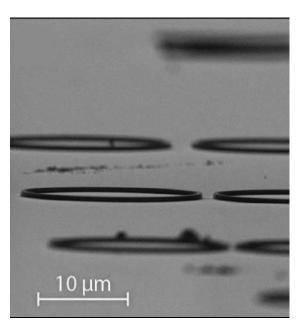
$$\lambda^3 - \epsilon \lambda^2 - i\sqrt{2}\epsilon \lambda g + \epsilon g^2 = 0$$

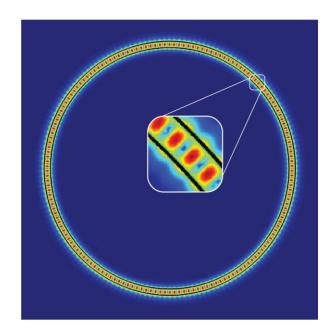
$$\Delta\lambda\propto\epsilon^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

In general, differences between eigenvalues are proportional to $\epsilon^{\frac{1}{N}}$. (N: order of EP)

Microring resonator



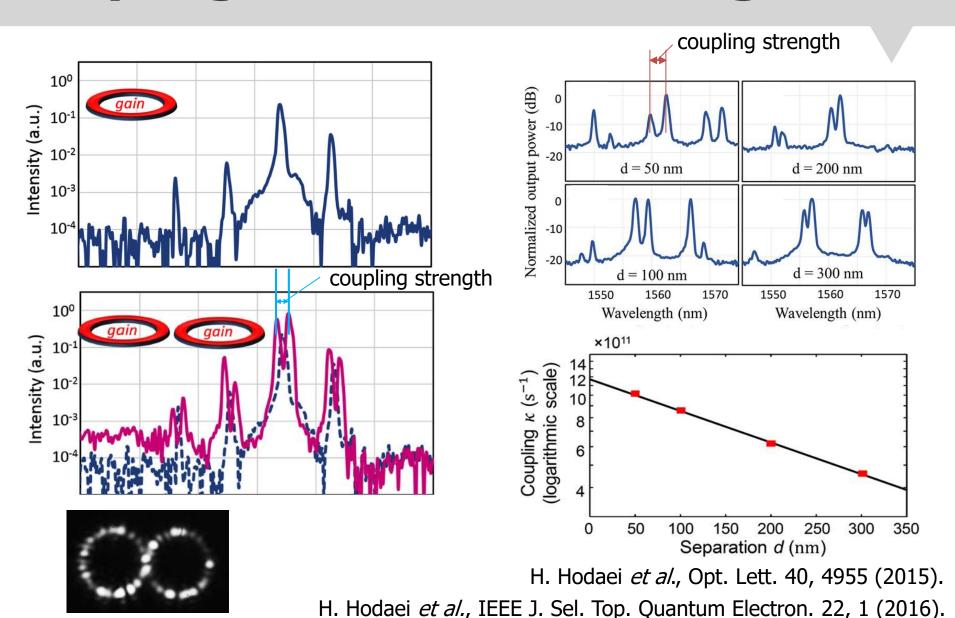




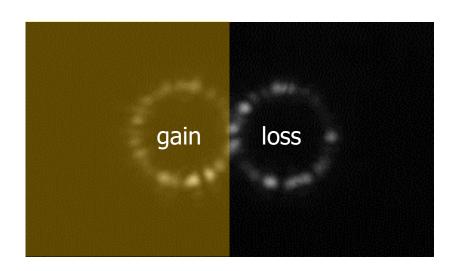
InGaAsP quantum well microrings

Radius: 10 µm Width: 500 nm Height: 210 nm

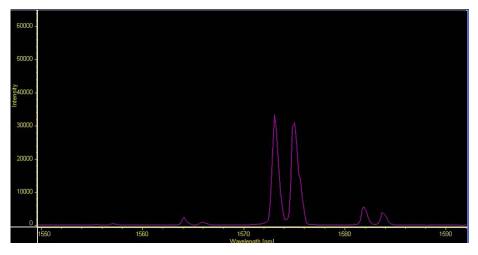
Coupling between microrings

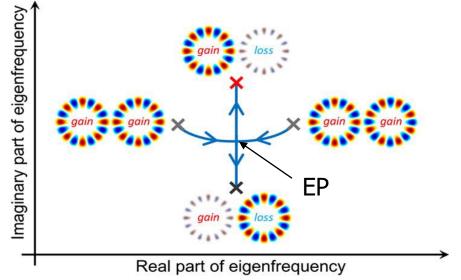


PT-symmetric resonator

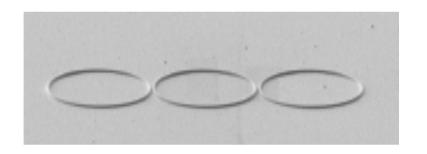


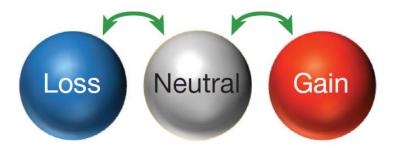
Pump laser on
Knife edge sweep

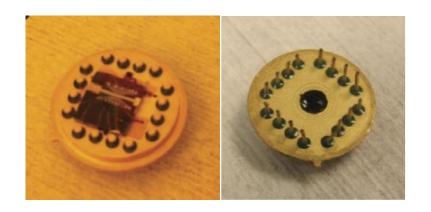


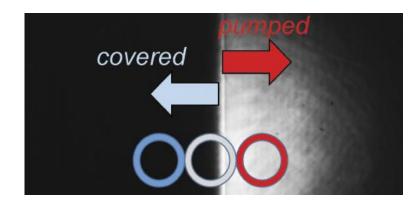


Microrings for Third-order EP

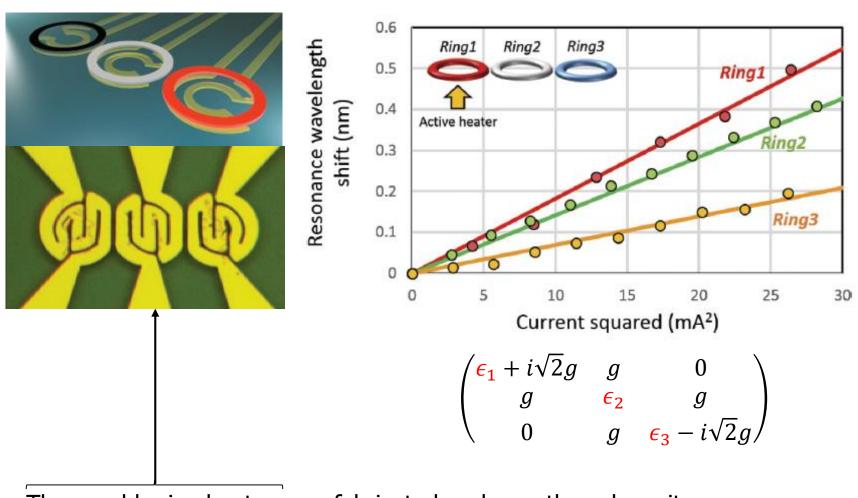






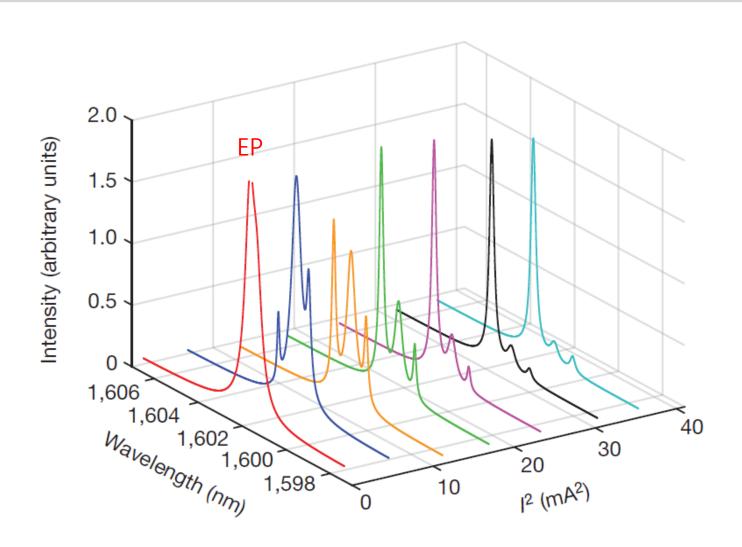


Refractive index perturbations

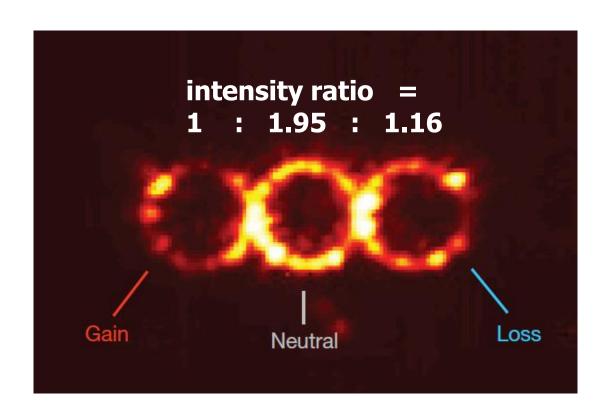


Three gold microheaters are fabricated underneath each cavity.

Eigenvalue measurement

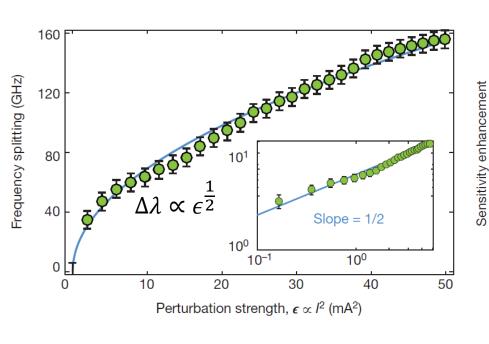


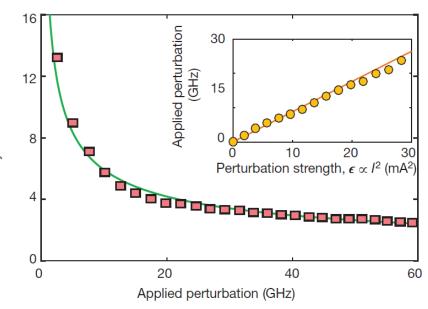
Eigenmode at EP



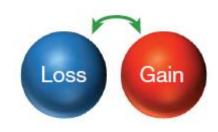
$$\begin{pmatrix} i\sqrt{2}g & g & 0 \\ g & 0 & g \\ 0 & g & -i\sqrt{2}g \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \text{eigenstate} : \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -i\sqrt{2} \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Second-order EP

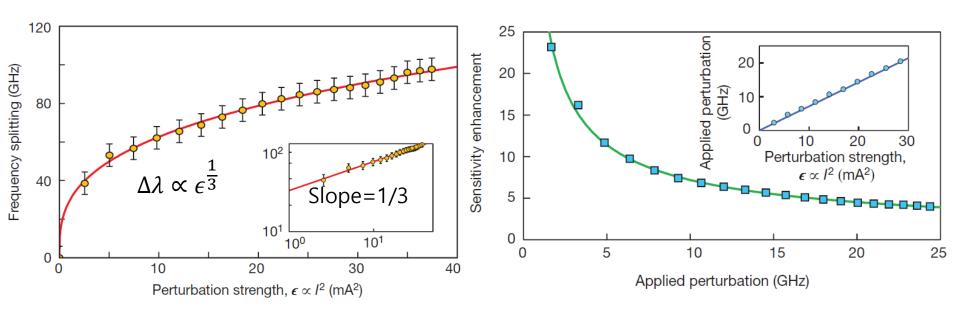




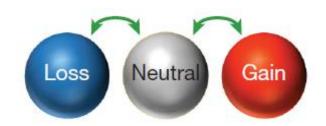
Enhancement factor
$$\equiv \frac{\Delta\omega}{\epsilon}$$



Third-order EP

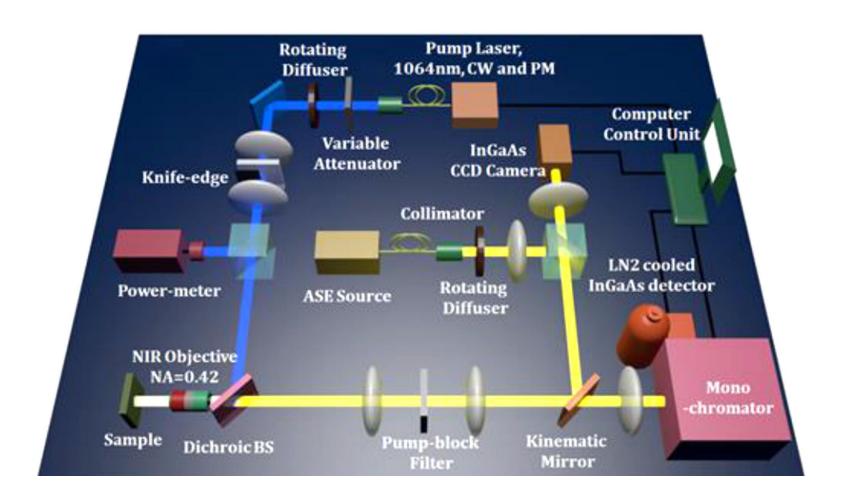


Enhancement factor
$$\equiv \frac{\Delta\omega}{\epsilon}$$



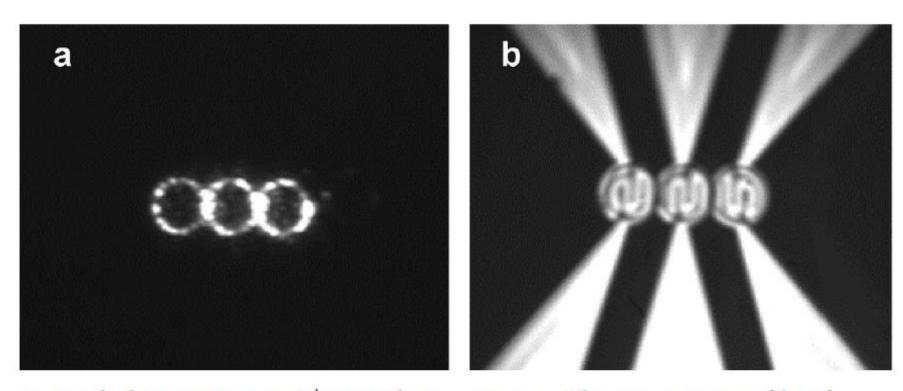
Supplementary Material

Schematic diagram



H. Hodaei et al., IEEE J. Sel. Top. Quantum Electron. 22, 1 (2016).

Images of the sample



Extended Data Figure 4 | **Sample imaging. a**, The intensity profile of three coupled micro-ring resonators when they all pumped equally. **b**, The associated heaters imaged on the measurement station using a broadband near-infrared source.

Effect of coupling

