

一.通过Docker搭建三个Tomcat容器

#1.创建容器项目部署目录挂载位置

```
mkdir -p /home/tomcat/webapps
```

#2.创建并运行Tomcat容器

```
docker run --name my-tomcat -d -p 8080:8080 \
-v /home/tomcat/webapps:/usr/local/tomcat/webapps/ \
tomcat:9
```

#3.将事先准备号的静态网页部署到Tomcat下访问测试

二.通过Docker搭建Nginx容器

#1.创建Nginx容器配置文件挂载的宿主机磁盘目录

```
mkdir -p /home/nginx/conf
```

#2.创建并运行Nginx容器

```
docker run --name my-nginx -d \
-p 80:80 \
nginx:latest
```

#3.将nginx内部的配置文件复制到物理机挂载目录中

```
docker cp my-nginx:/etc/nginx/nginx.conf /home/nginx/conf/nginx.conf
docker cp my-nginx:/etc/nginx/conf.d /home/nginx/conf/
docker cp my-nginx:/usr/share/nginx/html /home/nginx/html
```

#4.删除nginx容器

```
docker stop my-nginx
docker rm -f my-nginx
```

#5.重新创建并运行Nginx容器

```
docker run --name my-nginx -d \
-p 80:80 \
-v /home/nginx/conf/nginx.conf:/etc/nginx/nginx.conf \
-v /home/nginx/conf/conf.d:/etc/nginx/conf.d \
-v /home/nginx/html:/usr/share/nginx/html \
nginx:latest
```

三.配置nginx代理访问Tomcat集群

#1.配置反向代理 方式1 default.conf

```
upstream bogeServer {
    #server代表服务器地址
    server 192.168.141.131:8080;
    server 192.168.141.132:8080;
    server 192.168.141.133:8080;
}
location / {
    root    /usr/share/nginx/html;
    index  index.html index.htm;
    proxy_pass http://bogeServer;
}
```

#2.配置反向代理 方式2

```
upstream bogeServer {
    #server代表服务器地址
    server 192.168.141.131:8080 weight=1;
    server 192.168.141.132:8080 weight=2;
    server 192.168.141.133:8080 weight=3;
}
location / {
    root    /usr/share/nginx/html;
    index  index.html index.htm;
    proxy_pass http://bogeServer;
}
```

#3.配置反向代理 方式3

```
upstream bogeServer {
    ip_hash;
    #server代表服务器地址
    server 192.168.141.131:8080;
    server 192.168.141.132:8080;
    server 192.168.141.133:8080;
}
location / {
    root    /usr/share/nginx/html;
    index  index.html index.htm;
    proxy_pass http://bogeServer;
}
```

修改完重启nginx

