```
In [ ]:
        import pandas as pd
        import re
        import warnings
        import html
        import tiktoken
        import time
        from bs4 import BeautifulSoup, MarkupResemblesLocatorWarning
        from ftfy import fix_text
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=MarkupResemblesLocatorWarning)
        warnings.simplefilter(action="ignore", category=pd.errors.SettingWithCopyWarning
        class PhishingEmailPreprocessor:
            Veri ön işleme için yazılan sınıf.
            def __init__(self, csv_path:str, train_frac:float, validation_frac:float):
                self.df = None
                self.train_df = None
                self.validation_df = None
                self.test_df = None
                self.train_frac = train_frac
                self.validation_frac = validation_frac
                self.csv_path = csv_path
                self.tokenizer = tiktoken.get_encoding("gpt2")
                self.pad_token_id = 50256
                self.max_len = 1024
                self.load_and_prepare(self.csv_path)
            def strip html(self,text: str) -> str:
                if not isinstance(text, str):
                    return ""
                text = html.unescape(text)
                soup = BeautifulSoup(text, "html.parser")
                return soup.get text(separator=" ")
            def normalize whitespace(self,text: str) -> str:
                if not isinstance(text, str):
                    return ""
                text = re.sub(r"\s+", " ", text)
                return text.strip()
            def fix_unicode(self,text: str) -> str:
                if not isinstance(text, str):
                    return ""
                return fix_text(text)
            def create balanced dataset(self):
                num spam = self.df[self.df["Email Type"] == 1].shape[0]
                ham_subset = self.df[self.df["Email Type"] == 0].sample(num_spam, random
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self.df = pd.concat([ham_subset, self.df[self.df["Email Type"] == 1]])
            def load_and_prepare(self,csv_path: str):
                self.df = pd.read_csv(csv_path, sep=",", header=0, quotechar='"')
                self.df = self.df.dropna(subset=["Email Text", "Email Type"])
                self.df = self.df[self.df["Email Text"].astype(str).str.strip() != ""]
                self.df["Email Text"] = self.df["Email Text"].apply(self.fix_unicode)
                self.df["Email Text"] = self.df["Email Text"].apply(self.strip_html)
                self.df["Email Text"] = self.df["Email Text"].apply(self.normalize_white
                self.df = self.df[self.df["Email Text"].str.len() > 0]
                self.df = self.df.drop_duplicates(subset=["Email Text"]).copy()
                self.df["Email Type"] = self.df["Email Type"].map({"Safe Email": 0, "Phi
                self.df = self.df.dropna(subset=["Email Type"])
                self.df["Email Type"] = self.df["Email Type"].astype(int)
                self.create_balanced_dataset()
                self.random_split()
                self.train_df["Token"] = self.train_df["Email Text"].apply(self.tokenize
                self.validation_df["Token"] = self.validation_df["Email Text"].apply(sel
                self.test_df["Token"] = self.test_df["Email Text"].apply(self.tokenize)
            def random_split(self):
                self.df = self.df.sample(frac=1, random_state=123).reset_index(drop=True
                train end = int(len(self.df) * self.train frac)
                validation_end = train_end + int(len(self.df) * self.validation_frac)
                self.train_df = self.df[:train_end]
                self.validation_df = self.df[train_end:validation_end]
                self.test df = self.df[validation end:]
            def tokenize(self,text):
                tokens = self.tokenizer.encode(text)
                return tokens
            def get dfs(self) -> pd.DataFrame:
                self.train df = self.train df.drop(columns=["Unnamed: 0"])
                self.validation df = self.validation df.drop(columns=["Unnamed: 0"])
                self.test_df = self.test_df.drop(columns=["Unnamed: 0"])
                return self.train_df, self.validation_df, self.test_df
In [ ]: preprocessor = PhishingEmailPreprocessor("C:\\Users\\user\\Desktop\\Phishing Ema
        train_df, validation_df, test_df = preprocessor.get_dfs()
In [ ]: import torch
        from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
        Dataframeden DataLoadera dönüşüm için aşağıdaki 2 sınıf kullanılmıştır.
        class EmailDataset(Dataset):
            def init (self, df):
                self.df = df.reset_index(drop=True)
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def __len__(self):
        return len(self.df)
    def __getitem__(self, idx):
        tokens = self.df.loc[idx, "Token"]
        label = int(self.df.loc[idx, "Email Type"])
        return tokens, label
class EmailDataLoader:
   def __init__(self, train_df, val_df, test_df, batch_size=8, num_workers=0, s
        torch.manual_seed(seed)
        self.batch_size = batch_size
        self.num_workers = num_workers
        self.train_dataset = EmailDataset(train_df)
        self.val dataset = EmailDataset(val df)
        self.test_dataset = EmailDataset(test_df)
    #Bir batchdeki maksimum token uzunluğunu bulup batch padding yapmak için yaz
    def make_collate_fn(self, pad_id=preprocessor.pad_token_id, max_len=None):
        def collate(batch):
           xs, ys = zip(*batch)
            xs_list = [x.tolist() if isinstance(x, torch.Tensor) else x for x in
            if max_len is not None:
                xs_list = [x[:max_len] for x in xs_list]
            maxlen = max(len(x) for x in xs_list)
           X = [x + [pad_id] * (maxlen - len(x)) for x in xs_list]
           Y = list(ys)
           X = torch.tensor(X, dtype=torch.long)
            Y = torch.tensor(Y, dtype=torch.long)
            return X, Y
        return collate
    def get loaders(self):
        collate = self.make collate fn(pad id=preprocessor.pad token id, max len
        train_loader = DataLoader(
            dataset=self.train_dataset,
            batch size=self.batch size,
            shuffle=True,
            num_workers=self.num_workers,
            drop last=True,
            collate_fn=collate,
        )
        val loader = DataLoader(
            dataset=self.val dataset,
            batch_size=self.batch_size,
            shuffle=False,
            num_workers=self.num_workers,
            drop_last=False,
            collate_fn=collate,
```

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test_loader = DataLoader(
                    dataset=self.test_dataset,
                    batch_size=self.batch_size,
                     shuffle=False,
                    num_workers=self.num_workers,
                    drop_last=False,
                    collate_fn=collate,
                return train_loader, val_loader, test_loader
In [ ]: data_module = EmailDataLoader(train_df, validation_df, test_df, batch_size=16)
        train_loader, val_loader, test_loader = data_module.get_loaders()
In [ ]: import torch.nn as nn
        import torch
        class MultiHeadAttention(nn.Module):
            Attention Sinifi.
            def __init__(self, d_in, d_out, context_length, dropout, num_heads, qkv_bias
                super().__init__()
                assert (d_out % num_heads == 0), \
                self.d_out = d_out
                self.num_heads = num_heads
                self.head_dim = d_out // num_heads #
                self.W_query = nn.Linear(d_in, d_out, bias=qkv_bias)
                self.W_key = nn.Linear(d_in, d_out, bias=qkv_bias)
                self.W_value = nn.Linear(d_in, d_out, bias=qkv_bias)
                self.out_proj = nn.Linear(d_out, d_out)
                self.dropout = nn.Dropout(dropout)
                self.register_buffer(
                    "mask",
                    torch.triu(torch.ones(context_length, context_length),
                                diagonal=1)
                )
            def forward(self, x):
                b, num_tokens, d_in = x.shape
                keys = self.W_key(x)
                queries = self.W_query(x)
                values = self.W_value(x)
                keys = keys.view(b, num_tokens, self.num_heads, self.head_dim)
                values = values.view(b, num_tokens, self.num_heads, self.head_dim)
                queries = queries.view(b, num_tokens, self.num_heads, self.head_dim)
                keys = keys.transpose(1, 2)
                queries = queries.transpose(1, 2)
                values = values.transpose(1, 2)
```

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attn_scores = queries @ keys.transpose(2, 3)

mask_bool = self.mask.bool()[:num_tokens, :num_tokens]

attn_scores.masked_fill_(mask_bool, -torch.inf)

attn_weights = torch.softmax(attn_scores / keys.shape[-1]**0.5, dim=-1)
attn_weights = self.dropout(attn_weights)

context_vec = (attn_weights @ values).transpose(1, 2)

context_vec = context_vec.contiguous().view(b, num_tokens, self.d_out)
context_vec = self.out_proj(context_vec) # optional projection

return context_vec
```

```
In [ ]: import torch.nn as nn
        import torch
        class GELU(nn.Module):
            Aktivasyon fonksiyonu için yazılmış sınıf.
            def __init__(self):
                 super().__init__()
            def forward(self, x):
                 return 0.5 * x * (1 + torch.tanh(
                     torch.sqrt(torch.tensor(2.0 / torch.pi)) *
                     (x + 0.044715 * torch.pow(x, 3))
                ))
        class FeedForward(nn.Module):
            def __init__(self, cfg):
                super().__init__()
                 self.layers = nn.Sequential(
                     nn.Linear(cfg["emb_dim"], 4 * cfg["emb_dim"]),
                    GELU(),
                     nn.Linear(4 * cfg["emb_dim"], cfg["emb_dim"]),
            def forward(self, x):
                 return self.layers(x)
        class LayerNorm(nn.Module):
            def __init__(self, emb_dim):
                 super().__init__()
                self.eps = 1e-5
                 self.scale = nn.Parameter(torch.ones(emb dim))
                self.shift = nn.Parameter(torch.zeros(emb_dim))
            def forward(self, x):
                mean = x.mean(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
                 var = x.var(dim=-1, keepdim=True, unbiased=False)
                 norm_x = (x - mean) / torch.sqrt(var + self.eps)
                return self.scale * norm_x + self.shift
```

```
class TransformerBlock(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, cfg):
        super().__init__()
        self.att = MultiHeadAttention(
            d_in=cfg["emb_dim"],
            d_out=cfg["emb_dim"],
            context_length=cfg["context_length"],
            num_heads=cfg["n_heads"],
            dropout=cfg["drop_rate"],
            qkv_bias=cfg["qkv_bias"])
        self.ff = FeedForward(cfg)
        self.norm1 = LayerNorm(cfg["emb_dim"])
        self.norm2 = LayerNorm(cfg["emb_dim"])
        self.drop_shortcut = nn.Dropout(cfg["drop_rate"])
    def forward(self, x):
        shortcut = x
        x = self.norm1(x)
        x = self.att(x)
        x = self.drop_shortcut(x)
        x = x + shortcut
        shortcut = x
        x = self.norm2(x)
        x = self.ff(x)
        x = self.drop_shortcut(x)
        x = x + shortcut
        return x
class GPTModel(nn.Module):
    Kullanılacak modelimiz.
    def __init__(self, cfg):
        super(). init ()
        self.tok_emb = nn.Embedding(cfg["vocab_size"], cfg["emb_dim"])
        self.pos_emb = nn.Embedding(cfg["context_length"], cfg["emb_dim"])
        self.drop_emb = nn.Dropout(cfg["drop_rate"])
        self.trf blocks = nn.Sequential(
            *[TransformerBlock(cfg) for _ in range(cfg["n_layers"])])
        self.final_norm = LayerNorm(cfg["emb_dim"])
        self.out_head = nn.Linear(
            cfg["emb_dim"], cfg["vocab_size"], bias=False
    def forward(self, in_idx):
        batch_size, seq_len = in_idx.shape
        tok_embeds = self.tok_emb(in_idx)
        pos_embeds = self.pos_emb(torch.arange(seq_len, device=in_idx.device))
        x = tok_embeds + pos_embeds # Shape [batch_size, num_tokens, emb_size]
        x = self.drop emb(x)
        x = self.trf_blocks(x)
        x = self.final_norm(x)
        logits = self.out_head(x)
        return logits
```

```
In [ ]: #Modeli huggingface'den indirip config bilgisi ile yükledim.
         file_name = "D:\\llm\\model\\gpt2-small-124M.pth"
         GPT_CONFIG_124M = {
             "vocab_size": 50257, # Vocabulary size
             "context_length": 1024, # Shortened context Length (orig: 1024)
             "emb_dim": 768,  # Embedding dimension
"n_heads": 12,  # Number of attention heads
"n_layers": 12,  # Number of Layers
"drop_rate": 0.1,  # Dropout rate
"qkv_bias": True  # Query-key-value bias
         torch.manual seed(123)
         model = GPTModel(GPT CONFIG 124M)
         model.load_state_dict(torch.load(file_name, weights_only=True))
         model.eval()
         device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
         model.to(device)
In [ ]: #Eğitime başlamadan önce tüm ağırlıkları dondurdum.
         for param in model.parameters():
             param.requires_grad = False
In [ ]: |torch.manual_seed(123)
         #Modelin son kısmını 2 çıkışlı network ile değiştirdim.
         num classes = 2
         model.out_head = torch.nn.Linear(in_features=GPT_CONFIG_124M["emb_dim"], out_fea
         model.out_head = model.out_head.to(device)
In [ ]: #Son transformer block ve finalLayerNorm kısmını eğitim amaçlı açtım.
         for param in model.trf_blocks[-1].parameters():
             param.requires_grad = True
         for param in model.final_norm.parameters():
             param.requires grad = True
In [ ]: PAD_ID = 50256
         #Modelde attentionda PAD mask olmadığı için en son valid token almak için yazıld
         def last valid logits(xb, model, device, pad id=PAD ID):
             xb = xb.to(device)
             last_idx = (xb != pad_id).sum(dim=1) - 1
             logits_all = model(xb) # [B, T, C]
             return logits_all[torch.arange(xb.size(0), device=device), last_idx, :] # [
         #cross entropy loss kullandım.
         def calc_loss_batch(input_batch, target_batch, model, device):
             input_batch, target_batch = input_batch.to(device), target_batch.to(device)
             logits = last_valid_logits(input_batch, model, device, PAD_ID)
             loss = torch.nn.functional.cross_entropy(logits, target_batch)
             return loss
         def calc loss loader(data loader, model, device, num batches=None):
             total_loss = 0.
             if len(data_loader) == 0:
```

```
return float("nan")
    elif num_batches is None:
        num_batches = len(data_loader)
        num_batches = min(num_batches, len(data_loader))
    for i, (input_batch, target_batch) in enumerate(data_loader):
        if i < num_batches:</pre>
            loss = calc_loss_batch(input_batch, target_batch, model, device)
            total_loss += loss.item()
        else:
            break
    return total_loss / num_batches
def calc_accuracy_loader(data_loader, model, device, num_batches=None):
    model.eval()
    correct_predictions, num_examples = 0, 0
    if num batches is None:
        num_batches = len(data_loader)
    else:
        num_batches = min(num_batches, len(data_loader))
    for i, (input_batch, target_batch) in enumerate(data_loader):
        if i < num batches:</pre>
            input_batch, target_batch = input_batch.to(device), target_batch.to(
            with torch.no_grad():
                logits = last_valid_logits(input_batch, model, device, PAD_ID)
            predicted_labels = torch.argmax(logits, dim=-1)
            num_examples += predicted_labels.shape[0]
            correct_predictions += (predicted_labels == target_batch).sum().item
        else:
            break
    return correct predictions / num examples
def evaluate model(model, train loader, val loader, device, eval iter):
    model.eval()
    with torch.no grad():
        train_loss = calc_loss_loader(train_loader, model, device, num_batches=e
        val loss = calc loss loader(val loader, model, device, num batches=eval
    model.train()
    return train_loss, val_loss
```

```
epochs_no_improve = 0
best_epoch = -1
for epoch in range(num_epochs):
   model.train()
   for input_batch, target_batch in train_loader:
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        loss = calc_loss_batch(input_batch, target_batch, model, device)
        loss.backward()
       optimizer.step()
        examples_seen += input_batch.shape[0]
        global_step += 1
        if global_step % eval_freq == 0 and global_step > 0:
            train_loss, val_loss = evaluate_model(
                model, train_loader, val_loader, device, eval_iter=eval_iter
            train_losses.append(train_loss)
            val_losses.append(val_loss)
            print(f"Ep {epoch+1} (Step {global_step:06d}): "
                  f"Train loss {train_loss:.3f}, Val loss {val_loss:.3f}")
    epoch_train_loss, epoch_val_loss = evaluate_model(
        model, train_loader, val_loader, device, eval_iter=None # tamamını
   train_accuracy = calc_accuracy_loader(train_loader, model, device, num_b
    val_accuracy = calc_accuracy_loader(val_loader, model, device, num_b
    print(f"[Epoch {epoch+1}] mean Train loss {epoch_train_loss:.3f}, mean V
    print(f"Training accuracy: {train_accuracy*100:.2f}% | Validation accura
    train_accs.append(train_accuracy)
    val accs.append(val accuracy)
    # ---- EARLY STOPPING KONTROLÜ ----
    if early_stopping:
        improved = (best val loss - epoch val loss) > min delta
        if improved:
            best_val_loss = epoch_val_loss
            best_epoch = epoch + 1
            epochs_no_improve = 0
            if restore_best_weights:
                best_state_dict = copy.deepcopy(model.state_dict())
            if checkpoint path: # opsiyonel diske kaydet
                torch.save(model.state_dict(), checkpoint_path)
        else:
            epochs_no_improve += 1
            if epochs_no_improve >= patience:
                print(f"Early stopping: {patience} epoch boyunca anlamlı iyi
                      f"En iyi Val loss {best_val_loss:.4f} (epoch {best_epo
                if restore_best_weights and best_state_dict is not None:
                    model.load_state_dict(best_state_dict)
                    print("Best weights geri yüklendi.")
                break
    # ---- /EARLY STOPPING ----
```

return train\_losses, val\_losses, train\_accs, val\_accs, examples\_seen

```
In [ ]: import time
        start_time = time.time()
        torch.manual_seed(123)
        #Optimizer olarak AdamW kullandım ve lr ile weight_decay değerlerini derste görd
        optimizer = torch.optim.AdamW(model.parameters(), lr=1e-5, weight_decay=0.01)
        num epochs = 20
        train_losses, val_losses, train_accs, val_accs, examples_seen = train_classifier
            model, train_loader, val_loader, optimizer, device,
            num_epochs=num_epochs,
            eval_freq=200,
                               # step içinde kısa örneklemle rapor
                               # step içi değerlendirmede kaç batch taransın
            eval_iter=4,
            early_stopping=True,
            patience=3,
                               # 3 epoch iyileşme yoksa dur
                               # val loss en az bu kadar düşerse "iyileşme" say
            min_delta=1e-3,
            restore best weights=True,
            checkpoint_path="phishing_classifier2_.pth" # istersen "best.pt" ver
        )
        end_time = time.time()
        execution_time_minutes = (end_time - start_time) / 60
        print(f"Training completed in {execution_time_minutes:.2f} minutes.")
In [ ]: torch.save(model.state_dict(), "phishing_classifier2.pth")
In [ ]: import pickle
        metrics = { "train_losses": train_losses, "val_losses": val_losses, "train_accs"
        with open("metrics2.pkl", "wb") as f:
            pickle.dump(metrics, f, protocol=pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
In [ ]: import torch
        import numpy as np
        @torch.no_grad()
        def eval_full(val_loader, model, device, pad_id=50256):
            model.eval()
            tp = fp = tn = fn = 0
            all probs = []
            all y = []
            for xb, yb in val_loader:
                xb = xb.to(device, non_blocking=True)
                yb = yb.to(device, non_blocking=True)
                # Son geçerli token'ın indeksini bul
                last idx = (xb != pad id).sum(dim=1) - 1
                # Logits'i o pozisyondan al
                logits_all = model(xb)
                                                                         # [B, T, C]
                logits = logits_all[torch.arange(xb.size(0), device=device), last_idx, :
                preds = torch.argmax(logits, dim=-1)
                                                                         # [B]
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probs = torch.softmax(logits, dim=-1)[:, 1]
                                                                         # positive sinif
                # Confusion matrix bileşenleri
                tp += ((preds == 1) & (yb == 1)).sum().item()
                tn += ((preds == 0) & (yb == 0)).sum().item()
                fp += ((preds == 1) & (yb == 0)).sum().item()
                fn += ((preds == 0) & (yb == 1)).sum().item()
                all_probs.append(probs.detach().cpu())
                all_y.append(yb.detach().cpu())
            # Temel metrikler
            total = tp + tn + fp + fn
            acc = (tp + tn) / max(1, total)
            precision = tp / max(1, tp + fp)
            recall = tp / max(1, tp + fn)
            f1 = 2 * precision * recall / max(1e-12, (precision + recall))
            # ROC-AUC (ranks yöntemi; sklearn yok)
            y_true = torch.cat(all_y).numpy()
            scores = torch.cat(all_probs).numpy()
            pos = (y_true == 1)
            n_pos = int(pos.sum())
            n_neg = len(y_true) - n_pos
            auc = None
            if n_pos > 0 and n_neg > 0:
                order = np.argsort(scores)
                ranks = np.empty_like(order)
                ranks[order] = np.arange(len(scores)) + 1
                sum_ranks_pos = ranks[pos].sum()
                auc = (sum_ranks_pos - n_pos * (n_pos + 1) / 2) / (n_pos * n_neg)
            return {
                "accuracy": acc,
                 "precision": precision,
                "recall": recall,
                "f1": f1,
                "roc_auc": auc,
                "confusion_matrix": {"tn": tn, "fp": fp, "fn": fn, "tp": tp},
            }
        metrics = eval_full(val_loader, model, device)
        print(metrics)
In [ ]: test metrics = eval full(test loader, model, device, pad id=50256)
In [ ]: test_metrics
In [ ]: #TF-IDF vs fine-tuned GPT2-small
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
        from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
        from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
        from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_sc
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
X_train = train_df["Email Text"].astype(str).values
y_train = train_df["Email Type"].astype(int).values
        = validation_df["Email Text"].astype(str).values
y_val
        = validation_df["Email Type"].astype(int).values
X_test = test_df["Email Text"].astype(str).values
y_test = test_df["Email Type"].astype(int).values
pipe = Pipeline([
    ("tfidf", TfidfVectorizer(
        lowercase=False,
        strip_accents="unicode",
        sublinear_tf=True
    )),
    ("lr", LogisticRegression(
        max_iter=2000,
        n_jobs=None,
        solver="liblinear"
    ))
1)
param_grid = {
    "tfidf__ngram_range": [(1,1), (1,2)],
    "tfidf__min_df": [2, 5],
    "tfidf__max_features": [None, 100_000],
    "lr__C": [0.5, 1.0, 2.0],
    "lr__penalty": ["12"]
gs = GridSearchCV(
   pipe,
   param_grid=param_grid,
   scoring="f1",
   cv=3,
   n_jobs=-1,
   verbose=1
gs.fit(X_train, y_train)
baseline = gs.best estimator
# === 3) Validation ve Test performans: ===
def evaluate(model, X, y):
   proba = model.predict_proba(X)[:,1]
    pred = (proba >= 0.5).astype(int)
   return {
        "accuracy": accuracy score(y, pred),
        "precision": precision_score(y, pred, zero_division=0),
        "recall":
                  recall_score(y, pred, zero_division=0),
                    f1_score(y, pred, zero_division=0),
        "f1":
        "roc_auc": roc_auc_score(y, proba),
        "confusion_matrix": confusion_matrix(y, pred, labels=[0,1])
   }
baseline_val = evaluate(baseline, X_val, y_val)
baseline_test = evaluate(baseline, X_test, y_test)
# GPT2 test veri setindeki sonuçlarım.
gpt2 test = {
```

```
"accuracy": 0.9686544342507645,
    "precision": 0.9734375,
    "recall": 0.9629057187017002,
    "f1": 0.9681429681429681,
    "roc_auc": 0.9965627462488338,
    "confusion_matrix": np.array([[644, 17],[24, 623]])
def plot_compare(baseline_metrics, gpt2_metrics, title_suffix="(Test Set)"):
   labels = ["Accuracy", "Precision", "Recall", "F1", "ROC-AUC"]
   base_vals = [baseline_metrics[k.lower()] for k in ["ACCURACY","PRECISION","R
   gpt2_vals = [gpt2_metrics[k.lower()] for k in ["ACCURACY","PRECISION","RE
   x = np.arange(len(labels))
   W = 0.35
   plt.figure(figsize=(9,5))
   b1 = plt.bar(x - w/2, base_vals, width=w, label="TF-IDF + LR")
   b2 = plt.bar(x + w/2, gpt2_vals, width=w, label="GPT-2 Fine-tuned")
   for bars in [b1, b2]:
       for b in bars:
            h = b.get_height()
            plt.text(b.get_x() + b.get_width()/2, h+0.01, f"{h:.2f}", ha="center
   plt.ylim(0,1.05)
   plt.xticks(x, labels)
   plt.title(f"Performans Karşılaştırması {title_suffix}")
   plt.ylabel("Skor")
   plt.legend()
   plt.grid(axis="y", alpha=0.2)
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
plot_compare(baseline_test, gpt2_test, "(Test)")
```