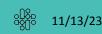


Design and Analysis of the Network Software Stack of an Asynchronous Many-Task System -- The LCI Parcelport of HPX

Jiakun Yan (UIUC), Hartmut Kaiser (LSU), Marc Snir (UIUC)

Parallel Applications Workshop, Alternatives To MPI+X November 13, 2023

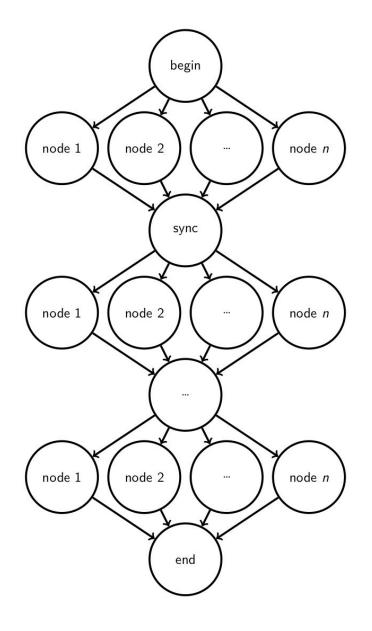


Traditional Programming Model

Bulk-Synchronous Programming (BSP)

Challenges:

- Heterogeneous Architectures
 - Multicore CPUs + GPUs + other accelerators...
- Irregular applications
 - Load imbalance, data-driven control flow...

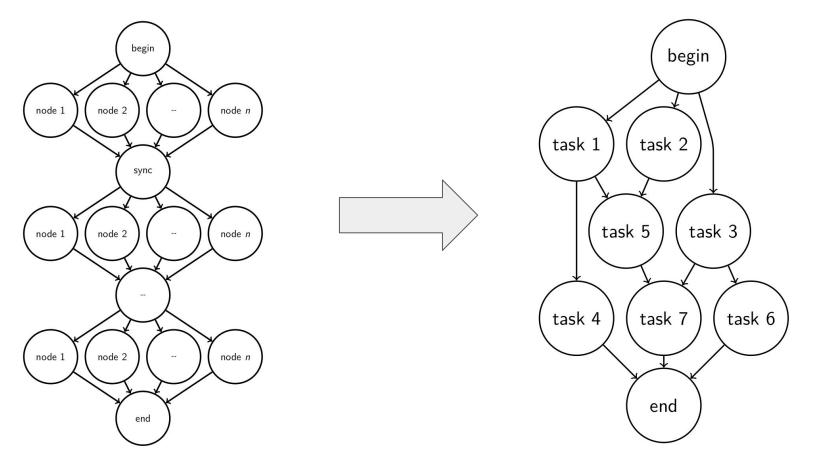




Asynchronous Many-Task Systems (AMTs)

Users: Tasks + Dependencies

Runtime: scheduling, data movement (communication), etc.





Changes in Communication Characteristics

Larger number of independent messages

Smaller messages

Dynamic communication patterns

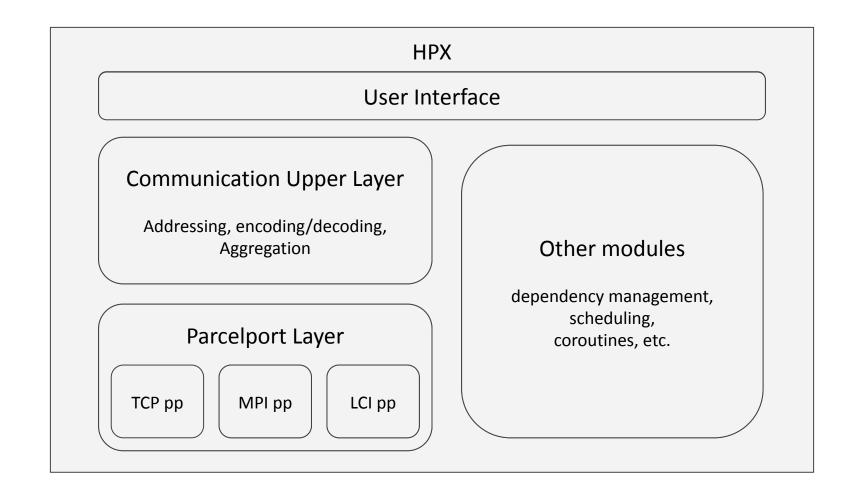
Multithreaded



HPX and Its Communication Stack

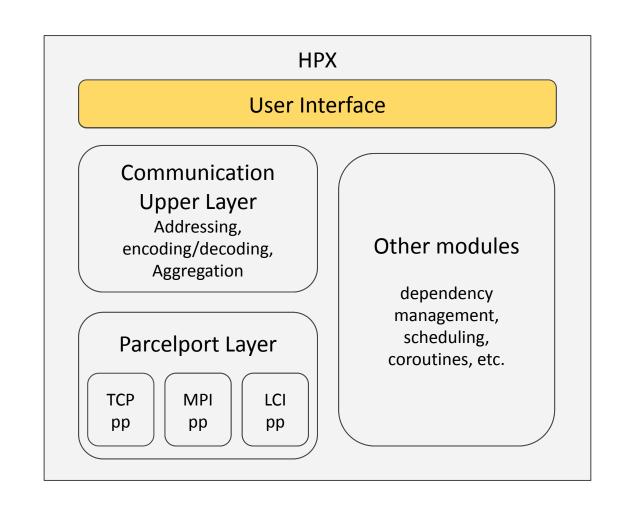


HPX Communication Software Stack



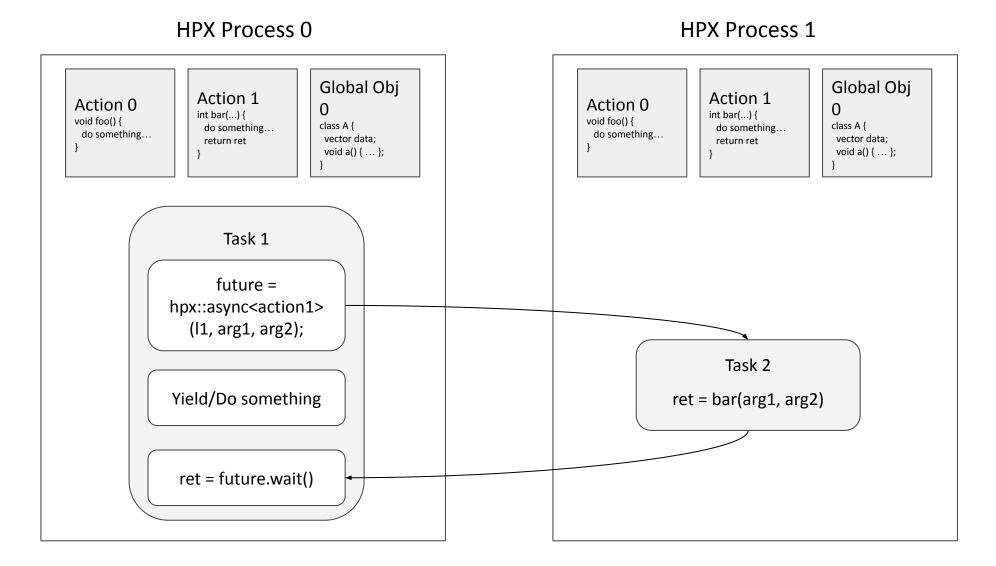


User Interface



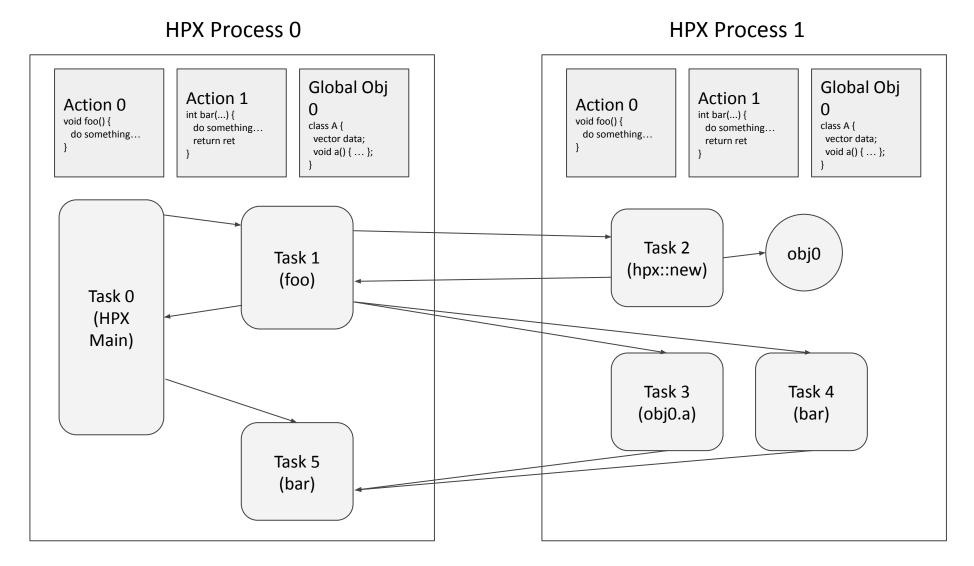


Remote Task Invocation



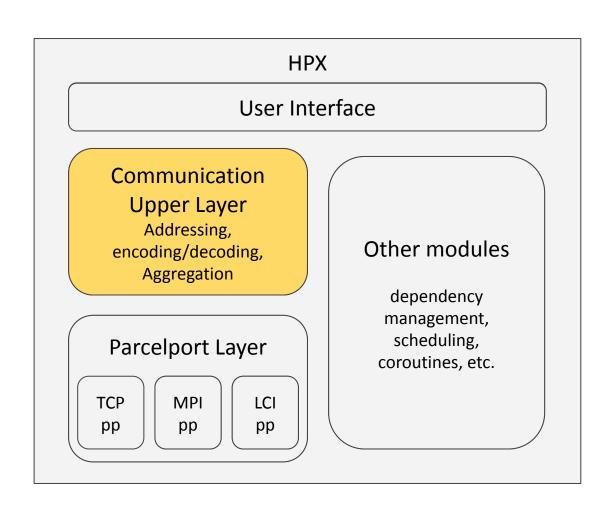


Composing Futures -> Task Graph



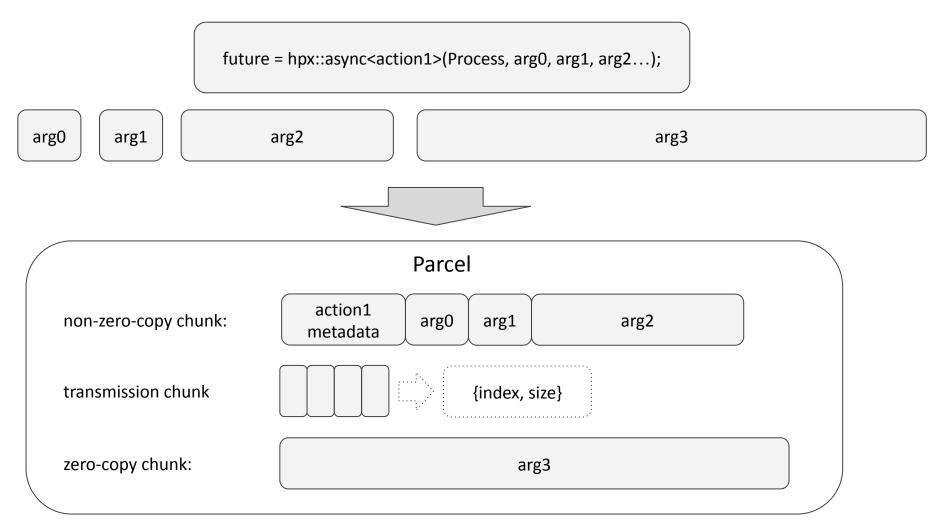


Communication Upper Layer





Communication Upper Layer: Parcel encoding



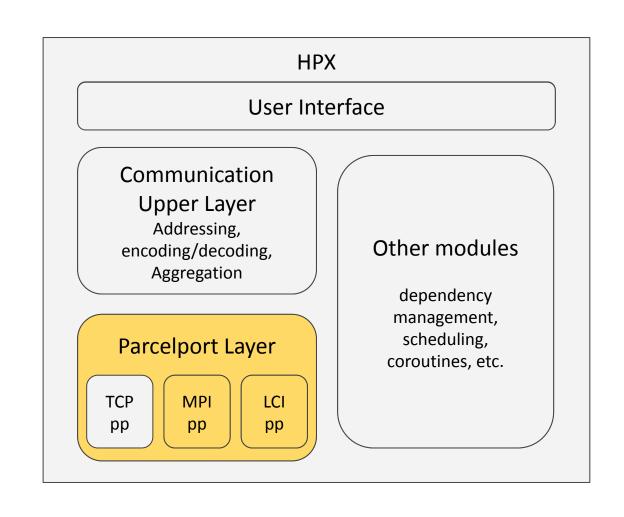


Communication Upper Layer: Aggregation

future = hpx::async<action1>(Process, arg0, arg1, arg2...); Other threads **Parcel Queues** Parcel parcel queue for Process 1 Parcel parcel queue for Process 2 parcel queue for Process 3 **Parcel** Aggregated Parcelport Layer Parcel



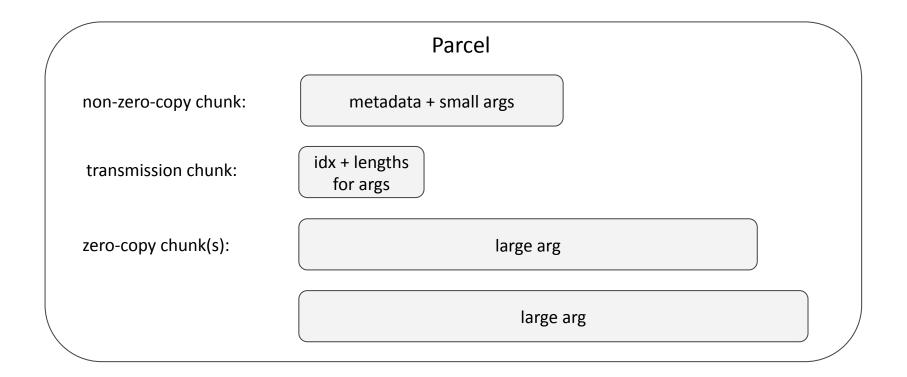
Parcelport Layer





Parcelport Layer

The job of parcelport layer is to transfer a parcel to the specified remote Process. (transmission chunk is only needed when there is at least one zero-copy chunk)

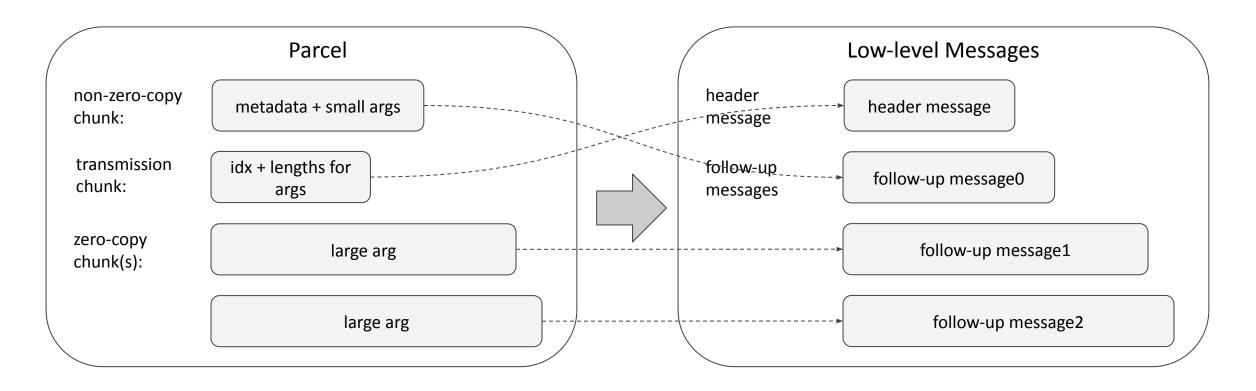




MPI/LCI Parcelport: Header

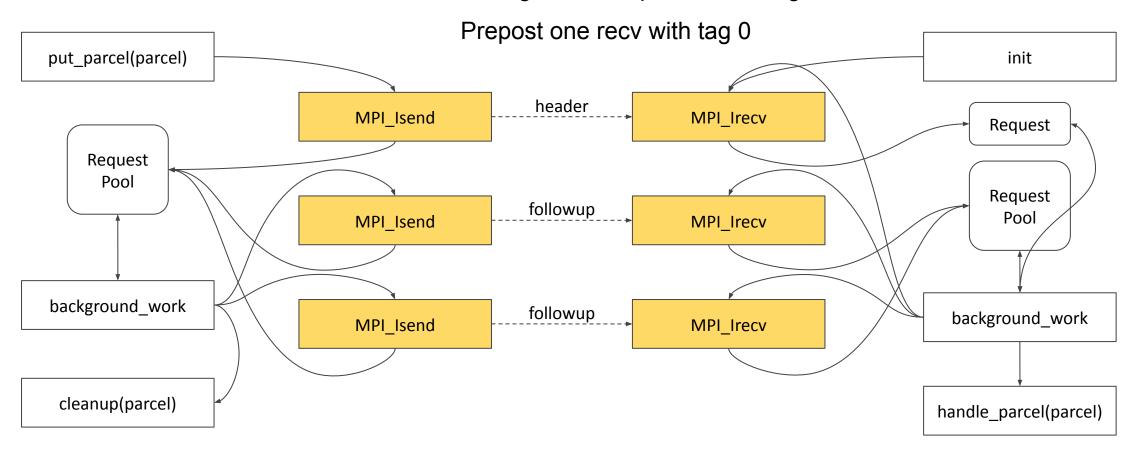
Generate a "header" of fixed length (tag, num of zc chunk, size of nzc/t chunk...)

Piggybacking non-zero-copy chunk or transmission chunk if possible.



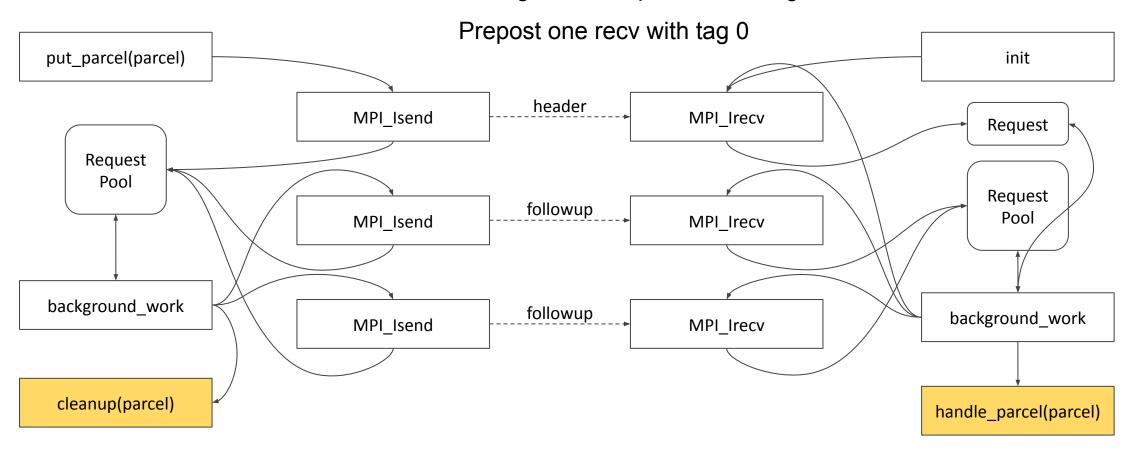


All messages are transferred with MPI_lsend/lrecv



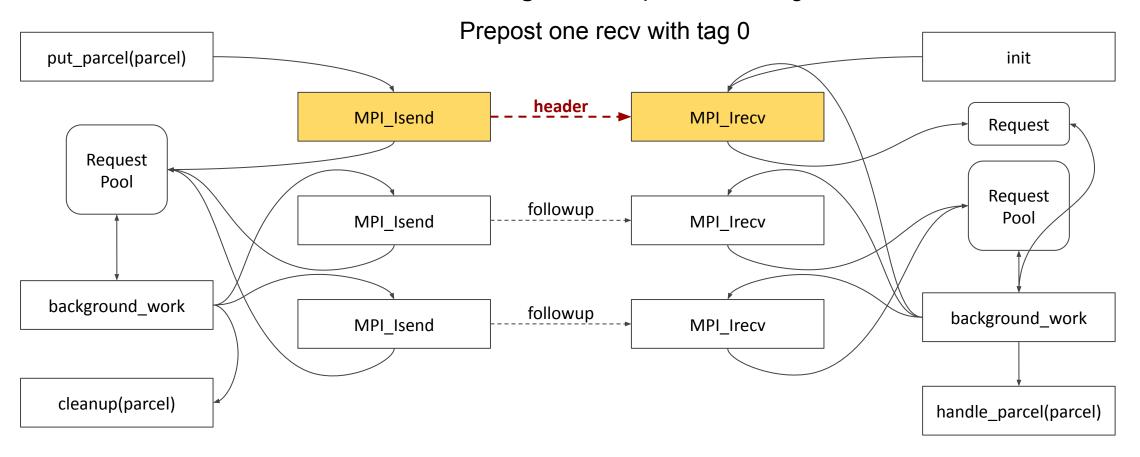


All messages are transferred with MPI_lsend/lrecv



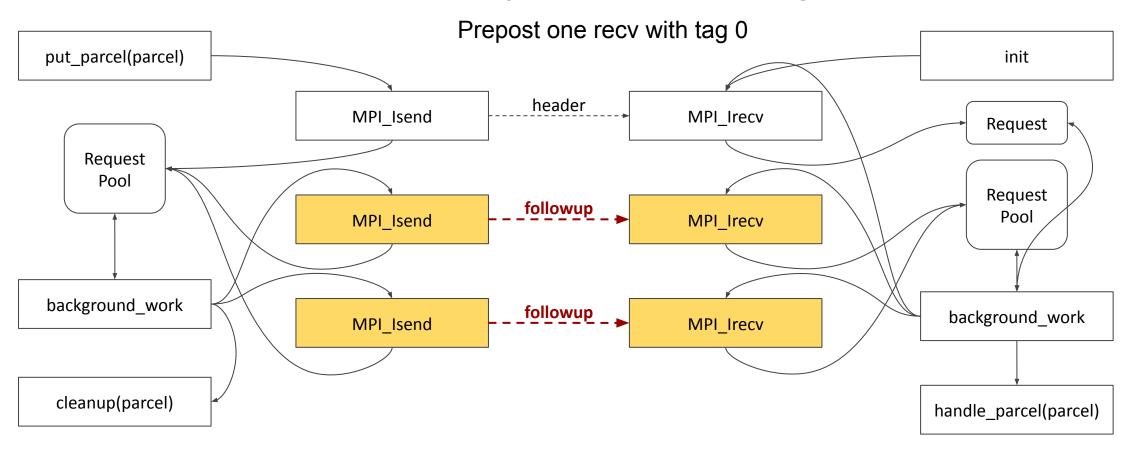


All messages are transferred with MPI_Isend/Irecv



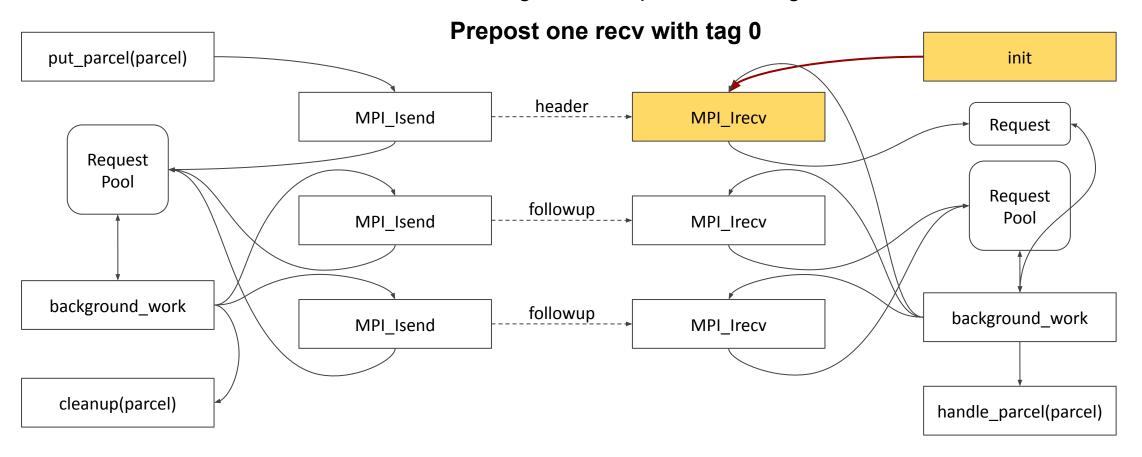


All messages are transferred with MPI_Isend/Irecv



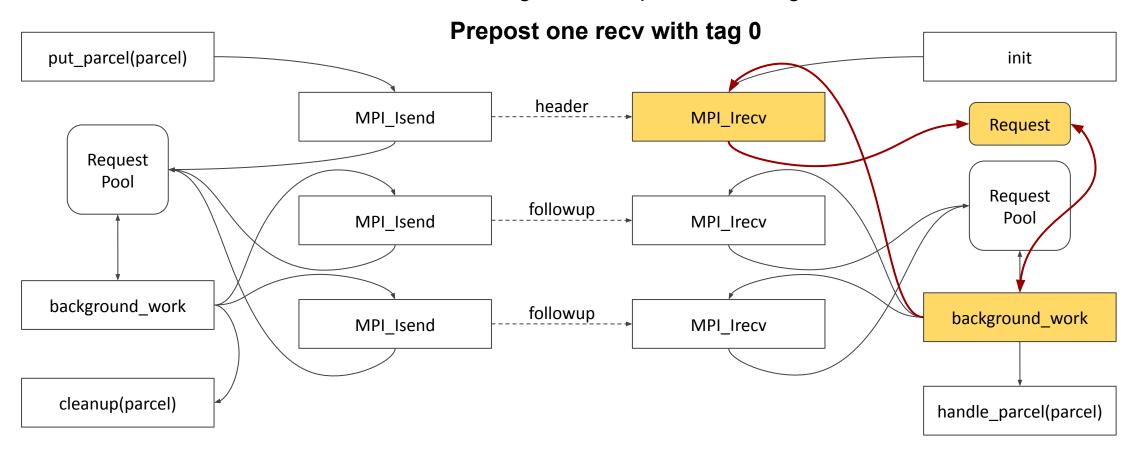


All messages are transferred with MPI_Isend/Irecv



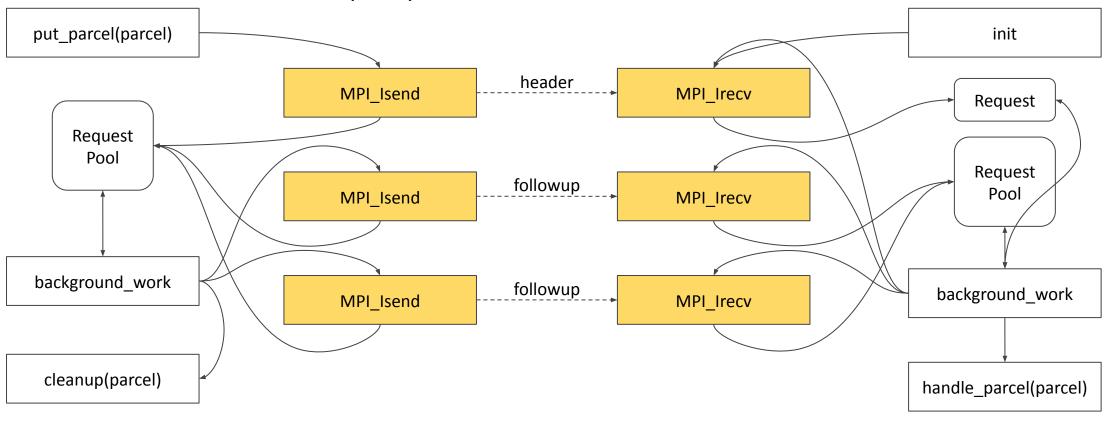


All messages are transferred with MPI_Isend/Irecv



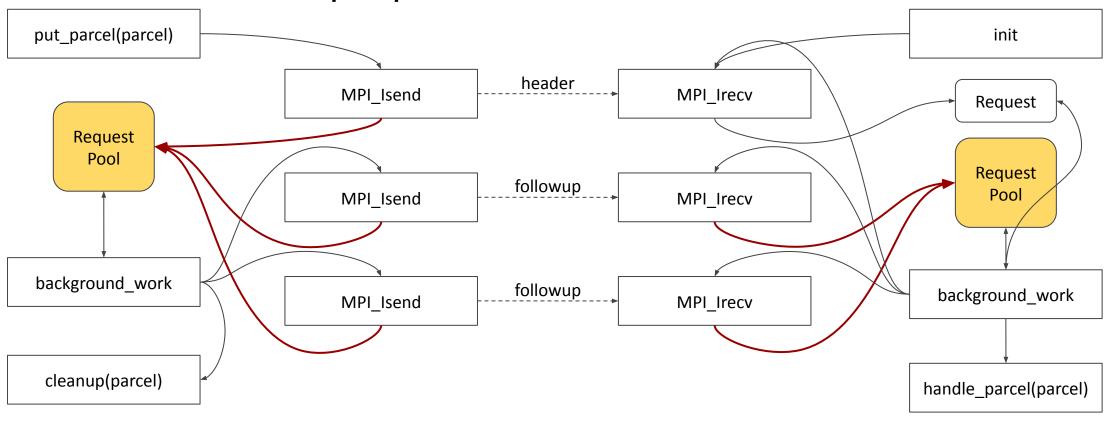


Isends/Irecvs are posted one by one



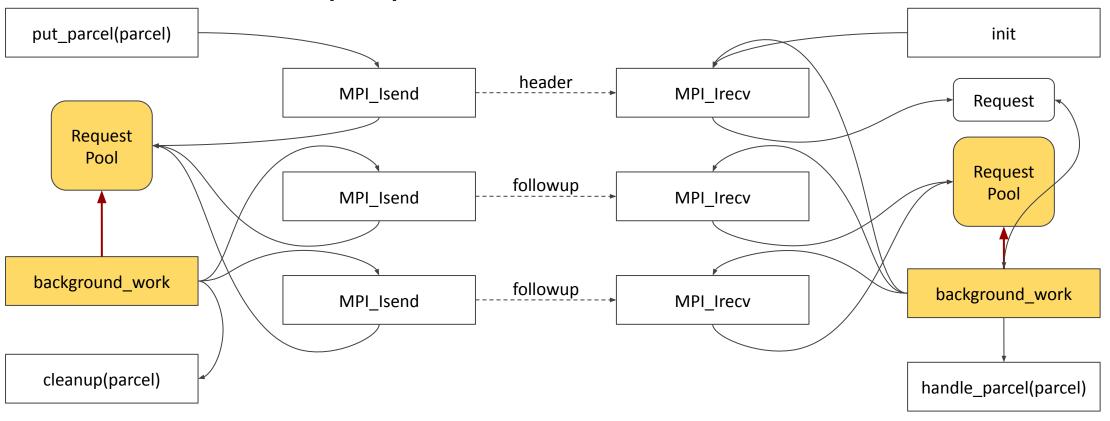


Isends/Irecvs are posted one by one



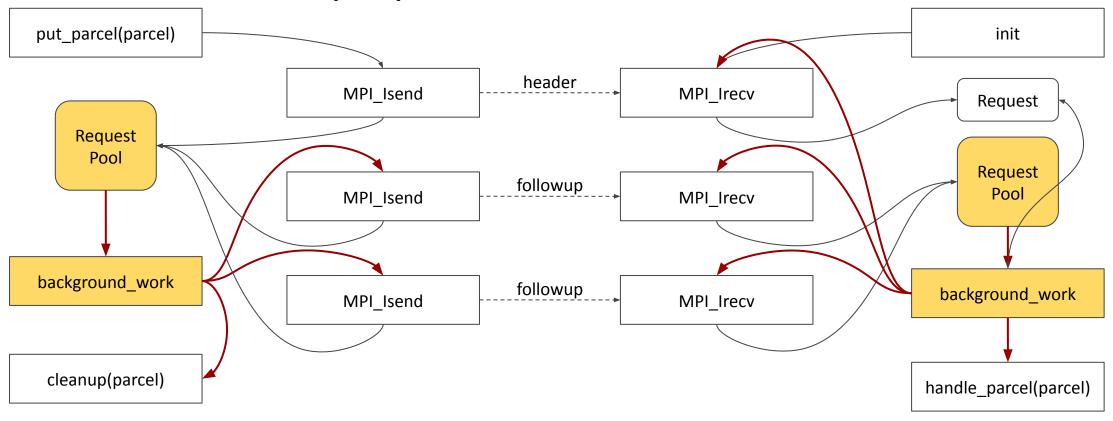


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Isends/Irecvs are posted one by one

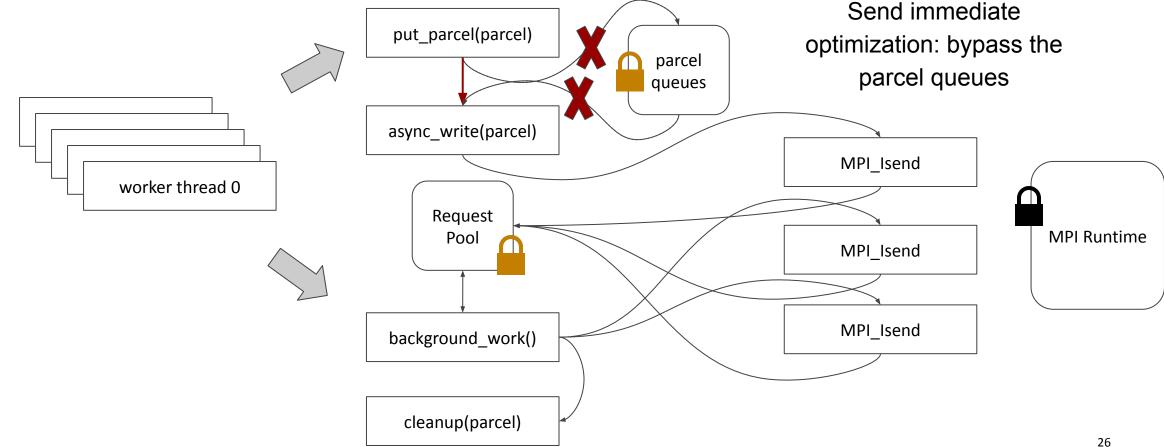




MPI Parcelport: Threads

All worker threads can call put_parcel

All worker threads can call background_work

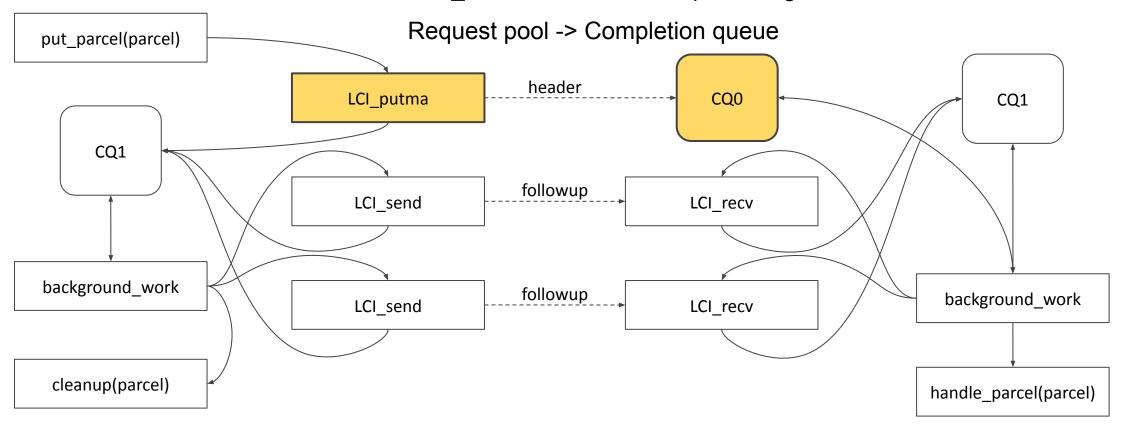




LCI Parcelport

Use LCI_putma (eager put w. remote signal & target buffer allocation) for header message.

Use LCI_send/recv for follow-up messages

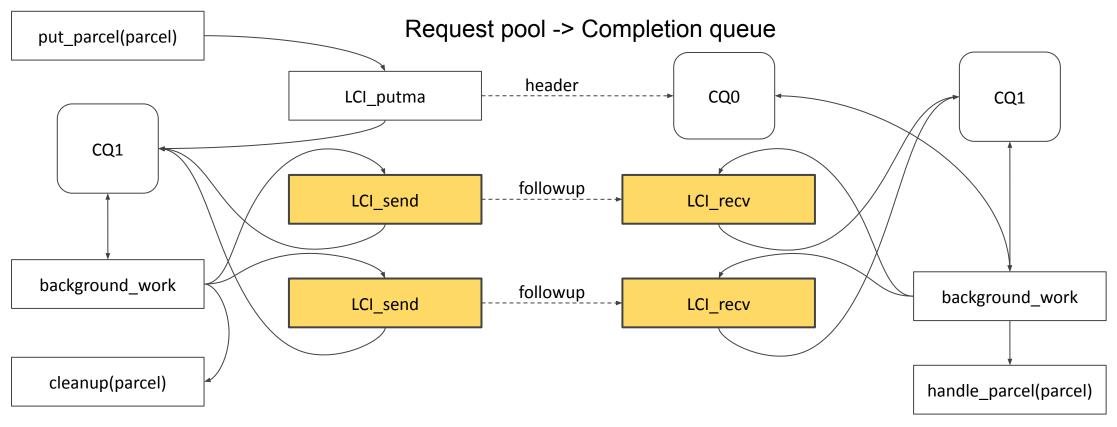




LCI Parcelport

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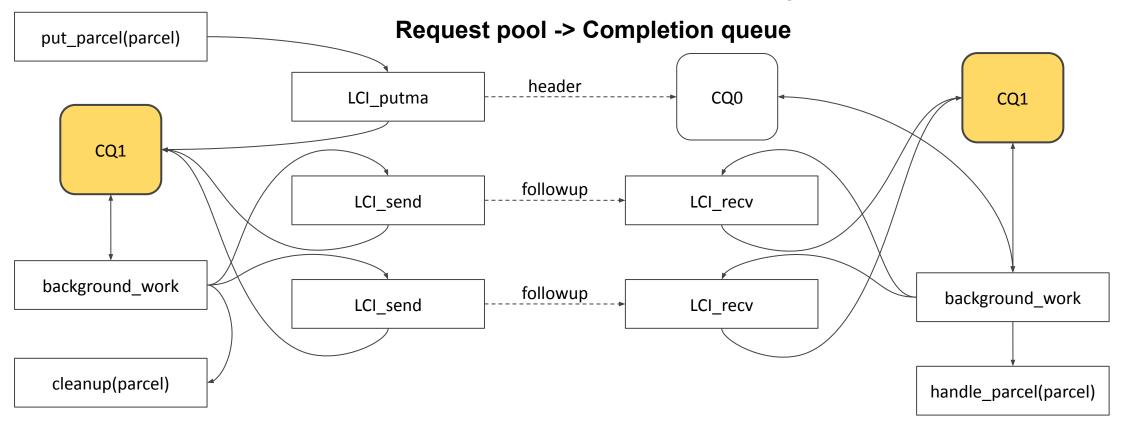




LCI Parcelport

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Use LCI_send/recv for follow-up messages



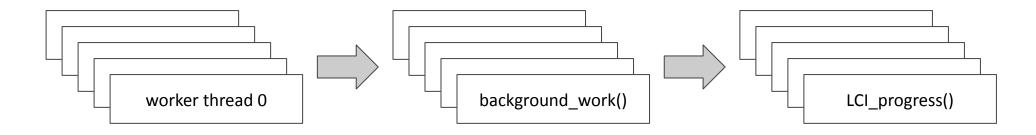


LCI Parcelport: LCI_progress

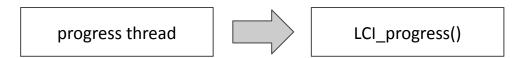
Explicit LCI_progress function.

Two options

All workers call LCI_progress()



Dedicated progress thread





Evaluation



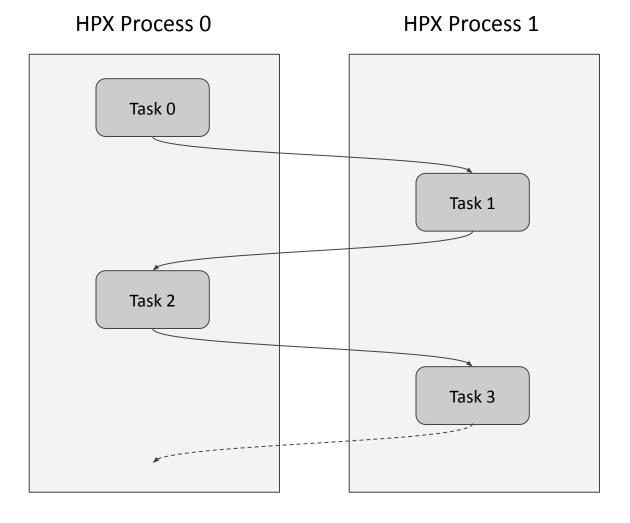
SDSC Expanse

- CPU
 - AMD EPYC 7742 64-Core Processor
 - 2 sockets, 128 cores per node
- Memory
 - 256 GB, DDR4
- NIC
 - Mellanox ConnectX-6
- Interconnect
 - HDR InfiniBand
 - 2x50 Gbps
- Software:
 - OpenMPI 4.1.5
 - UCX 1.14.0



HPX Microbenchmarks

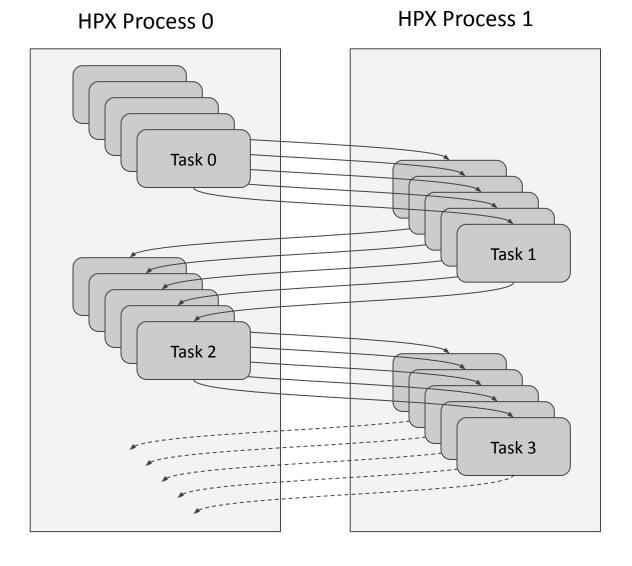
Task Chain





HPX Microbenchmarks

Multiple Chains of Tasks

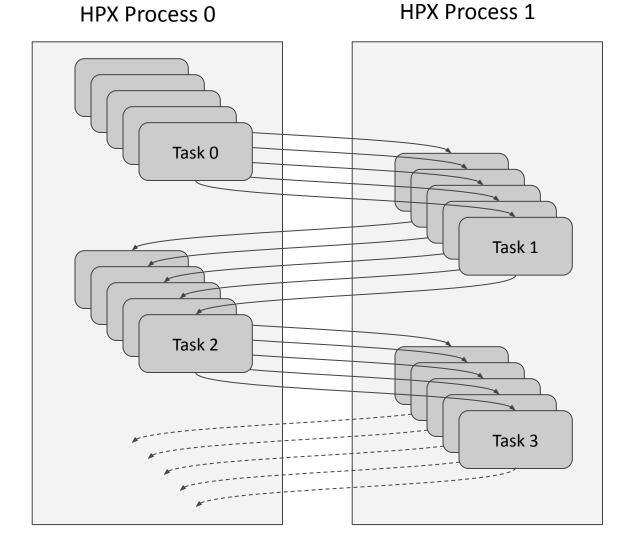




HPX Microbenchmarks

Multiple Chains of Tasks

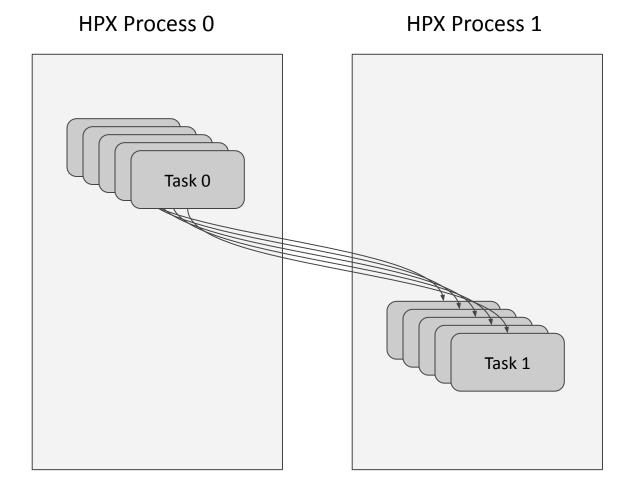
- number of chains
- length of chains
- message size
- injection rate





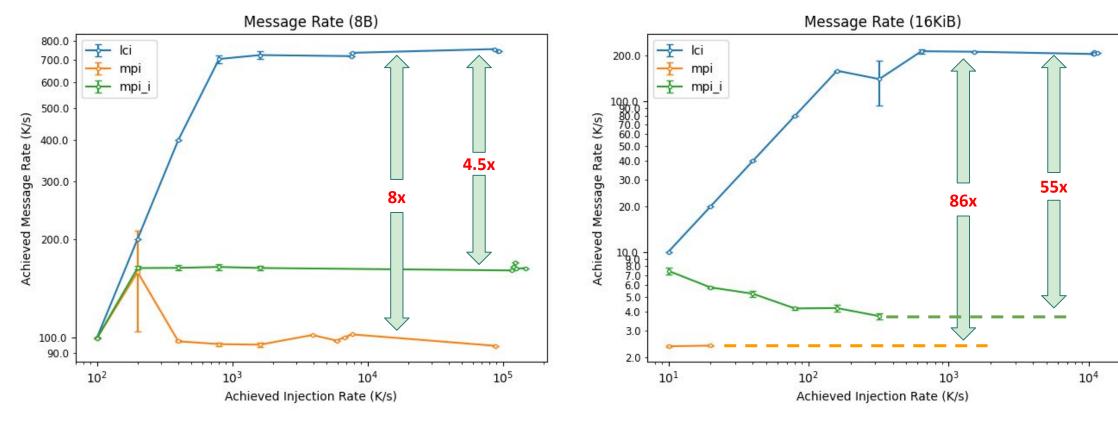
HPX Microbenchmark: Message Rate

- a very large number of chains
- chain length = 2
- varying message size
- varying injection rate





LCI parcelport v.s. MPI parcelport

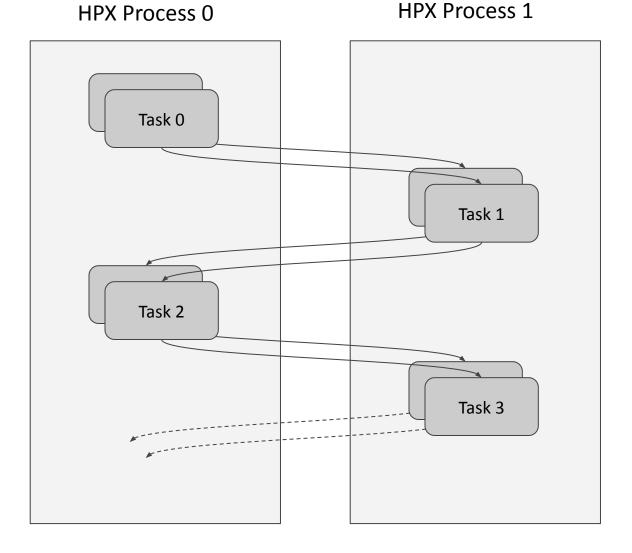


lci	The LCI parcelport with the send immediate optimization (bypass the parcel queues)
mpi	The default MPI parcelport (with the parcel queues)
mpi_i	The MPI parcelport with the send immediate optimization (bypass the parcel queues)



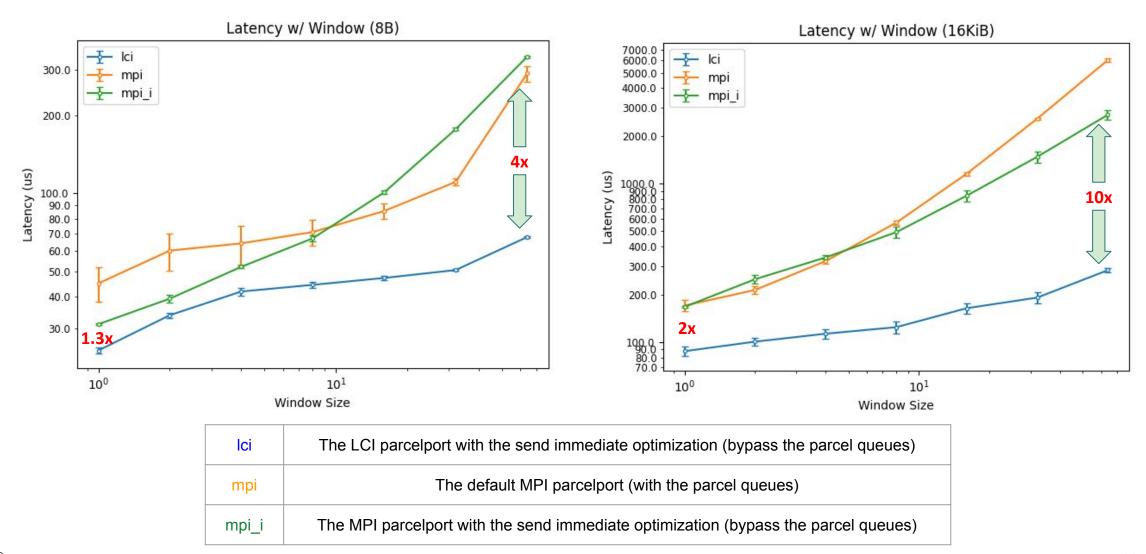
HPX Microbenchmark: Latency

- a small number of chains
- very large chain length
- varying message size





LCI parcelport v.s. MPI parcelport





Application-level benchmark: Octo-Tiger

- Astrophysics program simulating the evolution of star systems
- Based on fast multipole method on adaptive Octrees
- Implemented on top of HPX.



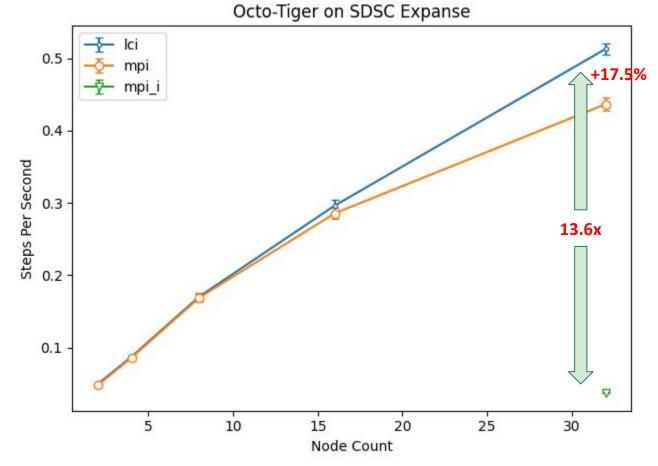
^[1] Octotiger GitHub repo: https://github.com/STEIIAR-GROUP/octotiger

^[2] Dominic C. Marcello, Sagiv Shiber, Orsola De Marco, Juhan Frank, Geoffrey C. Clayton, Patrick M. Motl, Patrick Diehl, Hartmut Kaiser, "Octo-Tiger: A New, 3D Hydrodynamic Code for Stellar Mergers that uses HPX Parallelisation", accepted for publication in the Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2021

Strong Scaling

Problem Size:

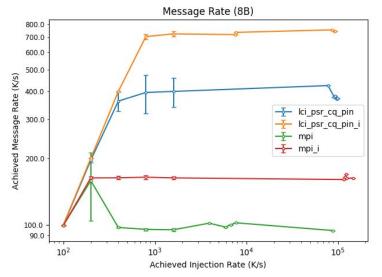
- Max tree level: 6.
- Initial tree size: 31817 nodes with 27840 leaves.
- Subgrid size per tree node: 8x8x8
- Iteration: 5.

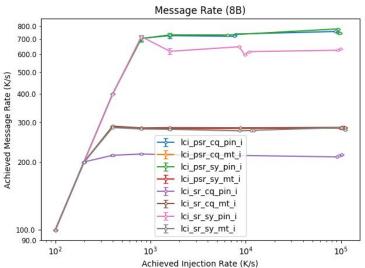


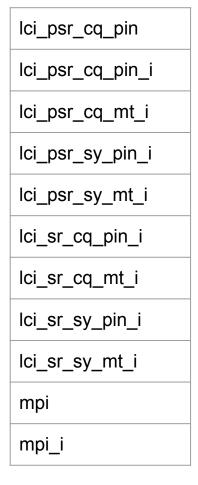
lci	The LCI parcelport with the send immediate optimization (bypass the parcel queues)
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More in the paper...







The send immediate optimizations Communication Primitives Completion Mechanisms Progress Engine

sr	send+recv
psr	put+send+recv
sy	synchronizer pools
cq	completion queue
pin	dedicated progress thread
mt	all worker threads making progress
i	enable send immediate optimization



Lessons Learned

- The LCI parcelport outperforms the MPI parcelport, by a large margin.
- Message Aggregation (the parcel queues) yields mixed results.
- Using a dedicated progress thread is almost always helpful.
- Polling one completion queue is preferable to polling multiple requests or synchronizers.
- A put with a remote completion (queue) signal achieves better performance than send-recv at high small-message rates



Lessons Learned

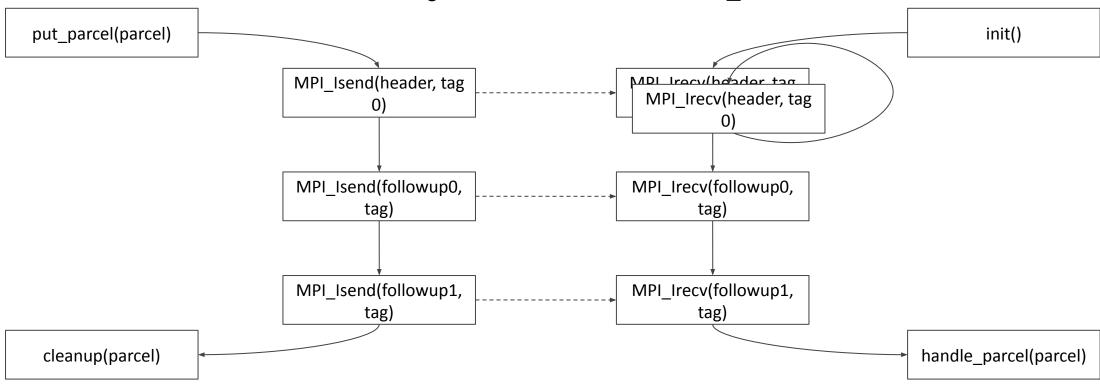
- The LCI parcelport outperforms the MPI parcelport, by a large margin.
 - Design and Analysis of the Network Software Stack of an Asynchronous Many-Task System
- Using a dedicated prince LCI Parcelport of HPX ays helpful.
- Polling one completion queue is preferable to polling multiple requests or <u>Jiakun Yan</u>, Hartmut Kaiser, Marc Snir
 - Questions: jiakuny3@illinois.edu
- A put with a remote completion (queue) signal achieves better
 - DOI: 10.1145/3624062.3624598
 - performance thar HPX GitHub: https://github.com/STEIIAR-GROUP/hpxates
 - LCI GitHub: https://github.com/uiuc-hpc/LC



MPI Parcelport: Communication Primitives

Prepost one recv with tag 0

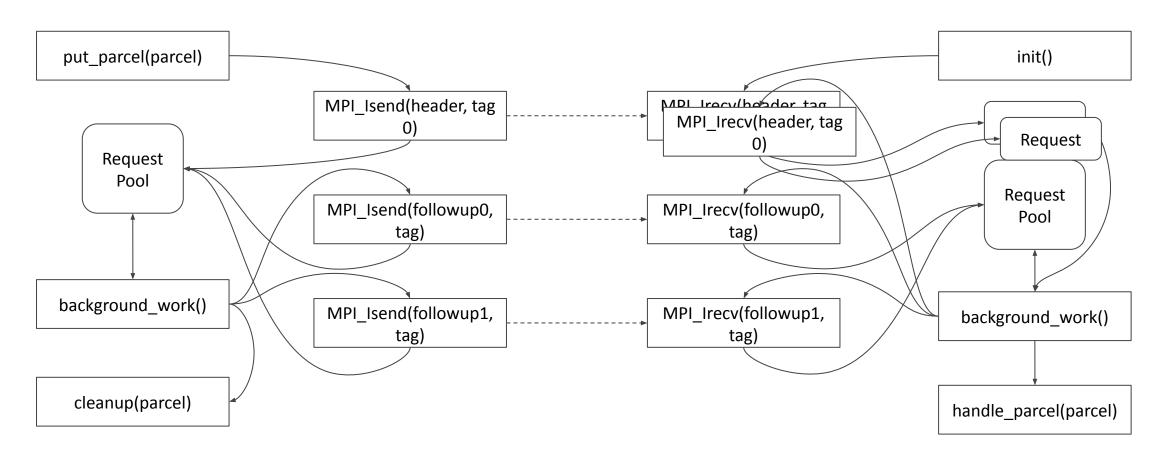
All messages are transferred with MPI_Isend/Irecv





MPI Parcelport: Synchronization

Request pools are checked in a round-robin manner.

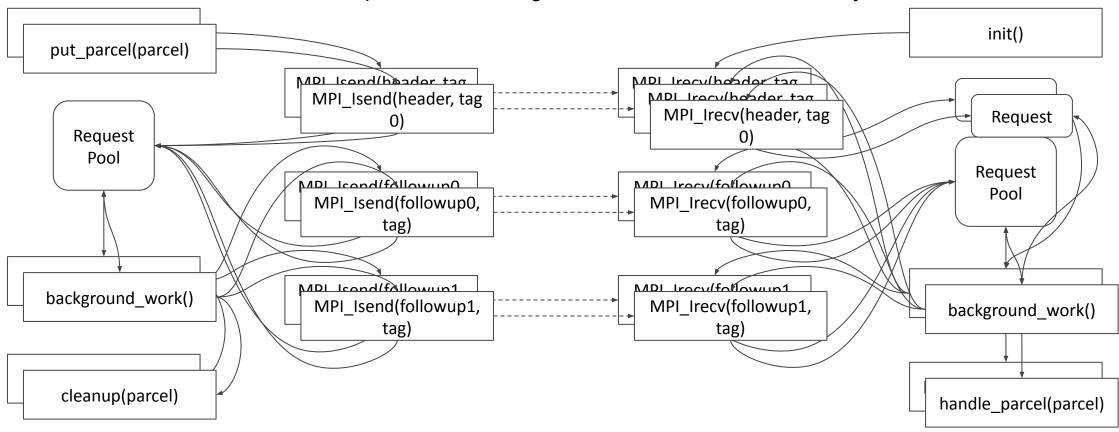




MPI Parcelport: Concurrency

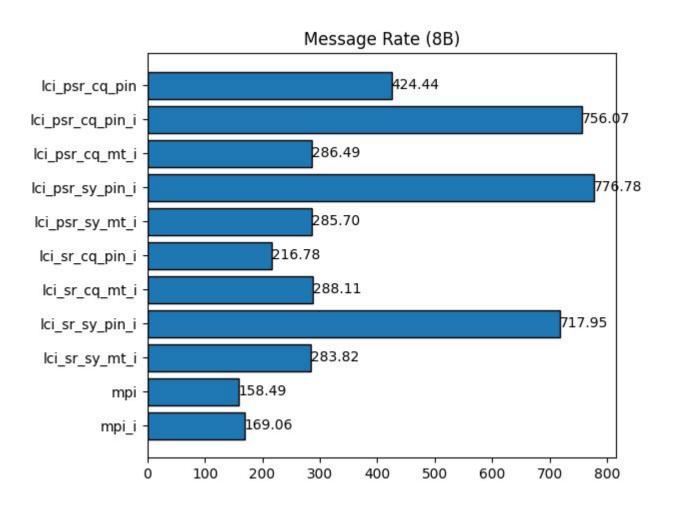
Only one pending low-level message send/recv is allowed per HPX message.

Multiple HPX messages can be sent simultaneously.





E.g. Message Rate (8-byte)



sr	send+recv
psr	put+send+recv
sy	synchronizer pools
cq	completion queue
pin	dedicated progress thread
mt	all worker threads making progress
i	enable send immediate optimization



Conclusion

- Changes in architectures and problems call for new programming model: Asynchronous Many-Task Systems.
- The performance of task systems heavily relies on the performance of the communication subsystem.
- This paper focus on
 - Detailed design and implementation of the communication stack of an AMT: HPX.
 - Various design decisions and optimizations of HPX's new communication backend: the LCI parcelport.
 - The performance evaluation of
 - the LCI parcelport v.s. the MPI parcelport.
 - the design decisions of the LCI parcelport.



Conclusion

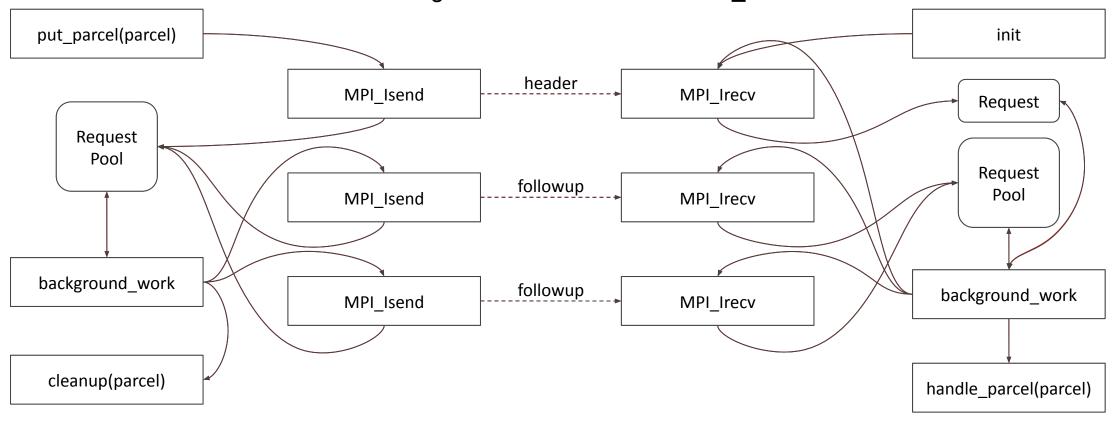
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 LCI parcelport.
 - The performance evaluat DOI: 10.1145/3624062.3624598
 - HPX GitHub: https://github.com/STEIIAR-GROUP/hpx
 - the LCI parcelport LCI GitHub: https://github.com/uiuc-hpc/LC
 - the design decisions of the LCI parcelport.



MPI Parcelport: Communication Primitives

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All messages are transferred with MPI_Isend/Irecv

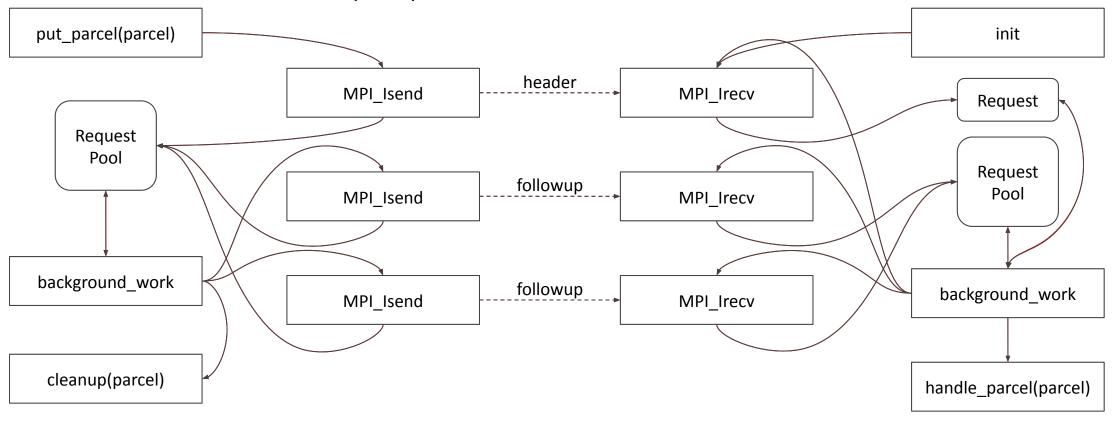




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Multiple HPX messages can be sent simultaneously.

