

HW#7. Due 11/27 Sat 11:59 PM

- Submit a hand-written pdf for problem 1-3.
- Submit a zipped vhd files for problem 4.
- The name of the zip file should be **your_id.zip**
- The top entity vhd file should be **top_moore.vhd** and **top_mealy.vhd**
 - Use any number of vhd files of any name as submodules
- When naming a signal for any module, avoid using 'reserved words'.
- **Stick to the given port names.** We will use an automatic grader and your answer will be wrong if you use a wrong port name. Case-insensitive.



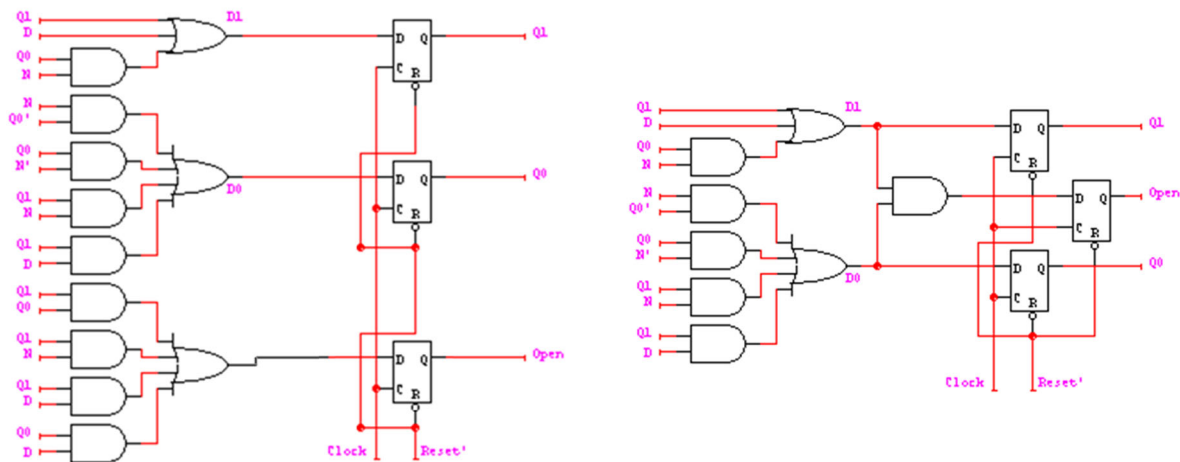
1. Vending machine FSM. Different synchronous mealy circuit for the same functionality?

This is for checking your understanding of the FSM codes. The answer is in the textbook, while you can easily think it out if you have a good understanding of the vending machine problem along with Moore, Mealy, and Sync. Mealy machines.

In our slides chapter 8, we talked about 1) a way to convert Moore machine to a sync.Mealy, and 2) a way to convert Mealy machine to a sync.Mealy.

Even though they are implementing the same functionality, the resulting circuits are different (see p.51). What made the difference? Describe it in your own words.

We suggest that you think it alone first, and have a look at the textbook later.



2. [JK F/F]

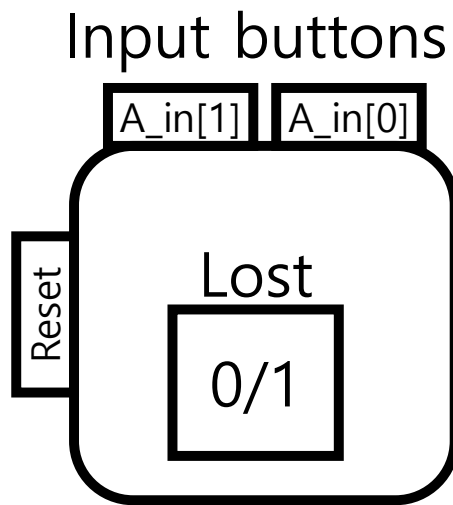
Characteristic equation for a JK flip flop is as below:

$$Q^+ = JQ' + K'Q$$

(a) Given a JK Flip Flop, design a T (toggle) flip flop. Explain how you derived the answer.

(b) Given a T (toggle) Flip Flop, design a JK flip flop. Explain how you derived the answer.

3. [FSM - Even/Odd Game]



You founded a startup that makes a gaming toy. The rule for the game is as follows:

- People sit down in a circle.
- After pressing the reset button, the game starts. Each person is given 10-seconds turn to input a 2-bit number using the buttons.
- The first person inputs any number and hold until the end of 10-second period.
- The second person inputs any number and hold until the end of 10-second period.
- **If your previous player inputted an even number, you should input an odd, number, and vice versa.**
- The device outputs '1' if it detects an even-even sequence, or an odd-odd sequence, indicating that the person lost.
- The game goes on even though someone lost, there is no stopping.

The above device is a simple example for an FSM, which detects even-even sequence or an odd-odd sequence out of 2-bit inputs. Assume the following.

- A. The reset is synchronous, active-high.
- B. A clock signal with 10-seconds period is provided.
- C. 'Odd number' means "01" and "11", while 'even number' means "00" and "10".
- D. Output is a single bit signal, '0' for okay, '1' for lost (pattern detected)

- (a) Draw a state diagram of a Moore machine.
- (b) Draw a state transition table for (a).
- (c) Draw a state diagram of a Mealy machine.
- (d) Draw a state transition table for (c).
- (e) After solving problem 4, paste screenshots of the testbench results, and explain that your circuit is correctly working.

4. FSM – VHDL

- (a) Implement the moore machine from problem 3. Write a testbench yourself, and verify that your circuit works.
- (b) Implement the mealy machine from problem 3. Write a testbench yourself, and verify that your circuit works.

Specifications:

- When writing a testbench, you don't have to bother making a 10-second period. It was just an example. Just input a clock of any period.
- You don't have to submit your testbench. We will use our own. In case yours do not work with our testbench, we will ask separately you for partial credits.
- Your circuit must be synthesizable from Quartus.
- The reset is synchronous, active-high.
- The name of the input ports:
 - A_in[1 downto 0]
 - reset, clk
- The name of the output port:
 - lost
- Web searching for general things are fine: e.g., how to write FSM in VHDL, how to write testbench in VHDL, how to implement clock, etc. However, don't copy-and-paste anything.
- If you are not sure about anything, ask us before doing it.