Feedback — Week 5 Quiz (Due 7-July)

You submitted this quiz on **Mon 6 Jul 2015 10:37 AM CEST**. You got a score of **10.00** out of **10.00**.

Question 1

What is wrong with this Python loop:

```
n = 5
while n > 0 :
    print n
print 'All done'
```

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
This loop will run forever	~	1.00	
There should be no colon on the while statement			
The print 'All done' statement should be indented four spaces			
while is not a Python reserved word			
Total		1.00 /	
		1.00	

Question 2

What does the **break** statement do?

Your Answer Score Explanation

Exits the program		
Exits the currently executing loop	~	1.00
Resets the iteration variable to its initial value		
Jumps to the "top" of the loop and starts the next iteration		
Total		1.00 / 1.00

What does the **continue** statement do?

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
Resets the iteration variable to its initial value			
Exits the currently executing loop			
Exits the program			
Jumps to the "top" of the loop and starts the next iteration	~	1.00	
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

Question 4

What does the following Python program print out?

```
tot = 0
for i in [5, 4, 3, 2, 1] :
   tot = tot + 1
print tot
```

O 15		
O 0		
o 5	✓	1.00
O 10		
Total		1.00 / 1.00

What is the *iteration* variable in the following Python code:

```
friends = ['Joseph', 'Glenn', 'Sally']
for friend in friends :
    print 'Happy New Year:', friend
print 'Done!'
```

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
friend	~	1.00	
O friends			
Sally			
OJoseph			
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

Question 6

What is a good description of the following bit of Python code?

```
zork = 0
for thing in [9, 41, 12, 3, 74, 15] :
```

```
zork = zork + thing
print 'After', zork
```

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
Sum all the elements of a list	~	1.00	
O Compute the average of the elements in a list			
Find the smallest item in a list			
O Count all of the elements in a list			
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

What will the following code print out?

```
smallest_so_far = -1
for the_num in [9, 41, 12, 3, 74, 15] :
    if the_num < smallest_so_far :
        smallest_so_far = the_num
print smallest_so_far</pre>
```

Hint: This is a trick question and most would say this code has a bug - so read carefully

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
● -1	~	1.00	
3			
O 74			
O 42			
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

What is a good statement to describe the **is** operator as used in the following if statement:

```
if smallest is None :
    smallest = value
```

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
O Is true if the smallest variable has a value of -1			
The if statement is a syntax error			
matches both type and value	~	1.00	
O Looks up 'None' in the smallest variable if it is a string			
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

Question Explanation

The **is** operator is stronger than the equality operator (==) as it insists on matching the two values exactly including type. This simple example shows the difference:

```
>>> 1.0 == 1
True
>>> 1.0 is 1
False
```

While 1.0 is the same *value* after the integer 1 is converted to floating point, the **is** operator does no conversion and so the two values do not match. The **is** operator is best used on small constant values like small integers, True, False, and None. The **is** operator should not be used with large numeric values or strings - these values should be compared with the == operator.

Question 9

o for

Which reserved word indicates the start of an "indefinite" loop in Python?

Your Answer	Score	Explanation	

def		
O break		
while	~	1.00
indef		
Total		1.00 / 1.00

How many times will the body of the following loop be executed?

```
n = 0
while n > 0:
    print 'Lather'
    print 'Rinse'
print 'Dry off!'
```

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
O 5		
⊙ 0	✓ 1.00	
O 1		
This in an infinite loop		
Total	1.00 / 1.00	