# Kernel Debug Zoo

**Workshop Edition** 

Nandor Kracser

https://github.com/bonifaido/kernel-debug-zoo

# What This Workshop Covers

- Why kernel debugging features matter
- Why you should test against different kernel versions
- Core tools: lockdep , KASAN , KMEMLEAK , KFENCE , SLUB\_DEBUG
- How to trigger them with demo modules
- How Rust could help?

## What Is Kernel Debugging?

- Debugging the Linux kernel is very different from userspace:
  - No full stack traces by default
  - ∘ Panics can crash the system
  - Subtle bugs (e.g., race conditions) hard to reproduce
- Needs special tooling and awareness (out of the box)
- @ Goal: Add kernel debbuging tools to your everyday toolbox

### The 2024 CrowdStrike Kernel Panic

- CrowdStrike Falcon Sensor triggered a **kernel panic** on many Linux systems in April 2024
- Cause: faulty eBPF hook in a widely deployed version
- Broke critical infrastructure DNS, mail, auth, etc.

#### Lessons:

- Always test kernel code across versions
- 🗸 Validate against all upstream kernels
- X Don't test only the "happy path"
- Takeaway: kernel-space bugs scale globally.

# **lockdep**

#### Lock Dependency Validator

- Detects incorrect lock ordering
- Flags possible deadlocks
- Works best when locks are used inconsistently
- WARNING: possible circular locking dependency detected
- Usually enabled
- % Boot param: lockdep

# **KASAN**

#### Kernel Address Sanitizer

- Detects:
  - ∘ Use-after-free
  - Out-of-bounds accesses
- Reports with stack trace
- % Boot params: kasan=on kasan.multi\_shot=1
- Needs: CONFIG\_KASAN=y

## KFENCE - Kernel Electric Fence

- Lightweight, always—on memory bug detector
- Similar to KASAN in term os features

#### Tradeoffs:

- Lower accuracy than KASAN
- Near-zero performance overhead
- Safe for **production systems**
- % Enable: kfence.sample\_interval=100
- ✓ Perfect for long-running systems & catching rare bugs



#### Memory Leak Detector

- Scans memory for unreachable allocations
- Reports leaks via:

/sys/kernel/debug/kmemleak

% Boot param: kmemleak=on

Enable with: CONFIG\_DEBUG\_KMEMLEAK

# SLUB Debugging

#### Heap Hardening

- Detects:
  - Redzone overflows
  - Double frees
  - ∘ Use-after-free
- Works with the kmalloc() family of functions
- KASAN provides these features
- % Boot param: slub\_debug=PU

# Page Poisoning

- Catches access to freed pages
- Poisons memory (e.g., with 0xaa)
- Triggers Oops on access

% Boot param: page\_poison=1

Needs: CONFIG\_PAGE\_POISONING

### Race Condition Demo

- 2 threads update shared var without lock
- Random outputs = race
- dmesg might not show it unless it breaks something
- Add manual checks or log divergence

# Summary Table

Feature	Catches	Boot Param	<b>Kernel Config</b>
lockdep	Deadlocks	lockdep	CONFIG_LOCKDEP
KASAN	UAF, OOB	kasan=on	CONFIG_KASAN
KMEMLEAK	Leaks	kmemleak=on	CONFIG_DEBUG_KMEMLEAK
SLUB	Heap overflows	slub_debug=PU	CONFIG_SLUB_DEBUG_ON
Page Poison	Freed-page access	page_poison=1	CONFIG_PAGE_POISONING

## Tips for Demos

- Trigger bugs safely: prefer VMs
- Run dmesg -w while testing
- Use pr\_info() or trace\_printk()
- Clean up modules: rmmod

# # Enabling These Features

#### Option 1: Use a Prebuilt Debug Kernel

- Fedora/CentOS: sudo dnf install kernel-debug sudo grubby --set-default /boot/vmlinuz-<debug-version>
- Comes with most debug configs: KASAN , lockdep , SLUB\_DEBUG ,
  etc.

#### Option 2: Build a Custom Kernel

- Set config options in make menuconfig:
- CONFIG\_KASAN=y
- CONFIG\_DEBUG\_KMEMLEAK=y
- CONFIG\_LOCKDEP\_SUPPORT=y
- CONFIG\_SLUB\_DEBUG\_ON=y
- CONFIG\_PAGE\_POISONING=y
- Add boot params in GRUB:
  kasan=on slub\_debug=PU kmemleak=on page\_poison=1

# **A** Can Rust Help?

#### Yes - a lot.

- Rust prevents entire classes of memory bugs:
- Use-after-free
- Buffer overflows
- Null pointer deref
- Enforced at compile—time

#### Rust + Kernel = Safer Drivers

- Rust kernel modules have:
- Ownership model for memory safety
- Safe concurrency via Send / Sync
- No unsafe code unless explicitly declared
- Still early-stage, but promising for:
  - Drivers
  - Filesystems
  - Net modules

# Rust vs C (for Kernel Safety)

Bug Type	C Kernel	Rust Kernel
Use-after-free	<b>✓</b>	
Buffer overflow	<b>✓</b>	<b>O</b>
Null deref	<b>✓</b>	<b>O</b>
Data races	<b>✓</b>	O (unless unsafe)

# Questions?

Let's go break stuff. 😈