First Name:	Last Name:	

Quiz 2

- 5 minute individual quiz;
- Answer the questions in the space provided. If you run out of space, continue onto the back of the page. Additional space is provided at the end;
- Show and explain all work;
- Underline the answer of each steps;
- The use of books, personal notes, **calculator**, cellphone, laptop, and communication with others is forbidden;
- By taking this quiz, you agree to follow the university's code of academic integrity.

Exercise 1 100%

Compute the Wronskian of $f(x) = e^x \sin(x)$ and $g(x) = e^x \cos(x)$. Deduce whether f and g are linearly independent (make sure to justify your answer).

Quiz 2: solutions

Exercise 1 100%

We compute

$$W(f,g)(x) = f(x)g'(x) - f'(x)g(x)$$

(fine if you use f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)) for the particular function given. Notice that

$$f(x) = e^x \sin(x)$$
 \rightarrow $f'(x) = e^x \sin(x) + e^x \cos(x)$

and

$$g(x) = e^x \cos(x)$$
 \rightarrow $g'(x) = e^x \cos(x) - e^x \sin(x)$.

Therefore

$$W(f,g)(x) = e^{2x}(\sin(x)\cos(x) - \sin^2(x)) - e^{2x}(\sin(x)\cos(x) + \cos^2(x)) = -e^{2x}(\sin^2(x) + \cos^2(x))$$

and

$$W(f,g)(x) = -e^{2x}.$$

Because W(f,g)(x) < 0, f and g are linearly independent