

Durée : 1h30 — Documents autorisés

1– Consider the following procedure :

10pts ❶ we get two arrays A and B of dimensions 1024x2048 ;

❷ each array contains temperature measures obtained during an experiment in plasma fluid theory ;

❸ we devide the array A into sub-matrices of 8x8, located by k, l in A :

$x_{0,0}$	$x_{0,1}$	$x_{0,2}$	$x_{0,3}$	$x_{0,4}$	$x_{0,5}$	$x_{0,6}$	$x_{0,7}$
$x_{1,0}$	$x_{1,1}$	$x_{1,2}$	$x_{1,3}$	$x_{1,4}$	$x_{1,5}$	$x_{1,6}$	$x_{1,7}$
$x_{2,0}$	$x_{2,1}$	$x_{2,2}$	$x_{2,3}$	$x_{2,4}$	$x_{2,5}$	$x_{2,6}$	$x_{2,7}$
$x_{3,0}$	$x_{3,1}$	$x_{3,2}$	$x_{3,3}$	$x_{3,4}$	$x_{3,5}$	$x_{3,6}$	$x_{3,7}$
$x_{4,0}$	$x_{4,1}$	$x_{4,2}$	$x_{4,3}$	$x_{4,4}$	$x_{4,5}$	$x_{4,6}$	$x_{4,7}$
$x_{5,0}$	$x_{5,1}$	$x_{5,2}$	$x_{5,3}$	$x_{5,4}$	$x_{5,5}$	$x_{5,6}$	$x_{5,7}$
$x_{6,0}$	$x_{6,1}$	$x_{6,2}$	$x_{6,3}$	$x_{6,4}$	$x_{6,5}$	$x_{6,6}$	$x_{6,7}$
$x_{7,0}$	$x_{7,1}$	$x_{7,2}$	$x_{7,3}$	$x_{7,4}$	$x_{7,5}$	$x_{7,6}$	$x_{7,7}$

where :

- ◊ k varies from 0 to 127 ;
- ◊ l varies de 0 to 255 ;

❹ for each sub-matrix of A, we compute the arithmetic mean $M_{k,l} = \frac{\sum_{a=0}^7 \sum_{b=0}^7 x_{a,b}}{64}$;

❺ we fill the array C of dimensions 1024x2048 according to :

- ◊ each value $z_{i,j}$ of C is equal to :

$$z_{i,j} = y_{i,j} - (x_{i,j} - M_{k,l})$$

Diagram annotations:

- $z_{i,j}$ is labeled "value in C"
- $y_{i,j}$ is labeled "value in B"
- $x_{i,j}$ is labeled "value in A"
- $M_{k,l}$ is labeled "average computed over the corresponding sub-matrix of A"

where i varies from 0 to 1023 and j varies from 0 to 2047.

Questions :

- a. How much **arithmetic means of sub-matrices** of A will we compute ? (1pt)
- b. Give a configuration for **grid, block, thread** to solve the problem. (1pt)
- c. To compute $M_{k,l}$, could we use the **shared memory** ? (2pts)
Will it be **interesting** ?
How to proceed ?
- d. Write the **CUDA program** giving the desired result. (4pts)
- e. If we want to process a new array B without changing the array A, how could we proceed with the **best result** ? (2pts)
You will write the new code to add at your program.



2– Consider the following program :

10pts

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <cuda.h>
3
4 /* removed code */
5 __global__ void my_kernel(float *t, int r)
6 {
7     int position = threadIdx.x + r;
8
9     if ((position%2) == 0)
10    {
11        t[position/2] = t[position] * t[position+1];
12    }
13 }
14 int main(void)
15 {
16     float *gpu_data;
17     int t = SIZE;
18     /* removed code */
19     cudaMemcpy(gpu_data, data, 2*SIZE*sizeof(float), cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
20     while(t>1)
21     {
22         my_kernel<<<1, SIZE>>>(gpu_data, t);
23         t=t/2;
24     }
25     /* removed code */
26 }
```

Code has been removed in lines 4, 18 and 25.

Questions :

- a. Describe and explain **what the program do**. (2pts)
- b. Are the **memory accesses** performed optimally ? (1pt)
Explain your answer.
- c. Is the program **easily scalable** : could we expand TAILLE ? (1pt)
- d. Could you put the work between lines 20 to 24 **directly in the kernel** ? (2pts)
Write the according code.
- e. Write a **better CUDA program** giving the same result. (4pts)