AREA 9: WESTON WOOD (4/37) (PARISH OF STONELEIGH) WAVERLEY WOOD 35/36 (PARISH OF WESTON UNDER WETHERLY)

Sources of information are:

- 1. Ecosite notes (HBA)
- 2. Tasker 1990 The Nature of Warwickshire
- 3. Local Record Office 2017/8
- 4. Wager 1998 Woods, Wolds & Groves (Ph.D thesis)
- 15. Warwickshire Biological Record Centre

ECOLOGY: sources 1 and 2

Over half the woods are mature with oak/ birch /ash and derelict hazel coppice. Uncommon earth star fungi. (Source 2). Dormice were recorded from 1991 to 2013 (Source 14).

Waverley Wood: chiefly cleared for conifers after WWII. Was part of Stoneleigh Estate - now owned by the Forestry Commission (Source 1). A stream channel in a quarry here contains silts with a wide range of animal and plant remains: wood, pollen, horse tooth and elephant tusk; also a quartzite flake with the unmistakable impact shape of a hand struck blow, one of the first signs of people in Warwickshire (Source 2).

Weston Wood: privately owned, one of largest areas of birch wood in the county with woodcock and turtle dove (1977) (Source 1).

HISTORY

Waverley Wood:

- Pre-1392: the monks of Stoneleigh Abbey enclosed the 'wood called Wethele'. Pre-1597: the bruillum of Wetherley extended both west and east of the present wood and was possibly part of the Anglo-Saxon game park extending to Echells in the west of the Stoneleigh estate. The term bruillum is rare (found only in the SE of Warwickshire), distinct from boscum and given three meanings thicket, covert and game-park. Together with the bruillum of Echells, perhaps an Anglo Saxon game park distinct from woods (boscum) (Source 4). This would have been been a large tract of land running north of west across the Stoneleigh estate...do records at Stoneleigh show evidence of this?
- 1597: a map of the Leigh estates shows 'Wayley' Wood (103 acres), the same shape as Wetherley (Source 3).

Weston Wood:

- 1279: also once part of the Stoneleigh Estate and at this time it was called Weston Wode and approximates to present wood joining Wethele, as it still does now (Source 4).
- In 1727, 1742, 1745: Glebe Terriers show moneys paid to Vicar by Lord Clifford: £7 was paid for 'demands and woods' (including Weston Wood) and 1736 same for his inclosure and woods (Source 3).
- 1778 / 1780: Inclosure Award and map for Weston-under-Waverley parish show no woods but name Rt Hon Lord Clifford where Weston Wood is (162 acres). Lord Leigh's name is on many of the enclosures (Source 3).