Day - 8

(Class-Movie)

Question:

The class Movie is stated below. An instance of class Movie represents a film. This class has the following three properties:

- title, which is a String representing the title of the movie
- studio, which is a String representing the studio that made the movie
- rating, which is a String representing the rating of the movie (i.e. PG13, R, etc)
- a) Write a constructor for the class Movie, which takes a String representing the title of the movie, a String representing the studio, and a String representing the rating as its arguments, and sets the respective class properties to these values.
- b) The constructor for the class Movie will set the class property rating to "PG" as default when no rating is provided.
- c) Write a method getPG, which takes an array of base type Movie as its argument, and returns a new array of only those movies in the input array with a rating of "PG". You may assume the input array is full of Movie instances. The returned array need not be full.
- d) Write a piece of code that creates an instance of the class Movie with the title "Casino Royale", the studio "Eon Productions", and the rating "PG13"

Answer:

```
classMovie {
   constructor(title,studio,rating="PG")
   {
      this.title=title;
      this.studio=studio;
      this.rating=rating;
   }
   staticgetPg(movie)
   {
      letmoviePg=[]
      movie.forEach(element=> {
         if(element.rating =="PG")
            moviePg.push(element)
      });
      returnmoviePg
```

```
}
}
letnewMovie1=newMovie("Casino Royale","Eon Productions","PG-13");
letnewMovie2=newMovie("Beast","SunPictures","PG");
letnewMovie3=newMovie("Doctor","AGS Entertainment",);
letarr=[newMovie1,newMovie2,newMovie3];
letPGMovies=Movie.getPg(arr);
console.log(PGMovies);
```

Output:

```
[Movie, Movie]
```

```
0: Movie {title: 'Beast', studio: 'Sun Pictures', rating: 'PG'}
1: Movie {title: 'Doctor', studio: 'AGS Entertainment', rating: 'PG'}
length: 2
[[Prototype]]: Array(0)
```

Circle - Class

2. Question:

Convert the UML diagram to Typescript class. - use number for double

```
classCircle{
    constructor(radius,color)
        this._radius=radius;
        this._color=color;
    getradius(){
        returnthis._radius
    setradius(value){
        this._radius =value
    getcolor(){
        returnthis._color
    setcolor(value){
        this._color=value
    }
    getArea(){
        returnMath.PI*Math.pow(this._radius,2)
    getCircum(){
        return2*Math.PI*this._radius
letcircle1= newCircle(1,"Yellow")
console.log(circle1.getArea())
console.log(circle1.getCircum())
```

Output:

- 3.141592653589793
- 6.283185307179586

3. Write a "person" class to hold all the details.

```
classPerson{
    constructor (firstName,lastName,age){
        this._firstName=firstName;
        this._lastName=lastName;
        this._age=age;
    }
    getDetails(){
        return [this._firstName,this._lastName,this._age]
    }
}
letmyData= newPerson("Ninja","Narseh",26)
console.log(myData.getDetails())
```

Output:

['Ninja', 'Naresh', 26]

4. Write a class to calculate uber price.

```
classUber{
   constructor(totalKm,waitingTime=0)
   {
      this.totalKm=totalKm;
      this.waitingTime=waitingTime
   }
   calculateFare(){
      if(this.totalKm<=2)
      {
        return (30 + ' Rs')
      }
      this.totalKm =this.totalKm-2
      return (30+(this.totalKm*4)+(this.waitingTime*2)+' Rs')
   }
}</pre>
```

```
letRide1 =newUber(2)
console.log(Ride1.calculateFare())
letRide2 = newUber(82,5)
console.log(Ride2.calculateFare())
```

Output:

30 Rs

360 Rs