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// Project 3 solution
#include "grid.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cctype>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
const int HORIZ = 0;
const int VERT = 1;
const int FG = 0;
const int BG = 1;
const int COMMAND_OK = 0;
const int SYNTAX ERROR = 1;
const int EXECUTION ERROR = 2;
int performCommands(string cmd, char& plotChar, int& mode, int& badPos);
bool hasCorrectSyntax(string cmd, int& pos);
bool performOneCommand(string cmd, int& pos, int& r, int& c, char& plotChar, int& mode);
int consumeNumber(string cmd, int& pos);
bool plotLine(int r, int c, int distance, int dir, char plotChar, int fgbg);
int main()
{
    setSize(20, 30);
    char currentChar = '*';
    int currentMode = FG;
    for (;;)
        cout << "Enter a command string: ";</pre>
        string cmd;
        getline(cin, cmd);
        if (cmd == "")
            break;
        int position;
        int status = performCommands(cmd, currentChar, currentMode, position);
        switch (status)
        {
          case COMMAND OK:
            draw();
            break;
          case SYNTAX ERROR:
            cout << "Syntax error at position " << position+1 << endl;</pre>
          case EXECUTION ERROR:
            cout << "Cannot perform command at position " << position+1 << endl;</pre>
            break;
          default:
              // It should be impossible to get here.
            cerr << "performCommands returned " << status << "!" << endl;</pre>
        }
    }
}
int performCommands(string cmd, char& plotChar, int& mode, int& badPos)
    int pos;
    if ( ! hasCorrectSyntax(cmd, pos))
        badPos = pos;
        return SYNTAX ERROR;
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}
   int r = 1;
   int c = 1;
   pos = 0;
     // At the start of each loop iteration, pos is the position of the
     // start of the next plotting command within the command string, or
     // the end of that string.
   while (pos != cmd.size())
       if (!performOneCommand(cmd, pos, r, c, plotChar, mode))
          badPos = pos;
          return EXECUTION_ERROR;
   return COMMAND OK;
}
Determine whether cmd has correct syntax.
   If it does, return true (and pos will have been modified); if not, return
     false, and pos will be set to the position of the syntax error.
bool hasCorrectSyntax(string cmd, int& pos)
   pos = 0;
   while (pos != cmd.size())
       switch (toupper(cmd[pos]))
       {
        default:
          return false;
        case 'C':
          pos++;
          break;
        case 'F':
        case 'B': // must be followd by a printable character
          pos++;
          if (pos == cmd.size() || !isprint(cmd[pos]))
              return false;
          pos++;
          break;
        case 'H':
        case 'V':
          pos++;
          if (pos == cmd.size())
              return false;
          if (cmd[pos] == '-') // optional minus sign
              pos++;
              if (pos == cmd.size())
                 return false;
          if (!isdigit(cmd[pos])) // first digit
              return false;
          pos++;
          if (pos != cmd.size() && isdigit(cmd[pos])) // optional second digit
              pos++;
          break;
       }
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return true;
}
Execute the command starting at position pos of the cmd. (r,c), plotChar,
   and mode are the current position, character, and mode.
  If successful, return true and update (r,c), plotChar, and/or mode.
  If the command can not be performed (because it would try to plot a point
     outside the grid), set pos to the position of the start of the command
     and return false.
// Precondition: cmd must be a syntactically valid command string.
bool performOneCommand(string cmd, int& pos, int& r, int& c, char& plotChar, int& mode)
{
     // Get the character indicating the action
   char action = toupper(cmd[pos]);
   if (action == 'C')
       pos++;
       clearGrid();
       r = 1;
       c = 1;
       plotChar = '*';
       mode = FG;
   else if (action == 'F' || action == 'B')
       pos++;
        // Set the current character and the curent mode
       plotChar = cmd[pos];
       pos++;
       if (action == 'F')
          mode = FG;
       else
          mode = BG;
   else if (action == 'H' || action == 'V')
       int commandStartPos = pos;
       pos++;
        // Get the number argument
       int distance = consumeNumber(cmd, pos);
        // Plot the line
       int dir = HORIZ;
       if (action == 'V')
          dir = VERT;
       if (!plotLine(r, c, distance, dir, plotChar, mode))
          pos = commandStartPos;
          return false;
       }
        // Adjust the current position to the end of the plotted line
       if (dir == HORIZ)
          c += distance;
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else
          r += distance;
   }
   else
   {
         // It should be impossible to get here, since cmd is required to be
         // syntactically valid.
       cerr << "Plotting command action is " << action << " at position "
           << pos << "!" << endl;
       return false; // Doesn't matter what we do here.
   }
   return true;
}
Consume a number starting at position pos of the cmd. Set pos to the
     position just past the number and return the integer value the numeric
     string represents.
   Precondition: Starting at pos, there must be an optional minus sign
     followed by one or two digits.
int consumeNumber(string cmd, int& pos)
     // Assume nonnegative to start with
   bool isNegative = false;
     // Consume optional minus sign
   if (cmd[pos] == '-')
       isNegative = true;
       pos++;
   int value = cmd[pos] - '0';
   pos++;
     // If there's a second digit, consume it and adjust value
   if (pos != cmd.size() && isdigit(cmd[pos]))
       value = 10 * value + (cmd[pos] - '0');
       pos++;
     // Adjust value if there was a minus sign
   if (isNegative)
       return -value;
   else
       return value;
}
   plotLine
     Using plotChar and the mode fgbg, plot a line in direction dir
     (horizontal or vertical) starting at (r,c). If distance is nonnegative,
//
     it will extend rightward or downward; if negative, upward or leftward.
     The other endpoint is distance units away from (r,c). Return true if
//
     successful; otherwise, plot nothing at all and return false.
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bool plotLine(int r, int c, int distance, int dir, char plotChar, int fgbg)

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{
      // Validate arguments
    if (r < 1 \mid | r > getRows() \mid | c < 1 \mid | c > getCols())
        return false;
    switch (dir)
      case HORIZ:
        if (c+distance < 1 || c+distance > getCols())
            return false;
        break;
      case VERT:
        if (r+distance < 1 || r+distance > getRows())
            return false;
        break;
      default:
        return false;
    if (fgbg != FG && fgbg != BG)
        return false;
    if (!isprint(plotChar))
        return false;
      // Establish the deltas for line plotting; set (dr,dc) to
      // (0, 1) to plot rightward
           (0, -1) to plot leftward
          ( 1, 0) to plot downward
           (-1, 0) to plot upward
      // and set nSteps to absolute value of distance
    int dr = 0;
    int dc = 0;
    if (dir == HORIZ)
        dc = 1;
    else
        dr = 1;
    int nSteps = distance;
    if (distance < 0)
    {
        dr = -dr;
        dc = -dc;
        nSteps = -nSteps;
    }
      // Plot the line
    for (;;)
          // Plot character if foreground, or if background replacing space
        if (fgbg == FG || getChar(r, c) == ' ')
            setChar(r, c, plotChar);
        if (nSteps == 0)
            break;
        nSteps--;
        r += dr;
        c += dc;
    return true;
}
```