

allow_charset_conversion

(mPDF >= 1.0)

Description

boolean **allow_charset_conversion**

When **TRUE**, mPDF will attempt to parse the character set of any input HTML. You can also use it together with *charset_in* to manually set an input encoding.

Values

allow_charset_conversion = **TRUE|FALSE**

Values

TRUE: DEFAULT Parse the character set of any input text from the HTML, or allow setting of the value *charset_in*

FALSE: Expect all text input as UTF-8 encoding.

Examples

Example #1

```
<?php
$html = '
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" dir="ltr">
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-4" />
<title>Document in Lithuanian</title>
</head>
<body>
... the body of the document encoded in ISO-8859-4 ...
</body>
</html>';

$mpdf=new mPDF();
$mpdf->allow_charset_conversion = true;
$mpdf->WriteHTML($html);

$mpdf->Output();
?>
```

Example #2

```
<?php
$html = '... the body of the document encoded in ISO-8859-4 ...';

$mpdf=new mPDF();
$mpdf->allow_charset_conversion = true;
$mpdf->charset_in = 'iso-8859-4';
$mpdf->WriteHTML($html);

$mpdf->Output();
?>
```

Note: mPDF will convert pages with character sets which work with the PHP function `iconv()`

See Also

- `WriteHTML()` - Write HTML code to document
- `charset_in` - character encoding of input text

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