Reference » mPDF functions

WriteHTML()

(mPDF >= 1.0)

WriteHTML — Write HTML code to the document

Description

void WriteHTML (string \$html [, int \$mode [, boolean \$initialise [, boolean \$close]]])

Write html code to the document.

Note: Prior to mPDF 4.2 a fatal error was caused if *html* was passed as a **NULL** value, **FALSE** or an undefined variable.

Parameters

html

UTF-8 encoded HTML code to write to the document.

mode

Controls what parts of the html code is parsed.

Values

- 0 Parses a whole html document
- 1 Parses the html as styles and stylesheets only
- 2 Parses the html as output elements only
- 3 (For internal use only parses the html code without writing to document)
- 4 (For internal use only writes the *html* code to a buffer)

DEFAULT: 0

Mode #0 (DEFAULT)

Metadata:

- title is read from <title>...</title> tags
- subject, keywords and author are read from <meta ...

Charset:

- if \$allow_charset_conversion = TRUE and a charset= statement is present, mPDF will attempt to convert all the following HTML input from the specified charset to UTF-8

CSS styles:

- any CSS found between <style>...</style> tags
- stylesheets specified by @import url(*.css)
- stylesheets specified by <link rel="stylesheet" href=""

NB Stylesheets with media="all" or media ="screen" will always be parsed.

The variable \$disablePrintCSS will determine whether stylesheets media="print" are parsed or not.

Anything between <style> tags is then discarded.

If <body> tags are found, all *html* outside these tags are discarded, and the rest is parsed as content for the document.

If no <body> tags are found, all remaining html is parsed as content.

Mode #1

The html input is only parsed as CSS style information only.

The code does not have to be surrounded by <style> tags, so you can pass the contents of a stylesheet directly - see Example #1.

Mode #2

If <body> tags are found, all html outside these tags are discarded, and the rest is parsed as content for the document.

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If no <body> tags are found, all *html* is parsed as content. Prior to mPDF 4.2 the default CSS was not parsed when using *mode* #2

initialise

Set TRUE or FALSE to determine whether to initialise all buffers, starting all HTML elements from new. See example 2 for use. You must start with a WriteHTML() that calls <code>initialise=TRUE</code>
DEFAULT: TRUE

close

Set TRUE or FALSE to specify whether all HTML elements are closed, and buffers cleared. See example 2 for use. You must end with a WriteHTML() that calls <code>close=TRUE</code> <code>DEFAULT</code>: <code>TRUE</code>

Changelog

Version	Description
2.0	Using WriteHTML without the \emph{mode} parameter no longer clears any CSS styles already imported.
2.1	Parameters initialise and close introduced.
4.2	Accepts NULL string as paramter without error. Parses default CSS when using <i>mode</i> as 2

Examples

Example #1

```
<?php
$mpdf=new mPDF();

$stylesheet = file_get_contents('style.css');
$mpdf->WriteHTML($stylesheet,1);
$mpdf->WriteHTML('Hallo World', 2);

$mpdf->Output();
?>
```

Example #2

```
// You can write parts of HTML elements by using the initialise and close parameters:
$mpdf->WriteHTML('This is the beginning...', 2, true, false);
$mpdf->WriteHTML('...this is the middle...', 2, false, false);
$mpdf->WriteHTML('...and this is the end', 2, false, true);
```

See Also

- allow_charset_conversion attempts to read any charset declaration in the HTML code
- disablePrintCSS prevents stylesheets set for print media being parsed
- ignore_invalid_utf8 prevents mPDF from failing if text contains invalid UTF-8 characters
- charset_in specify the input text character set if not UTF-8
- biDirectional specify whether mPDF should test for RTL text
- allow_html_optional_endtags -specify whether mPDF should try to accommodate optional HTML endtags
- restoreBlockPagebreaks keep current HTML tags/CSS styles active when forcing a page-break or formfeed

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