

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Secondary 1 Checkpoint

ENGLISH 1111/01

Paper 1 October 2015

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 50



Section A: Reading

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- (a) What task do the dolphins do to help at the research centre?
- (b) Why does Kelly hide scraps of paper at the bottom of the tank?
- (c) What did Kelly teach her calf?

Part	Mark	Answer	Further Information
(a)	1	They help keep the tanks clean. / They pass litter to the trainers.	Accept any answer that indicates cleaning.
(b)	1	So that she can get lots of / more fish (for one piece of paper / litter). To cheat the system.	Accept any suitable wording.
(c)	1	To save / use one of the fish fed to them as gull-bait / in order to be given more food. Teaches how (technique) to get more food.	Allow how to cheat the system.
Total	3		1

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Give the meaning of each of the following words as it is used in the passage. In each case give one word or short phrase.

- (a) spots
- (b) lure
- (c) tale
- (d) supports

Part	Mark	Answer	Further Information
(a)	1	notices / sees / observes / glimpses	
(b)	1	attract / tempt / invite / entice / coax / pull in / bring in	Not trick.
(c)	1	story / account / narrative	
(d)	1	Corroborates/ gives credibility to / provides evidence for / helps prove / upholds / fortifies / underpins / on the side of / sides with / agrees with / confirms	Not helps on own.
		•	Please note: when multiple answers are given, any incorrect response negates other correct ones.
Total	4		1

Question	number	3

Add the missing punctuation to these sentences.

Part	Mark	Answer	Further Information
	2	<u>'</u> Do you think dolphins	Award 2 marks if 11–14 of the missing punctuation marks are in the correct place.
		are clever enough to know what we are	Award 1 mark if 6–10 of the missing punctuation marks are in the correct place. Award 0 marks if 0–5 of the
		thinking?' asked the	missing punctuation marks are in the correct place.
		spectator. The	Accept single or double speech marks, but they must not be at line level.
		researcher smiled. <u>'</u> I	Question marks, commas and full stops must be inside the speech marks.
		don <u>'</u> t know <u>,'</u> she said <u>.</u>	Accept the final full stop either
		<u>'They are certainly</u>	inside / outside the speech marks. If speech marks are in line with other punctuation,
		intelligent, friendly and	credit only the speech marks.
		playful <u>.'</u>	If two punctuation marks are offered where there should be one (e.g. a comma and a question mark), it is wrong.
			Ignore any extra punctuation in the wrong place.
			Accept underlining to show where capital letters are placed but nothing else.
Total	2		

Question number 4

Re-write this sentence adding a relative clause with further information from the passage.

Kelly is a clever dolphin.

Part	Mark	Answer	Further Information
	1	Eg Kelly, who has taught her calf how	Accept 'which' as well as 'who'.
		to gull-bait, is a clever dolphin.	Insist on correct use of commas.
			Accept any use of 'that' as an alternative to 'which' (if the commas are in place).
Total	1		

Question number 5

Combine these three sentences into one complex sentence. Do not use and or but.

Dolphins live naturally in both rivers and oceans.

They are very intelligent and playful.

Many dolphins are trained in captivity.

Part	Mark	Answer	Further Information
	1	Eg Although dolphins live naturally in	Accept any appropriate alternatives.
		rivers and oceans, many are trained in	The sentence must make sense
		captivity because they are very	in the context of the passage.
		intelligent and playful.	Accept small changes or slips that do not affect the structure.
Total	1		

Question number	6				
Complete this sente	Complete this sentence, using <u>two</u> different forms of the same verb.				
Part	Mark	Answer	Further Information		
	1	The trainer threw the first fish, which the dolphin caught in its mouth, but it did not catch the second one.	Accept any other appropriate verbs eg took / take, got / get. Both needed for the mark.		
Total	1		•		

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Read this extract from a conservation website, and then answer the questions.

- (a) Make a list of all the dangers to ocean and river dolphins, and the result of these dangers.
- (b) Using your list, write a summary of 80–100 words to explain some of the danger to dolphins, and the results of these dangers. Use <u>your own words</u> as much as possible.

Part	Mark	Answer		Further Information
		DANGERS	RESULTS	Consider each danger and each
7a	4	1a Getting caught in fishing nets	1b The result is drowning	result as a separate point, i.e. there are up to 12 points that candidates can list here.
		2a Unsustainable commercial fishing 3a Noise from	2b Reduction of the dolphins' prey	A result is credited if it is on its own but do not credit a result if it is linked to the wrong danger. Credit only the danger.
		naval operations and seismic surveys	3b To become stranded on shore / affects	4 marks for 6+ points
		,	their echolocation	3 marks for 4 or 5 points
		4a Being struck by		2 marks for 3 points
		ships and other sea vessels	4b Serious or	1 mark for 2 points
		5a Chemical	fatal injury	0 marks for only 1 or no relevant points
		pollution	5b Threatened	Accept multiple points against 1
		6a Risk from man- made structures		bullet.
		such as dams and barrages	6b Restrict movement	

7b	4	4 marks – well-organised, accurate sentences. 3 marks – mostly well-organised, accurate sentences. 2 marks – some inaccuracies in organisation / a range of grammatical errors in sentences. 1 mark – many inaccuracies / mostly lifted from text / noticeably over length. 0 marks – summary includes no relevant points from list and / or incoherent sentences / totally lifted from passage.	For 3 and 4 marks 'accurate' should be interpreted in terms of content and form. At least one relevant point from the mark scheme should be used in 7b. Noticeably under length scripts do not allow scope to demonstrate 'mostly well-organised' sentences and therefore are restricted to 2 marks maximum. If over length, deduct one mark.
Total	8		

Write an article for a magazine called 'Living Earth', about the harm that pollution is causing the planet.

Purpose and Audience	Text Structure	Sentence Structure	Punctuation	Spelling
The tone is	Material presented	Fluent, beginning to	Uses a range of	Uses virtual
appropriate to the	coherently with	use a range of	punctuation	correctness over a
ideas and is	introduction and	structural features	correctly and with	range of vocabulary,
sustained. Ideas	conclusion and in an	for effect. Control of	confidence. Secure	including more
and content are	effective order that	complex sentences	use of commas to	complex and difficult
developed in detail	establishes the text	and the position of	mark clauses.	words.
to create a clear and	type. Well-crafted	the clauses to focus		
consistent	paragraphs	attention although		
relationship between	contribute to the	may not always be		
the writer and	control of the text.	consistent.		
reader.				
6/7	6/7	6/7	5	4
The tone is	The material is	Uses a range of	Uses full stops	A few spelling
appropriate for	generally coherent	sentence structures	correctly. Some	errors, mostly of
purpose and is	and in sensible	with some	range of punctuation	more difficult words.
largely sustained.	order, with an	confidence.	as needed, used	
Relevant ideas and	attempt at an		correctly, but	
content are chosen	introduction and a		generally limited.	
and developed with	conclusion.			
some detail.	Paragraphs are			
	used to structure the			
	text and are			
4.15	generally helpful.	4.15	4	
Writer's tone is	4/5 The material is clear	4/5	A number of errors	A number of errors
		Limited or partially effective use of		
established but	but not developed		including occasional	OR spells a simple
lacks detail. Some awareness of	coherently and may be presented in a	complex structures. Mostly simple	full stop (evidence of comma splicing).	vocabulary correctly.
audience may be	random order. There	compound	comina splicing).	
shown, though not	may be an attempt	structures based on		
consistently.	at an introduction	a variety of		
consistently.	and / or a	connectives		
	conclusion.	including and, but,		
	Paragraphs may not	SO.		
2/3	be shown.	55 .		2
2,0	2/3	2/3	2/3	_
Little understanding	Little understanding	Sentence structure	Sentences rarely	Many errors
of the purpose or	of how to present a	often grammatically	correctly marked. A	including a range of
audience of the text.	text.	incorrect.	generally very	simple words.
			erratic use of	
			punctuation marks.	
1	1	1	1	1

Award 0 where performance fails to meet the lowest criteria.

Award 0 marks for 20 words or fewer. Between 21 and 60 words, award a maximum of 10 marks and no more than 2 marks per strand.

If the response is completely off topic, award 0 for purpose and audience; the other strands to be marked as normal.

Additional guidance: for top marks in purpose and audience and sentence structure, the candidate must show an ability to manipulate language for the intended purpose. Sound, accurate language, though rather flat, is placed in the second band.

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