Teopur reorpegeneurossei. 14cs 1 Nyco  $v = \frac{4}{t_2 - t_1}$  v, exopoch, u/c. 4-pacero rune, M te, t, - spane, c. 4: [, D[4], D[4], O[4], Nu-rucno uz negenui 4 t,: E, , Dlt, ], D[t,], O[t,], Ne, - zucno us meperuni ti te: tz, D[te], D[te], O[te], Ner-rueno uj meperni te Heorpegenemoco ucroguerx gaunerx: Cranpapi. neonpeg. no rung A:

UA(4)=7/ = (4i-1)2 N4(N4-1)

, D[F,]-guenepeur epeques zurreure! UA (fi)= 1 D[Fi] , DLT2]-guerepeux epequero zarrenne! UA (tz)=VD[Tz]

Craupapinae neonpegenemous no runy B:

$$U_{\mathcal{B}}(L) = \frac{O[L]}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$U_{\mathcal{B}}(L) = \frac{O[L]}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Суммария станрартия неопредстенность  $U_{c}^{2}(v) = \left(\frac{2v}{2L}\right)^{2} U_{A}^{2}(L) + \left(\frac{3v}{2L}\right)^{2} U_{B}^{2}(L) + \left(\frac{3v}{2L}\right)^{2} U_{A}^{2}(L) + \left(\frac{3v}{2L}\right)^{2$ +(25)24B(+1)+(25)24A(+2)+(25)24B(+2)+ +2(30)(30) / (+, +2) UA(+,) (4(+2) +2(30) / (3t2) / (1, t2) (4)(+) (46/+2)

## Биджет неопределенностей

		•	•		_
Benuruno-	Oyenico	Стандарти. Неопределен.	Tun oyemba- uug	Tuero Geneveu Clodoga	Kozazilleter Zyberbutenbuoch
4	Z	UA (4)	A B	$V_{4,A} = N_4 - 1$ $V_{4,B} = \infty$	(25) 24)4,,t2
	$\overline{\ell_{\prime}}$	UA (Fi)	A	$V_{t_i,A} = \\ = N_{t_i} - 1$	$\left(\frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial t_1}\right)_{4,t_2}$
		UB (+1)	B	V+1, B=00	
		UA ( == )	A	$V_{t2}, A = $ $= N_{t2} - 1$	$\left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{V}}{\partial t_2}\right)_{4, t_1}$
	-	UB(tz)	B	V+2,B=00	, 4, 1

Γ<sub>A</sub>(t<sub>1</sub>,t<sub>2</sub>) - ουεκα πο ναδοργ στατικτινεκτιχ σανιαχ

 $\Gamma_{B}(t_{1},t_{2})$  - по результатан анализа метода измерений

Pacumpennar neorpegenemioco U: Nucr 3

U = Kuc, rpe K-Ko>pppyyeeus oxbara.

K= {p(Vess) Vess - repektubuse rucno ctenement chooliger

Vess= 
$$\frac{u_{c}^{4}}{\frac{4A(4)(3v)^{4}+bv)^{4}+bv)^{4}}{(N_{t}-1)(34)^{4}+bv)^{4}}\frac{u_{A}^{4}(t_{1})}{(N_{t},-1)}+\frac{bv)^{4}}{(N_{t},-1)}\frac{u_{A}^{4}(t_{2})}{(N_{t2}-1)}$$

tp (Vess) bor Supaem no Taskunge Kozop puryuen 706 Coorgania.

 $PA(t_1,t_2)$ -Ko>ppunyueur roppensyum b<u>enyzainuos</u> consabne w usew (Merog norpem mocrei)  $PA(t_1,t_2) \equiv \Gamma_A(t_1,t_2)$  (Merog neonpegenenmocrei)

Ps(ti,ti)-100797 payeur roppeneque l'acrematurecusis
cousabnevousei (Metog norpemuociei)

Ps (+1,+2) = ra(+1,+2) (reopue neorpegeneunocreis)