Aufgabe 1:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 20 & 30 & A0 & 5200 \\ A0 & A7 & 6 & 3000 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 760 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{I} - \frac{4}{2}\mathbf{I} \implies 22 = 27 - \frac{4}{2}2A$$

$$2 \times x_2 + x_3 = 400 \implies x_2 = \frac{200 - 2400 - 2400}{20} = \frac{20}{20} = 20$$

b) 
$$L = \begin{pmatrix} A & O & O \\ \frac{A}{2} & A & O \\ \frac{A}{AO} & O & A \end{pmatrix} \qquad R = \begin{pmatrix} 2O & 3O & AO \\ O & 2 & A \\ O & O & A \end{pmatrix}$$

2) 
$$\tilde{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 5720 \\ 3300 \\ 836 \end{pmatrix}$$

=> 
$$x_3 = 264$$
  $2x_2 + x_3 = 440$  =>  $x_2 = \frac{440 - 264}{2} = 88$ 

$$20x_4 \cdot 30x_2 \cdot 10x_3 = 5720 \implies x_3 = \frac{5920 - 2640 - 2640}{20} = \frac{440}{20} = \frac{22}{20}$$