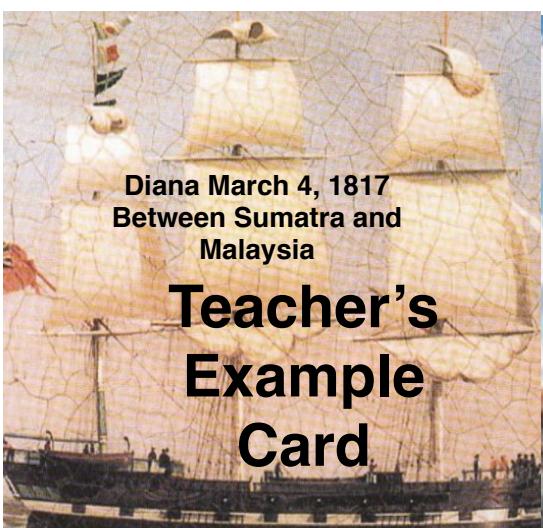


Diana March 4, 1817
Between Sumatra and
Malaysia

Teacher's Example Card



Vung Tao 1690
Off the coast of Vietnam

#3



Risdam 1727 near Desaru, Malaysia

#6



Wanjiao One between 1654 and 1721
Near Putian in Fujian Province, China

#4



Geldermalsen 1752
Off the coast of Singapore

#7



Camao 1725
East of Vietnam

#5



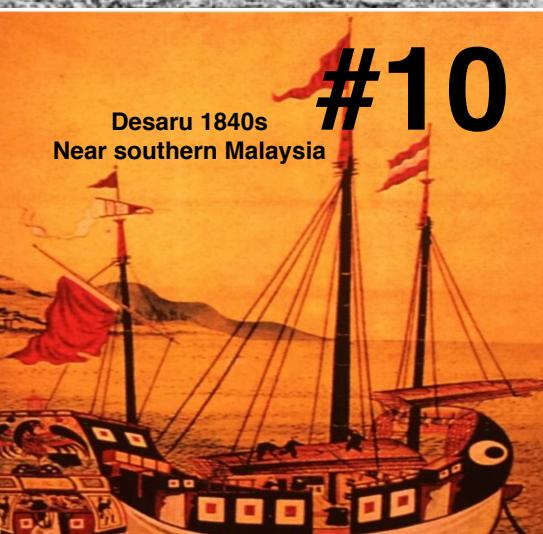
#9



Tek Sing February 5, 1822
East of southern Sumatra

Desaru 1840s
Near southern Malaysia

#10



JAVA SEA
SHIPWRECK
???????



Avondster July
2nd, 1659
Off the coast of
Ceylon south of
India

#2



The **Avondster** wrecked on July 2nd, **1659**. Its cargo included spices, pearls and gems, and four elephants, but **not ceramics**. Spices were used for flavoring as well as preservatives and medicinal purposes. The ship's usual route was between **Ceylon** and southeast **India**.

The **Camau** was a Chinese merchant's junk on its way from Guangzhou, **China** to Jakarta in **Southeast Asia** in **1725** when it caught fire and sank. Many of its 130,000 **ceramics** were from Jingdezhen or Dehua. They were ordered for **Netherlands** traders who valued goods from China.

The **Griffin** sank in **1761**. It was an **English** East **India** ship which carried goods like tea and **ceramics** (made in Jingdezhen) from **China** to sell in Europe. The plan was to set up a trading port on the Spice Islands, east of Sulawesi in **Southeast Asia**.

When did the Java Sea Shipwreck happen???

The **Hatcher Cargo** ship wrecked in **1643** when it was carrying 25,000 pieces of porcelain **ceramics** from **China** to Jakarta in **Southeast Asia**.

The **Wanjiao One** wrecked between **1654** and **1721**. It held more than 17,000 pieces of blue-and-white **ceramics**, all from Jingdezhen. It most likely traded along the coast of **China**.

The **Geldermalsen** wrecked in **1752** on its way from Guangzhou, **China** to Jakarta in **Southeast Asia**. It was carrying over 100,000 pieces of **ceramics** made in Jingdezhen. The wreckage contained 125 shoe-shaped bars of gold. Written records say the ship also carried tea and silk.

The **Desaru** sank in the **1840s**. Its main cargo was many large low-quality **ceramic** storage jars from Jingdezhen. It probably sailed along the coast of **China**: from Zhujiang province to Quanzhou in Fujian province, then to the major port at Guangdong and on to **Southeast Asia**.

Details about Who (in terms of country or region) traded What are shown on the reverse of each card.

When the **Vung Tao** wrecked in **1690** it was probably on route from **China** to Jakarta in **Southeast Asia**. From there, some of its 48,000 **ceramics** would be sold in local markets. Others would be reshipped to either the **Netherlands** or **Islamic countries**.

The **Risdam** sank in **1727**. Its usual route was between the **Netherlands** and Jakarta in **Southeast Asia**. According to records, the ship had loaded sappanwood, barrels of ginger, 40 pots of pickled vegetables, and 150 glazed **ceramic** pots.

The **Tek Sing** sank in **1822**. Its 350,000 pieces of cargo included **ceramics**, silk, cannons, and watches to be transported from Quanzhou, **China** near Dehua, where many ceramics were made. Its destination was Jakarta in **Southeast Asia**.