

# EEE 443/543 - Spring 2025 - Project #4

Due: 03/07/2025, 11:00pm.

**Note:** It may be a good idea to attempt this project before our first quiz as a way to study for the quiz.  
**Note:** Upload codes and reports as usual.

- **Q1 (100 pts)** In this computer project, we will use a neural network for curve fitting.

1. Draw  $n = 300$  real numbers uniformly at random on  $[0, 1]$ , call them  $x_1, \dots, x_n$ .
2. Draw  $n$  real numbers uniformly at random on  $[-\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{10}]$ , call them  $\nu_1, \dots, \nu_n$ .
3. Let  $d_i = \sin(20x_i) + 3x_i + \nu_i$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$ . Plot the points  $(x_i, d_i)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$ .

We will consider a  $1 \times N \times 1$  neural network with one input,  $N = 24$  hidden neurons, and 1 output neuron. The network will thus have  $3N + 1$  weights including biases. Let  $\mathbf{w}$  denote the vector of all these  $3N + 1$  weights. The output neuron will use the activation function  $\phi(v) = v$ ; all other neurons will use the activation function  $\phi(v) = \tanh v$ . Given input  $x$ , we use the notation  $f(x, \mathbf{w})$  to represent the network output.

4. Use the backpropagation algorithm with online learning to find the optimal weights/network that minimize the mean-squared error (MSE)  $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (d_i - f(x_i, \mathbf{w}))^2$ . Use some  $\eta$  of your choice. Plot the number of epochs vs the MSE in the backpropagation algorithm. Hint: Since this is a very simple network, you can manually derive the derivatives without using the BP algorithm.

**Hint:** As discussed in class, for a given fixed  $\eta$ , the algorithm may not always result in a monotonically decreasing MSE (the descent may overshoot the locally optimal point). You may have to modify the gradient descent algorithm in such a way that you decrease  $\eta$  (e.g. via  $\eta \leftarrow 0.9\eta$ ) whenever you detect that the MSE has increased. Also, beginning with a very large  $\eta$  may result in an immediate divergence of the weights.

5. Let us call the weights resulting from the backpropagation algorithm (when it converges) as  $\mathbf{w}_0$ . The curve  $(x, f(x, \mathbf{w}_0))$ ,  $x \in [0, 1]$  will then be a fit to the points  $(x_i, d_i)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$ . Plot the curve  $f(x, \mathbf{w}_0)$  as  $x$  ranges from 0 to 1 on top of the plot of points in (c). The fit should be a “good” fit. If you are not getting good fit, try different hyperparameters until you do.

6. Your report should include a pseudocode of your training algorithm including all gradient descent update equations written out explicitly. The pseudocode should be written in such a way that anyone would be able to implement your algorithm without knowing anything about neural networks.

As usual, upload a copy of your code to box with the filename 04-IDNumber-LastName.py.