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#### Overview

Analysis and Conclusions



#### **Data Source**

- Canada, 1999 2014, CSV from Kaggle
- Collision data: Date, Time, Severity, Road condition, Weather, etc.
- Vehicle data: Type, Model year
- Person data: Sex, Age, Position, Treatment, Safety device, etc.

C_YEAR	C_MNTH	C_WDAY	C_HOUR	C_SEV	C_VEHS	C_CONF	C_RCFG	C_WTHR	C_RSUR	C_RALN	C_TRAF	V_ID	V_TYPE	V_YEAR	P_ID	P_SEX	P_AGE	P_PSN	P_ISEV	P_SAFE	P_USER
1999	1	1	20	2	2	34	UU	1	5	3	3	1	6	1990	1	М	41	11	1	UU	1

- About 6 million registered collisions
- Most are numbers in string
- Special values: e.g., not applicable, unknown

## Data Loading & Preparation

- Load data through pandas.read\_csv, all cleanup/analysis in Python
- Team analyzed all fields, each analysis covers relationship of two

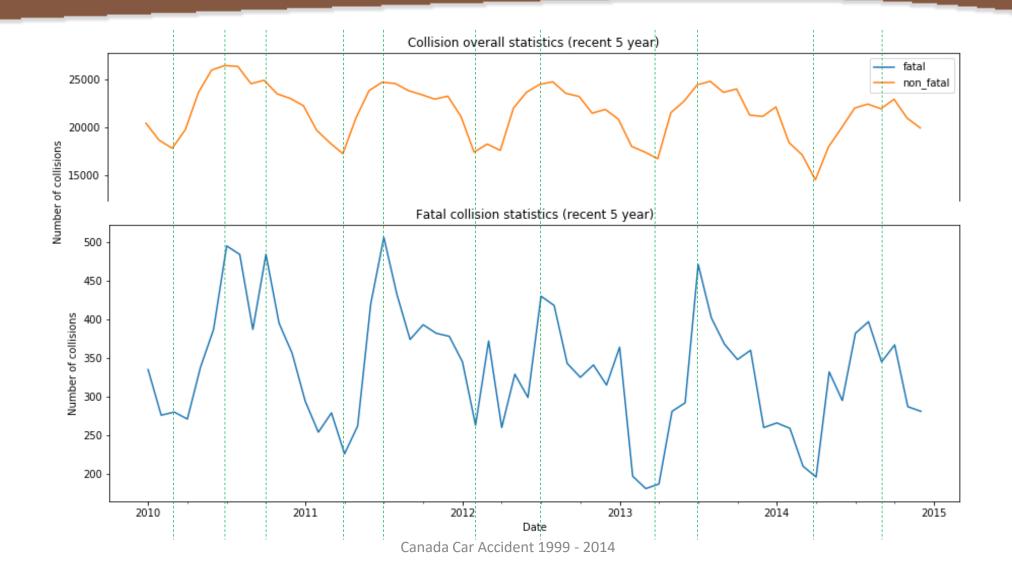
Correlation combination	Collision	Collision	Number of	Collision	Roadway	Weather	Road	Road	Traffic	Vehicle	Vehicle	Person	Person	Person	Medical	Safety	Road
	date (day of	severity	vehicles	configuration	configuration	condition	surface	alignment	control	type	model	sex	age	position	treatment	device	user
	week, hour)		involved in	_	_	_			_		year	_	_	_	required	used	class
▼	▼	▼	collision 🔻	▼	▼	▼	_	▼	▼	▼	*	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼
Collision date (day of																	
week, hour)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Collision severity	В	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of vehicles																	
involved in collision	С	С	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Collision																	
configuration	С	С	С	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Roadway																	
configuration	В	В	В	В	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Weather condition	В	В	В	В	В	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Road surface	В	В	В	В			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Road alignment	R	R	R	R				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Traffic control	В	В	В	В	В	В			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vehicle type	R	R	R	R		R				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vehicle model year	R	R	R	R		R				R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Person sex	P	P	P	P		P						NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Person age	P	Р	P			P							NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Person position	С	С	С	С		С								NA	NA	NA	NA
Medical treatment																	
required	P	P	P									Р	Р		NA	NA	NA
Safety device used	С	С	С					С								NA	NA
Road user class	P	P	р	Р		P									Р		NA

Overview

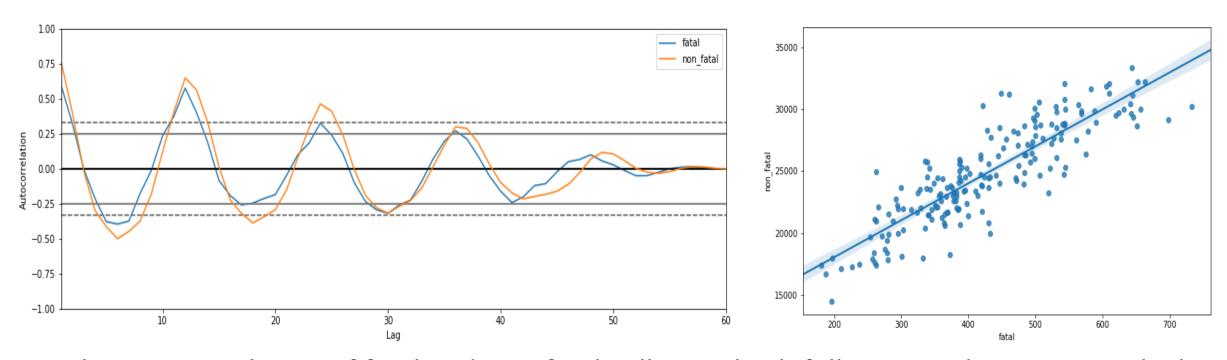
Analysis and Conclusions



### 1. Fatal and Non-fatal Collision

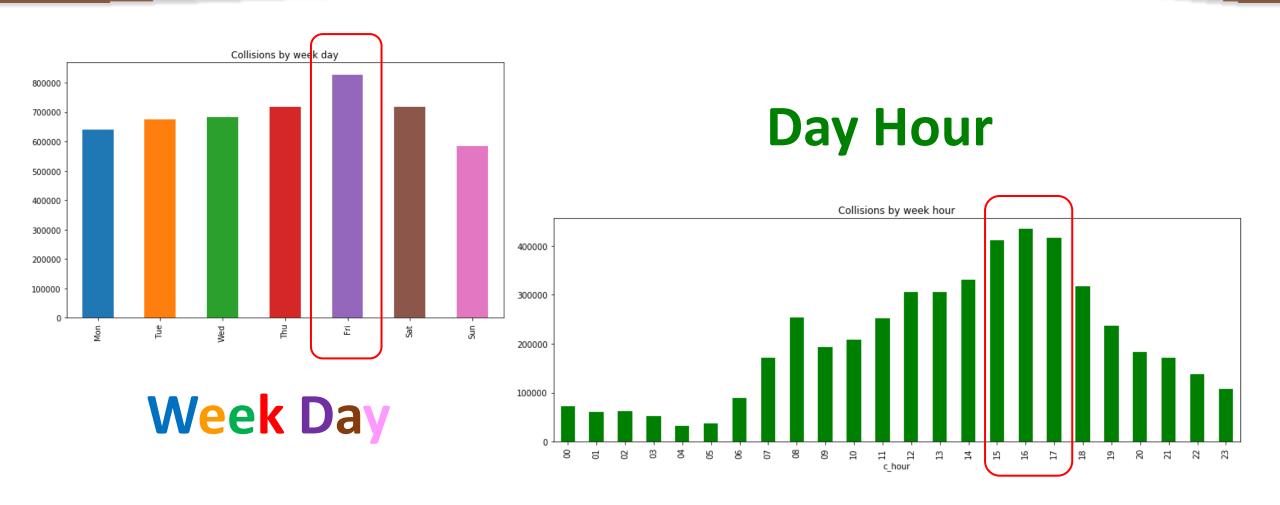


## 1. Fatal and Non-fatal Collision (cont')



- The autocorrelation of fatal and non-fatal collisions both follow a similar pattern, which is a seasonal cycle of 12-month period.
- The distribution of fatal and non-fatal collisions show a strong linear correlation.

## 2. Collision Distribution by Week Day and Hour

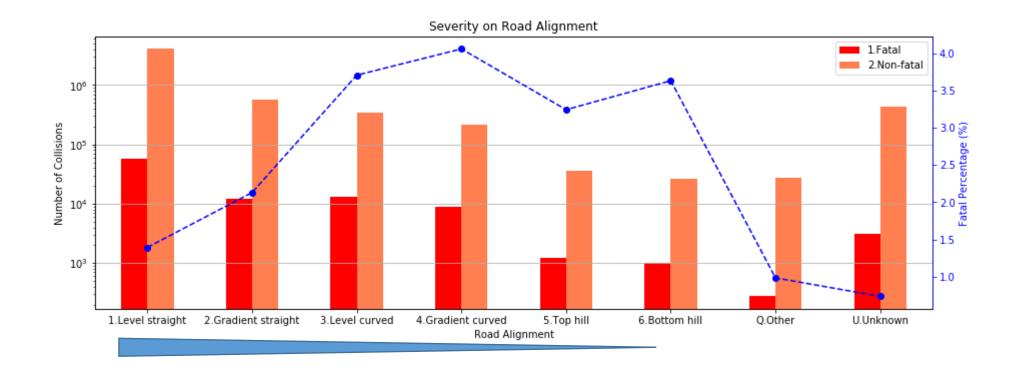


## 3. Weather and Collision Severity



- The majority of collisions took place on clear and sunny days.
- Drivers driving with limited visibility such as fog, smog and mist with strong wind were prone to highest fatality rate.

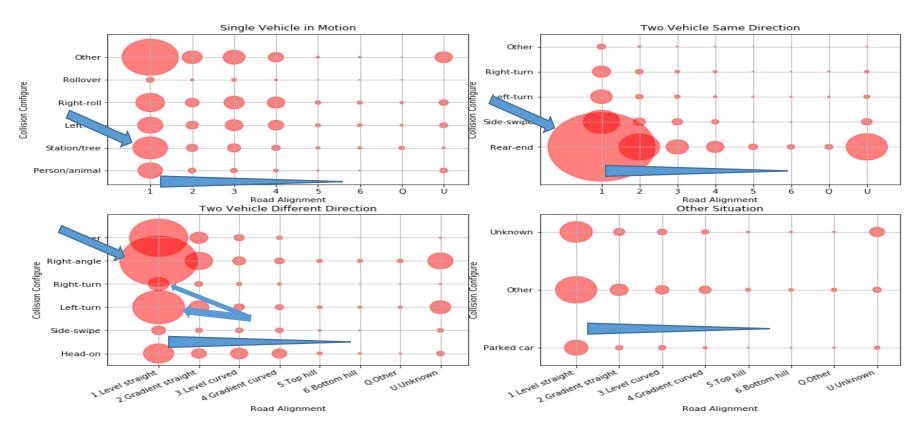
## 4. Road Alignment and Collision Severity



- Most collisions happened in level and aligned road.
- Bad road alignment may lead to higher risk of fatal accidents.

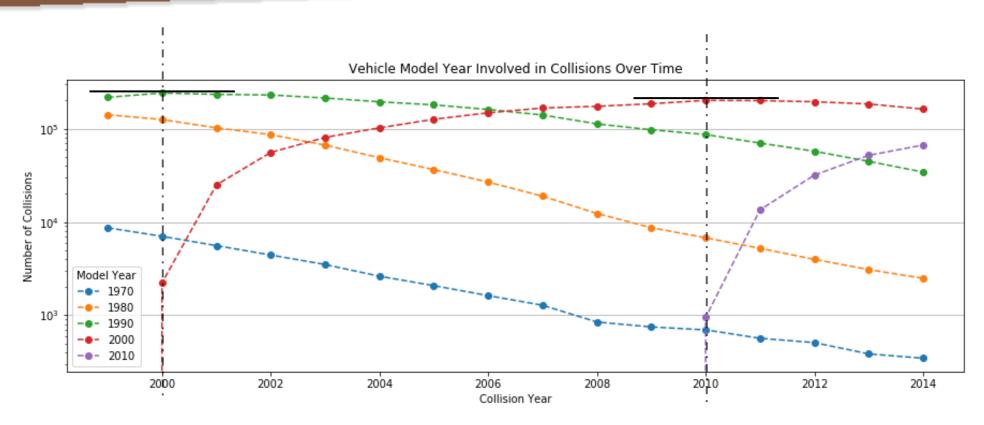
## 5. Road Alignment and Collision Configuration





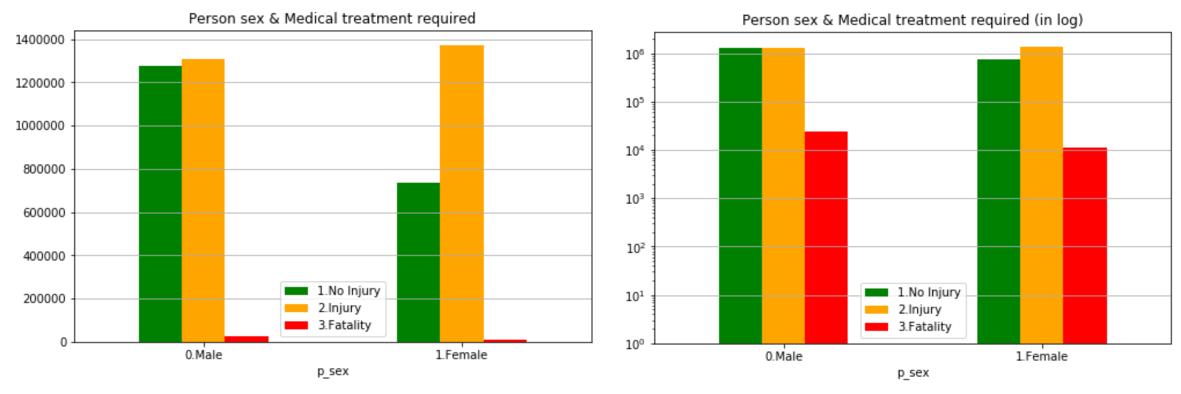
• Rear-end collision is the most frequent collision type followed by right-angle collision.

#### 6. Vehicle Model Year Involved in Collision



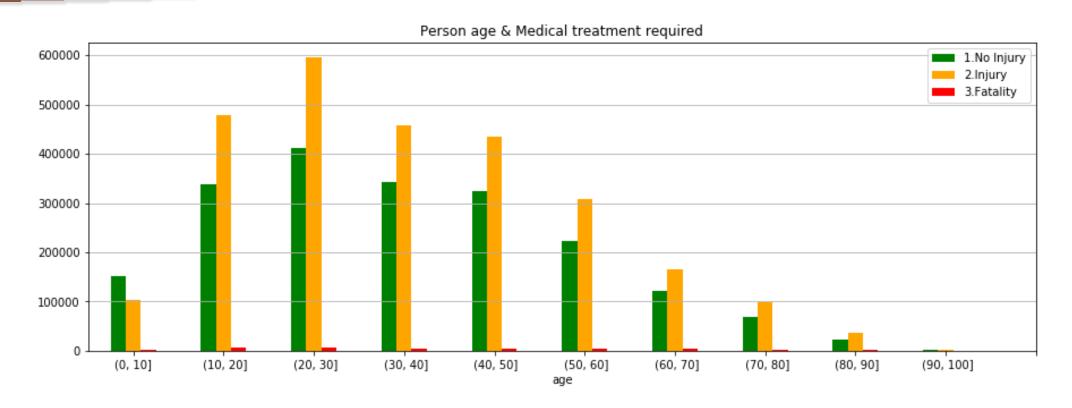
• The collision rate for vehicle models peaks in their 10<sup>th</sup> year.

#### 7. Person Sex



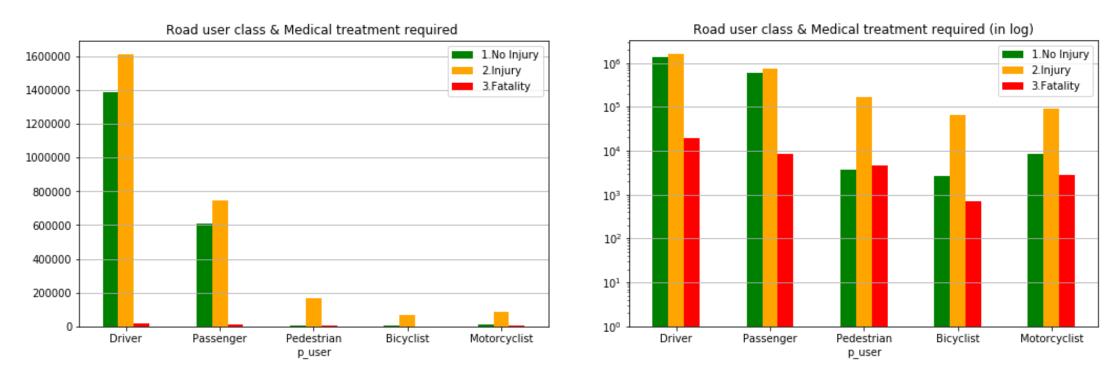
- Females are more likely to get injured in an accident.
- Males are more likely to be involved in fatal accidents.

## 8. Person Age



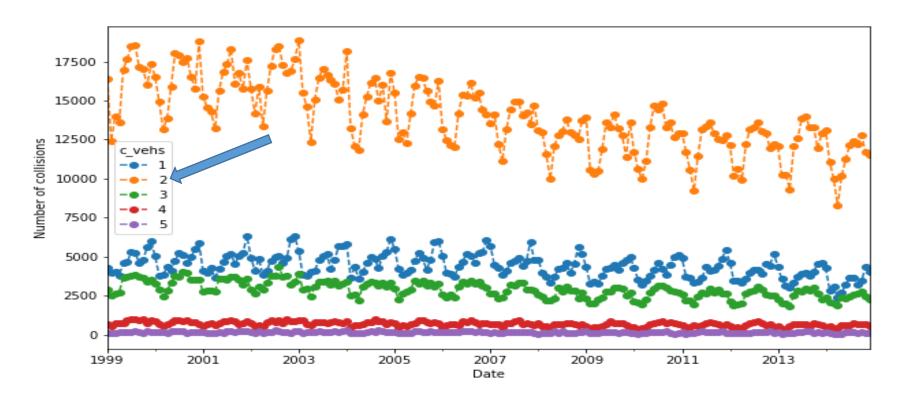
- People aged from 21 to 30 are most prone to accidents.
- Probability of accidents decreases while age increases.

#### 9. Road User Class



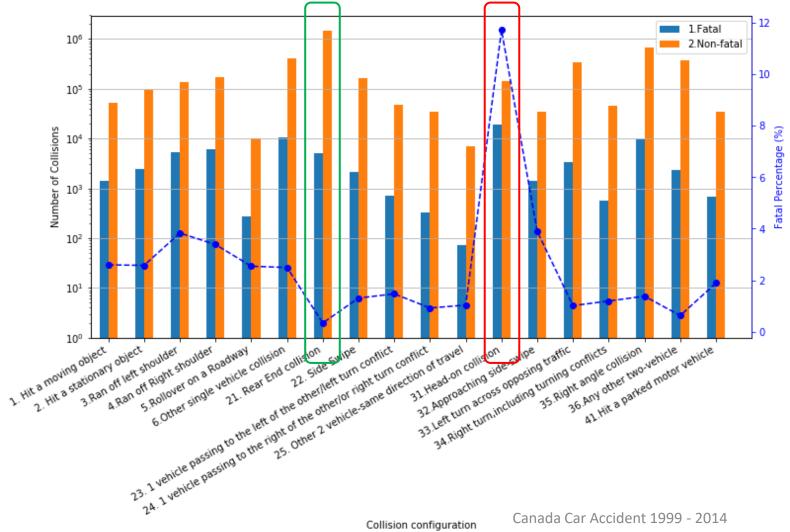
- Drivers are twice as likely to get hurt or die than that of passengers.
- Bicyclists are relatively safer.

#### 10. Number of Vehicles Involved in Collision



Most frequent number of vehicles involved in collisions at all time was 2.

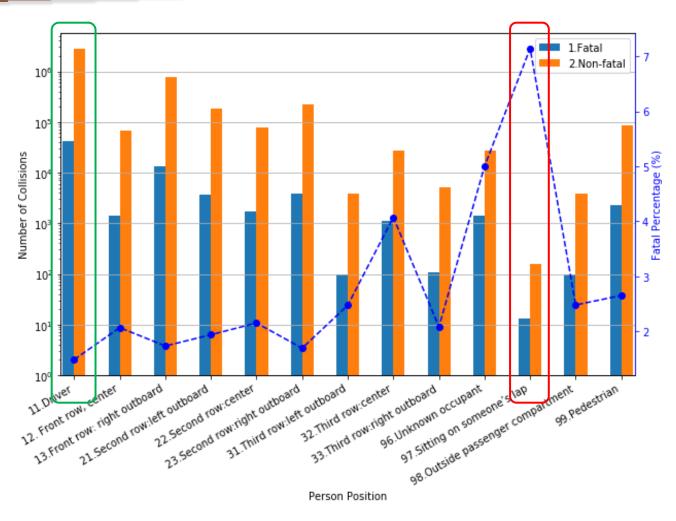
## 11. Collision Configuration and Severity



 Rear-end collision is the most common type of collision.

 Head-on collision has the highest fatality rate.

## 12. Person Position and Collision Severity



 Drivers are more likely to be involved in collisions, but surprisingly, the fatal rate is the lowest.

 Sitting on someone's lap has the highest fatality rate.





# Thank You

GitHub link Kaggle link