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/*** Purpose: Test different searching
                                           ***/
/***
             algorithms
                                           ***/
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/*** Author: Borja De La Viuda
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/*** Date:
/***
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/*** Note: Based on skeleton code provided by ***/
/*** Jason Steggles 23/11/2012
                                           ***/
import java.io.*;
import java.text.*;
import java.util.*;
public class Search {
/** Global var for counting comparisons **/
public static int compSeq=0;
public static int compBin=0;
public static int compHash=0;
public static int totalHash=0;
public static int totalBin=0;
public static int totalSeq=0;
public static int collisions=0;
/** Array of values to be searched and size **/
private int[] A;
private int[] H;
 int size;
private int hSize;
/** Constructor **/
Search(int n, int hn)
   /** set size of array **/
   size = n;
   hSize = hn;
   /** Create arrays **/
   A = new int[size];
   H = new int[hSize];
   /** Initialize hash array **/
   /** Assume -1 indicates a location is empty **/
   for (int i=0; i<hSize; i++)
       H[i] = -1;
   }
}
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/*** Read a file of numbers into an array ***/
public void readFileIn(String file)
{
  try
  {
      /** Set up file for reading **/
      FileReader reader = new FileReader(file):
      Scanner in = new Scanner(reader);
      /** Loop round reading in data **/
      for (int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
         /** Get net value **/
         A[i] = in.nextInt();
   }
   catch (IOException e)
      System.out.println("Error processing file " + file);
   }
}
/*************/
/*** Hash Function ***/
/*******/
public int hash(int key)
{
   return key%hSize;
}
/**************************/
/*** Display array of data ***/
/*************************/
public void displayData(int line, String header)
   /* ** Integer Formatter ** */
   NumberFormat FI = NumberFormat.getInstance();
   FI.setMinimumIntegerDigits(3);
   /** Print header string **/
   System.out.print("\n\n"+header);
   /** Display array data **/
   for (int i=0;i<size;i++)
   {
       /** New line? **/
       if (i%line == 0)
            System.out.println();
       }
       /** Display value **/
       System.out.print(FI.format(A[i])+" ");
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}
}
/****************************
/*** Display hash array ***/
/******************/
public void displayHash(int line)
{
    /** Integer Formatter **/
   NumberFormat FI = NumberFormat.getInstance();
   FI.setMinimumIntegerDigits(3);
    /** Print header string **/
   System.out.print("\n\nHash Array of size " + hSize);
    /** Display array data **/
   for (int i=0;i<hSize;i++)</pre>
    {
        /** New line? **/
        if (i%line == 0)
        {
             System.out.println();
        }
        /** Display value **/
        System.out.print(FI.format(H[i])+" ");
   }
}
/*********
 * Sequential Search method**
 ***********
public int seqSearch(int key)
{
   compSeq = 0;
   //iterate through the array
   for(int i = 0; i < A.length; i++)
        compSeq ++;
        // key has been found
        if(A[i] == key)
           totalSeq += compSeq;
            return i;
        }
        /* The value in the array is greater than key
        * since the array is sorted, key isn't in the array while
        * it increases the number of comparisons (2 comparisons for each
        * it avoids having to iterate through the whole array*/
        compSeq ++;
        if(A[i]>key)
        {
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totalSeq += compSeq;
            return -1;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}
//get the total sequential comparisons
public int getTotalSeq(){
    return totalSeq;
}
//get number of sequential comparisons
public int getCompSeq(){
    return compSeq;
/**********
* Binary Search method**
****************************
//public search method
public int binSearch(int key)
{
    int r = A.length - 1;
    int l = 0;
    compBin = 0;
    return binaryRecursive(key,r,l);
}
//private recursive method to search the array
private int binaryRecursive(int key, int r, int l)
    int m = 0;
    //if pointers have crossed we haven't found the key
    if (r<l)
    {
        totalBin += compBin;
        return -1;
    }
    //calculate the median
    m = (r+1)/2;
    //check if median is the key
    if (A[m] == key)
        compBin += 1;
        totalBin += compBin;
        return m;
    }
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compBin += 1;
   // go right of the array (key is greater than median)
   if (\text{key } > A[m]){
       compBin += 1;
       return binaryRecursive(key,r,m+1);
   compBin += 1;
   // go left of the array (key is less than median)
   if (key <A[m])
   {
       compBin += 1;
       return binaryRecursive(key,m-1,l);
   }
   return m;
}
public int getCompBin(){
   return compBin;
}
public int getTotalBin(){
    return totalBin;
}
/**************
* Hashing(Linear Probing) Search method**
public void addToHash(int value)
{
   H[hash(value)] = value;
}
public void readIntoHash (String file)
      try
      {
          /** Set up file for reading **/
          FileReader reader = new FileReader(file);
          Scanner in = new Scanner(reader);
          collisions = 0;
          //While there is still numbers to read into the array
          while(in.hasNext())
          {
              int input = in.nextInt();
              // If the hashed index is empty, store integer there
                 if(H[hash(input)] == -1)
                  {
                      addToHash(input);
                 // if not, go through the array till we find empty
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space, unless array is full
                  else if (H[hash(input)] != -1)
                        collisions +=1;
                       for(int i = (hash(input) + 1); i<hSize;i++)</pre>
                           if (H[i] == (hSize-1))
                           {
                               i = 0;
                           else if(H[i] == -1)
                               H[i] = input;
                               break;
                           else if (i ==hash(input))
                               System.out.print("Array is full!");
                           }
                       }
                  }
           }
        }
        catch (IOException e)
           System.out.println("Error processing file " + file);
        }
}
public int hashSearch(int key)
    //Set the number of comparisons to 0;
    compHash =0;
        //hash the key to get the initial index
        int i = hash(key);
        // Add 1 to the comparison, as we are about to compare if the key
            is in the initial index
        compHash +=1;
        if (H[i] == key)
            //Found the key, total the comparisons and return index
            totalHash += compHash;
            return i;
        }
        //Not found yet, move on to next index and check if there, if not
            loop through the array
        i+=1;
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compHash ++;
       while(H[i] != key)
           compHash ++;
           //We have reached the end of the array, go to the beginning
           if (i == (hSize-1))
               i = 0;
           }
           compHash ++;
           // We've reached the nearest empty space and haven't found
               the key, key is not in the array
           if (H[i] == -1)
               totalHash += compHash;
               return -1;
           }
           //We've reached starting point and haven't found the key, it
               's not in the array
           else if( i == hash(key) )
               totalHash += compHash;
               return -1;
           }
           i++;
       }
       //Found the key, exit loop and return index
       totalHash += compHash;
       return i;
}
//getter method to get total number of Hash comparisons
public int getTotalHash(){
    return totalHash;
}
//getter method to get number of Hash comparisons
public int getCompHash()
{
   return compHash;
}
public int getCollisions(){
   return collisions;
}
/*****************
 * Method to test the data + calculate totals**
 //Method to test the different search algorithms
public void testSearches(int[]test)
{
   int [] toTest = test;
   for (int i= 0; i<toTest.length;i++)</pre>
    {
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```
System.out.println("\nSearching for number "+ toTest[i]+ ":");
       Svstem.out.println("Sequential Search: "+ seqSearch(toTest[i])+ "
           Number of comparisons: " + getCompSeg());
       System.out.println("Binary Search: "+ binSearch(toTest[i])+ "
    Number of comparisons: " + getCompBin());
       System.out.println("Hash Search: "+ hashSearch(toTest[i])+ "
           Number of comparisons: " + getCompHash());
    }
}
// method to print out and calculate the averages
public void getTotals()
{
    System.out.println("Total Sequential comps: " + getTotalSeq());
    System.out.println("Avg Sequential comps after 10 tests: " +
        (getTotalSeq())/10);
    System.out.println("Total Binary comps: " + getTotalBin());
    System.out.println("Avg Binary comps after 10 tests: " + (getTotalBin
        ())/10);
    System.out.println("Total Hash comps: " + getTotalHash());
    System.out.println("Avg Hash comps after 10 tests: " + (getTotalHash
        ())/10);
}
} /*** End of class Search ***/
```