# **Definitions**

# **GUI-editable parameters**

## Regular classes

#### **CACLALearner**

- Alpha (Numeric Value subclass): Learning gain [0..1]
- Policy (Policy subclass): The policy to be learned

#### **IncrementalNaturalActorCritic**

- VFunction (LinearStateVFA): The Value-function
- V-ETraces (ETraces): Traces used by the critic
- Alpha-v (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain used by the critic
- Alpha-r (Numeric Value subclass): Learning gain used to average the reward
- Alpha-u (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain used by the actor
- Policy (Multiple Policy subclass): The policy

## **OffPolicyActorCritic**

- VFunction (LinearStateVFA): The Value-function
- ETraces (ETraces): Traces used by the critic and the actor
- Alpha-v (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain used by the critic
- Alpha-w (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain used to average the reward
- Alpha-u (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain used by the actor
- Policy (Multiple Policy subclass): The policy

#### **OffPolicyDeterministicActorCritic**

- QFunction (LinearStateActionVFA): The Q-function
- Alpha-w (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain used by the critic
- Alpha-theta (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain used by the actor
- Policy (Multiple DeterministicPolicy subclass) : The deterministic policy

#### **ActorCritic**

- Actor (Actor): The actor
- Critic (ICritic subclass): The critic

### RegularPolicyGradientLearner

- Alpha (Numeric Value subclass): The learning gain
- Policy (Policy subclass): The policy to be learned

#### **Actor**

- Base-Controller (Controller subclass): The base controller used to initialize the weights of the actor
- Output (Multiple PolicyLearner subclass): The outputs of the actor. One for each output dimension

## **SimionApp**

- Log (Logger): The logger class
- World (World): The simulation environment and its parameters
- Experiment (Experiment): The parameters of the experiment
- SimGod (SimGod): The omniscient class that controls all aspects of the simulation process

#### **AsyncQLearning**

- i-async-update (int): Steps before the network's weights are updated by the optimizer with the accumulated DeltaTheta
- i-target (int): Steps before the target network's weights are updated
- neural-network (NN Definition): Neural Network Architecture
- experience-replay (ExperienceReplay) : Experience replay
- Policy (DiscreteDeepPolicy subclass): The policy
- Output-Action (Action): The output action variable

#### **LQRGain**

- Gain (double): The gain applied to the input state variable
- Variable (State): The input state variable

#### **LQRController**

- Output-Action (Action): The output action
- LQR-Gain (Multiple LQRGain): An LQR gain on an input state variable

## **PIDController**

- KP (NumericValue subclass) : Proportional gain
- KI (NumericValue subclass) : Integral gain
- KD (NumericValue subclass) : Derivative gain
- Input-Variable (State): The input state variable

• Output-Action (Action): The output action

#### WindTurbineVidalController

- A (Numeric Value subclass) : A parameter of the torque controller
- K\_alpha (NumericValue subclass): K\_alpha parameter of the torque controller
- KP (NumericValue subclass): Proportional gain of the pitch controller
- KI (NumericValue subclass): Integral gain of the pitch controller

#### WindTurbineBoukhezzarController

- C\_0 (NumericValue subclass) : C\_0 parameter
- KP (NumericValue subclass): Proportional gain of the pitch controller
- KI (NumericValue subclass): Integral gain of the pitch controller

#### WindTurbineJonkmanController

- CornerFreq (double): Corner Freq. parameter
- VS\_SIPc (double) : SIPc parameter
- VS\_Rgn2K (double) : Rgn2K parameter
- VS\_Rgn2Sp (double) : Rgn2Sp parameter
- VS\_CtInSp (double): CtInSp parameter
- VS\_Rgn3MP (double) : Rgn3MP parameter
- PC\_RefSpd (double): Pitch control reference speed
- PC KK (NumericValue subclass): Pitch angle were the the derivative of the...
- PC\_KP (NumericValue subclass): Proportional gain of the pitch controller
- PC\_KI (NumericValue subclass) : Integral gain of the pitch controller

### **Controller-Factory**

• Controller (Controller subclass): The specific controller to be used

#### **TDLambdaCritic**

- E-Traces (ETraces): Eligibility traces of the critic
- Alpha (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain
- V-Function (LinearStateVFA): The V-function to be learned

#### **TDCLambdaCritic**

- E-Traces (ETraces): Elilgibility traces of the critic
- Alpha (NumericValue subclass) : Learning gain of the critic

- Beta (NumericValue subclass): Learning gain applied to the omega vector
- V-Function (LinearStateVFA): The V-function to be learned

#### TrueOnlineTDLambdaCritic

- E-Traces (ETraces): Eligibility traces of the critic
- Alpha (Numeric Value subclass): Learning gain of the critic
- V-Function (LinearStateVFA): The V-function to be learned

#### **VLearnerCritic**

• V-Function (LinearStateVFA): The V-function to be learned

### **ICritic-Factory**

• Critic (ICritic subclass): Critic type

#### **DDPG**

- Tau (double): The rate by which the target weights approach the online weights
- Learning-Rate (double): The learning rate at which the agent learns
- Critic-Network (NN Definition): Neural Network for the Critic -a Q function-
- Actor-Network (NN Definition): Neural Network for the Actor -deterministic policy-
- Exploration-Noise (Noise subclass): Noise added to the output of the policy
- Input-State (Multiple State): Set of state variables used as input
- Output-Action (Multiple Action): The output action variable

#### **DiscreteEpsilonGreedyDeepPolicy**

• epsilon (NumericValue subclass): Epsilon

### **DiscreteSoftmaxDeepPolicy**

• temperature (NumericValue subclass): Tempreature

### DiscreteDeepPolicy-Factory

• Policy (DiscreteDeepPolicy subclass): The policy type

### DQN

- Num-Action-Steps (int): Number of discrete values used for the output action
- Learning-Rate (double): The learning rate at which the agent learns
- neural-network (NN Definition) : Neural Network Architecture
- Policy (DiscreteDeepPolicy subclass): The policy
- Output-Action (Action): The output action variable

• Input-State (Multiple State): Set of variables used as input of the QNetwork

#### **DoubleDQN**

- Num-Action-Steps (int): Number of discrete values used for the output action
- Learning-Rate (double): The learning rate at which the agent learns
- neural-network (NN Definition): Neural Network Architecture
- Policy (DiscreteDeepPolicy subclass): The policy
- Output-Action (Action): The output action variable
- Input-State (Multiple State): Set of variables used as input of the QNetwork

#### **ETraces**

- Threshold (double): Threshold applied to trace factors
- Lambda (double): Lambda parameter
- Replace (bool): Replace existing traces? Or add?

#### **ExperienceReplay**

- Buffer-Size (int): Size of the buffer used to store experience tuples
- **Update-Batch-Size** (int): Number of tuples used each time-step in the update

#### **Experiment**

- Random-Seed (int): Random seed used to generate random sequences of numbers
- Num-Episodes (int): Number of episodes. Zero if we only want to run one evaluation episode
- Eval-Freq (int): Evaluation frequency (in episodes). If zero then only training episodes will be run
- **Progress-Update-Freq** (*double*) : Progress update frequency (seconds)
- Episode-Length (double): Length of an episode(seconds)

#### **TileCodingFeatureMap**

- Num-Tiles (int): Number of tile layers of the grid
- **Tile-Offset** (*double*): Offset of each tile relative to the previous one. It is scaled by the value range of the input variable

#### **FeatureMap**

• Num-Features-Per-Dimension (int): Number of features per input variable

#### **StateFeatureMap**

- Feature-Mapper (FeatureMapper subclass): The feature calculator used to map/unmap features
- Input-State (Multiple State): State variables used as input of the feature map

• Num-Features-Per-Dimension (int): Number of features per input variable

#### **ActionFeatureMap**

- Feature-Mapper (FeatureMapper subclass): The feature calculator used to map/unmap features
- Input-Action (Multiple Action): Action variables used as input of the feature map
- Num-Features-Per-Dimension (int): Number of features per input variable

#### FeatureMapper-Factory

• Type (FeatureMapper subclass): Feature map type

#### Logger

- Num-Functions-Logged (int): How many times per experiment save logged functions
- Log-Freq (double): Log frequency. Simulation time in seconds.
- Log-Eval-Episodes (bool): Log evaluation episodes?
- Log-Training-Episodes (bool): Log training episodes?
- Log-Functions (bool): Log functions learned?

#### **GaussianNoise**

- Sigma (double): Width of the gaussian bell
- Alpha (double): Low-pass first-order filter's gain [0...1]. 1=no filter
- Scale (NumericValue subclass): Scale factor applied to the noise signal before adding it to the policy's output

#### **SinusoidalNoise**

- Time-Frequency (double): Frequency of the signal in 1/simulation seconds
- Amplitude-Scale (NumericValue subclass): Scaling factor applied to the sinusoidal

### OrnsteinUhlenbeckNoise

- Mu (double): Mean value of the generated noise
- Sigma (double): Degree of volatility around it caused by shocks
- Theta (double): Rate by which noise shocks dissipate and the variable reverts towards the mean
- Scale (NumericValue subclass): Scale factor applied to the noise signal before adding it to the policy's output

#### **Noise-Factory**

• Noise (Noise subclass): Noise type

#### ConstantValue

• Value (double): Constant value

#### SimpleEpisodeLinearSchedule

- Initial-Value (double): Value at the beginning of the experiment
- End-Value (double): Value at the end of the experiment

### InterpolatedValue

- Start-Offset (double): Normalized time from which the schedule will begin [0...1]
- End-Offset (double): Normalized time at which the schedule will end and only return the End-Value
  [0...1]
- Pre-Offset-Value (double): Output value before the schedule begins
- Initial-Value (double): Output value at the beginning of the schedule
- End-Value (double): Output value at the end of the schedule
- Evaluation-Value (double): Output value during evaluation episodes
- Interpolation (Interpolation): Interpolation type
- Time-reference (TimeReference): The time-reference type

#### **BhatnagarSchedule**

- Alpha-0 (double): Alpha-0 parameter in Bhatnagar's schedule
- Alpha-c (double): Alpha-c parameter in Bhatnagar's schedule
- Time-Exponent (double): Time exponent in Bhatnagar's schedule
- Evaluation-Value (double): Output value during evaluation episodes
- Time-reference (TimeReference): The time reference

#### WireConnection

• Wire (Wire): Wire connection from which the value comes

## **NumericValue-Factory**

• Schedule (NumericValue subclass): Schedule-type

## PolicyLearner

• Policy (Policy subclass) : The policy to be learned

## PolicyLearner-Factory

• Policy-Learner (PolicyLearner subclass): The algorithm used to learn the policy

#### **QEGreedyPolicy**

• Epsilon (NumericValue subclass): The epsilon parameter that balances exploitation and exploration

#### **QSoftMaxPolicy**

• Tau (Numeric Value subclass) : Temperature parameter

#### GreedyQPlusNoisePolicy

• **Noise** (*Multiple Noise subclass*): Noise signal added to the typical greedy action selection. The number of noise signals should match the number of actions in the action feature amp

### **QLearningCritic**

- Q-Function (LinearStateActionVFA): The parameterization of the Q-Function
- E-Traces (ETraces): E-Traces
- Alpha (Numeric Value subclass): The learning gain [0-1]

## **QLearning**

- Policy (QPolicy subclass): The policy to be followed
- Q-Function (LinearStateActionVFA): The parameterization of the Q-Function
- E-Traces (ETraces): E-Traces
- Alpha (NumericValue subclass): The learning gain [0-1]

#### **DoubleQLearning**

- Policy (QPolicy subclass): The policy to be followed
- Q-Function (LinearStateActionVFA): The parameterization of the Q-Function
- E-Traces (ETraces): E-Traces
- Alpha (NumericValue subclass): The learning gain [0-1]

#### **SARSA**

- Policy (QPolicy subclass): The policy to be followed
- Q-Function (LinearStateActionVFA): The parameterization of the Q-Function
- E-Traces (ETraces): E-Traces
- Alpha (NumericValue subclass): The learning gain [0-1]

## **QPolicy-Factory**

• Policy (QPolicy subclass): The exploration policy used to learn

#### **SimGod**

- Target-Function-Update-Freq (int): Update frequency at which target functions will be updated. Only used if Freeze-Target-Function=true
- Gamma (double): Gamma parameter
- Freeze-Target-Function (bool): Defers updates on the V-functions to improve stability
- Use-Importance-Weights (bool): Use sample importance weights to allow off-policy learning -

experimental-

- State-Feature-Map (StateFeatureMap): The state feature map
- Action-Feature-Map (ActionFeatureMap) : The state feature map
- Experience-Replay (ExperienceReplay) : The experience replay parameters
- Simion (Multiple Simion subclass): Simions: learning agents and controllers

#### Simion-Factory

• Type (Simion subclass): The Simion class

#### **Policy**

• Output-Action (Action): The output action variable

#### **DeterministicPolicy**

• Output-Action (Action): The output action variable

#### **StochasticPolicy**

• Output-Action (Action): The output action variable

#### **DeterministicPolicyGaussianNoise**

- Deterministic-Policy-VFA (LinearStateVFA): The parameterized VFA that approximates the function
- Exploration-Noise (Noise subclass): Parameters of the noise used as exploration
- Output-Action (Action): The output action variable

#### **StochasticGaussianPolicy**

- Mean-VFA (LinearStateVFA): The parameterized VFA that approximates the function
- Sigma-VFA (LinearStateVFA): The parameterized VFA that approximates variance(s)
- Output-Action (Action): The output action variable

### **Policy-Factory**

• Policy (Policy subclass): The policy type

#### **LinearStateVFA**

• Init-Value (double): The initial value given to the weights on initialization

### **LinearStateActionVFA**

• Init-Value (double): The initial value given to the weights on initialization

#### World

• Num-Integration-Steps (int): The number of integration steps performed each simulation time-step

- **Delta-T** (double): The delta-time between simulation steps
- **Dynamic-Model** (*DynamicModel subclass*) : The dynamic model

## **DynamicModel-Factory**

• Model (DynamicModel subclass): The world

## Worlds

## **BalancingPole**

### State variables

- X
- x\_dot
- theta
- theta\_dot

#### Action variables

• force

## **DoublePendulum**

### State variables

- theta\_1
- theta\_1-dot
- theta\_2
- theta\_2-dot

## Action variables

- torque\_1
- torque\_2

## **FASTWindTurbine**

- T\_a
- P\_a
- P\_s
- P\_e
- E\_p
- v

- omega\_r
- d\_omega\_r
- E\_omega\_r
- omega\_g
- d\_omega\_g
- E\_omega\_g
- beta
- d\_beta
- T\_g
- d\_T\_g
- E\_int\_omega\_r
- E\_int\_omega\_g
- theta

- beta
- T\_g

## MountainCar

## State variables

- position
- velocity
- height
- angle

## Action variables

• pedal

## **PitchControl**

- setpoint-pitch
- attack-angle
- pitch
- pitch-rate
- control-deviation

• pitch

## PullBox1

#### State variables

- target-x
- target-y
- robot1-x
- robot1-y
- box-x
- box-y
- robot1-theta
- box-theta
- box-to-target-x
- box-to-target-y
- robot1-to-box-x
- robot1-to-box-y

## Action variables

- robot1-v
- robot1-omega

## PullBox2

- target-x
- target-y
- robot1-x
- robot1-y
- robot2-x
- robot2-y
- box-x
- box-y
- robot1-theta
- robot2-theta

- box-theta
- box-to-target-x
- box-to-target-y
- robot1-to-box-x
- robot1-to-box-y
- robot2-to-box-x
- robot2-to-box-y

- robot1-v
- robot1-omega
- robot2-v
- robot2-omega

## PushBox1

#### State variables

- target-x
- target-y
- robot1-x
- robot1-y
- box-x
- box-y
- robot1-to-box-x
- robot1-to-box-y
- box-to-target-x
- box-to-target-y
- robot1-theta
- box-theta

#### Action variables

- robot1-v
- robot1-omega

## PushBox2

- target-x
- target-y
- robot1-x
- robot1-y
- robot2-x
- robot2-y
- box-x
- box-y
- robot1-to-box-x
- robot1-to-box-y
- robot2-to-box-x
- robot2-to-box-y
- box-to-target-x
- box-to-target-y
- robot1-theta
- robot2-theta
- box-theta

- robot1-v
- robot1-omega
- robot2-v
- robot2-omega

## RainCar

### State variables

- position
- velocity
- · position-deviation

## Action variables

• acceleration

## RobotControl

- target-x
- target-y
- robot1-x
- robot1-y
- robot1-theta

- robot1-v
- robot1-omega

## SwingupPendulum

## State variables

- angle
- angular-velocity

## Action variables

• torque

## **UnderwaterVehicle**

## State variables

- v-setpoint
- v
- v-deviation

## Action variables

• u-thrust

## WindTurbine

- T\_a
- P\_a
- P\_s
- P\_e
- E\_p
- V
- omega\_r

- d\_omega\_r
- E\_omega\_r
- omega\_g
- d\_omega\_g
- E\_omega\_g
- beta
- d\_beta
- T\_g
- d\_T\_g
- E\_int\_omega\_r
- E\_int\_omega\_g
- theta

- beta
- T\_g