Assignment 1

This assignment is due on Jan 29, marks will be deducted for late homework. Remember to include the names of all students in your study group

- 1. Show that the sum of two discrete periodic signals is periodic, whereas the sum of two continuous periodic signals s not necessarily periodic. Under what conditions is the sum of tow continuous periodic signals periodic
- 2. Classify these systems into linear and nonlinear (a simple nonlinear or linear will not suffice, you need show how you arrive at your conclusions)

(a)
$$y(t) = x^2(t) + 1$$

(b)
$$y(t) = \frac{1}{x(t)}$$

(c)
$$y(t) = e^{-t^2}x(t)$$

(d)
$$y(t) = x(t)\sin(\omega_c t + \theta)$$

(e)
$$y(t) = e^{2x(t)+1}$$

(f)
$$y(t) = x(t) + y(t-1) + y(t-2)$$

3. Determine whether the following signals are energy signals, power signals or neither)

(a)
$$x(t) = \frac{1}{t}$$

(b)
$$x(t) = e^{-\alpha t} \cos(\beta t) u(t)$$
, α , $\beta > 0$

(c)
$$x[n] = 2e^{-jn}$$

(d)
$$x(t) = sgn(t)$$

(e)

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} Kt^{-\frac{1}{8}} & t > 0\\ 0 & t \le 0 \end{cases}$$

4. Determine the Fourier Transform of each of the following signals (α is positive)

(a)
$$x(t) = \frac{1}{1+t^2}$$

(b)
$$x(t) = \Pi(2t - 3) + \Lambda(2t + 3)$$

(c)
$$x(t) = t^2 sinc(t)$$

(d)
$$x(t) = \delta(t + \frac{1}{2}) + \delta(t - \frac{1}{2})$$

5. Consider the function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le x \le \pi \\ -1 & -\pi \le x < 0 \end{cases}$$

- (a) Write a function in MATLAB to compute the coefficients of the Discrete Fourier Series
- (b) Plot the Fourier Series representation of f(t), when N = 10 (i.e., the number of coefficients)
- (c) Plot the Fourier Series representation of f(t), when N=30
- (d) Plot the Fourier Series representation of f(t), when N = 100
- (e) What can you conclude from the plots shown in (b) to (d)?