

Figure 2.6 Spinners.

tical Exercises

e following relations:

 $E \subset E \cup F$.

F, then $F^c \subseteq E^c$.

 $E \cup FE^c$ and $E \cup F = E \cup E^cF$.

$$F = \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} E_i F \text{ and }$$

$$\cup\ F = \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} (E_i \ \cup \ F).$$

ny sequence of events $E_1, E_2, ...$, define a new $\varepsilon F_1, F_2, ...$ of disjoint events (that is, events such \emptyset whenever $i \ne j$) such that for all $n \ge 1$,

$$\bigcup_{1}^{n} F_{i} = \bigcup_{1}^{n} E_{i}$$

6. Let E, F, and G be three events. Find expressions for the events so that, of E, F, and G,

- (a) only E occurs;
- **(b)** both E and G, but not F, occur;
- (e) at least one of the events occurs;
- (d) at least two of the events occur;
- (e) all three events occur;
- (f) none of the events occurs;
- (1) Home of the events occurs,
- (g) at most one of the events occurs;
- (h) at most two of the events occur;
- (i) exactly two of the events occur;
- (j) at most three of the events occur.

7. Use Venn diagrams

- (a) to simplify the expressions $(E \cup F)(E \cup F^c)$;
- **(b)** to prove DeMorgan's laws for events E and F. [That is, prove $(E \cup F)^c = E^c F^c$, and $(EF)^c = E^c \cup F^c$.]
- **8.** Let S be a given set. If, for some k > 0, S_1, S_2, \dots, S_k are mutually exclusive nonempty subsets of S such that