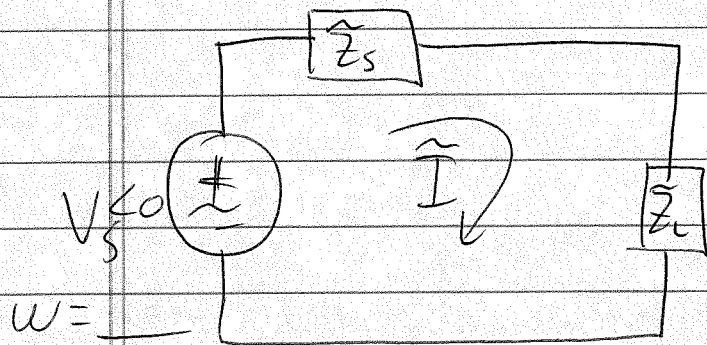


Go back to Thevenin Equivalent:



Let $\tilde{Z}_s = R_s + jX_s$

and $\tilde{Z}_L = R_L + jX_L$

So $\hat{I} = \frac{V_s \angle 0^\circ}{(R_s + R_L) + j(X_s + X_L)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(R_s + R_L)^2 + (X_s + X_L)^2}} V_s \angle [0^\circ - \tan^{-1}(\frac{X_s + X_L}{R_s + R_L})]$

$\hat{V}_L = \tilde{Z}_L \hat{I} = \frac{R_L + jX_L}{(R_s + R_L) + j(X_s + X_L)} V_s \angle 0^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{R_L^2 + X_L^2}}{\sqrt{(R_s + R_L)^2 + (X_s + X_L)^2}} V_s$

$\angle [\tan^{-1}(\frac{X_L}{R_L}) - \tan^{-1}(\frac{X_s + X_L}{R_s + R_L})]$

$|P| = \frac{\sqrt{R_L^2 + X_L^2}}{(R_s + R_L)^2 + (X_s + X_L)^2} V_s^2$

$= |V| |I| V_s^2$

make this maximum
by making $(X_s + X_L) = 0$
or $X_L = -X_s$

We already know that if $\tilde{Z}_S + \tilde{Z}_L$ are real,

then we maximize power delivered by

making $R_L = R_S$, so now we have

Max Power Delivered to Load when

$$\tilde{Z}_L = R_S - jX_S = \tilde{Z}_S^* \text{ (complex conjugate)}$$