■ Simple-8 Fantasy Console Documentation

Simple-8 is a minimal fantasy console made in Python using Pygame and Tkinter. It lets you run short programs in a 24×24 pixel grid, great for learning code, making pixel demos, or experimenting with logic.

How It Works

Simple-8 gives you:

- A 24×24 pixel grid you can draw on with code.
- A GUI for inputting code and variables.
- Full access to Python including keyboard module input.
- Buttons to run, stop, and view your code.

The Screen Layout

The Simple-8 console shows a Pygame window with:

- The pixel grid (24×24) .
- 4 Buttons:
 - Click me Opens the code input menu.
 - **View Code** Opens your current code in Notepad.
 - **Pan** Executes your code in a loop.
 - \circ \square **Stop** Stops the code and resets the grid.

∠ Code Entry Window ("Click me")

When you press "Click me", you'll get a window where you can:

Field	Description
Code	Your Python code. It will be executed each loop.
Duration	Time between loops (in seconds). Can be a decimal like 0.1.
Loops	Number of times your code will run.
px / py	Custom integer variables.
ox / oy	Arrays of 30 integers (comma-separated).

☐ You can Save, Save As, or Load code and variables.

% Drawing on the Grid

Use these built-in functions in your code:

```
update_grid(x, y, rgbcolor)
```

Set the pixel at (x, y) to a specific color.

```
update grid(0, 0, (255, 0, 0)) # Draw red in the top-left
```

```
clear_grid()
```

Resets all pixels to white.

```
clear grid()
```

fill grid(rgbcolor)

Fills the entire screen with a single color.

```
fill grid((0, 0, 255)) # Entire screen becomes blue
```

Running Your Code

When you press **Run**:

- 1. Your code is executed repeatedly for loops times.
- 2. It waits duration seconds between each loop.
- 3. Code is live—draw on the grid, react to input, etc.
- \P All your variables (px, py, ox, oy) are global, so you can use them like:

```
update grid(px, py, (0, 255, 0))
```

EXECUTE Keyboard Input

Simple-8 includes keyboard support out of the box using the keyboard module.

You can just write normal Python keyboard input like this:

```
if keyboard.is pressed('w'):
```

```
update_grid(px, py, (255, 255, 0)) \# Highlight player if W is pressed
```

You don't need to define anything extra—the keyboard module is already imported!

Note: Do not write import keyboard on the top of the code you're gonna run, or else the code is not gonna work.

▲ Example: Move a pixel around

```
fill_grid((255,255,255))
if keyboard.is_pressed('w'):
    py -= 1
if keyboard.is_pressed('s'):
    py += 1
if keyboard.is_pressed('a'):
    px -= 1
if keyboard.is_pressed('d'):
    px += 1
update grid(px, py, (0, 255, 0))
```

Set duration to a low value like 0.1 and loops to a high number (like 99999).

☐ Save and Load

When editing code, use:

- Save Saves variables/code to variables.txt.
- Save As Save to a custom .txt file.
- Load Load any .txt you saved.

⚠ Uses eval() to read files, so only open trusted files!

☐ Full Example: Diagonal Line with Delay

```
for i in range(24):
    update grid(i, i, (255, 0, 0))
```

Set:

Duration: 0.1 Loops: 24

This draws a red line diagonally down the screen, pixel by pixel.

☐ Stopping Code

If something goes wrong or you want to stop early:

- Click the \square **Stop** button.
- It will immediately halt and clear the grid.

Safety Notes

- You have full access to Python.
- There is no sandbox—avoid harmful or infinite loops.
- Always use keyboard.is_pressed() inside if blocks, not in infinite loops unless you use break.

Tips & Tricks

- Keep logic inside if or for blocks.
- Use px, py, ox, oy to build logic that can be controlled from the GUI.
- You can import other modules if needed—just write import math, etc.

X Under the Hood

Language: Python
UI: Tkinter + Pygame
Grid size: 24x24 pixels
Cell size: 20x20 pixels
Project name: Simple-8

• Icon: ./assets/S8 logo.png

☐ Coming Soon? (Ideas)

- Sound effects
- Virtual sprites
- Mouse or gamepad support Network multiplayer demos (!)