

BACK TO THE FUTURE WITH **TEMPORAL TABLES**

Randolph West

Who is Randolph West?

- Author
- Actor
- Consultant
- C#
- SQL Server
- Chocolate



Pronouns: *they/them*

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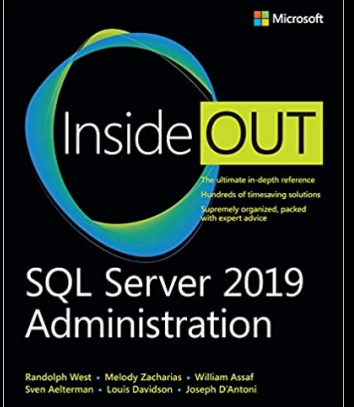


Azure Data
Community



SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

A hands-on guide to provisioning Microsoft SQL Server on Azure VMs



System-Versioned Temporal Tables

Keeps a full history of data changes

System-Versioned Temporal Tables

Allows easy point-in-time analysis

System-Versioned Temporal Tables

Period of validity for each row is managed by the database engine

System-Versioned Temporal Tables

- two **PERIOD** columns
- **datetime2** data type
- records validity period per row
- whenever a row is modified

System-Versioned Temporal Tables

- references a *history* table
- with a mirrored schema
- stores previous version of the row
- whenever a row is modified

System-Versioned Temporal Tables

History tables can be created manually,
or by the database engine

Why Temporal?

Audit all data changes and perform
data forensics when necessary

This is a marketing slide

Why Temporal?

Audit all data changes and perform
data forensics when necessary

Why Temporal?

Reconstruct the state of the
data at any time in the past

Why Temporal?

Calculate trends over time

Why Temporal?

Maintain slowly changing dimensions
for decision-support applications

Why Temporal?

Recover from accidental data
changes and application errors

This is the killer feature

Why Temporal?

Backward compatibility with
HIDDEN period columns

Limits and Considerations

Primary Key in the current table,
no primary key in the history table
(or any type of constraints)

Limits and Considerations

The history table must be stored in the same database as the current table

Limits and Considerations

The history table is **PAGE** compressed by default

Limits and Considerations

Partitioned tables will store the history table in the default file group

Limits and Considerations

**(n) varchar(max), varbinary(max),
(n) text, and image** incur significant
storage and performance costs

Limits and Considerations

TRUNCATE TABLE is not supported
while **SYSTEM_VERSIONING** is ON

Limits and Considerations

Direct modification of history data is not supported with system versioning

Limits and Considerations

Read them all:

*[https://docs.microsoft.com/sql/
relational-databases/tables/
temporal-table-considerations-and-limitations](https://docs.microsoft.com/sql/relational-databases/temporal-table-considerations-and-limitations)*

Managing historical data retention

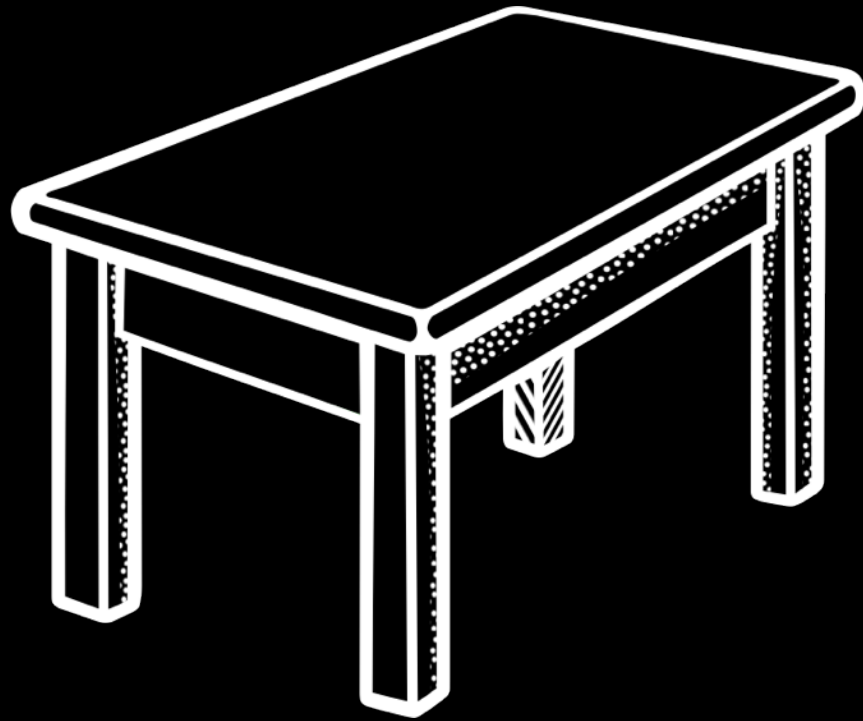
- Stretch database
- Table partitioning
- Custom cleanup
- **Retention Policy** (SQL DB and 2017 only)

[https://docs.microsoft.com/sql/relational-databases/tables/
manage-retention-of-historical-data-in-system-versioned-temporal-tables](https://docs.microsoft.com/sql/relational-databases/tables/manage-retention-of-historical-data-in-system-versioned-temporal-tables)

Memory-Optimized Temporal Tables

- Current table in-memory
- History table on disk
- Internal in-memory staging table
- Works on Standard Edition

How does it work?

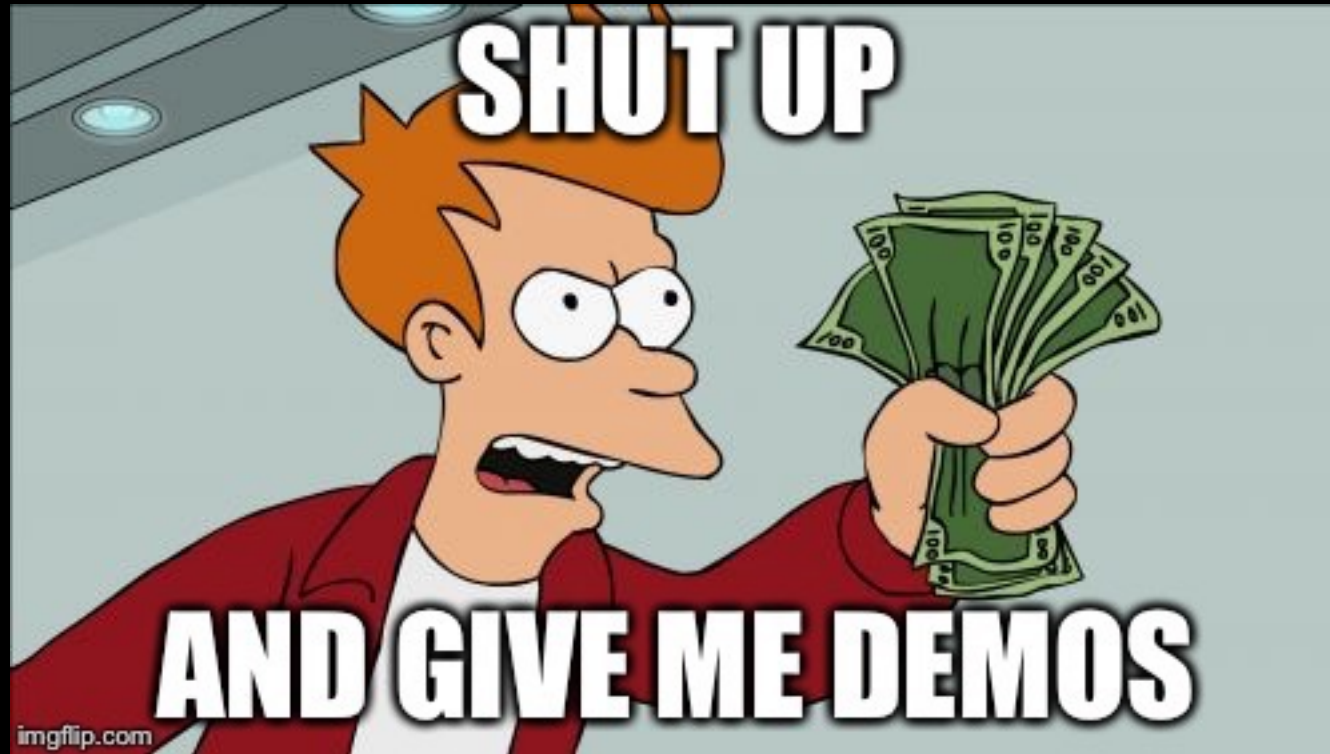


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