Machine Learning for Unstructured Text

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Use LSTM to learn the structure and generate the sequences of text. The learned probabilities of characters allows to continue the text: if the random line has ends with three latters from the main protagonist name the network is expected to correctly finish the name: Mon...tag said,

```
In [38]: #import os
    #os.environ["KERAS_BACKEND"] = "plaidml.keras.backend"
    import numpy
    from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
    from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
    from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout
    from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
    from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
    from keras.utils import np_utils
    from pprint import pprint
```

I used the classic nevella: Fahrenheit 451: Ray Bradbury. The capitallization is preserved.

```
In [41]: # load ascii text and covert to lowercase
filename = "FAHRENHEIT 451.txt"
    raw_text = open(filename, 'r').read()
    #raw_text = raw_text.lower()
    print(raw_text[:2000])
```

FAHRENHEIT 451 by Ray Bradbury

This one, with gratitude, is for DON CONGDON.

FAHRENHEIT 451:

The temperature at which book-paper catches fire and burns PART ${\tt I}$

IT WAS A PLEASURE TO BURN

IT was a special pleasure to see things eaten, to see things blackened and changed. With the brass nozzle in his fists, with this great python spitting its venomous kerosene upon the world, the blood pounded in his head, and his hands were the hands of some amazing conductor playing al 1 the symphonies of blazing and burning to bring down the tatters and c harcoal ruins of history. With his symbolic helmet numbered 451 on his stolid head, and his eyes all orange flame with the thought of what cam e next, he flicked the igniter and the house jumped up in a gorging fir e that burned the evening sky red and yellow and black. He strode in a swarm of fireflies. He wanted above all, like the old joke, to shove a marshmallow on a stick in the furnace, while the flapping pigeon-winged books died on the porch and lawn of the house. While the books went up in sparkling whirls and blew away on a wind turned dark with burning. Montag grinned the fierce grin of all men singed and driven back by flame.

He knew that when he returned to the firehouse, he might wink at himsel f, a minstrel man, burntcorked, in the mirror. Later, going to sleep, he would feel the fiery smile still gripped by his face muscles, in the dark. It never went away, that. smile, it never ever went away, as long as he remembered.

He hung up his black-beetle-coloured helmet and shined it, he hung his flameproof jacket neatly; he showered luxuriously, and then, whistling, hands in pockets, walked across the upper floor of the fire station and fell down the hole. At the last moment, when disaster seemed positive, he pulled his hands from his pockets and broke his fall by grasping the golden pole. He slid to a squeaking halt, the heels one inch from the c oncrete floor downstairs.

He walked out of the fire station and along the midnight

The vocabulary is the list of all characters appearing in the text.

```
In [18]: # create mapping of unique chars to integers, and a reverse mapping
          chars = sorted(list(set(raw text)))
          char_to_int = dict((c, i) for i, c in enumerate(chars))
          print(char_to_int)
          {'\n': 0, ' ': 1, '!': 2, '"': 3, "'": 4, '(': 5, ')': 6, ',': 7, '-':
          8, '.': 9, '0': 10, '1': 11, '2': 12, '3': 13, '4': 14, '5': 15, '6': 1
          6, '7': 17, '8': 18, '9': 19, ':': 20, ';': 21, '?': 22, 'A': 23, 'B': 24, 'C': 25, 'D': 26, 'E': 27, 'F': 28, 'G': 29, 'H': 30, 'I': 31, 'J':
          32, 'K': 33, 'L': 34, 'M': 35, 'N': 36, 'O': 37, 'P': 38, 'Q': 39, 'R':
          40, 'S': 41, 'T': 42, 'U': 43, 'V': 44, 'W': 45, 'X': 46, 'Y': 47,
          48, 'a': 49, 'b': 50, 'c': 51, 'd': 52, 'e': 53, 'f': 54, 'g': 55, 'h':
          56, 'i': 57, 'j': 58, 'k': 59, 'l': 60, 'm': 61, 'n': 62, 'o': 63,
          64, 'q': 65, 'r': 66, 's': 67, 't': 68, 'u': 69, 'v': 70, 'w': 71, 'x':
          72, 'y': 73, 'z': 74}
In [19]: n_chars = len(raw_text)
          n_vocab = len(chars)
          print("Total Characters: ", n chars)
          print("Total Vocab: ", n_vocab)
          Total Characters: 251222
          Total Vocab: 75
```

Generate Sequences

Lets split data into sequences of 80. For each sequence the Y to be prediceted is the rest except one character

```
In [20]: # prepare the dataset of input to output pairs encoded as integers
         seq length = 80
         dataX = []
         dataY = []
         for i in range(0, n chars - seq length, 1):
           seq in = raw text[i:i + seq length]
           seq out = raw text[i + seq length]
           dataX.append([char to int[char] for char in seq in])
           dataY.append(char to int[seq out])
         n patterns = len(dataX)
         print("Total Patterns: ", n_patterns)
         Total Patterns: 251142
In [21]: print(dataX[1])
         [23, 30, 40, 27, 36, 30, 27, 31, 42, 1, 14, 15, 11, 1, 50, 73, 1, 40, 4
         9, 73, 1, 24, 66, 49, 52, 50, 69, 66, 73, 0, 42, 56, 57, 67, 1, 63, 62,
         53, 7, 1, 71, 57, 68, 56, 1, 55, 66, 49, 68, 57, 68, 69, 52, 53, 7, 1,
         57, 67, 1, 54, 63, 66, 1, 26, 37, 36, 1, 25, 37, 36, 29, 26, 37, 36, 9,
         0, 28, 23, 30, 40]
In [22]: print(dataY[1])
         27
```

```
In [23]: # reshape X to be [samples, time steps, features]
X = numpy.reshape(dataX, (n_patterns, seq_length, 1))
# normalize
X = X / float(n_vocab)
# one hot encode the output variable
y = np_utils.to_categorical(dataY)
```

```
In [26]: # define the LSTM model
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(LSTM(512,input_shape=(X.shape[1], X.shape[2]), return_sequence
         s=True))
         #model.add(LSTM(512,input shape=(X.shape[1], X.shape[2])))
         model.add(Dropout(0.2))
         model.add(LSTM(512))
         model.add(Dropout(0.1))
         model.add(Dense(y.shape[1], activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam')
         # define the checkpoint
         filepath="weights-improvement-{epoch:02d}-{loss:.4f}-128->256.hdf5"
         checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath, monitor='loss', verbose=1, save_b
         est only=True, mode='min')
         callbacks_list = [checkpoint]
         # fit the model
         model.fit(X, y, epochs=16, batch_size=8, callbacks=callbacks_list)
```

```
Epoch 1/16
Epoch 00001: loss improved from inf to 2.69179, saving model to weights
-improvement-01-2.6918-128->256.hdf5
2.6918
Epoch 2/16
Epoch 00002: loss improved from 2.69179 to 2.30315, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-02-2.3032-128->256.hdf5
2.3032
Epoch 3/16
Epoch 00003: loss improved from 2.30315 to 2.09190, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-03-2.0919-128->256.hdf5
2.0919
Epoch 4/16
Epoch 00004: loss improved from 2.09190 to 1.95522, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-04-1.9552-128->256.hdf5
1.9552
Epoch 5/16
Epoch 00005: loss improved from 1.95522 to 1.85779, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-05-1.8578-128->256.hdf5
1.8578
Epoch 6/16
Epoch 00006: loss improved from 1.85779 to 1.78434, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-06-1.7843-128->256.hdf5
1.7843
Epoch 7/16
Epoch 00007: loss improved from 1.78434 to 1.72424, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-07-1.7242-128->256.hdf5
1.7242
Epoch 8/16
Epoch 00008: loss improved from 1.72424 to 1.67452, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-08-1.6745-128->256.hdf5
1.6745
Epoch 9/16
Epoch 00009: loss improved from 1.67452 to 1.63326, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-09-1.6333-128->256.hdf5
1.6333
Epoch 10/16
Epoch 00010: loss improved from 1.63326 to 1.59974, saving model to wei
```

```
ghts-improvement-10-1.5997-128->256.hdf5
1.5997
Epoch 11/16
Epoch 00011: loss improved from 1.59974 to 1.56613, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-11-1.5661-128->256.hdf5
1.5661
Epoch 12/16
Epoch 00012: loss improved from 1.56613 to 1.54167, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-12-1.5417-128->256.hdf5
1.5417
Epoch 13/16
Epoch 00013: loss improved from 1.54167 to 1.51528, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-13-1.5153-128->256.hdf5
1.5153
Epoch 14/16
Epoch 00014: loss improved from 1.51528 to 1.49224, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-14-1.4922-128->256.hdf5
1.4922
Epoch 15/16
Epoch 00015: loss improved from 1.49224 to 1.47588, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-15-1.4759-128->256.hdf5
1.4759
Epoch 16/16
Epoch 00016: loss improved from 1.47588 to 1.45861, saving model to wei
ghts-improvement-16-1.4586-128->256.hdf5
1.4586
```

Out[26]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f1570236828>

I messed up file naming during multiple experiments: weights-improvement-16-1.4586-128->256.hdf5 actually had to be named weights-improvement-XX-XXX-512->512.hdf5. The training took ~10 hours on Nvidia Ouadro K4200

```
io@io-MacPro:~/projects/secret/wsu/ie7860$ 11 weights-improvement-*128*256.h
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 14:21 'weights-improvement-01-2.6918-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 14:56 'weights-improvement-02-2.3032-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 15:31 'weights-improvement-03-2.0919-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 16:05 'weights-improvement-04-1.9552-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 16:40 'weights-improvement-05-1.8578-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 17:15 'weights-improvement-06-1.7843-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 17:50 'weights-improvement-07-1.7242-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 18:24 'weights-improvement-08-1.6745-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 18:59 'weights-improvement-09-1.6333-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 19:34 'weights-improvement-10-1.5997-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 20:09 'weights-improvement-11-1.5661-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 20:43 'weights-improvement-12-1.5417-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 21:18 'weights-improvement-13-1.5153-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 21:53 'weights-improvement-14-1.4922-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 22:28 'weights-improvement-15-1.4759-
128->256.hdf5'
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 38326232 Apr 13 23:02 'weights-improvement-16-1.4586-
128->256.hdf5'
io@io-MacPro:~/projects/secret/wsu/ie7860$
```

```
655b0f19c39e
                     Tue Apr 14 03:47:14 2020
[0] Quadro K4200
                     | 26'C, 0 % | 3838 / 4037 MB |
nvidia-smi
Tue Apr 14 03:47:12 2020
                                                        CUDA Version: 10.1
 NVIDIA-SMI 435.21
                          Driver Version: 435.21
 GPU
      Name
                   Persistence-M| Bus-Id
                                                 Disp.A |
                                                          Volatile Uncorr. ECC
  Fan
             Perf
                   Pwr:Usage/Cap
                                           Memory-Usage
                                                           GPU-Util Compute M.
       Temp
       Quadro K4200
                                   00000000:02:00.0 Off
                            0ff
                                     3838MiB / 4037MiB
  30%
        26C
               P8
                     14W /
                           110W
                                                                        Default
                                                                     GPU Memory
  Processes:
  GPU
             PID
                   Type
                          Process name
                                                                     Usage
oot@655b0f19c39e:~/projects/ie7860#
```

```
In [29]: # load the network weights
    filename = "weights-improvement-16-1.4586-128->256.hdf5"
    model.load_weights(filename)
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam')
    int_to_char = dict((i, c) for i, c in enumerate(chars))
```

```
In [34]: import sys
         # pick a random seed
         start = numpy.random.randint(0, len(dataX)-1)
         pattern = dataX[start]
         print("Randomly selected start line:")
         print("\"", ''.join([int_to_char[value] for value in pattern]), "...") #
         generate characters
         for i in range(800):
           x = numpy.reshape(pattern, (1, len(pattern), 1))
           x = x / float(n_vocab)
           prediction = model.predict(x, verbose=0)
           index = numpy.argmax(prediction)
           result = int to char[index]
           seq in = [int to char[value] for value in pattern]
           sys.stdout.write(result)
           pattern.append(index)
           pattern = pattern[1:len(pattern)]
         print("\nDone.")
```

Randomly selected start line:

" And Clarisse. You never talked to her. I talked to her. And men like Beatty are ...

and the words was not to be his face was the sound of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the sile

The generated text looks like the real one. A new words were invented: <code>brru</code> . Notice how Caplalization is not present in the generated output. Perhaps because there are more lower case sequences. Intersting that sequence started to repeatedly appear.

```
In [37]: len(" and the words was not to be his face was the sound of the silence
   was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence")
Out[37]: 128
```

```
In [35]: | start = numpy.random.randint(0, len(dataX)-1)
         pattern = dataX[start]
         print("Randomly selected start line:")
         print("\"", ''.join([int_to_char[value] for value in pattern]), "...") #
         generate characters
         for i in range(800):
           x = numpy.reshape(pattern, (1, len(pattern), 1))
           x = x / float(n vocab)
           prediction = model.predict(x, verbose=0)
           index = numpy.argmax(prediction)
           result = int to char[index]
           seq_in = [int_to_char[value] for value in pattern]
           sys.stdout.write(result)
           pattern.append(index)
           pattern = pattern[1:len(pattern)]
         print("\nDone.")
```

Randomly selected start line:

" n a year ago when he had met an old man in the park and they had talk ed

Mon ...

tag said, "I want to sead an any forest and the people and the men who make a soom of the sound of the silence was so so brru and she was there e in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so so brru and she was there in the middle of the silence was so borru and she was there in the middle of the

Here we see the correctly perdicted the tail of the name of the protagonist Montag:

```
Mon ...
tag said, "I want to sead an any forest and the people....
```

as well as correct syntax for stareting the qutation.

The training TAKES A LOT OF TIME. The LSTM also is prone to collapse unless I hit some bugs. It was sliding to Infinity in Loss on MacOS and AMD GPU:

```
In [13]: # reshape X to be [samples, time
                                        Intel® HD Graphics 630
        X = numpy.reshape(dataX, (n_patte
        # normalize
        X = X / float(n_vocab)
        # one hot encode the output varia
        y = np_utils.to_categorical(dataY
                                        AMD Radeon Pro 560
In [17]: # define the LSTM model
        model = Sequential()
        model.add(LSTM(256, input_shape=(
        model.add(Dropout(0.2))
        model.add(Dense(y.shape[1], activ
        model.compile(loss='categorical_cro
        INFO:plaidml:Opening device "metal_amd_radeon_pro_560.0"
In [18]: # define the checkpoint
        filepath="weights-improvement-{epoch:02d}-{loss:.4f}.hdf5"
        checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath, monitor='loss', verbose=1, save_best_only=True,mode='min')
        callbacks list = [checkpoint]
In [*]: model.fit(X, y, epochs=20, batch_size=128, callbacks=callbacks_list)
        Epoch 1/20
        INFO:plaidml:Analyzing Ops: 3016 of 9163 operations complete
        INFO:plaidml:Analyzing Ops: 3926 of 9163 operations complete
        251122/251122 [============] - 318s lms/step - loss: 2.8792
        Epoch 00001: loss improved from inf to 2.87923, saving model to weights-improvement-01-2.8792.hdf5
        104064/251122 [========>.....] - ETA: 2:56 - loss: nan
```

Literature: Deep Learning With Python © Copyright 2019 Jason Brownlee. All Rights Reserved. Edition: v1.18