

Experiment No. 8
Implement Restoring algorithm using c-programming
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Aim: To implement Restoring division algorithm using c-programming.

Objective -

- To understand the working of Restoring division algorithm.
- To understand how to implement Restoring division algorithm using c-programming.

Theory:

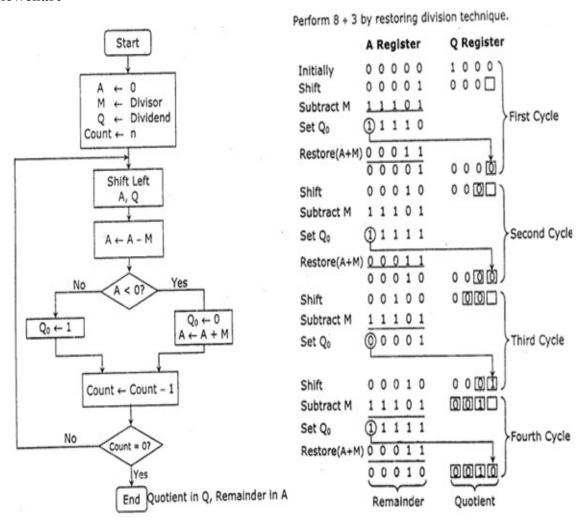


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- 1) The divisor is placed in M register, the dividend placed in Q register.
- 2) At every step, the A and Q registers together are shifted to the left by 1-bit
- 3) M is subtracted from A to determine whether A divides the partial remainder. If it does, then Q0 set to 1-bit. Otherwise, Q0 gets a 0 bit and M must be added back to A to restore the previous value.
- 4) The count is then decremented and the process continues for n steps. At the end, the quotient is in the Q register and the remainder is in the A register.

Flowchart



Program-

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int dec_bin(int, int []);

int twos(int [], int []);



```
int left(int [], int []);
int add(int [], int []);
int main()
  int a, b, m[4]=\{0,0,0,0\}, q[4]=\{0,0,0,0\}, acc[4]=\{0,0,0,0\}, m2[4], i, n=4;
  printf("Enter the Dividend: ");
  scanf("%d", &a);
  printf("Enter the Divisor: ");
  scanf("%d", &b);
  dec bin(a, q);
  dec bin(b, m);
  twos(m, m2);
  printf("\nA\tQ\tComments\n");
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
  {
     printf("%d", acc[i]);
  printf("\t");
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
     printf("%d", q[i]);
  }
  printf("\tStart\n");
  while(n>0)
  {
     left(acc, q);
     for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
       printf("%d", acc[i]);
     printf("\t");
     for(i=3; i>=1; i--)
       printf("%d", q[i]);
     printf("_\tLeft Shift A,Q\n");
     add(acc, m2);
```



```
for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
  printf("%d", acc[i]);
printf("\t");
for(i=3; i>=1; i--)
  printf("%d", q[i]);
printf("_\tA=A-M\n");
if(acc[3]==0)
{
  q[0]=1;
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
     printf("%d", acc[i]);
  printf("\t");
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
    printf("%d", q[i]);
  printf("\tQo=1\n");
}
else
  q[0]=0;
  add(acc, m);
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
    printf("%d", acc[i]);
  printf("\t");
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
     printf("%d", q[i]);
  printf("\tQo=0; A=A+M\n");
```



```
printf("\nQuotient = ");
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
       printf("%d", q[i]);
  printf("\tRemainder = ");
  for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
       printf("%d", acc[i]);
  printf("\n");
  return 0;
}
int dec bin(int d, int m[])
  int b=0, i=0;
  for(i=0; i<4; i++)
    m[i]=d%2;
     d=d/2;
  return 0;
int twos(int m[], int m2[])
  int i, m1[4];
  for(i=0; i<4; i++)
    if(m[i]==0)
       m1[i]=1;
     else
```



```
m1[i]=0;
for(i=0; i<4; i++)
  m2[i]=m1[i];
if(m2[0]==0)
  m2[0]=1;
}
else
{
  m2[0]=0;
  if(m2[1]==0)
  {
    m2[1]=1;
  }
  else
    m2[1]=0;
    if(m2[2]==0)
      m2[2]=1;
    }
    else
      m2[2]=0;
      if(m2[3]==0)
      {
       m2[3]=1;
      }
      else
       m2[3]=0;
    }
```



```
return 0;
}
int left(int acc[], int q[])
  int i;
  for(i=3; i>0; i--)
     acc[i]=acc[i-1];
  }
  acc[0]=q[3];
  for(i=3; i>0; i--)
     q[i]=q[i-1];
  }
}
int add(int acc[], int m[])
 int i, carry=0;
 for(i=0; i<4; i++)
  if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==0)
   acc[i]=0;
   carry=0;
  else if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==1)
   acc[i]=1;
   carry=0;
  else if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==2)
   acc[i]=0;
   carry=1;
```



```
}
else if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==3)
{
    acc[i]=1;
    carry=1;
}
return 0;
}
```

Output -

```
Enter the Dividend: 12
Enter the Divisor: 2
A
     0
           Comments
0000
     1100
           Start
0001
     100_
           Left Shift A,Q
1111 100
           A=A-M
0001
     1000 Qo=0; A=A+M
           Left Shift A,Q
0011
     000
0001
           A=A-M
     000
0001 0001
           Q_0=1
0010 001
           Left Shift A,Q
0000 001
           A=A-M
0000 0011
           Q_0=1
0000
     011_ Left Shift A,Q
     011
           A=A-M
1110
0000
     0110 Qo=0; A=A+M
```

Quotient = 0110 Remainder = 0000

Conclusion -

This experiment concerning the Restoring Division Algorithm has furnished an in-depth grasp of this essential approach to binary division. The algorithm's meticulous, sequential restoration process facilitates precise quotient computation, endowing it with substantial



utility in the realm of computer arithmetic. This experiment has not only underscored the significance of comprehending and putting into practice division algorithms but has also exemplified its pragmatic utilization across a spectrum of computer systems and data processing assignments.