Arduino LCD KeyPad Shield (SKU: DFR0009)

From Robot Wiki

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Introduction

The *LCD Keypad shield* is developed for Arduino compatible boards, to provide a user-friendly interface that allows users to go through the menu, make selections etc. It consists of a 1602 white character blue backlight LCD. The keypad consists of 5 keys — select, up, right, down and left. To save the digital IO pins, the keypad interface uses only one ADC channel. The key value is read through a 5 stage voltage divider.

Note: Version 1.1 main updates are the button values, which have being updated on the example code. For older version check the comments and edit, or use the Enhanced V1.0 library

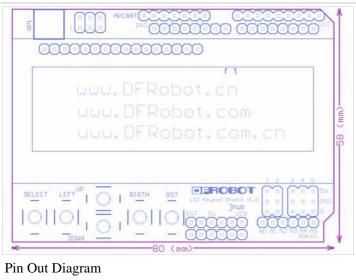


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Diagram





Pin Allocation

Pin	Function
Analog 0	Button (select, up, right, down and left)
Digital 4	DB4
Digital 5	DB5
Digital 6	DB6

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Digital 7	DB7
Digital 8	RS (Data or Signal Display Selection)
Digital 9	Enable
Digital 10	Backlit Control

Sample Code

Example use of LiquidCrystal library

```
-----
//Sample using LiquidCrystal library
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
/**************
This program will test the LCD panel and the buttons
Mark Bramwell, July 2010
^{\prime}// select the pins used on the LCD panel
LiquidCrystal lcd(8, 9, 4, 5, 6, 7);
// define some values used by the panel and buttons
int lcd_key
            = 0;
int adc_key_in = 0;
#define btnRIGHT 0
#define btnUP
#define btnDOWN
#define btnLEFT
#define btnSELECT 4
#define btnNONE
// read the buttons
int read_LCD_buttons()
adc_key_in = analogRead(0);
                                // read the value from the sensor
// my buttons when read are centered at these valies: 0, 144, 329, 504, 741
// we add approx 50 to those values and check to see if we are close
if (adc_key_in > 1000) return btnNONE; // We make this the 1st option for speed reasons since it will be the
// For V1.1 us this threshold
if (adc_key_in < 50) return btnRIGHT;</pre>
if (adc_key_in < 250) return btnUP;
if (adc_key_in < 450) return btnDOWN;
if (adc_key_in < 650) return btnLEFT;
if (adc_key_in < 850) return btnSELECT;</pre>
// For V1.0 comment the other threshold and use the one below:
if (adc_key_in < 50) return btnRIGHT;
if (adc_key_in < 195) return btnUP;
if (adc_key_in < 380) return btnDOWN;
if (adc_key_in < 555) return btnLEFT;</pre>
if (adc_key_in < 790) return btnSELECT;
return btnNONE; // when all others fail, return this...
void setup()
lcd.begin(16, 2);
                              // start the library
! lcd.setCursor(0,0);
lcd.print("Push the buttons"); // print a simple message
```

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```
void loop()
lcd.setCursor(0,1);
                           // move to the begining of the second line
lcd_key = read_LCD_buttons(); // read the buttons
 switch (lcd_key)
                           // depending on which button was pushed, we perform an action
  case btnRIGHT:
    lcd.print("RIGHT ");
    break;
  case btnLEFT:
    lcd.print("LEFT ");
    break;
  case btnUP:
    lcd.print("UP
    break;
  case btnDOWN:
    lcd.print("DOWN ");
    break;
  case btnSELECT:
    lcd.print("SELECT");
    break;
    case btnNONE:
    lcd.print("NONE ");
    break;
```

Example use of Enhanced LiquidCrystal_I2C library(Not updated)

This library inherits LiquidCrystal and adds another method: button - to read button pushed on a keypad. This works on the Old version of the board V1.0

Library Forum (http://www.dfrobot.com/forum/index.php?topic=31.0)

```
DFRobot LCD Shield for Arduino
Key Grab v0.2
Written by Glendon Klassen
gjklassen@gmail.com
http://www.sourceforge.net/users/ecefixer
http://ecefixer.tumblr.com

Displays the currently pressed key on the LCD screen.

Key Codes (in left-to-right order):

None - 0
Select - 1
Left - 2
Up - 3
Down - 4
Right - 5
```

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```
i* /
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
#include <DFR_Key.h>
!//Pin assignments for DFRobot LCD Keypad Shield
LiquidCrystal lcd(8, 9, 4, 5, 6, 7);
DFR_Key keypad;
int localKey = 0;
String keyString = "";
void setup()
 lcd.begin(16, 2);
 lcd.clear();
  lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("Key Grab v0.2");
 delay(2500);
 OPTIONAL
  keypad.setRate(x);
  Sets the sample rate at once every x milliseconds.
 Default: 10ms
 keypad.setRate(10);
void loop()
 keypad.getKey();
  Grabs the current key.
  Returns a non-zero integer corresponding to the pressed key,
  Returns 0 for no keys pressed,
  Returns -1 (sample wait) when no key is available to be sampled.
  localKey = keypad.getKey();
  if (localKey != SAMPLE_WAIT)
    lcd.clear();
    lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
    lcd.print("Current Key:");
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
    lcd.print(localKey);
```

Documents

- LCDKeypad Shield Schematics V1.0 (http://www.dfrobot.com/image/data/DFR0009 /LCDKeypad%20Shield%20V1.0%20SCH.pdf)
- LCDKeypad Shield Schematics (http://www.dfrobot.com/wiki/images /a/a7/LCDKeypad_Shield_SCH.png)
- Shield diagram (http://www.shieldlist.org/dfrobot/lcd)

Old libraries for V1:

■ LCDKeypad (http://www.dfrobot.com/image/data/DFR0009/LCDKeypad.zip)

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- DFR_Key (http://www.dfrobot.com/image/data/DFR0009/DFR_Key.zip)
- → Go Shopping Arduino LCD&KeyPad Shield (SKU: DFR0009) (http://www.dfrobot.com/index.php?route=product/product&keyword=DFR0009&category_id=0&description=1&model=1&product_id=51)

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