b) 
$$F_{z}(t) = P(Z < t) = P(\min(X_{1} ... X_{n}) < t) = 1 - P(\min(X_{1} ... X_{n}) > t) = 1 - P(X_{1} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n} > t) - ... \cdot P(X_{n} > t) = 1 - P(X_{n$$

## PR ZYKLAD

Czas Izialawia kaidego elementu jest zmienną losowa, a vozkładzie jednostajnym na przedziale [0,10]

Obliczyć mortość oczelinana ezam dzialania 5 takich elementów podłączonych

a) rûnndegle b) szeregono

$$F_{x_{k}}(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & 1 < 0 \\ \frac{1}{70} & 0 < t < 10 \\ 1 & t > 10 \end{cases}$$

$$f_{x_{k}}(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{70} & 0 < t < 10 \\ 0 & 0 < t < 10 \end{cases}$$

$$E = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} + f(t) dt = \int_{0}^{10} + 5 \frac{t^{4}}{10^{5}} dt = \frac{5}{10^{5}} \cdot \frac{t^{6}}{6} \Big|_{0}^{10} = \frac{50}{6} = 8\frac{1}{3}$$

$$f_{y}(t) = \begin{cases} 5 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{4} \cdot \frac{1}{10} & t \in (0, 10) \\ 0 & \text{posa predicatem} \end{cases}$$

b) zvobic sb. m domv, vynik: 3

## LISTA 3 / ZADANIE 2

Sposion 6 phytole dobrych; 4 maslingh lowgerny jednocześnie 3 płythi.

X - liceba plytok dobrych usiod wylosocanych

Oblivey: dysloybuanta X, EX, VarX

X € ( 0,1,2,3)

$$\rho(\chi=0) = \frac{\binom{4}{3}}{\binom{10}{10}} = \frac{\cancel{4}}{\cancel{10}} = \frac{\cancel{1}}{\cancel{30}}$$

$$\rho(\chi=0) = \frac{\binom{4}{3}}{\binom{10}{3}} = \frac{\cancel{4}}{\cancel{10}} = \frac{\cancel{5}}{\cancel{30}}$$

$$\rho(\chi=1) = \frac{\binom{6}{3}\binom{4}{3}}{\binom{42}{3}} = \frac{\cancel{36}}{\cancel{120}} = \frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{10}}$$

$$\rho(\chi=2) = \frac{\binom{6}{3}\binom{4}{3}}{\cancel{120}} = \frac{\cancel{1}}{\cancel{2}}$$

$$\rho(\chi=3) = \frac{\binom{6}{3}}{\cancel{120}} = \frac{\cancel{1}}{\cancel{6}}$$

$$F(+) = P(\chi \angle +) = \begin{cases} 0 & + \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{30} & 0 \leq + \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{30}, \frac{3}{10} = \frac{1}{3} & 1 \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6} & 2 \leq + \leq 3 \\ 1 & + \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

$$EX = \sum_{k=0}^{3} x_{k} \cdot P(X = x_{k}) = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{30} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{10} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{6} = 1,8$$

$$VarX = E(X^{2}) - (EX)^{2} = \sum_{k=0}^{3} x_{k}^{2} P(X = x_{k}) - (EX)^{2} = 0$$

$$= 0^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{30} + 1^{2} \cdot \frac{3}{10} + 2^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 3^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{6} - (1,8)^{2} = 0,56$$

## LISTA 4 / ZADANIE 3

Czos produkcji wyrobu jest zmienna losowa X o funkcji gastości

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} & 1 < x < 4 \\ 0 & x \le 1, x > 4 \end{cases}$$

Oblivani P, ze usvod 15 myvober B ma czar produkcji brilszy niż 25

X - czas prositecji elementu

$$E \times = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx = \int_{1}^{2} x \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_{x=\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2} (8-1) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$Var \times = E(X)^{2} - (EX)^{2} = \int_{1}^{2} x^{2} f(x) dx - (EX)^{2} = \int_{1}^{2} x^{2} dx - (\frac{7}{3})^{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_{1}^{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_{1}^{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{$$

Y - liczba wyrobów z czajam produleji krótozym niż 45

$$P(Y=8) = {\binom{15}{8}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} = 0,1964$$

na holosa: vozletal normalny

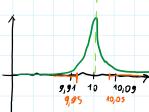
\* na holosa: vortilal normalny

## LISTA S / ZADAME 4

Svednica pood. elementor na vorlibad mormalny N (10,003)

Norma: 10 +0,05 mm





a) jele % nyroben nie spetala nymogów normy?

$$P(\times > 10,05 \cup \times \leq 9,95) = P(|\times -10| > 0,05) =$$

$$= 1 - P(1 \times -10) < 0.05) = 1 - P\left(\frac{-0.05}{0.05} < \frac{\times -10}{0.05} < \frac{0.05}{0.05}\right) =$$

$$= 1 - \left( \oint \left( \frac{5}{3} \right) - \oint \left( -\frac{5}{3} \right) = 2 \oint \left( \frac{5}{3} \right) - 1 \right) = 2 - 2 \oint \left( 1, 67 \right) =$$

b) dopublicatine 6, oby myvodom niespelmiajarych mymogóm było co najmyżej 0,1%

$$1 - P(|x-10| < 0.05) \le 0.001$$

$$P\left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{(x-10)}{6} < \frac{0.05}{6} \right) 7, 0,999$$

$$\Phi\left(\frac{2,05}{5}\right) - \Phi\left(\frac{-2,05}{5}\right) = 2 \Phi\left(\frac{2,05}{5}\right) - 1 70,999$$

$$\Phi\left(\frac{2,05}{\sigma}\right) \gg 0,9995 \gg \Phi(3,29) \longrightarrow 4144$$
y buanta z tablic

$$\frac{9,01}{\sigma}$$
 7, 3, 29  $\sigma \le 0,015$