Objective 1 - Domain and Range

Describe the domain and range of a logarithmic or exponential function.

Link to LOGARITHMIC FUNCTION section of online textbook.

Link to EXPONENTIAL FUNCTION section of online textbook.

First, watch <u>this video</u> to learn about the domain and range of logarithmic and exponential functions. These functions are highly related, which is why they are presented together. Here are their basic forms:

$$f(x) = a \log(x - h) + k$$

Graph of
$$f(x) = alog_b(x - h) + k, a = 1, b = 2, h = 0, k = 0$$

$$g(x) = ab^{x-h} + k$$

Graph of
$$g(x) = ab^{x-h} + k$$
, $a = 1, b = 2, h = 0, k = 0$

Alternative videos:

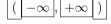
Graph Exponential functions.

Graph Logarithmic functions.

Like rational functions, the point (h,k) is not on **either** logarithmic or exponential functions! Try changing some of the constants and see how it affects the graphs. You'll want to figure out what the "shifting point" is and how to describe the domain/range in general. Once you have something, try to check by doing the problems below.

Question 1 Determine the **domain** of the exponential function below.

$$f(x) = 8^{x-3} + 5$$



Hint: Are there any values of x we **cannot** put into the exponential function shown?

Learning outcomes:

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Question 2 Determine the **range** of the exponential function below.

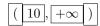
$$f(x) = -10^{x-2} + 6$$

 $(-\infty,6)$

Hint: The range of the basic exponential function a^x is $(0, \infty)$. There are two things that can change that interval: (1) if the function is negative, the interval flips and (2) if the function is shifted k, the interval is also shifted k.

Question 3 Determine the **domain** of the logarithmic function below.

$$f(x) = \log(x - 10) + 3$$



Hint: The domain of the basic logarithmic function $\log(x)$ is $(0, \infty)$. The only thing that can change this interval is shifting the function by h, which would shift this interval by h.

Question 4 Determine the range of the logarithmic function below.

$$f(x) = \log(x - 10) + 2$$

 $(-\infty,+\infty)$

Hint: Are there any values we cannot get out of a logarithmic function?

Question 5 Main takeaway: Before looking, you should work through the previous problems. Have you finished working through the examples? Yes

Feedback(correct): We summarize the domain, range, and shifting point ("vertex") here.

Logarithmic Function:

- Domain depends on the inside of the log function. We cannot take the log of a negative number nor of 0, so we find the domain by setting what is inside the log > 0 and solving.
- Range is $(-\infty, \infty)$.
- Shifting point is (h+1,k). Why? Because $\log_b(1) = 0$.

Exponential Function:

- Domain is $(-\infty, \infty)$.
- Range depends on a and k. The basic range is (k, ∞) . a will flip our interval, since it flips the y-values.
- Shifting point is (h, k + 1). Why? Because $b^0 = 1$.