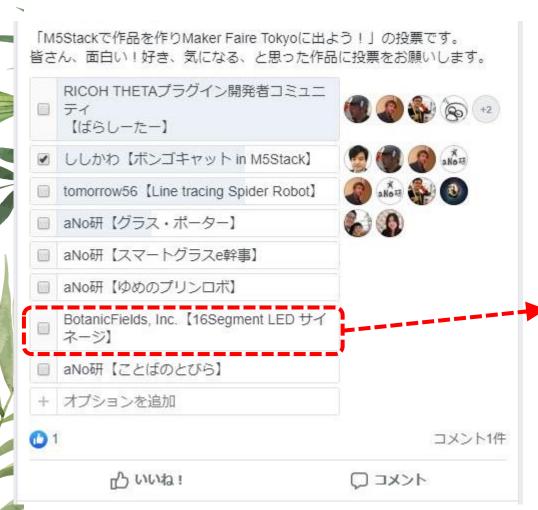


"Make your debut on the MFT2019 with your work!"

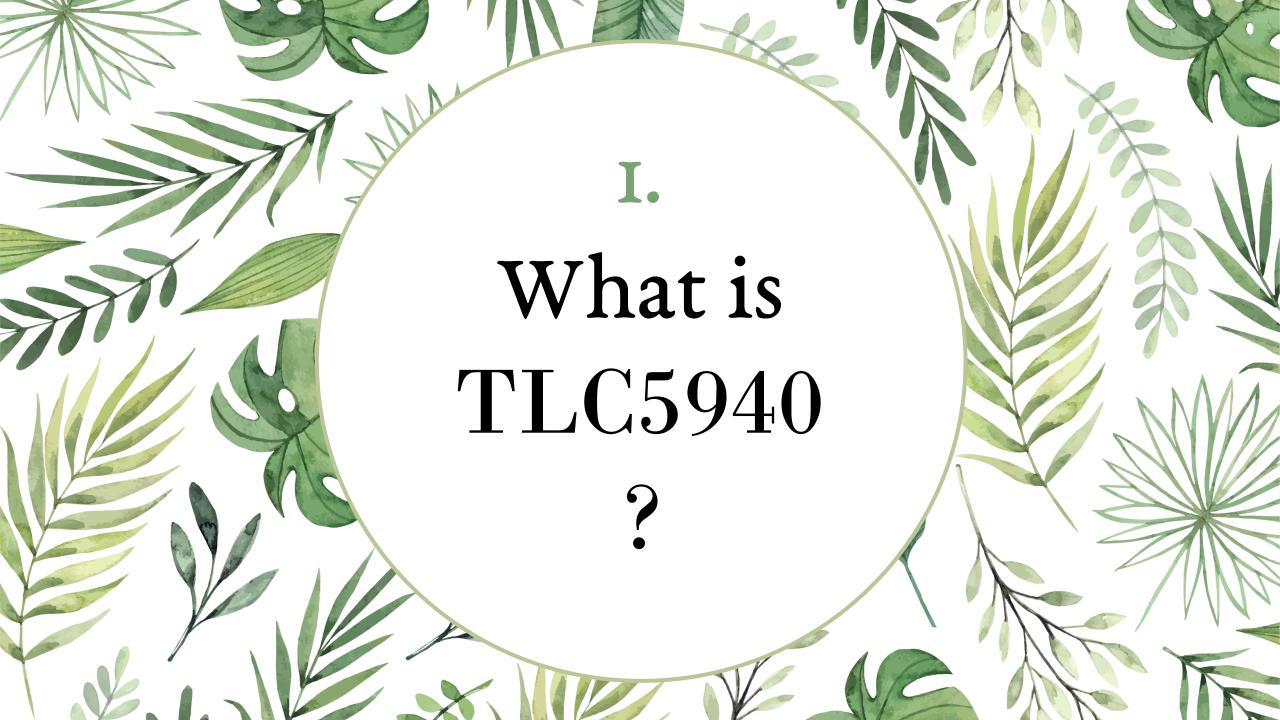


M5Stack

My work: 16 Segment LED Display

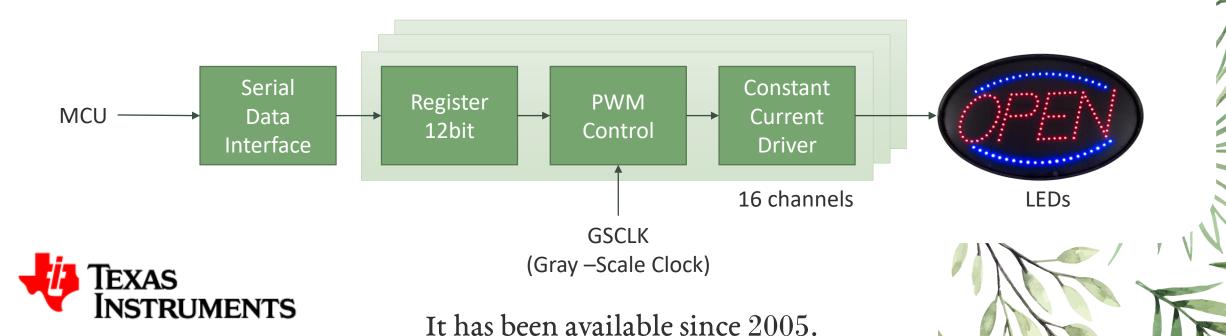


But nobody voted me..



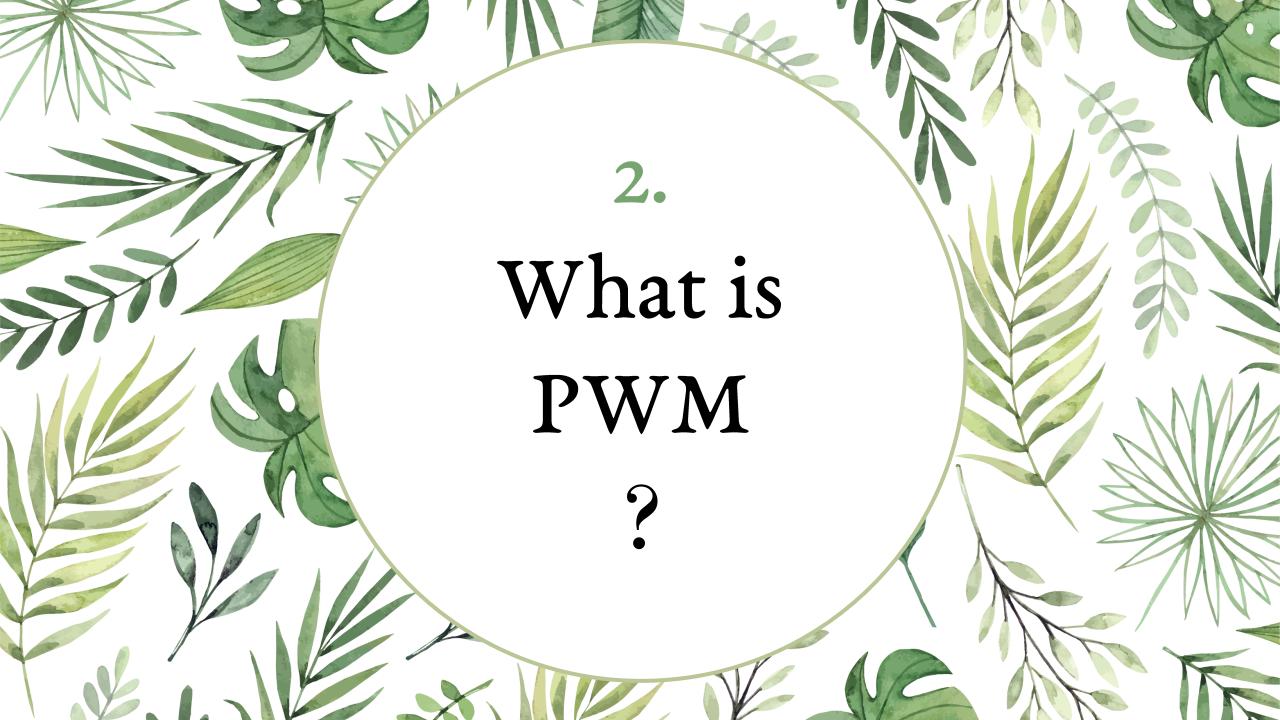
TLC5940

- 16 Channel PWM controller for LED
- 4096 Levels of Brightness
- Constant Current Sink Drivers up to 120mA

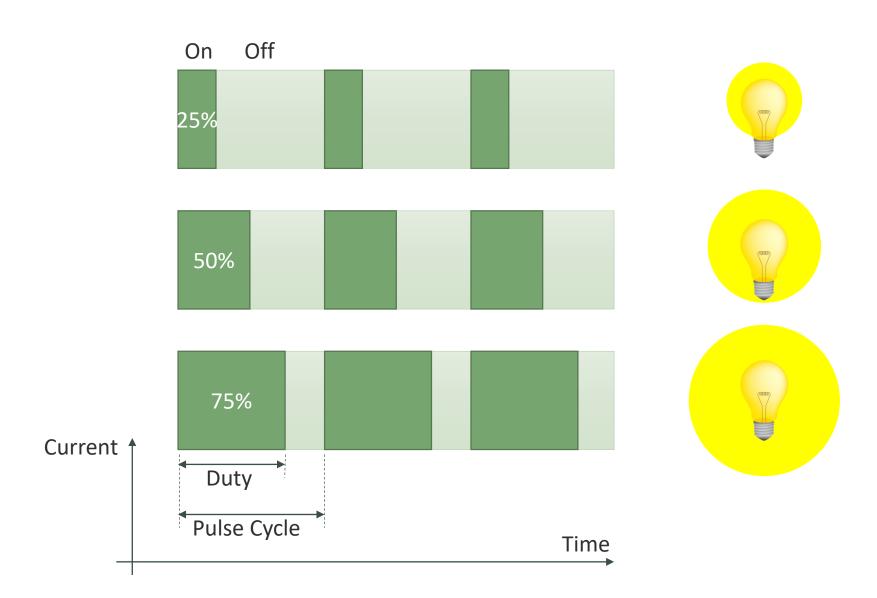


PWP

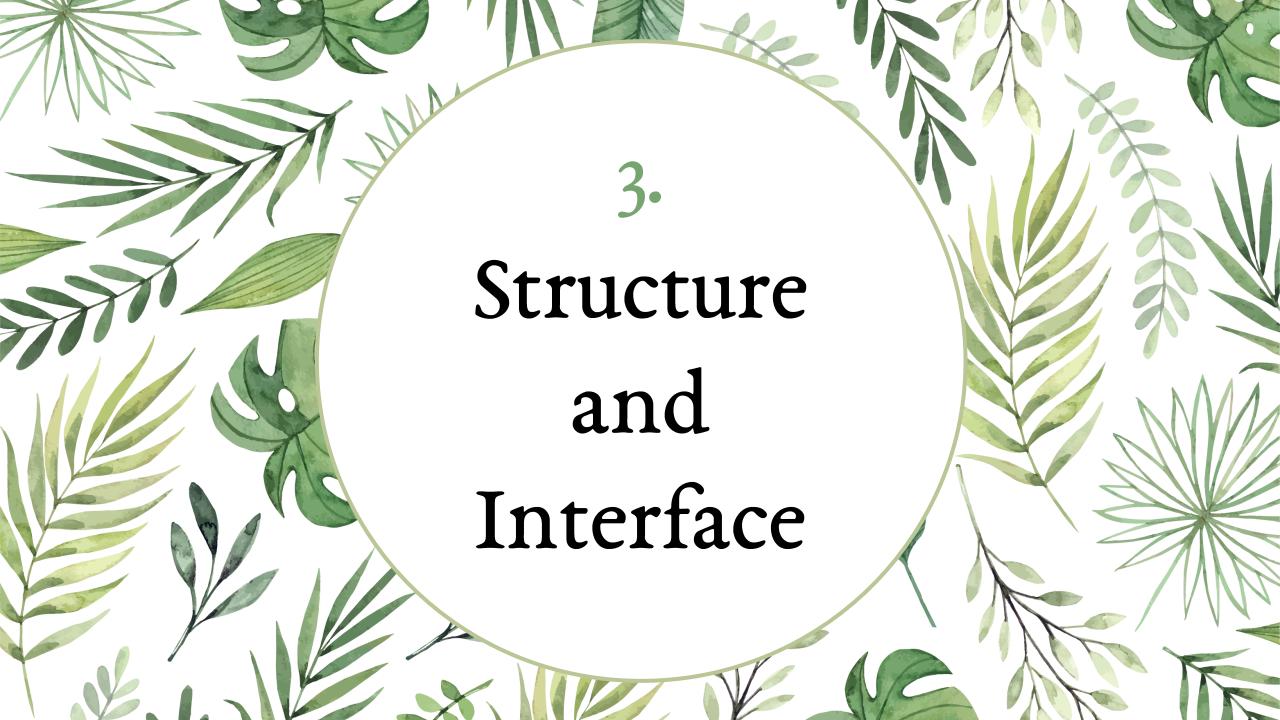
NT



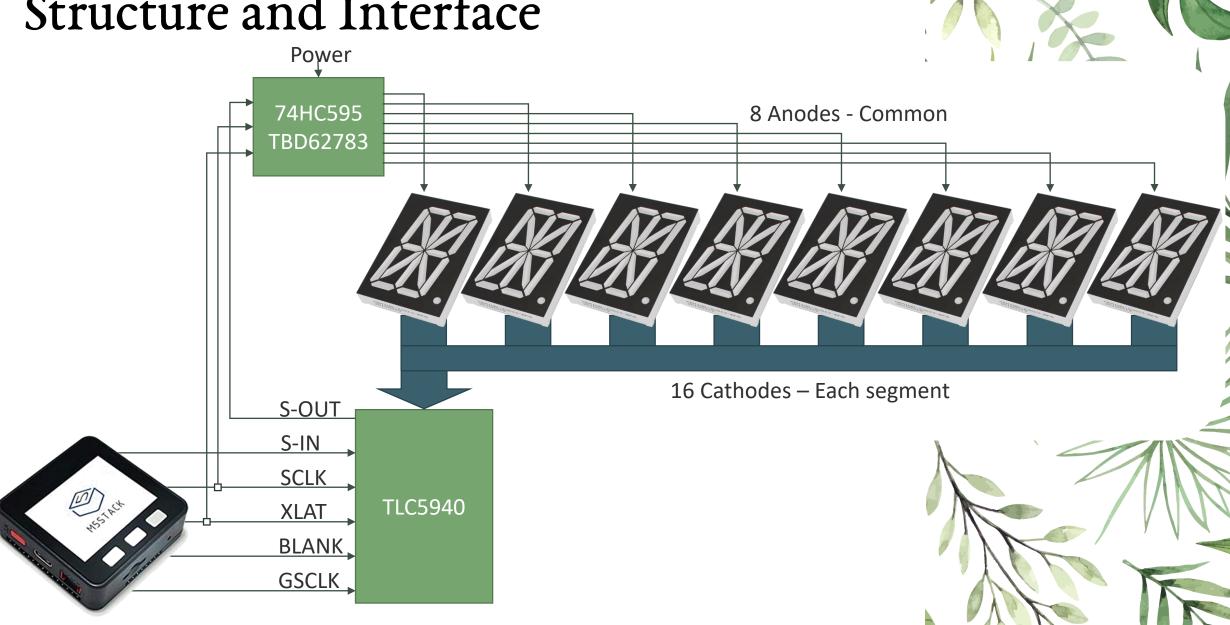
Pulse Width Modulation





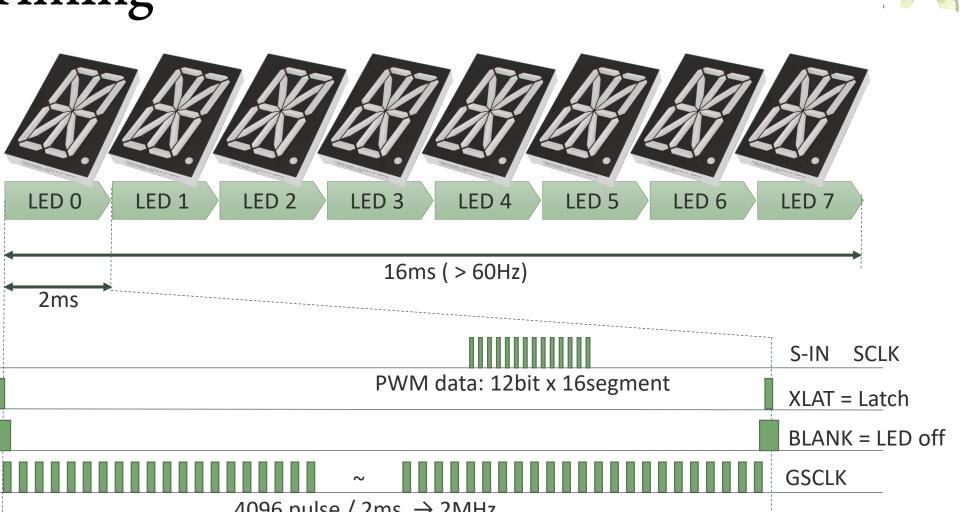


Structure and Interface





Timing



4096 pulse / 2ms \rightarrow 2MHz



Controlled by M5Stack / ESP32

GSCLK

Generated by the LEDC function

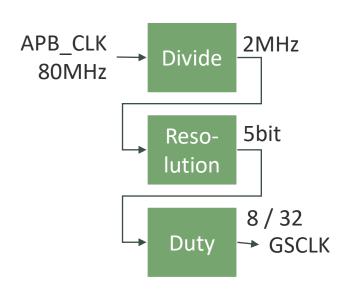
BLANK, XLAT

Generated by a handler Invoked every 2ms by a Timer Interruption

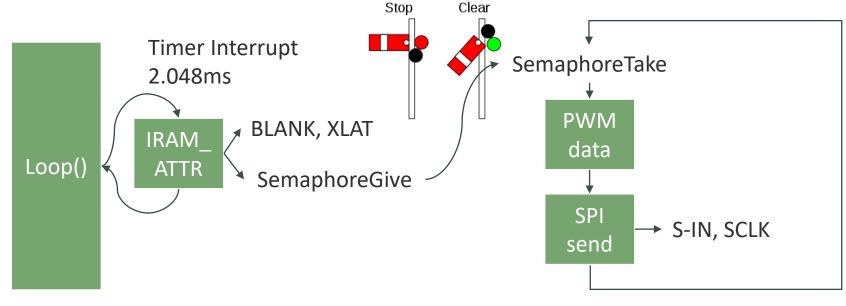
S-IN, SCLK

Take a Semaphore,
Make new PWM data,
Send it through SPI





ledcSetup(CH0, 2e6, 5);
ledcAttachPin(PIN, CH0);
ledcWrite(CH0, 8);





Conclusion

M5Stack is Powerful

By using LEDC or FreeRTOS functions, we can generate various signals.

The SPI of multi-device support is working with the internal LCD and an external device.

Examples are very useful.

Pitfalls

Assign signals:

GPIO25

... makes big sound!

GPIO 0, 2, 5, 12, 15

... they are strapping pins, so do not pull-up/down

M5Stack has already used some M-BUS pins internally, so be careful to assign pins.



