

Chat Room

Javascript Full Stack

Software Engineering Crash Course

Deadline

- Deadline:
 - Deadline: 7/11 Tue.
- Penalty:
 - Penalty for hard deadline: 1 coffee + 2 week leetcode study plan.
 - For each late day, additional penalty +1 coffee.
- Started on 7/5 Wed.
- Break On 7/12 Wed. & 7/13 Thur.
- Finished FSE Requirements, Demo, Code Review on 7/16 Sun.
- Further Extension on 8/9 Wed.
- Finished Private Messaging with Summary on 8/28 Mon.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/5~7/7 Wed.~Fri.

- 7/5 Wed.:
 - Learn some few Javascript.
 - Played Zelda on Nintendo Switch For 3 Hours.
- 7/6 Thur.:
 - Learn some few ExpressJS socket.io
 - Explored Some Examples.
 - No Bug-Free Code Until Now.
- 7/8 Fri.:
 - Mentor Pair Programming.
 - Bug-Free Code For The First Time.
 - Github Initial Commit.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/8 Sat.

- Fully Understand The Codes So Far, and Add Comments.
- Change some namings to meaningful namings.
- Why `express.static("/")` doesn't work.
- `express.static(path), path = "." "/" "public"`
- Server RESTful API HTTP GET: All clients get the new chat message when a new message is posted by 1 client.
- Server Socket.io Broadcasting: The new client get all chat messages when a new client enters the room.
- First Github Pull Request. Learned Some Git.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/9 Sun.

- Implement timestamp.
- Refactor: Server generates UTC/Unix timestamp, then client transforms its own Time Zone.
- Refactor: Remove Client to Server Socket.io Event Emitting. Moved The Broadcasting To "/messages" POST Router.
- Frontend: Show All Chat Logs when client enters the room
- Frontend: Show Timestamp
- Change DB namings & understand express request & response fields, .

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/10 Mon.

- Implement register: Server RESTful API.
- Implement login: Server RESTful API.
- Implement logout: Server RESTful API.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/11 Tue.

- Implement register: Client HTTP Request Frontend & HTML.
- Implement login: Client HTTP Request Frontend & HTML.
- Implement logout: Client HTTP Request Frontend & HTML.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/14 Fri.

- Authentication with express-session
 - <https://github.com/expressjs/express/blob/master/examples/auth/index.js>
- Fix: Bypass Async Wait For DB I/O & session.regenerate() For Session Login
- Implement sender info. (database, server & frontend)
- Login / Logout Redirection, Homepage / Chat Room Redirection
- Restrict Client Access to HTML Static Files
- Restrict non-logged-in Users To Access "/messages" Router
- Window Alert For Wrong Username / Password / Register Username Conflict By Status Code.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/15 Sat.

- Introduction to CI
- feat: add css & html to chat room page for the chat box style looks.
- refactor: use html div to replace ul li list to control each element's css styles(username, timestamp, chat text).
- refactor: use Javascript DOM createElement() setAttribute() textContent appendChild() getElementById() to add a new chat post to html page.
- feat: chat room page: trim timestamp string to exclude other time information.
- feat: chat room page: change <input type="text"> to <textarea> for the chat text input box.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/16 Sun.

- feat: css fixed navigation bar.
- feat: css: send button navigation bar.
- feat: css login page.
- jQuery To Replace onclick()
 - Quote, “The problem with the DOM element properties method is that only one event handler can be bound to an element per event.”, unquote.
 - Attach Multiple Events, Examples:
 - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/event_on.asp
- Finished FSE Requirements.
- Demo.
- Code Review.

Daily Timeline & Goals 7/31 Mon.

- Deployed to render.com

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/9~8/11 Wed~Fri.

- change SQL with "select ... from ... where ..."
- use try await
- MVC.
- Router-level middleware.

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/12 Sat.

- Discussion: To solve the “this” binding problem when router mounts middleware, discussed Singleton.
- Discussion: To solve the module export / import order problem, discussed Singleton instance getter.

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/13 Sun.

- refactor: To solve the “this” binding problem when router mounts middleware, used Singleton.
- refactor: To solve the module export / import order problem, used Singleton instance getter.
- refactor: Network Servers (express, socket.io, http) to a Module.
 - Then export them with Singleton instance getters.
- refactor: Root-Level Middleware.
- Design Doc: Private Messaging Design Doc
- refactor: MVC message naming
- feat: implemented rooms MVC model & SQL.

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/14 Mon.

- feat: RESTful API GET POST /rooms
- fix: module dependency cycle
 - for user_model & room_model

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/15 Tue.

- feat: RESTful API GET POST /messages by socket.io

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/24 Thur.

- doc: write design doc for a new private messaging & its socket.io design & way of implementation.

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/25 Fri.

- fix: remove remove old private messaging design
- chore: html textarea to replace input
- feat: each chat room has its own URL
- feat: room selection html css

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/26 Sat.

- feat: room selection frontend
- feat: after login, redirect to room selection page.

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/27 Sun.

- feat: room creation html
- feat: room creation frontend
- feat: room selection page button in chat room
- fix: post rooms duplicate usernames
- feat: reload selection page when create rooms
- fix: check room_id input exist or not
- doc: understand session store
 - figure out the way for the server to get session data (except for req.session)
 - in branch doc/success-session-store-try

Daily Timeline & Goals 8/28 Mon.

- feat: mounting of express-session middleware moved to upper dependency server/network.js from lower dependency router/root_middleware.js
- feat: get session store data in socket.io connection event
- feat: socket.io join room_id from session store
- feat: socket.io emit to room_id
- feat: add room_id subtitle to chat room page.
- refactor: frontend util function
- refactor: execute some of the initialization functions inside the ajax script in html.
- fix: await checking room exist
- deploy: deployed to render.com

Daily Timeline & Goals Future

- Render Deployment: ok 7/31
- Read About RESTful API: ok 8/12
- Router-Level Middleware: ok 8/11
- Online Status. Notification. Show username & room id.
- NoSQL (detailed checkpoint TODO): mongoose boot camp ok.
- Data Access Object
 - MongoDB. PostgreSQL. Redis. Interface
- Testing
- JWT
- Online Status. Unread Message Status
- Database Rollback by socket.io Acknowledgement
- Scaling Up To Multiple Servers

Guide & Notes

- Node.js http Module Server class:
 - <https://nodejs.org/api/http.html#class-httpserver>
- Express Routing:
 - <https://expressjs.com/en/guide/routing.html>
 - <https://expressjs.com/en/starter/basic-routing.html>
- Express Middleware Intro:
 - <https://expressjs.com/en/guide/writing-middleware.html>
- Mounts middleware on Express router:
 - <https://expressjs.com/en/api.html#app.use>
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/10695629/what-is-the-parameter-next-used-for-in-express>
- res req, http module:
 - <https://nodejs.org/en/docs/guides/anatomy-of-an-http-transaction>
- Express
 - <https://reflectoring.io/express-middleware/>

Guide & Notes

- Use curl to simulate HTTP requests to the server
 - Verify server API works well.
 - Need to specify Content-Type. Mixing of Single & Double Quotes.
- Use browser F12 to verify client side.

[illegible]

Guide & Notes

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the Stack Overflow website open. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Home, PUBLIC, Questions (highlighted), Tags, Users, Companies, and COLLECTIVES. The main content area displays a question titled "1 Answer" with 331 votes. The question text is partially visible, showing a curl command. Overlaid on the right side of the browser is a terminal window titled "entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/...". The terminal shows a series of curl commands being executed in a chat room application. The commands include GET requests for messages and a POST request for sending a message. The output of the commands is visible in the terminal, showing the JSON response for each request.

```
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/...  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/...$ curl --request GET localhost:3000/messages  
{"data": []}  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/C...$ curl --request GET localhost:3000/messages  
{"data": [{"message": "hi mesfgsegs fsdgsdh"}, {"message": "hi mesfgsegs"}, {"message": "hi"}, {"message": "hi"}, {"message": "hi444"}]}  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$ curl --request GET localhost:3000/messages  
{"data": [{"message": "hi mesfgsegs fsdgsdh"}, {"message": "hi mesfgsegs"}, {"message": "hi"}, {"message": "hi"}, {"message": "hi444"}]}  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$ curl --request POST localhost:3000/messages --header "Content-Type: application/json" --data '{"message": "curuclfuesdfs"}'  
{"message": true}  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$ curl --request GET localhost:3000/messages  
{"data": [{"message": "hi mesfgsegs fsdgsdh"}, {"message": "hi mesfgsegs"}, {"message": "hi"}, {"message": "hi"}, {"message": "hi444"}, {"message": "curuclfuesdfs"}]}  
entrep@entrep: /media/entrep/DATA/Downloads/E2M/JavaScript/expressjs/Chat-Room-v1/Chat-Room-v1$
```

Guide & Notes

- Commit Message: <https://www.conventionalcommits.org/en/v1.0.0/>
- Pull request
 - `git checkout -b feat/new-branch`
 - New Feature Development on this branch, then `git add .` + `git commit`
 - `git push origin feat/new-branch`
 - Go to github page, change to the branch, and press the “compare and pull request” button
 - Delete the forked branch
 - `Git pull`
- Delete branch:
 - `git checkout go-to-branch`
 - `git branch -D branch-to-delete`
- Didn't add / commit, but switch branch:
 - Work in progress
 - `Git stash`
 - `Git stash list`
 - `Git stash pop`
 - Or use `git restore .`
- Rename a local branch name: `git branch -m old_name new_name`
- `git reset: undo commit (but not pushed)`

Guide & Notes

- User login example with express-session
 - <https://expressjs.com/en/resources/middleware/session.html>
- Callback or I/O won't wait
 - sqlite3 db.all() won't wait.
 - express-session session.regenerate() won't wait.
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5010288/how-to-make-a-function-wait-until-a-callback-has-been-called-using-node-js>
- CSS: For CSS, use a CSS editor website for styling instead of running the whole program.
 - <https://jsfiddle.net/azetjL8g/>
- ...

Guide & Notes

- MVC:
 - <https://progressivecoder.com/how-to-create-a-nodejs-express-mvc-application/>
- JWT:
 - <https://progressivecoder.com/nodejs-express-login-authentication-with-jwt-and-mysql/>
 - (not checked link)
- Sqlite3 doesn't support Promise. Can't await db.all("select...")
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/62456867/cannot-await-for-sqlite3-database-get-function-completion-in-node-js>
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/64372255/how-to-use-async-await-in-sqlite3-db-get-and-db-all>
 - <https://www.npmjs.com/package/sqlite#examples>
 - Maybe use sqlite.
 - User wrap a Promise function, as in stackoverflow.

Guide & Notes

- express Request-Response Cycle != Return From Middleware Function
 - Use freecodecamp boilerplate-express for testing.
 - `res.send()` `res.json()` `res.end()`: don't return from middleware function.
 - So we have to explicitly add `"return;"`
- `router.get("/users", userController.func)` → "this" keyword undefined
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/45643005/why-is-this-undefined-in-this-class-method>
 - what gets passed to your router is just a reference to the `.list` method. The `userController` instance gets lost.
 - This is not unique to routers - this is a generic property of how things are passed in Javascript.
 - Use: `router.get('/users', userController.func.bind(userController))`
 - Also, it seems `func` in another file can use the `"active_username_set"` global variable in router's file.

Guide & Notes

- MVC & express.js example
 - <https://progressivecoder.com/how-to-create-a-nodejs-express-mvc-application/>
 - <https://github.com/dashsaurabh/node-express-mvc-demo/tree/master>
- Session Cookie vs Token Authentication
 - express session vs json web token
 - stores in server vs client side
 - great picture: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/session-vs-token-based-authentication/>
 - great picture: <https://hackernoon.com/using-session-cookies-vs-jwt-for-authentication-sd2v3vci>

Guide & Notes

- server gets session data / express-session with session store
 - we can use req.session in router to get session data,
 - but what about other places like socket.io on event listener ?
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/19889552/how-to-access-express-session-memorystore-via-socket-io-objects>
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/24887175/unable-to-get-session-from-session-store>
 - store.all() store.get
 - server on event: socket.request.headers.cookie
 - <https://www.section.io/engineering-education/session-management-in-nodejs-using-expressjs-and-express-session/>
- express-session.MemoryStore
 - Warning The default server-side session storage, MemoryStore, is purposely not designed for a production environment. It will leak memory under most conditions, does not scale past a single process, and is meant for debugging and developing.
 - <https://expressjs.com/en/resources/middleware/session.html>
 - it seems we need to manually call store.destroy() for this MemoryStore
- socket.io with express.js: <https://www.danielbaulig.de/socket-ioexpress/>

Design Doc: API Send Messages

- Write one RESTful API /messages, take chat message and print it out at server log using console.log (this small step is to verify your code work)
 - <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/7172784/how-do-i-post-json-data-with-curl>
- Test that API using curl via command line
- Enhance this API by store the data into [sqlite3](https://www.npmjs.com/package/sqlite3) (READ THE TUTORIAL)
 - <https://www.npmjs.com/package/sqlite3?activeTab=readme>
- API Spec: next page
- Reference: [Express Basic routing](#)
- Reference: `cat backup.sql | sqlite3 hello.db` [[Ref](#)]
- Res req are what we learn http messages in computer network courses.
- Javascript has non-blocking I/O on async operations, including db.
 - Async await. promise.
- ...

Spec

```
1  ##### Route
2  ``
3  POST /messages
4  ``
5
6  ##### Payload
7  ```json
8  {
9  |   message: string
10 | }
11 ```
12
13 ##### Response
14
15 ##### HTTP Code 201 Created
16 ```json
17 {
18 |   message: bool
19 | }
20 ```
```

Design Doc: API Get Messages

- Write one RESTful API /messages, get all chat messages from DB
- Test that API using curl via command line
- API Spec: next page
- My NOTE: onclick vs form eventListener & enter keypress event.

Spec

```
1  ##### Route
2  ```
3  GET /messages
4  ```
5
6  ##### Payload
7  > N/A
8
9  ##### Response
10
11 ##### HTTP Code 200 OK
12 ```json
13 {
14   |   data: {
15   |     |   message: string (optional),
16   |     |   },
17   |   },
18   |   ```
```

Design Doc: Front-end JS call RESTful API

- Use [ajax](#) to call RESTful API send messages when user click send button
- Use ajax to call RESTful API get messages when user enter chat room page
- ...

Design Doc: Implement sender

- Enhance existing API by adding sender info to backend API & client-side call
- QQ:
 - Where should we get user info?
 - Where should we store sender info?

Design Doc: Implement Register API

- Do API Design
 - What's the input data? -> Username & password
 - What should be the return value?
 - What should the route be? What is the HTTP method for creation? [[Using HTTP Methods for RESTful Services](#)]
 - What kind of error should we return if username already exists? I.e. username conflict [[Client error responses](#)]
 - Can we store plaintext password? -> we can skip this for now
- Implement it :")
- POST for creation, status 201(Created) / 400(username conflict). Router path at "/register"

Design Doc: Implement Login API

- Do API Design
 - What's the input data? -> Username & password
 - What should be the return value?
 - What should the route be? What is the HTTP method for login? [[Using HTTP Methods for RESTful Services](#)]
 - What kind of error should we return if username not exists? [[Client error responses](#)]
 - What kind of error should we return if password not match? [[Client error responses](#)]
 - How to verify password if we store encrypted password? -> we can skip this for now
- Implement it :")
- POST method. Router path at "/login". 200 ok for success. 401 Unauthorized for incorrect username. 403 Forbidden for incorrect password. 400 Bad Request.
- Case for being already logged in?

Design Doc: Implement Logout API

- Do API Design
 - What's the input data?
 - What should be the return value?
 - What should the route be? What is the HTTP method for logout? [[Using HTTP Methods for RESTful Services](#)]
 - What's the user behavior after he/ she logout?
- Implement it :")
- POST method. Router path at "/logout". 200 ok for success. 400 bad request
- Logout shall redirect the user to the home page, not the chat room. So response status code may be different.

Design Doc: Frontend for Register & Login

- It's up to you to design Frontend HTML/ CSS/ JS
- Reference:
 - <https://codesandbox.io/s/eqg36>
- ...

Design Doc: Private Messaging Architecture

- just wrap the codes with only public chat.
 - Database Schema
 - RESTful API
 - Frontend
 - Chat room html page
 - Room selection frontend & html page
-
- homepage: (1) login page, if not logged in. (2) room selection page, otherwise
 - room selection page:(1) select existing. (2) create a new room by specifying usernames
 - the public room: all joins it automatically

Design Doc: Database Schema

- Table messages:
 - message : string
 - timestamp_utc : string
 - username : string
 - room_id : string
- Table rooms:
 - room_id : string
 - no array in sqlite3
- room_id: “public_room” “member0#member1#member2#room”
- Extensibility: not only 1-to-1 room, but rooms with members of any size.

Design Doc: Database Schema (cont.)

- Table users2rooms:
 - many-to-many relationships, to solve sqlite3's no array problem.
 - username: string
 - room_id: string
 - select username ... where room_id = ... → not needed, socket.io join() does the job.
 - select room_id ... where username = ... → API: GET /rooms
- Process when a user logs in and gets all chat messages:
 - select room_id from users2rooms where username = ...
 - for room_id in all selected chat rooms: select * from messages where room_id = room_id
 - socket.io join()

Design Doc: RESTful API

- URI: GET /rooms
 - a room_id list is sent from the server to the frontend every time frontend needs it
 - username specified in request body
- URI: POST /rooms
 - create a new chat room
 - member usernames specified in request body
- naming:
 - MVC: with model / controller suffix
 - message and room have their own /routes /controllers /models
 - routers, controllers, models, sql table have consistent names.
- URI: POST /users
 - when register, add the username to the public room in database (not socket.io)
- only 1 chat_room_controller instance & chat_room model instance for all rooms.
- UI Design: don't need to authenticate for GET POST /rooms

Design Doc: RESTful API (cont.)

- URI: GET /messages/:room_id
 - get all messages
 - if room not exist in database, insert 1.
 - req.params.room_id
 - this is when the user selects a particular room on the room selection html page.
 - socket.io join()
- URI: POST /messages/:room_id
 - post new messages
 - if room not exist in database, insert 1.
 - call socket.io io.to(room_id).emit()
- Steps: MVC: models → controllers → routers
- Steps: tests with curl: create new rooms → logins → messages

Design Doc

- Server: after login, redirects to the room selection page `room_selection.html`, then:
 - (1) join the socket to the `room_id`
 - (2) redirect to the `host:3000/messages/:room_id` url.
- Client Proposal 1:
 - when calling `enter_room_get_all_chat_logs()` in client side, emit a join-room event to the server. (or the server doesn't know client's socket)
 - problem: duplicate joining the room if reloads
- Client Proposal 2:
 - when page reloads or (after login & closing old page) opening a new page, socket.io server get a new "connection" event
- To change room:
 - when I close the page or redirects to another page, the client side's global variable socket is destroyed. → the lifetime of a html global variable

Design Doc

- Client send room_id data to server:
 - 'cuz client's socket global variable gets destroyed when reloads,
 - 'cuz (after login & closing old page) opening a new page, socket.io server get a new "connection" event
 - client: `socket.on("connect", ...)` → emit a `set-room_id` event to the server.
- Use chore/socket-io-try branch for proof-of-concept:
 - when reloads / open a new tab / new login on a private tab of the same browser,
 - `socket.id` changes
 - `socket.id` the same for server side & client side,
 - `socket.id` the same at 5 places in client side
 - (1) when first initialized by `io()`. (2) before / after `emit("ci socket")` & calling `enter_room_get_all_chat_logs()`. (3) in `XMLHttpRequest` onload

Wrap up

- Watch writeup & checklist
- Record the demo video

Design Pattern: Singleton for Instance Getters

- Singleton, module export import order problem.

Bonus: OOP (C++)

- Read This [How to solve it](#); [Example\(s\)](#)
- [Composition over inheritance](#)
- Explain the difference between “has a” and “is a”
- [Design: Overloading vs. overriding vs. template](#)
 - In your Shape implementation, which one do you use?
- OOP:
 - <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SOLID>
 - <https://teddy-chen-tw.blogspot.com/2014/04/solid.html>
 - Google test.

Bonus: OOP (C++) (Object-Oriented Design) (cont.)

- Step1: Draw the UML Class Diagram for your shape.cpp implementation
 - Interface - shape
 - Implementation - circle, rectangle, ...
- Step2: TBA

What You've Learned So Far?

- Simple full-stack app using JS
- Elementary level RESTful API design
- Map some concepts w/ practical implementation
 - HTTP Method
 - HTTP Status Code
- Basic concept of socket in web app
- Elementary level of coding SE practice
 - Modularity -> what does this mean?
 - Branch Naming Convention
 - Git
 - ~~Break down feature into tasks~~ implement given tasks & compose tasks back to working feature (and make sure it works)

Try to Answer The Following Questions (RESTful API)

- Why POST /messages instead of POST /send-messages?
- Do you name the register API POST /register? If so, does this follow RESTful practice?
- Read [Best Practices for Designing a Pragmatic RESTful API](#)
- Let's say we have a new feature with the following spec, write the RESTful API design
 - Search history chat message by a single keyword
 - Search chat message by username
 - Search history chat message by time period (start timestamp & end timestamp)

One Step Further - Auth (1 day work)

- Protect chatroom by [jsonwebtoken](#)
 - Only login user should have access to chatroom page
 - Server issues the JWT token to client-side [Hint: which API should we update?]
 - Let JWT token expire in one day
 - Store JWT token at user browser [\[Ref\]](#)
 - Clear token at user's browser when user logout [Hint: client-side JS work]
- Alt. for token: Survey and implement [express-session](#)
- Why token over session? What's RESTful best practice?
 - Keyword: RESTful API is stateless

One Step Further - Middleware (0.5 ~ 1 day work)

- Study [Router-level middleware](#)
 - Implement parameter validator middleware with the following rule
 - POST /messages API should return 4xx error when receive empty payload
 - Login API receive empty username and/ or password should return 4xx error
 - Register API receive empty username and/ or password should return 4xx error
 - Register API receive the the following reserved username should return 400 bad request
 - admin
 - bothemrun
 - kobe
 - shangyi
- Helpful Reference: [Joi](#)
- Bonus: Can you make the design follow the open-closed principle?

One Step Further - Middleware (cont.)

- Implement authenticate middleware to verify JWT token for /messages API
- Optional Reading: [Chain of Responsibility](#) (Design Patterns)

~~One Step Further - CI (continuous integration) & Linter (<0.5 day)~~

- Survey and apply [prettier](#) (optional: ESLint) ([Ref](#))
 - npm install prettier
 - Try out prettier command
 - Update package.json, add a “format” script to format your JS file
- Survey Github Action
- Use Github Action to run prettier before every PR
- Github Action not support private & ubuntu only has node 12 but prettier needs at least 14

One Step Further - Unit Testing (< 0.5 Days work)

- Study [Jest Getting Start](#)

One Step Further - Integration Testing (1~2 Days work)

- You'll create a test-db using sqlite3 command line
 - Create table
 - Insert some random messages record
- You'll write first test case for GET /messages API
 - Call GET API
 - Verify return value is not None (your sqlite has sth inside b/c of first step)
- You'll write a test case for POST /messages API
 - Call POST API
 - Call GET API
 - Verify Given GET API contains the data that you post
- Question: If the test case always create the same data, how can we make sure the code work?
 - My test case for POST is written with the following sequence
 - POST /messages - payload -> "hello world"
 - GET /messages -> return value contain "hello world"
 - When I run this test case first time, there is no "hello world", so the test case can verify POST API work
 - When I run this test case second time, there is already a "hello world" in DB, so my assertion of GET will pass, but I can't verify whether the "hello world" comes from my second POST API or first POST API
 - In other word, I might break the POST /messages API, but the DB still have the stale data, so the test case is still pass.

One Step Further - Integration Testing (cont.)

- You'll Study [Setup and Teardown](#) to automate the first step in previous page\ul> - Why do we need setup & teardown?
- You'll add error handling for messages APIs
 - When user post a message but payload contains nothing, should return 400 bad request
 - Implement this test, let it fail
 - Fix the failed test case by modifying your POST /messages API
- You'll implement test case for register, login, and logout
 - You'll implement 2 error handling for these three APIs
 - username not found -> what return code should be?
 - username conflict -> what return code should be?
 - Let the test cases fail
 - Fix the failed test cases by modifying your APIs

One Step Further - Integration Testing (cont.)

- What you're doing in previous page is called TDD (Test-Driven Development)
 - Add test case
 - Let it fail
 - Fix the test case by implementing/ modifying code
 - Let test case pass
- Why TDD?
- ~~— Integrate your testing process into Github Action, run at every PR~~

One Step Further - CI (continuous integration) (< 0.5 day)

- Survey CircleCI
- Use CircleCI to run unit tests/ integration tests at each PR

One Step Further - Architecture (1~2 days work)

- Refactor your code by following MVC structure
- Keyword: **Fat models, Skinny controllers**

One Step Further - Architecture (cont.)

- Why fat models, skinny controllers?

N Step Further - Deployment/~~CD (continuous delivery)~~ (<1 day work)

- Survey [Render](#)
- Manually deploy your application to Render (sqlite3 version)
- Access your application using your mobile phone & play around
- What's the difference between HTTP (localhost) & HTTPS (Render)?
- ~~— Refine Github Action and run deployment when PR merge to main branch~~

DAO Design Pattern

- DAO: Data Access Object
 - <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/dao-design-pattern>
- Why? No Array in sqlite3, but some other databases do. So not to have strong dependency on the choice of database.

N Step Further - NoSQL/ Refactor w/ test cases (1-2 days)

- Use MongoDB instead of SQLite
 - Use [Docker](#) to serve your MongoDB [docker pull mongo:5.0.12]
 - Study [Mongoose](#) or [MongoDB Node Driver](#) (official)
 - You'll update POST & GET /messages APIs first
 - You'll run test cases to verify the refactor doesn't break anything
 - You'll manually act as user to verify the feature doesn't break
 - You'll update register, login, and logout APIs

N Step Further - NoSQL/ Refactor w/ test cases (cont.)

- Does this application still work w/ Render? If not, why?

N Step Further - NoSQL/ Refactor w/ test cases (cont.)

- Does your refactoring follow the **Open-Closed Principle**? That is, do you modify the code of existing functions, or you can extend the functionality by adding code only? If not, how can you improve the design?
 - [Keyword: Data Access Object] (~1 day work)

N Step Further - Object-Oriented Analysis (< 1 day)

- Draw [UML Sequence Diagrams](#) for register/ login/ logout
- Draw [UML Sequence Diagrams](#) for chat

N Step Further - Your own feature (1 week work)

- Write a [Use Case](#)
- Create a Mockup [[Ref](#)] [Use a 10 minutes email to create an account]
- Implement the Feature
- The feature should contain all HTTP method of RESTful APIs
 - GET, POST, PUT, DELETE
- Implement the unit tests & integration tests
- Bonus: Can you implement a design patterns?
- Reference: [Proposal & Report](#)

Wrap Up

- Write your resume & attach the demo video

What You've Learned So Far?

- Basic knowledge of modern software development
 - Authentication
 - Middleware
 - Docker
 - SQL vs NoSQL
- Experience software development lifecycle
 - Feature Implementation
 - Testing
 - Refactoring
 - Use Case Proposal
- Basic knowledge of software architecture
 - MVC

Try to Answer The Following Questions (System Design)

- What's the difference between SQL & NoSQL?
 - [[Designing Data-Intensive Applications](#) Chapter 2] Highly Recommended
- In chat room app, do you prefer SQL or NoSQL? Why?
- What's the benefit of using MVC? What's the drawback?

Try to Answer The Following Questions (Refactoring)

- What is refactoring?
- How's your feeling when refactoring [SQL -> NoSQL] w/ test cases? What will happen if you refactor the code w/o test cases?
- How do you ensure the refactoring doesn't break the code?
- Write a general algorithm of refactoring
 - I.e. Step 1: xxx, Step 2: ooo, ...

Try to Answer The Following Questions (UX/ PM)

- As a developer, can you understand the use case you wrote?
- To communicate, how do you feel when given only text-based writeup v.s. Clickable mockup?

Try to Answer The Following Questions (OOD)

- What is OOP?
- What is design patterns?
- Is MVC a kind of pattern?
- What's the relationship between DP & OOP?

Try to Answer The Following Questions (Security)

- Can you conduct [SQL injection](#) for your application (sqlite3 version)? How to prevent this?
- What's the risk of using JWT token? What if the client leaks there token?

Optional Topics

- Encryption. JWT. My Own Feature.
 - Announcement. Admin.
-
- Security Issues: SQL Injection. JWT. Session Fixation.
 - Design Pattern: OOP
 - Unit Testing
 - Integration Testing
-
- Use jQuery
 - Template Engine
 - Socket.io Example: Private Messaging To Scaling up
 - <https://socket.io/get-started/private-messaging-part-4/>

References For Beginners

- Project Example:
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SVnpp_OY4_E
- Better express generator intro:
 - <https://www.section.io/engineering-education/nodejs-app-express-generator/>
- Javascript + HTML
 - <https://www.w3schools.com/jsref/>
 - <https://www.w3schools.com/js/>
- Express.js
 - <https://expressjs.com/en/starter/installing.html>
- Socket.io
 - <https://socket.io/get-started/chat>
- Express.js template / view engine
 - <https://www.digialocean.com/community/tutorials/nodejs-express-template-engines#what-template-engines-should-i-use>
 - <https://www.educative.io/answers/what-is-a-view-engine-in-expressjs>
- ...

References For Beginners

- Pug:
 - <https://pugjs.org/api/getting-started.html>
- Express.js + socket.io chat room
 - <https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/simple-chat-application-in-node-js-using-express-mongoose-and-socket-io-ee62d94f5804/>
- jQuery:
 - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/jquery_syntax.asp
- Client page:
 - addEventListener
 - jQuery
- Mobile browser by meta viewport:
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=duKr29QU5ZI>
- ...

References For Beginners

- Sqlite3:
 - <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-use-sqlite-with-node-js-on-ubuntu-22-04>
- ...

Git Alias

[alias]

```
str = !git remote -v update
```

```
st = status
```

```
co = checkout
```

```
br = branch
```

```
ci = commit -a
```

```
pu = pull
```

```
ls = log --follow
```

```
mg = merge --no-ff
```

```
cibr = !export cur_br=$1 && echo $1 && (git push origin --delete ${cur_br} || echo "no remote branch ${cur_br}") && (git branch -D ${cur_br} || echo "no local branch ${cur_br}") && git branch ${cur_br} && git push origin ${cur_br} && echo "done"
```

```
rv = reset HEAD^
```

```
cm = !git co master && git pull origin master
```

```
cmfse = !git co main && git pull origin main
```

```
dd = !export cur_br=$1 && echo $1 && git push origin --delete ${cur_br} && git branch -d ${cur_br}
```

[pull]

```
rebase = false
```

[user]