

Introduction to Programming

Practical Class #3

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Agenda

- What is the purpose of programming?
- Recap from last week
- What is a library?
- Exercises

What is the purpose of programming?

- Programming is used for immensely broad applications
- Some examples of useful applications for business and/or economics include:
 - Data Science (e.g., Machine Learning and Data Mining)
 - Statistic modelling (as well as Algebra operations ranging from very basic to very advanced)
 - Web Scraping (retrieving data from websites for further analysis)
 - Software development (mobile apps, games, general purpose software)
 - Front end development (build websites)
 - Back end development (development that doesn't involve a GUI)
 - ...

What is the purpose of programming?

- **Examples of projects:**

- Project developed last summer at Data Science for Social Good using Python and R:
 - <http://dssg-eu.org/tuscany/>
- Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence:
 - <http://www.hansonrobotics.com/robot/sophia/>
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LSHZ_b05W7o
- (Ethical!) Hacking:
 - <https://github.com/Manisso/fsociety>
- Some of my own projects...

Last week's recap

- Terminal commands:
 - sudo – run as administrator (stands for **su**peruser **do**)
 - pwd – **p**rint **w**orking **d**irectory
 - ls – **l**ist contents
 - rm – **r**emove file/directory
 - cd – **c**hange **d**irectory
 - touch – create file
 - mkdir – **m**ake **d**irectory

Last week's recap

- Some built-in Python functions:
 - `print()`
 - `input()`
 - Math operations: `1+1`, `2-1`, `3*3`, `3/4`
 - Logic operations: `2==8/4`, `3>1`, `6<=10` ...
 - `int()`, `str()`, `float()`
 - `list()`, `len()`, `range()`
 - `min()`, `max()`, `sum()`
 - `type()`

What is a library?

- A library is a collection of functions and methods that allows you to perform many actions without writing your own code
- These functions and methods are optimized to perform given actions and will save you time
- This means you can efficiently perform complex tasks with a few lines of code, instead of writing them yourself

What is a library?

- The main libraries we will be using in this course are:
 - Pandas – Data structures and data analysis tools
 - Matplotlib – Data visualization library
 - Math – Access to mathematical functions
- We'll be using a few others for some utilities, such as:
 - Numpy – Scientific computing
 - Datetime – Date formatting
 - Pandas_profiling – Profiling reports from pandas DataFrame objects
 - And others on an as needed basis

What is a library?

- In order to use a library you will need to import it into your script.
- There are 4 ways to do this in Python:
 - **import <library>**
 - **import <library> as <new name>** - imports library and renames it
 - **from <library> import <function>** - imports only the functions you will need from the library
 - **from <library> import <function> as <new name>** - imports function and renames it. Not as commonly used.

Let's write our first Python script!

- Exercise:
 - Open Spyder
 - Create a script: 01_my_first_script.py
 - Program it to print “Hello World!” and save the file
 - Run it in the IDE (reminder: IDE=Integrated Development Environment)

Another exercise!

- Exercise:
 - Open Spyder
 - Create a script: 02_using_length.py
 - Request user input: 'What are you thinking about?' (**tip:** use “\n” by the of the string to insert a paragraph)
 - Print the number of characters in the passed input as well as the number of words:
 - “Your thought has ... characters and ... words!”
 - Once finished, close the IDE and run the script in the terminal

Intro to Pandas

- Pandas is an open source library
- Provides **high-performance and easy to use** data structures and data analysis tools
 - Allows to user to efficiently perform complex operations on data structures (such as a table or column)
- The data structures used by pandas are **Series** (known as a column - 1 dimensional array) and **DataFrames** (known as a table – generally a 2 dimensional, size mutable, tabular structure)
- Capable of **reading and writing plenty of data formats**, such as CSV (Comma Separated Values) and Microsoft Excel files

Intro to Pandas

- Sample dataset:
 - <https://www.kaggle.com/caganseval/earthquake>
- A 10 minute live demo from the creator of Pandas:
 - <https://vimeo.com/59324550>
- Let's open a Jupyter notebook and see how it works!