Introduction to Programming

Practical Class #1

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About me

João Fonseca

- Bsc in Economics
- Msc in Management (Double Degree)
 - Specialization in Digital Business
- Msc in Information Management
 - Specialization in Business Intelligence and Knowledge Management
- Awaiting thesis presentation date
- PhD Student
- Junior Researcher







About me...

- Guitar Player:
 - Rock
 - Metal
 - Blues
 - Percussive Guitar
 - Flamenco
 - Jazz
- Side project: Attempting to use Al algorithms to compose music





Practical Classes

Tuesdays:

 Apply the concepts learned in the theoretical class

Fridays:

- Revisions
- Practical Python Tools (i.e., libraries)
- Exercises

Contacts

• Email:

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Office hours:

TBD



Resources

- Bibliography
- Intro to Programming Github repo:
 - https://github.com/joaopfonseca/introduction_to_programming
- Class slides
- Google, Stack Overflow, documentations, Github and YouTube
- Office hours

Don't keep your doubts to yourself. Ask!



Let's setup our working environment

- Download and install Virtual Box:
 - https://www.virtualbox.org/
- Download our already set up virtual computer:
 - https://goo.gl/H9NfEQ
 - Works on Lubuntu: Fast and lightweight Linux operating system



- Anaconda is one of the most popular Python distributions for Data Science
- Comes with most of the main libraries for data manipulation
 - Pandas
 - Numpy
 - Matplotlib
 - Scipy
 - ...
- Easy to use and install



Main ways to access Python

- Python Shell and IPython
 - An interactive environment for writing and running code
- Jupyter Notebooks
 - A notebook that weaves code, data, prose, equations, analysis, and visualization
 - A tool for prototyping new code and analysis
 - A method for creating a reproducible workflow for scientific research
- IDE (Integrated Development Environment):
 - A software that helps you build code



The Python Shell

- Also called Shell, terminal, command prompt, interpreter, console
- A basic Python interface
- Activate it in a terminal by typing "python"
- Or try it here:
 - www.python.org/shell

```
Joaos-MBP-2:~ joaofonseca$ python

Python 3.6.3 |Anaconda custom (64-bit)| (default, Oct 6 2017, 12:04:38)

[GCC 4.2.1 Compatible Clang 4.0.1 (tags/RELEASE_401/final)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

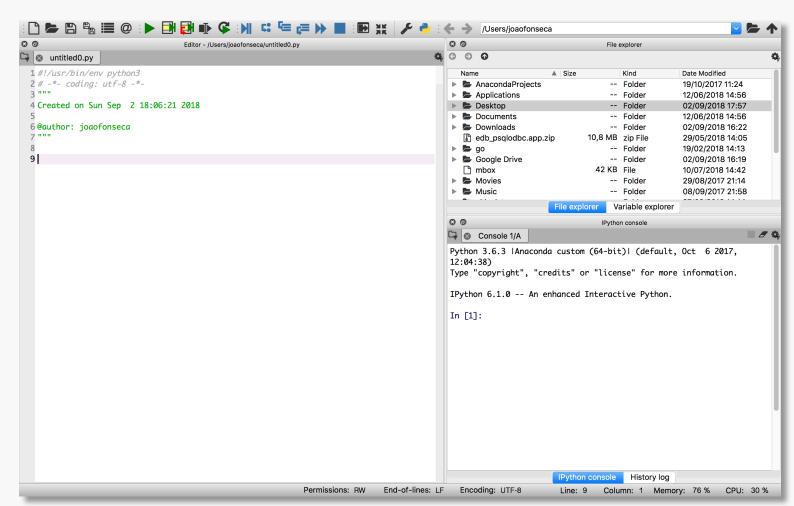
>>> print('Hello World!')

Hello World!
```



Integrated Development Environment (IDE)

- Popular IDE's:
 - Spyder
 - PyCharm
 - VSCode
 - Rodeo
- Anaconda comes with Spyder and VSCode

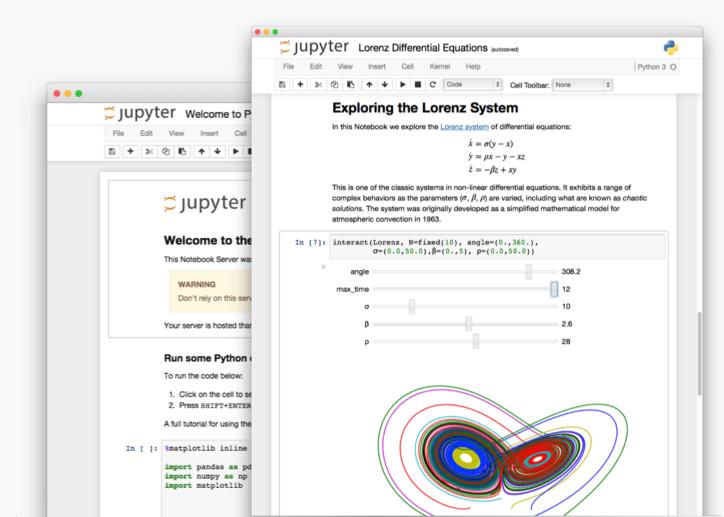




The Jupyter Notebook

http://jupyter.org/

- Let's try it out!
 - Open your Anaconda Navigator
 - Start Jupyter Notebook



Text Editors

- Another method to write python scripts is using text editors
- Some popular text editors:
 - Vim (Linux terminal text editor)
 - Atom (popular open source editor)
 - Sublime Text (popular proprietary text editor)
 - Notepad ++ (Windows only)
- Usually highly customizable
- Usage of IDE and/or Text editor (and which ones to use) comes down to personal preference

```
FlaskApp
                                       from flask import Flask, render_template, request, url_for, redirect, flash
                                       from werkzeug.exceptions import BadRequest
 > 🖿 static
                                       import update_manager
 support
                                       import os
    .DS_Store
                                       app = Flask(__name__)
    config_page.html
    ashboard.html
                                       @app.route('/', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
    header.html
                                       def homepage():
    homepage.html
                                           pagetype = 'home'
  init_.py
                                           title = 'Welcome to the pre-alpha SMC GUI/Dashboard'
  .DS_Store
                                           paragraph = ['Hi there, this is a GUI under development for my social media crawler project!', '', 'Soo
  db_facebook.py
  db_instagram.py
                                           kw_settings=open('support/keywords_config', 'r')
  db twitter.pv
                                           kws=kw settings.readlines()
  update_manager.py
                                           kevword 1=kws[0]
                                           keyword 2=kws[1]
                                           keyword_3=kws[2]
                                           if request.method == "POST":
                                               active keyword = request.form['nav keyword']
                                               with open('support/active_keyword', 'w') as kw_filter:
                                                   kw_filter.write(active_keyword)
                                           with open('support/active_keyword', 'r') as kw_filter:
                                               header keyword=kw filter.readline()
                                           return render_template('homepage.html', pagetype=pagetype,
                                                                  keyword 1=keyword 1.
                                                                               _init__.py ① 0 A 0 ① 0 6:13
```