Prefixes

A **prefix** is a letter or a group of letters that appear at the **beginning** of a word and changes the word's original meaning.

It is quite important to understand what different prefixes mean as they can help to understand the meaning of any new vocabulary.

Down below are listed some of the most common prefixes in Obstetrics & Gynecology:

<u>Prefix</u>	<u>Meaning</u>	EXAMPLE
	A	
a-, an-	not, without (alpha privative)	Analgesic Atypical
ab-	from; away from	Abnormal Abduction
ad-	at, increase, on, toward	Adduction Addition
aden-	of/relating to a gland	Adenocarcinoma Adenopathy
adip-	of/relating to fat or fatty tissue	Adipomastie
aesthesi-	sensation	Anaesthesia
alge-	pain	Analgesic
all-	denoting something as different, or as an addition	Alloantigen Alloimmunisation
amnio-	pertaining to the membranous fetal sac (amnion)	Amniochorial Amniocentesis
andr-	pertaining to a man	Android Androgen
angi-	pertaining to a blood vessel	Angiogram Angiography
aniso-	describing something as unequal	Anisocytosis
ante-	describing something as positioned in front of another thing	Antepartum Anteflexion
anti-	describing something as 'against' or 'opposed to' another	Antibody Antibiotic
аро-	away, separated from, derived from	АрорІеху
arteri-	of/pertaining to an artery	Arteriography Arteriogram
auto-	self	Autoimmune

bacteri-	pertaining to bacteria	Bactericide		
bi-	twice, double	Bicornuate		
blast-	germ or bud	Blastomere		
brady-	slow	Bradycardia		
	С			
carcin-	cancer	Carcinoma		
cephal-	of/pertaining to the head	Cephalic (presentation)		
cervic-	of/pertaining to the cervix	Cervicitis Cervical (cancer)		
co-	with, together, in association	Coinfection		
colp(o)-	of/pertaining to the vagina	Colposcopy Colpotomy		
contra-	against	Contraception Contraindication		
cyst(o)-	of/pertaining to the urinary bladder	Cystocele		
D				
di-	two	Dichorionic Diamniotic		
dis-	separation, taking apart	Discharge		
dys-	bad, difficult, defective, abnormal	Dysmenorrhea Dystocic		
	E			
ec-	out, away	Ectopic (pregnancy)		
endo-	denotes something as inside or within	Endometrium		
episi(o)-	of/pertaining to the pubic region	Episiotomy		
eu-	true, good, well, new	Eutocic		
extra-	outside	Extrauterine (pregnancy)		
	F			
fibr-	composed of fibrous tissue	Fibroma		
	G			
galact-	milk	Galactorrhea Galactophoritis		
gon-	seed, semen; reproductive	Gonorrhea Gonads		
gyno- gynaeco- / gyneco-	woman	Gynecology Gynecomastia		
Н				
hemat-, haemato-	of/pertaining to blood	Hematocolpos Hemorrhage		

hema-, hemo-	blood	Hemoglobin			
hepat-	of/pertaining to the liver	Hepatitis			
	denotes something as "the	Heterotopic			
heter(o)-	other" (of two), as an addition,	Heterozygous			
	or different	, 5			
hom(o)-	denotes something as "the	Homozygous			
	same" as another or common	Homolateral			
hydr(o)-	water	Hydrorrhea (gravidarum)			
hyper-	extreme or beyond normal	Hypertension			
hyp(o)-	below normal	Нуроvoleтіа			
	of/pertaining to the womb or	<i>''</i>			
hyster(o)-	the uterus	Hysteroscopy			
iatr(o)-	of/pertaining to medicine or a	latrogenesis			
idio-	physician	ldia badaia			
	self, one's own	Idiopathic			
inter-	between, among	Interspinous			
intra-	within	Intrauterine			
isch-	restriction	Ischemia			
ischio-	of/pertaining to the ischium,	Ischiococcygeal			
isemo	the hip-joint	iscinococcy gear			
lact(i)-, lact(o) milk Lactation					
lact(i)-, lact(o)	111111	Lactation			
lapar(o)-	of/pertaining to the abdominal wall	Laparotomy			
lei(o)-	smooth	Leiomyoma			
leuc(o)-, leuk(o)-	denoting a white color	Leukorrhea			
		Lymphadenopathy			
lymph(o)-	lymph	Lymphedema			
	M				
macr(o)-	large, long	Macrosomia			
mamm(o)-	of/pertaining to the breast	Mammoplasty Mammography			
mast(o)-	of/pertaining to the breast	Mastectomy Mastitis			
men-	month, menstrual cycle	Menopause			
	,	Menorrhagia			
metr-	pertaining to conditions or instruments of the uterus	Metrorrhagia			
micr-	denotes something small,	Micronodule			
micr -	relating to smallness	Micionogale			
mon-	single	Monozygotic			
my(o)-	of/relating to muscle	Myoma			
myc(o)-	fungus	Mycosis			
N					
nat(o)-	birth	Neonatalogy			

necr(o)-	death	Necrotizing (Faciitis)		
neo-	new	Neoplasia		
normo-	normal	Normocardia		
0				
olig(o)-	having little, having few	Oliguria		
-oma	tumor, mass	Teratoma Sarcoma		
00-	of/pertaining to an (egg), a woman's egg, the ovum	Oogenesis		
oophor(o)-	of/pertaining to the woman's (ovary)	Oophorectomy		
ovari(o)-	of/pertaining to the ovaries	Ovariectomy		
ovo-, ovi-, ov-	of/pertaining to the eggs, the ovum	Ovogenesis		
P				
path(o)-	disease	Pathology		
ped-, pedo-	of/pertaining to the child	Pediatrics		
pelv(i)-, pelv(o)-	hip bone	Pelvimetry Pelvis		
peri-	denotes something with a position 'surrounding' or 'around' another	Peripartum		
post-	denotes something as 'after (time)' or 'behind (space)' another	Postpartum Postterm (Pregnancy)		
pre-	denotes something as 'before' another (in [physical] position or time)	Premature		
prim-	denotes something as 'first' or	Primipara		
p	'most-important'	Primigravida		
ру-	pus	Pyometra		
S				
salping(o)-	of/pertaining to Fallopian tubes	Salþingectomy Salþingitis		
sarco-	muscular, flesh-like	Sarcoma		
	Т			
tachy-	denoting something as fast, irregularly fast	Tachycardia		
terato-	monster	Teratoma Teratogen		
thel-	of/pertaining to a nipple	Thelarche		
therap-	treatment	Therapeutic		
thromb(o)-	of/relating to a blood clot, clotting of blood	Thrombophlebitis		
toco-	childbirth	Tocolytic		
tox(i)-, tox(o)-, toxic(o)-	toxin, poison	Тохетіа		

U				
ultra-	beyond, excessive	Ultrasound		
umbilic-	of/pertaining to the navel, the umbilicus	Umbilical (cord)		
un(i)-	one	Unilateral		
urin-	of/pertaining to urine, the urinary system	Urinalysis		
uter(o)-	of/pertaining to the uterus or womb	Uterotonic Uterosacral (ligament)		
V				
vagin-	of/pertaining to the vagina	Vaginosis Vaginoplasty		
vascul(o)-	blood vessel	Vasculitis		
vesic(o)-	of/pertaining to the bladder	Vesico-vaginal (fistula)		