

**Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pilani**  
**Work-Integrated Learning Programmes Division**  
**First Semester 2018-2019**  
**Mid-Semester Test**  
**(EC-2 Regular)**

Course No. : DSECF ZG519  
Course Title : DATA STRUCTURE ALGORITHMS AND DESIGN  
Nature of Exam : Closed Book  
Weightage : 30%  
Duration : 1.5 Hours  
Date of Exam : 30-06-2019[AN]

No. of Pages	= 2
No. of Questions	= 8

**Note:**

1. Please follow all the *Instructions to Candidates* given on the cover page of the answer book.
2. All parts of a question should be answered consecutively. Each answer should start from a fresh page.
3. Assumptions made if any, should be stated clearly at the beginning of your answer.

- 1) Suggest what type of data structure can be used for the below requirement. [2M]
  - a. To implement undo button in word processor software.
  - b. To implement back button on the browser.
  - c. To implement backtracking/maze games
  - d. To synchronize packets in a networking environment if the sender is a fast sender and the receiver is a slow receiver.
- 2) Construct a Binary Tree, where its in-order traversal is {4,2,1,7,5,8,3,6} and post-order traversal is {4,2,7,8,5,6,3,1} and also find a pre-order traversal. [2M]
- 3) A Queue is set up in a circular array A[0...n-1] with front and rear defined as usual. Assume that n-1 locations in the array are available for storing the elements (with the other elements being used to detect full/empty condition). Give a formula for the number of elements in the queue in terms of rear, front, and n. [4M]
- 4) Find the complexity of the below recurrence:  $T(n) = \begin{cases} 2T(n-1) + 1, & \text{if } n > 0 \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  [4M]
- 5) Suppose we wish to create a binary heap containing the keys: D A T A S T R U C T U R E. (All comparisons use alphabetical order). [5M]
  - a. Show the resulting min-heap if we build it using successive insert operations (starting from D).
  - b. Show the resulting min-heap, if we build it using bottom up heap.
- 6) Question based on Fig:1, In which order are the vertices visited using Depth first search (DFS) starting from vertex A? (i.e., what is the order of discovery time?) when there is a choice of vertices to visit, use alphabetical order. In what order are the vertices completed using BFS starting from vertex A. (Hint: this question has two parts) [3M]

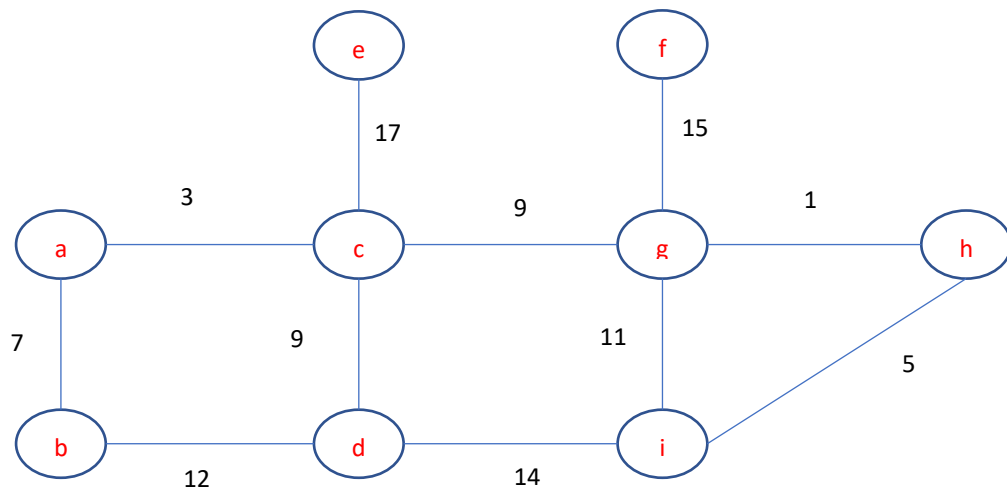


Fig-1

- 7) Consider a hash table of size-7 with hash function  $h(k) = k \bmod 7$ . Draw the table that results after inserting, in the given order the following values: 19,26,13,48,17 for the three scenarios below [6M]
- When collisions are handled by separate chaining.
  - When collisions are handled by linear probing
  - When collisions are handling by double hashing using a second hash function  $h'(k) = 5 - (k \bmod 5)$ .
- 8) Consider an empty stack of integers. Let the numbers 1,2,3,4,5,6 be pushed on to this stack in the order they appear from left to right. Let S indicate a push and X indicate a pop operation. Can they be permuted in to the order 325641(output) and order 154623(output)? [4M]

\*\*\* ALL THE BEST \*\*\*