

Unsupervised Learning

Quiz, 5 questions

1
point

1.

For which of the following tasks might K-means clustering be a suitable algorithm? Select all that apply.

- ☐ Given many emails, you want to determine if they are Spam or Non-Spam emails.
 - ☐ Given historical weather records, predict if tomorrow's weather will be sunny or rainy.
 - ☐ Given a set of news articles from many different news websites, find out what are the main topics covered.
 - ☐ From the user usage patterns on a website, figure out what different groups of users exist.
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2.

Suppose we have three cluster centroids $\mu_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mu_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mu_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Furthermore, we have a training example $x^{(i)} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. After a cluster assignment step, what will $c^{(i)}$ be?

- ☐ $c^{(i)} = 1$
 - ☐ $c^{(i)} = 2$
 - ☐ $c^{(i)} = 3$
 - ☐ $c^{(i)}$ is not assigned
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3.

K-means is an iterative algorithm, and two of the following steps are repeatedly carried out in its inner-loop. Which two?

- ☐ Move the cluster centroids, where the centroids μ_k are updated.
 - ☐ The cluster assignment step, where the parameters $c^{(i)}$ are updated.
 - ☐ The cluster centroid assignment step, where each cluster centroid μ_i is assigned (by setting $c^{(i)}$) to the closest training example $x^{(i)}$.
 - ☐ Move each cluster centroid μ_k , by setting it to be equal to the closest training example $x^{(i)}$
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1 point

4.

Suppose you have an unlabeled dataset $\{x^{(1)}, \dots, x^{(m)}\}$. You run K-means with 50 different random

initializations, and obtain 50 different clusterings of the

data. What is the recommended way for choosing which one of

these 50 clusterings to use?

- ☐ Compute the distortion function $J(c^{(1)}, \dots, c^{(m)}, \mu_1, \dots, \mu_k)$, and pick the one that minimizes this.
 - ☐ Use the elbow method.
 - ☐ Manually examine the clusterings, and pick the best one.
 - ☐ Plot the data and the cluster centroids, and pick the clustering that gives the most "coherent" cluster centroids.
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1 point

5.

Which of the following statements are true? Select all that apply.

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For some datasets, the "right" or "correct" value of K (the number of clusters) can be ambiguous, and hard even for a human expert looking carefully at the data to decide.



If we are worried about K-means getting stuck in bad local optima, one way to ameliorate (reduce) this problem is if we try using multiple random initializations.



Since K-Means is an unsupervised learning algorithm, it cannot overfit the data, and thus it is always better to have as large a number of clusters as is computationally feasible.



The standard way of initializing K-means is setting $\mu_1 = \dots = \mu_k$ to be equal to a vector of zeros.



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