- Ex2-5Add1:一個簡單問題同時寫出 py 與 js 的程式:重覆結構的實驗,計算 1+2+..+10 的總和的實驗(for, while,與無窮迴圈),實驗時,請把 10 改為「自己的座號加 100」。
- Ex2-5Add2:一個簡單問題同時寫出 py 與 js 的程式:先自訂小型數據假設有兩個學生的名字 與一系列成績,請計算平均並印出。
- Ex2-5Add3:一個簡單問題同時寫出 py 與 js 的程式:宣告一個容器,假定原來的數據是 1,2,3,4,後來加入字串'foo'到容器又拿出來。然後印出這個容器的全部內容。

Ex2-5Add1:一個簡單問題同時寫出 py 與 js 的程式:重覆結構的實驗,計算 1+2+..+10 的總和的實驗(for, while,與無窮迴圈),實驗時,請把 10 改為自己的座號。

Ans:

以使用 for 為例:參考下列程式與附圖。

```
tot=0
for i in range(10+1):
tot+= i
print(tot)
```

```
sss.py - C:/Users/rr/AppData/Local/F

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tot=0
for i in range(10+1):
    tot+= i
print(tot)

Python 3.8.2 Shell

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===== KESIAKI: C:/USEI
55
>>>>
```

```
Console Source

Console Source

top

var tot=0;
var i;
for (i=1;i<=10; i++){
    tot+=i
    }
    console.log(tot)

55

undefined

</pre>
```

```
p2/5
                dataViz_pyjs Exercise Solution
                                                            (2024au)
                                                                                   By Jiun-Ting Jiang
Ex2-5Add2:一個簡單問題同時寫出 py 與 js 的程式:先自訂小型數據假設有兩個學生的名字與一系
列成績,請計算平均並印出。
Ans:
參考附圖。
    student_data=[
      {'name':'Bob',
        'scores':[90,80,70,60]},
      {'name':'Alice',
        'scores':[45,75,45,96]},
s_data=student_data
print("before:",s_data)
for data in s data:
      av=sum(data['scores'])/ float(len(data['scores']))
      data['average']=av
print("after:",s_data)
 JavaScript •
                                                                     Console
studentData=[
                                                                       "before----
     {'name': Bob',
      'scores':[90,80,70,60]},
                                                                       "Bob--scored-->undefined"
     {'name':'Alice'
       scores':[45,75,45,96]},
                                                                       "Alice--scored-->undefined"
                                                                       "after----"
console.log("before----")
                                                                       "Bob--scored-->75"
studentData.forEach(function(sdata){
   console.log(sdata.name+ "--scored-->"+ sdata.average);
                                                                       "Alice--scored-->65.25"
studentData.forEach(function(sdata){
   var av=sdata.scores
                                                         student_data=|
     .reduce(function(prev,current){
                                                             {'name':'Bob',
'scores':[90,80,70,60]},
         return prev+current;
                                                             {'name':'Alice', 'scores':[45,75,45,96]},
      },0) / sdata.scores.length;
   sdata.average=av;
})
                                                         s_data=student_data
print("before:",s_data)
for data in s_data:
console.log("after----")
studentData.forEach(function(sdata){
                                                         av=sum(data['scores'])/ float(len(data['scores']))
data['average']=av
print("after:",s_data)
   console.log(sdata.name+ "--scored-->"+ sdata.av
                                                                                                                        _ D X
                                                        Python 3.8.2 Shell
                                                        File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
                                                        before: [{'name': 'Bob', 'scores': [90, 80, 70, 60]}, {'name': 'Alice', 'scores': [45, 75, 45, 96]}]
after: [{'name': 'Bob', 'scores': [90, 80, 70, 60], 'average': 75.0}, {'name': 'Alice', 'scores': [45, 75, 45, 96], 'average': 65.25}]
studentData=[
      {'name':'Bob',
        'scores':[90,80,70,60]},
      {'name':'Alice',
        'scores':[45,75,45,96]},
      ]
console.log("before-----")
```

studentData.forEach(function(sdata){

```
p3/5
            dataViz_pyjs Exercise Solution
                                             (2024au)
                                                              By Jiun-Ting Jiang
  console.log(sdata.name+ "--scored-->"+ sdata.average);
})
studentData.forEach(function(sdata){
  var av=sdata.scores
    .reduce(function(prev,current){
         return prev+current;
      },0) / sdata.scores.length;
  sdata.average=av;
})
console.log("after----")
studentData.forEach(function(sdata){
  console.log(sdata.name+ "--scored-->"+ sdata.average);
})
Ex2-5Add3:一個簡單問題同時寫出 py 與 js 的程式:宣告一個容器,假定原來的數據是 1,2,3,4,後
來加入字串'foo'到容器又拿出來。然後印出這個容器的全部內容。
Ans:
參考附圖。
1=[1,2,3,4]
              ; print(l)
l.append('foo'); print(l)
l.pop()
               ; print(l)
print(1[1:3])
print(1[-3:-1])
print(1[0:4:2])
z=[o*o for o in 1]
print('z=>', z)
d=\{'a': 1, 'b':2, 'c':3\}
print('d=>', d)
print(d['a'])
print(d.get('a'))
print(d.get('z')) #None
                #KeyError: 'z'
#print(d['z'])
for key, value in d.items():
    print(key,value)
for key in d:
    print(key)
for value in d.values():
    print(value)
```

## Lab#2-5-3a\_python的容器list放入移走印出的實驗

```
tt.py - C:/Users/rr/AppData/Local/Programs/Py 🙀 Python 3.8.2 Shell
                             File Edit Format Run Options Window H
                                                                                 File Edit Shell Debug Options Window H
                                                                                [1, 2, 3, 4]

[1, 2, 3, 4, 'foo']

[1, 2, 3, 4, 'foo']

[1, 2, 3, 4]

[2, 3]

[1, 3]

z=> [1, 4, 9, 16]

d=> {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3}
                             l=[1,2,3,4]; print(1)
l.append('foo'); print(1)
■ 按
                            1.pop()
print(1[1:3])
print(1[-3:-1])
print(1[0:4:2])
                                                      ; print(1)
                            z=[o*o for o in 1]
print('z=>', z)
                            d={'a': 1, 'b':2,'c':3}
print('d=>', d)
                                                                                 None
                            print(d['a'])
print(d.get('a'))
                            print(d.get('z')) #None
#print(d['z']) #KeyError:
                             for key, value in d. items():
                             print(key, value)
for key in d:
                                   print(key)
                             for value in d.values():
                                   print(value)
```

## Lab#2-5-3b\_JS的容器list放入移走印出的實驗

```
方法二:用JSbin.com測試
方法一:用jsfiddle.net/測試
                                                                                                                                                   var l=[1,2,3,4]
l.push('foo')
                                                                                                                                                                                            ; console.log(l);
; console.log(l);
aScript + Processing is 1.4.7 ▼
                                                                                                                                                  l.pop() ; console. console.log(l.slice(1,3)) console.log(l.slice(-3,-1)) console.log(l.slice(0,4,2))
                                                                                                                                                                                             ; console.log(l);
        l.pop() ; console.log(l);
console.log(l.slice(1,3))
console.log(l.slice(-3,-1))
console.log(l.slice(0,4,2))
                                                                                                                                                  z=l.map(function(o){ return o*o;})_
console.log('z=>', z)
                                                                                                                                                  d={'a': 2, 'b':5,'c':9}
console.log('d=>', d)
        z=1.map(function(o){ return o*o;})
console.log('z=>', z)
        d={'a': 2, 'b':5,'c':9} console.log('d=>', d)
                                                                                                                                                  console.log(d['a']) console.log(d['a'] \Longrightarrow d.a) //\blacksquare/\blacksquare\equiv true console.log(d,z) //undefined console.log(d['z']) //undefined
                                                                                                                                                  //較舊的寫法 · 會取出key的index字串 的寫法
console.log("print dictionary...")
for ( var key in d ) {
  if (d.hasOwnProperty(key)){
   var item=d[key];
   console.log(key, ":", item);
       console.log("print dictionary...")
for ( var key in d ) {
  if (d.hasOwnProperty(key)){
               var item=d[key];
console.log(key, ":", item);
                                                                                                                                                  //較新的寫法
console.log("obj=>", Object.keys(d));
console.log("values =>", Object.values(d));
                                                                                                                                                  Object.keys(d).forEach(function (item,i) {
  console.log(i,":")
  console.log(item); // key
  console.log(d[item]); // value
        console.log("obj⇒", Object.keys(d));
console.log("values ⇒", Object.values(d));
       Object.keys(d).forEach(function (item,i) {
  console.log(i,":")
  console.log(item); // key
  console.log(d[item]); // value
                                                                                                      structor: Jiun-Ting Jiang
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         81
```

console.log('d=>', d)

```
dataViz_pyjs Exercise Solution
                                              (2024au)
                                                               By Jiun-Ting Jiang
p5/5
console.log(d['a'])
console.log(d['a'] === d.a) //兩種寫法 true
console.log(d.z) //undefined
console.log(d['z'] ) //undefined
//較舊的寫法 ,會取出 key 的 index 字串 的寫法
console.log("print dictionary...")
for (var key in d) {
  if (d.hasOwnProperty(key)){
    var item=d[key];
    console.log(key, ":", item);
  }
}
//較新的寫法
console.log("obj=>", Object.keys(d));
console.log("values =>", Object.values(d));
Object.keys(d).forEach(function (item,i) {
  console.log(i,":")
    console.log(item); // key
    console.log(d[item]); // value
});
```